"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.

Generally fair Saturday and Sunday; rising temperature; light, variable winds.

☞For full weather report see Page 16.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,943. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, AUGUST 31, 1912.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

STEEL TRUST GAVE $10,000 TO 1904 FUND

Roosevelt's Friend Duell Signed Receipt and Banker Stotesbury Acknowledged the Gift.

EXPOSED IN CAMPAIGN BOOK

Robert W. Woolley Made Discovery as Chief Investigator of Stanley Committee—Saw Steel Books.

Steel Trust's Contribution.

The Receipt.

Republican National Committee.
Madison Square, New York.
September 17, 1904.
Received from United States Steel, $10,000.*
C. H. DUELL,
Assistant Treasurer.

The Acknowledgment.

Philadelphia, Pa.
September 19, 1904.
United States Steel Corporation:
My Dear Sirs: I inclose herewith the Republican National Committee's receipt for your subscription to the campaign fund.
Respectfully yours,
E. T. STOTESBURY, Chairman.

When Col. Theodore Roosevelt was a candidate for President on the Republican ticket in 1904 the Steel Trust contributed $10,000 to his campaign fund. This statement, with exhibits to back it up, is made in an interesting chapter of the Democratic Campaign Book which was published yesterday.

The exhibits are a receipt signed by Charles H. Duell as Assistant Treasurer of the Republican National Committee and a letter from E. T. Stotesbury, the Philadelphia banker, to the United States Steel Corporation, acknowledging the receipt of the money. Mr. Stotesbury was then as he is now a member of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., and was Chairman of one of the committees appointed by the National Committee for the purpose of getting together the sinews of war in the Presidential campaign.

Charles H. Duell is now in Europe. Prior to the Republican National Convention he was Chairman of the Roosevelt Committee in this city and was one of the most active workers in the campaign conducted by the third-term candidate for the Republican nomination.

George W. Perkins, now executive head of the Colonel's National Progressive Party, was Chairman of the Finance Committee of the United States Steel Corporation at the time this contribution was made. Mr. Perkins, who also was identified with the New York Life Insurance Company, contributed $48,000 on behalf of that concern to the Roosevelt campaign fund, but after the fact had been disclosed through the Armstrong insurance investigation refunded the money to the company.

Obtained from Steel Books.

Much light is shed on the relations which existed between the Steel Trust and the Roosevelt Administration, and some new facts are narrated in connection with the absorption by the Steel Trust of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company at the time of the Roosevelt panic in 1907. These facts are culled from the minutes of the Executive Board of the United States Steel Corporation, to which the editor of the campaign book, Robert W. Woolley, in his capacity as chief investigator of the Stanley committee, had access.

Interesting among the excerpts is a report by Richard Trimble, Secretary of the United States Steel Corporation, to the Board of Directors at an executive meeting held on June 26, 1906. This report had to do with an investigation of the Steel Trust begun by the Department of Commerce and Labor. Herbert Knox Smith, who was Deputy Commissioner of Corporations, had charge of the investigation, which was not started until after Congress had adjourned, the Commissioner ignoring the mandate of Congress, though both houses had concurred in a resolution demanding an investigation of the affairs of the United States Steel Corporation. Secretary Trimble explained to the Directors that as a matter of policy he had done everything to facilitate the investigation. Then the report goes on:

> I am making this explanation because you are interested in it and because you may be more or less disturbed without reason. The Finance Committee has been in close touch with the matter all the time. We have been in frequent and almost constant communication with Commissioner Garfield, and more or less with the President himself, concerning these matters.

Absorption of Tennessee.

Other extracts from the Steel Trust minutes, as published in the Democratic campaign book, indicate that the plan to gain control of the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company, which was consummated at the time of the panic, had been uppermost in the minds of the men who managed the United States Steel Corporation for at least eighteen months prior to the consolidation. The Tennessee Coal and Iron Company almost exclusively could manufacture "open-hearth" rails, much sought after by the railroads and commanding a higher price than the Bessemer rails manufactured by the Steel Trust, on account of their superior quality.

In connection with this an excerpt is presented from the minutes of a Directorate meeting on March 19, 1906, of the Carnegie Steel Company, the largest subsidiary of the Steel Trust, when Vice President Henry B. Bope made this statement:

> The General Superintendent of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie told us the other day that after testing open-hearth rails furnished them by the Tennessee Coal and Iron Company and our Bessemer rails they have decided that open-hearth are twice as good as Bessemer rails.
>
> But I imagine that when the demand for rails falls off, which will probably be in 1907, on account of the heavy purchases made last year and this, then we will be up against the open-hearth proposition good and hard.

How large blocks of the Tennessee Coal and Iron stock, which had been put up as collateral for loans figured in the rescue of the Trust Company of America by the Morgan interests and how the syndicate holdings were obtained from the firm of Moore & Schley, is a familiar chapter of panic history.

"On Sunday night, Nov. 3," the narrative in the campaign book goes on, "Judge E. H. Gary, Chairman of the Executive Board, and H. C. Frick, a member of the Executive Board of the United States Steel Corporation, rushed to Washington on a special train. They had an appointment with President Roosevelt at 9 o'clock A. M., Nov. 4,

Continued on Page 2.

NEW CITY FOR CANAL TRADE.

New York Syndicate Buys 15,000 Acres on the Brazos River, in Texas.

Special to The New York Times.

HOUSTON, Tex., Aug. 30.—A New York syndicate, backed by millions of dollars, has recently purchased 15,000 acres at the mouth of the Brazos River for the purpose of building there a new city and port, which they hope will rival Galveston and New Orleans. The details of the project did not become known until to-day. The new city will be located about 100 miles west of Galveston.

Heading this undertaking are Frank A. Vanderlip, James Stillman, and Samuel McRoberts of New York, John Williams & Sons of Richmond, John Hays Hammond and F. Q. Brown, E. P. Swenson and S. A. Swenson of New York. The Swenson brothers own one of the largest ranches in the world at Spur, West Texas.

The syndicate has been organized with the object of capturing the Panama Canal trade, and at the same time developing large sulphur fields near the Brazos, which are said to be the most extensive in the world, but which are at a depth of 700 feet.

The Edwin Hawley estate is also interested in the new town, whose birth, according to the plans, is fixed for Nov. 20, when the first buildings and streets will be completed. A modern hotel has been contracted for. The streets will be paved with shell and cement, sidewalks will be laid and blocks plotted off before colonization starts. Construction work will be rushed.

The Mexican Oil and Development Company, which does a large oil trade with Tampico, is already building immense tanks on the site.

At the mouth of the Brazos there are jetties 6,000 feet long, built by local subscription a few years ago at a cost of $2,000,000, and afterward taken over by the Federal Government. At the end of the jetties the bay is deep enough for the largest liners. The harbor is landlocked and safe. When the Galveston disaster occurred, in 1900, vessels at the mouth of the Brazos rode safely.

The town of Velasco, across the bay, is already operating a small line between there and New York. The company's plans call for adequate terminal facilities, and it is expected that the International and Great Northern, the 'Frisco and Trinity and Brazos Valley lines will extend to the new city. Its name has not yet been selected.

The share of the City Bank interests in the Brazos River development scheme is only incidental to that of Swenson Brothers, it was said in this city last night. A man familiar with the enterprise, who did not wish to be quoted, modestly disclaimed for it any ambition to rival either New Orleans or Galveston. He said that the land had been primarily purchased to obtain sulphur deposits which underly it, and that interest in the development of the port's growth was subordinate to that object. A liberal estimate of what might be spent on the property in the near future, he said, would be covered by $1,000,000. The land company has railroad connections with the Southern Pacific, and some steamers now use the port.

BABY BUREAU STARTED.

Miss Lathrop Busy Shaping the New Federal Department.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—Miss Julia Lathrop, the recently appointed chief of the new Children's Bureau of the Department of Commerce and Labor, had hardly reached her desk this morning before newspaper reporters attempted to interview her, but she asked for a respite from interviews. She said she wanted the baby bureau to have a chance to wash its face and put on its bib and tucker before it was taken downstairs to see visitors.

The Government's new baby does not look very much like a bureau as yet, although Miss Lathrop had a businesslike air when she assumed charge of the one desk, one table, and innumerable letters in the rented building on Louisiana Avenue, where the District Government was at one time housed. When the baby gets its pace, however, Miss Lathrop promises many interesting things for it, and invited the newspaper visitors to come around next week, when things would be in better shape, and the baby would be learning to walk.

The Children's Bureau will take care of many phases of child life in the United States. It will not merely be an institution to look into facts concerning child labor, but will follow the American child right through school and find out what it needs and what it gets.

STEEL MEN SEE WORKER DIE.

Farrell and Inspecting Party Horrified by Accident at Steel Plant.

Special to The New York Times.

STEUBENVILLE, Ohio, Aug. 30.—President James Farrell of the United States Steel Corporation witnessed to-day one practical but tragic phase of steel making, which President Alva C. Dinkey of the Carnegie Steel Company and thirty other officials had not expected to see when they started on the present trip of inspection of the plants of the Steel Trust. A mill worker came to a violent death as the party looked on, powerless to extend aid.

The dead man was Joseph Byers, aged 25 years, an assistant roller. He was drawn into a set of eighteen-inch rolls, and several of the party turned faint at the sight. Byers's body was slowly flattened out to the thickness of the structural shapes he had been guiding through the rolls. Side by side with a molten metal shape it emerged from the rolls along with a pair of tongs Byers had been using, in full view of the visitors.

With the others President Farrell waited and paid final respects to the dead man, but the inspection was abandoned for the day.

Byers's death is believed to be due partly to his anxiety to distinguish himself before the visitors.

POTTER DEATH INQUIRY.

Chinese Doctor Who Treated New York Sculptor May Be Prosecuted.

SEATTLE, Wash., Aug. 30.—Action by the District Attorney leading to the prosecution of the Chinese physician who was giving Louis Potter, the New York sculptor, treatment for a skin disease when Potter died in an obscure hotel, rests with the Coroner's office, it was announced to-night.

After a day's investigation, Prosecutor Murphy said he believed a criminal charge of malpractice, or practicing without a license, could be brought, but that no formal action would be taken until word came from the Coroner to go ahead.

Coroner Snyder said he was waiting for the chemical analysis of Potter's stomach and blood before proceeding. The Coroner said, however, he believed the treatment given by the Chinese physician was responsible for Potter's death.

The identity of Potter's woman companion is unknown. Neither the Prosecuting Attorney nor the Coroner has seen her since the sculptor's death, and acquaintances of Potter here say they know nothing of her whereabouts.

SPECIAL TRAIN FROM ASBURY PARK. Special train will leave Asbury Park via New Jersey Central at 11:30 o'clock Labor Day night for New York, Newark, and Elizabeth.—Adv.

CUT IN PRESS CABLE RATES FROM LONDON

Price Down to 7 Cents a Word, with Reductions in Certain Hours to 5 Cents.

HELPS NEWS TRANSMISSION

Both English and American Newspapers Benefit—Reductions the Fruit of President Vail's Policy.

Another reduction in the rate for press dispatches between New York and London over the cables of the Western Union Telegraph Company will be put into effect on Sept. 1. Formal announcement of the reduction is being made on the other side of the ocean by Postmaster General Samuel, who has jurisdiction over the British land lines, which are owned by the Government

The cut leaves the rates as follows:

> General day and night press rate between London and New York, 7 cents a word. Former rate, 10 cents a word.
>
> London to New York, 12 midnight to 6 A. M., (London time,) 5 cents a word.
>
> New York to London, 12 midnight to 6 A. M., (New York time,) and 1 P. M. to 4 P. M., (New York time,) 5 cents a word.

This is intended to facilitate the transmission of news at the periods most useful to the newspapers on both sides of the ocean.

The reductions follow other material cuts that have been made in the last year in pursuance of the policy of President Theodore N. Vail, with the co-operation of Postmaster General Samuel. Before Mr. Vail became President of the Western Union there had been no change in cable rates for years, and no distinction was made between those of arbitrage brokers demanding instantaneous transmission and others whose delivery within twenty-four hours would be satisfactory.

The agitation led by Henniker Heaton and others and the introduction of wireless telegraphy, had their effect in making a live issue of the question of reduction of cable rates. There were many difficulties in the way, and long negotiations with the British Government were necessary, as cable messages have to travel over land lines at both ends of the cables. The Western Union route, for instance, is from New York to Roberd's Bay, Nova Scotia, by land, thence by cable to Penzance, Cornwall, and from there over the British land lines to London. A reduction in the Western Union rate consequently involved a cut in the charge on the British land lines, which was met by the obstacle that the British service is run at a loss.

Mr. Vail, however, succeeded in convincing Mr. Samuel that the reductions should be made, and the matter was finally arranged. The cut announced is the result of conferences between Mr. Vail and Mr. Samuel this Summer while Mr. Vail was in London.

The Western Union's reduction in cable rates was preceded by a cut on its land lines. This came on May 7, 1910, when the night letter service was installed. The day letter followed in March, 1911. The Postal Telegraph Company promptly followed the introduction of the day letter by adopting the same rate.

In the meantime the Western Union officials were busy in international conferences trying to perfect an arrangement with the British postal authorities, whereby a similar reduced deferred service might be applied over all the Western Union and allied cable lines. Mr. Vail declared that he was convinced that the increased traffic both by land and cable lines called for an economic and scientific readjustment.

Before he could put a reduced cable rate into effect it was necessary to consolidate the Anglo-American Cable Company, with four cables; the Direct Cable Company, with one, and the Western Union, with three. After long negotiations this was accomplished.

Negotiations with Postmaster Samuel followed, and on Dec. 6, 1911, radical reductions were announced in cable rates. These included cable letters at $1.50 for twenty words and week-end letters at $1.50 for thirty words.

On Dec. 15, 1911, a deferred press cable rate at 5 cents a word was installed, and on Jan. 1 it was announced that deferred cables would be transmitted at half rate, subject to twenty-four hours' delay, but to be sent as soon as the wires were clear of full-rate messages.

These announcements were followed by the introduction of a deferred cable rate of one-half by the French Cable Company from the United States and Canada to all British, French, and German colonies. The International German Post Office Department, which controls the German Telegraph Company, announced that after the first of the year it would transmit deferred messages at half rates to all British colonies.

About the same time the French Cable Company made the rate for plain language cables to England, France, or Germany half that for code messages.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 30.—Another step toward cheapening cable rates was taken during the visit here of the Canadian Postmaster General, Mr. Pelletier.

Before sailing for home to-day Mr. Pelletier said that the British Postmaster General had received him with the utmost kindness and courtesy, and after consultations with the managers of the two cable companies, it had been decided that some rates should be reduced, and that the reduction should be made within a fortnight or so.

"Canada is not bound to accept these reductions as the last word to be said in this matter," said Mr. Pelletier, "and her sister dominions, with whom we desire to act in full co-operation, will have to be consulted about the future course of events, but for the present everybody will be happy to hear that at least some reduction is to be made in the antiquated rates."

In this connection THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent has received a communication from Thomas F. Clark, Vice President of the Western Union, giving the details of reductions in rates which will come into operation on Sept. 1. Ordinary press messages to New York will be charged at the rate of 7 cents a word for transmission at any hour, and there will be reductions for stated hours, as announced to-night in New York. Mr. Clark says:

"These new press rates are a further development of President Vail's policy to employ the slack cable hours to the advantage of the public in every way consistent with financial demands and the maintenance and efficient operation of the cables."

STEPHENSON RECOVERING.

Senator's Condition Not So Serious as at First Reported.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 30.—A dispatch from Marinette, Wis., received in this city to-day, says that the condition of United States Senator Isaac Stephenson, who was taken ill yesterday while on a fishing trip near Escanaba, is not so serious as at first supposed.

Relatives of the Senator received word this afternoon that the Senator had suffered an attack of indigestion. His companions thought it best to send for a physician. The Senator recovered in a short time and will continue on his fishing trip.

PUNISHMENT TO FIT THE CRIMINAL

Novel experiment in penology that may revolutionize the imprisonment system now being tried in this State. Details in

To-morrow's Sunday Times.

OLDER WOMAN LOSES FIANCE SHE CLAIMED

Miss Marburg's ex-Companion, Miss Munder, Reported Wed to F. A. Fischer.

MARRIED IN VERMONT TOWN

Miss Marburg's Announcement of Engagement Said to be Due to Nervous Prostration.

A report that Frederic A. Fischer, to whom Miss Emma Marburg, sister of Theodore Marburg, the tobacco magnate, announced her engagement on Aug. 15, had married Miss Lucille Munder, second cousin and former traveling companion of Miss Marburg, was current last night. Fischer had been engaged to Miss Munder and it was generally supposed that he was to marry her this Fall when Miss Marburg created a sensation by announcing by special delivery letter to The Baltimore Sun that she, and not her young relative, would be Fischer's bride.

According to report, the wedding took place yesterday afternoon at the First Methodist Episcopal Church, Newport, Vt. The witnesses were said to be Mrs. M. D. Wilson of Baltimore, aunt of the bride, and a male member of the Marburg family.

Fischer is the manager of Cook's Tourist Agency in Paris. He arrived in this country on Wednesday at Quebec. Miss Marburg showed a cablegram from Fischer announcing his coming arrival in Montreal early this week, and said she was going to meet him in that city. She assigned as the reason of his coming to America by that port his desire to avoid meeting members of her family who opposed their marriage.

Miss Marburg registered at the Hotel Waldorf-Astoria about two weeks ago and was assigned to Room 1,264. Efforts to reach her at the hotel last night failed, although THE TIMES was informed on excellent authority that she was in the hotel in the custody of relatives. It is known that members of her family have explained that her announcement of an engagement to Fischer was due to an attack of nervous prostration. Miss Marburg is in her fifties and is many years Fischer's senior.

A friend of Miss Marburg's in this city received on Thursday a postal card from Quebec signed with Miss Marburg's name. He said last night that he had seen her since at the Waldorf-Astoria.

Her former traveling companion is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Morris Munder of 19 West Twenty-ninth Street, Baltimore, Md. She has traveled all over the world with Miss Marburg. Some months ago Miss Munder went abroad ahead of Miss Marburg preparatory to a new trip about the world. They missed connections and Miss Marburg returned to New York. She cabled to Fischer to take care of Miss Munder, and then returned to Europe to meet her. The two women returned to this country together and went to the Hotel Belvidere. They remained there together until Miss Marburg came to this city, and from here sent to The Baltimore Sun her announcement that she was to wed Fischer.

Theodore Marburg, brother of Miss Marburg, and head of the house of Marburg, which made a fortune in the tobacco business and sold out to the American Tobacco Company, was mentioned for appointment to the post of Ambassador to Germany last Spring.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 30.—The Baltimore Sun received the following telegram to-night from Newport, Vt., signed by Theodore Marburg:

"Miss Lucy Munder and Frederick A. Fischer were married this morning at the First Methodist Church here, the witnesses to the marriage being an aunt of the bride, Mrs. M. D. Wilson, and myself. Mr. Fischer landed at Quebec on Wednesday.

"The puzzling complications which led to Miss Munder's return from abroad and the subsequent announcement of Miss Emma Marburg's engagement to Mr. Fischer were due to the disturbed mental condition of Miss Marburg.

"I can find no other explanation, as Miss Munder and Mr. Fischer were engaged to be married some months ago, and Miss Munder's trip abroad was arranged by Miss Marburg herself for the very purpose of having the couple married in Paris, while she (Miss Marburg) was there. Justice to Miss Munder makes this statement a painful duty to me. You are free to publish this."

KILLS WIFE, FOILS BROTHER.

Jealous Youth, Dying of Disease, Then Takes His Own Life.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 30.—Stung with jealousy by the thought that his brother and unsuccessful rival in love would marry his widow, James McManus, aged 21 years, doomed to die of consumption, shot and killed his 19-year-old wife to-day, and then committed suicide.

James had an attack of pneumonia last Winter, after which it was found that tuberculosis had set in. When he returned from the mountain regions of Pennsylvania, where he had gone to be cured, he learned from his wife that his brother had been visiting at the house in his absence. He became suspicious that the two were already beginning to lay plans for their marriage and were only waiting for him to die. He told his wife that he saw through her scheming and hinted that when he died she would accompany him, but his young wife laughed at him.

Yesterday he found a letter in his wife's possession, which she was withholding from him. While she was cooking breakfast he cornered her, and without warning drew a revolver and fired four shots into her body. Then he put a fifth shot into his brain. Both were dead when frightened neighbors rushed in.

Latest Shipping News.

By MARCONI WIRELESS.

SS NIAGARA—Havre to New York, (French Line,) was 1,206 miles E. at 8:10 P. M.; due Sept. 3, 8:30 A. M.

ARRIVED.

Curityba, Nipe Bay, Aug. 25.

SUFFERERS FROM NERVOUS DISORDERS are greatly benefited by the use of Horsford's Acid Phosphate. Soothes, nourishes, and invigorates.—Adv.

PARALYZED WOMAN BEGS DEATH BY LAW

A Hopeless Invalid's Plea for an Act of Legislature to Permit Euthanasia.

SHE MAY LIVE TWENTY YEARS

In Constant Pain and Unable to Move Hand or Foot—Injured Animals Mercifully Killed, She Says.

Mrs. Sarah Harris, 33 years old, a sufferer from paralysis for three years, dictated from her bed at the Audubon Sanitarium yesterday an appeal for an act of the Legislature which would make it possible for physicians to end her sufferings by a merciful death.

For three years Mrs. Harris has not been able to move hand or foot. She has control only over the muscles of her head. There is no hope that she will ever improve. Her condition is caused by a spinal malady which keeps her constantly in intense pain. The disease has spared her reason, but this only makes life harder for her by adding mental suffering to physical.

There is nothing left which gives her pleasure or even respite from suffering. Her husband, Louis Harris, a clothing salesman, calls upon her daily and shows the greatest tenderness, but the only effect upon the invalid is to increase her distress by reminding her of her lost happiness.

They have two children, a boy of 7 years and a girl of 6 years. Mrs. Harris will not allow them to be brought to see her. She does not wish them to be aware of her suffering, and the sight of them makes her grief intolerable. During the three years that she has been afflicted she has seen them but three times. It is her purpose not to see them again.

The invalid's parents are Mr. and Mrs. Moses Garfunckle of 8 West 119th Street. They came to New York several years ago from Charleston, S. C., where Mrs. Harris was born. She was educated in Charleston, and after graduating from a normal school began to teach school there. At her wish her parents removed to this city, where eight years ago she married Louis Harris, then a manufacturer of children's clothing.

Was Healthy and Active.

During the first five years of their married life Mrs. Harris was an active, healthy young woman, devoting all her time to her household and to the rearing of her three children. The affliction which deprived her of the use of her limbs came without warning. Apparently in good health, she was out walking with her children in October, 1909, when she suffered the first attack. In a few days she had become a helpless invalid. The exact nature of her disease has not been discovered, though it is known to be a spinal trouble which cannot be cured. An infant child died shortly after the mother was taken ill.

Mrs. Harris spent two years in the Neurological Institute under the care of specialists who could do nothing for her, and finally admitted that there was no improvement. The last year Mrs. Harris has spent in the Audubon Sanitarium.

Since she first learned that her case was hopeless, Mrs. Harris has prayed for death. She has sought to enlist her husband's relatives in an effort to have a law passed allowing a painless death to be administered in the case of hopeless invalids who requested such a release from pain. The answer has always been an attempt to cheer her up and to hold out hope that, with the advance in medical science, some great discovery might be made which would restore her to health.

A few days ago Mrs. Harris pleaded with Miss F. Visanska, a cousin, to help in the first step of a movement for an act of the Legislature which will make it lawful to terminate her life. In order to comfort the sufferer, Miss Visanska promised to do as she was bidden.

Mrs. Harris's Plea.

She took down the following statement which Mrs. Harris dictated and sent it to THE TIMES:

> Can the busy throng stop long enough from their various avocations in life to consider a most vital question from one of the greatest sufferers who inhabits this beautiful world?
>
> Various mechanical inventions are being pushed in which many Shining Lights lose their lives, and yet one question, the greatest of all, how to end the suffering of hopeless, helpless sufferers, has never been delved into.
>
> Here in the early thirties, a young woman stretched on a bed, immobile, bereft of the great motor engine of her constitution for the past three years, which places her in an absolutely paralyzed condition, in which she is unable to exert a single muscle of her body, besides suffering much pain, yet in full possession of the strength of her mentality, craves and yearns for that which would end her misery, which tongue cannot relate nor pen describe. Master minds of medical science, skilled diagnosticians, and human skill have exhausted their efforts in bringing about some relief or cure.
>
> Now, why should not the State take the matter in its hands and end the wretchedness of such poor sufferers? Let us just stop long enough to think that when a brute, the lowliest of the animal kingdom, becomes inactive and doomed to suffer, its suffering is put to an end; and here, a human being, the highest and noblest of created beings, must linger and suffer on until the vital organs give way, which may be an indefinite number of years. What a cruel order of the Universe!
>
> Naturally, one's own loved ones cannot bring this about. Your physician cannot do it, for he would be condemned, so the only means is the State.
>
> Any one who shall take up my case, as it requires a pioneer, as in everything, would win an everlasting debt of gratitude from one of the greatest sufferers on earth.

Like a Tortured Captive.

When she was seen last night by a TIMES reporter Mrs. Harris compared her case to that of a tortured captive who was revived as often as he became insensible from pain in order that he would be in a condition to suffer keenly when more agonies were inflicted.

"If an animal is mortally wounded or helpless from disease," she said, "nature provides against long, drawn-out suffering. The animal dies quickly, and its pain is over. That is the most merciful way, and men recognize that, for when a horse or a dog is hurt or sick and there is no further hope for it it is put out of its misery.

"But when the same is true of a human being he is artificially kept alive to suffer. If I were neglected for a day or two, death would come. You cannot imagine how I would welcome it. The care and medical attention which I get, while it is kindly meant, keeps life in me only to force me to endure the most terrible physical and mental suffering. There is not one thing on earth which could give me the faintest sensation of pleasure. Before I was ill one of my greatest enjoyments was reading. Now I could not turn the page of a book. My suffering is too intense to let me listen while another reads aloud. The sight of my loved ones makes me think of what I have lost and the sorrow that I read in their faces hurts me. No power can make life easier for me. The one thing I can look forward to is death."

Dr. Henry W. Lloyd, Superintendent of the Audubon Sanitarium, said last night that Mrs. Harris might live for ten or twenty years.

THE ATLANTIC CITY DISABLED

Women Taken Ashore—Ship Reported in No Danger.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 30.—The new steamer Atlantic City, bound for New York, was disabled a half mile off Absecon Inlet this evening by the breaking down of her engines.

Seventy-four passengers, mostly women, were taken off and brought ashore, but seventy-three remained on board the vessel.

The steamer is safely anchored, and as the sea is smooth and there is little wind, the ship is in no danger.

It is expected she will complete repairs and continue her trip to New York to-morrow morning.

The steamer Atlantic City is owned by the Atlantic City Transportation Co., and was built this year at Port Richmond, S. I., to trade between New York and the popular New Jersey seashore resort. She has only been running since July 14, and has accommodation for 250 first cabin passengers in addition to her freight capacity. The vessel has a speed of 15 knots, and makes the passage in eight hours under favorable conditions.

"SHUT IN" 78 YEARS.

Observes Her 89th Birthday, Now Cheerful and Happy.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKETTSTOWN, N. J., Aug. 30.—Miss Catherine McCracken, who observed her eighty-ninth birthday to-day, has spent seventy-eight years as a "shut-in." She was the victim of an injury to her spine when eleven years old, and never regained her power to walk. In spite of her affliction she retained general good health, and has kept a sunny and hopeful spirit, many times cheering those more blessed than she with their lot in life.

Miss McCracken has been busy most of her life knitting and sewing things for missionary workers in the foreign fields. Few of her old-time associates and friends remain.

NO DECREE FOR MRS. HUTT.

Divorce Suit of Artist's Wife Fails—P. C. Dodge Successful.

RENO, Nev., Aug. 30.—Mrs. Edna Hutt, wife of Henry Hutt, the artist, failed to obtain a decree of divorce in the District Court here to-day from Judge French. The court held that Mrs. Hutt's allegation of willful desertion had not been substantiated.

Philip C. Dodge, President of the Mergenthaler Linotype Company, obtained a decree of divorce from Margaret Dodge from Judge John S. Orr. Mr. Dodge alleged desertion, saying that his wife left him while they were in Europe. There was no contest.

ICICLES AT BAY SHORE.

They Form on a Rail Fence, Where Hotel Guests Inspect Them.

Special to The New York Times.

BAYSHORE, L. I., Aug. 30.—Jack Frost paid a preliminary and unexpected visit to this place this morning, and as a result icicles were formed on a rail fence in the rear of the Brunswick Hotel.

John Powers, owner of the hotel, made the discovery and announced it to friends, who found his story true.

BROADWAY CARS TIED UP.

Stalled an Hour When Theatre Crowds Are Trying to Get Home.

Every surface car in Broadway from Times Square to Harlem came to a sudden stop at 10 o'clock last night, when the power was cut off by the dropping down of a broken section of the channel rail which is charged with the electric current.

The accident happened near Seventy-second Street. The Third Avenue Railway's system was the principal one affected, its cars being stalled not only along Broadway, but also in Tenth Avenue. It was just one hour and five minutes before repairs were made and the blockade broken.

The cars were still at a standstill when the theatre crowds were starting home, and many persons waited long in vain at the curbstone before deciding to travel by another route.

SALUTE TO DIX KILLS WOMAN.

Apoplexy Follows Fright at Monument Unveiling Ceremonies.

ELMIRA, N. Y., Aug. 30.—Mrs. Anna Palmer of Owego, a great-great-granddaughter of Gen. Sullivan, yesterday came to Elmira to witness the dedication of the monument erected to the memory of her ancestor.

When the artillery fired a salute for Gov. Dix she fainted. She was hurried to a hospital here, but died in a short time, apoplectic seizure induced by fright causing her death.

GIRL IN J. B. DUKE'S WELL.

Miss Hawk of Jersey Rescued After Clinging to Chain Half an Hour.

Special to The New York Times.

SOMERVILLE, N. J., Aug. 30.—Miss Eliza Hawk, 18 years old, daughter of Anthony Hawk of Jersey City, who has a Summer home near here, was nearly drowned in a well on the J. B. Duke estate this evening. She had gone to the well to get a drink of water, and in raising the bucket lost her balance and fell into the well. She grabbed the chain by which the bucket is raised and hung on.

Her cries were heard by a farmhand on the Duke property, who pulled her out. She was almost exhausted, having been holding onto the chain and keeping her head above water for nearly half an hour before her calls for aid were heard.

Miss Hawk's father is a member of the Water Board of Jersey City, and once ran for Mayor of that city.

DIES IN HIS SHEEP VAT.

National Committeeman Solomon Luna Found Dead on His Ranch.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Aug. 30.—Solomon Luna, for the last 16 years Republican National Committeeman from New Mexico, the largest individual owner of sheep in the Southwest, and the State's richest citizen, was found dead to-day at his ranch, 75 miles west of Magdalena, Socoro County.

The body was discovered in a sheep dipping vat, and was so badly burned in the lime solution as to be almost unrecognizable. The discovery was made by Dr. E. E. Spindler of this city, a Federal Sheep Inspector.

Details received to-night show Mr. Luna's death resulted either from heart failure or a stroke of apoplexy, and not from foul play, as at first suspected. He had complained of a weak heart for several days, and it is presumed he was seized with a smothering spell during the night and went out to get some fresh air or a drink of water from a hydrant near the vat when he was overcome and pitched headlong into the tank.

Mr. Luna was born in Las Vegas, Mexico, on Oct. 18, 1858, the son of A. J. and Isabel Luna. He received his education at the St. Louis University, which he left before graduation to enter the live stock business. He was President of the Bank of Commerce, and Vice President of the First National Bank and the Occidental Life Insurance Company of Albuquerque, N. M. He married Miss Adelaide Otero in 1882, but they had no children.

ASKED CASH FOR BECKER EVIDENCE

Lieutenant's Wife Causes Arrest of Youth for Attempted Extortion.

WRITTEN OFFER OBTAINED

Said He Acted for Another and Sent Mining Stock as a Guarantee.

POLICE NOW PAY GAMBLERS

Men Who Gave Graft Are Demanding It on Threats to Expose the System.

Mrs. Helen L. Becker, wife of Lieut. Charles Becker, accused of having instigated the murder of Herman Rosenthal, caused the arrest last night of a youth who tried to extort money from her on the plea that he could furnish evidence which would enable Lieut. Becker to clear himself of the charge for which he is under indictment. Mrs. Becker's experience is not dissimilar to that of many police officials since the Rosenthal inquiry began.

It is common gossip now in the underworld that men who for years had paid their monthly graft have recently been demanding and receiving from the former grafters regular incomes in return for their promises not to tell their stories to District Attorney Whitman. From these men, each one fearful that his name might be dragged into the investigation, these demands have been met with no opposition whatever. The onetime grafters have paid graft without a murmur.

It was three days ago that the young man first called at the new Becker home, at 3,239 Olinville Avenue, the Bronx—the home whose possession Lieut. Becker found it necessary to explain the moment that his name was coupled with the word graft.

The youth, well-dressed and well-spoken, told Mrs. Becker that he was the emissary of a man whose identity he was pledged to keep secret for the time at least, but a man who had information which would be of inestimable value to Lieut. Becker in defending himself against the charge of murder.

Asked $260 for Another.

This man, said the youth, wished Lieut. Becker well, and would give his information without thought of reward were it not that, besides needing money desperately himself, a certain sum would be necessary before the information could be put to any use for the Lieutenant. The young man said $260 would be all that was necessary, and, having gone so far, he left Mrs. Becker to consider the proposal.

Again the next day the youth called at the house, and yesterday morning in the first mail Mrs. Becker received a letter asking her to meet the young man at the Grand Central Station, and to bring with her the $260. Mrs. Becker consulted with a friend of her husband, and this man was at the Becker home last night when the young man, disappointed at Mrs. Becker's failure to meet him, called at the house.

This time he carried a letter, and he presented it to Mrs. Becker after assuring her once more that he was merely the messenger of the man who could help her and her husband. The letter, written on plain paper and inclosed in a plain envelope which bore only the words, "Mrs. Becker, Addressed," read:

> Dear Mrs. Becker: Am unable to meet you to-day, but am sending a messenger to whom you can give the money. I am being followed and can't be too careful.
>
> I am inclosing a stock certificate of Tonopah Mining Company which you can hold as collateral. Will bring two people to see you to-morrow evening at 8:10 P. M. I need the money badly—very badly—in order to carry out my plans. Do not lose the stock certificate as it is very valuable. A friend in haste, J. H. W.
>
> P. S.—These two people have something on Jack Rose which will be of great help to you in your trouble. J. H. W.

Inclosed in the missive, as the letter stated, was a certificate for 500 shares of Tonopah Gold Mountain Mining Company stock made out in the name of R. B. Frisbie and dated Nov. 11, 1905. It was signed with the name of the President, J. H. Butler, and witnessed by Nate Boos.

Tonopah Gold Mountain Mining Company does not appear in any of the standard books of reference on mining securities. It is not listed on any Exchange in New York.

"John Smith" Arrested.

Mrs. Becker read the note, and convinced at last that she had to deal, if not with a blackmailer, at least with a very clever swindler, she left the young man in conversation on the front porch with the friend of her husband while she went upstairs and telephoned to the Bronx Park Police Station.

Lieut. Ryan promised to send a policeman to the house at once, and he dispatched there Mounted Policeman McGauley, who arrived within a few minutes of Mrs. Becker's alarm. He found the young man still in conversation on the front porch, and leaping from his horse he ran up the steps, clapped his hand on the youth's shoulder, and told him he was under arrest.

Instantly the boy's composure fled, and he burst into tears. He declared that he himself had written the letters and that he was acting for nobody else, that he had no information which would help Lieut. Becker, and that he simply had wanted to get some money.

"I need it badly," he sobbed. "I have been out of work for some time and I have no home. Once I was a timekeeper on the Aqueduct work, but that was weeks ago."

The young man was taken to the Bronx Park Station, where he said he was John Smith, 19 years old. He refused to say where his home was, and admitted that Smith was not his right name.

"Even if I should be sent to jail for

twenty years," he cried, "I would not tell my name. I wouldn't have my parents know what I have done."

Smith was locked up charged with attempted grand larceny. He refused to answer questions when he was asked about his possession of the mining certificate, and the fact that this was made out in a name other than his own gave rise to the supposition that perhaps, after all, the young man had been acting for some one else of whom he thought enough to try to shield even though arrested himself.

Mrs. Becker refused absolutely to tell more of her negotiation with the youth than was necessary to procure his arrest. She accompanied him to the station house and made the charge against him, and she allowed the police to keep the letter as evidence. She refused to allow the other letters to be seen and would tell nothing about the young man's visits to her.

The news that some one had tried to get money from Mrs. Becker flashed rapidly about the police circuit last night, but it occasioned no surprise which equaled that excited by Mrs. Becker's activity in having the young man arrested.

The gamblers themselves are now talking about hush money payments made by members of the Police Department to men from whom they were accustomed to exact payments, and this they say has been going on ever since District Attorney Whitman began his investigation into the Rosenthal murder.

SCOTLAND YARD INFORMED.

Asked to Watch for Coupe—Liverpool Notified.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 30.—A cablegram was received to-night at Scotland Yard from District Attorney Whitman of New York, asking that watch be kept at Liverpool for a man named Coupe, one of the important witnesses in the Rosenthal murder case, who is believed to be on his way to this country.

He further requests that if Coupe should be seen he be asked to give the address of the place where he purposed to stay to the police, or cable it to Mr. Whitman.

As the authorities at Scotland Yard have no jurisdiction in Liverpool, the cablegram was re-telegraphed to the Liverpool police.

REPORT A "LEFTY LOUIE."

Durango, Col., Has Seen a Man Answering the Description.

DURANGO, Col., Aug. 30.—"Lefty Louie," or a man answering very closely the description and pictures of him sent out from New York, is now in or near Durango. Yesterday he stopped at the house of W C. Chapman and asked for a pair of shoes.

The same man was seen in La Plata City Wednesday by a prospector, who recognized the resemblance of the stranger to the description of "Lefty Louie."

HAYES'S TRIAL POSTPONED.

His Counsel Objects to McKay for Trial Judge, but Opposes Delay.

The trial of former Inspector Cornelius G. Hayes, who, less than two weeks ago, was demoted to the rank of Captain, suspended from duty without pay, and placed under charges of having made a false statement by Commissioner Waldo, was postponed yesterday until next Friday. Seventy-three witnesses were in attendance yesterday morning at Police Headquarters. Among the police officers who had been summoned by Thomas D. Thacher, counsel for Hayes, were Inspectors Cahalane, Daly, Sweeney, Lahey, and Titus. In addition, practically every member of the accused Inspector's former staff and a large number of desk Lieutenants from the Fourth Inspection District were in attendance.

The hitch in the trial came as soon as First Deputy Commissioner McKay took his seat on the bench as trial judge. At the first tap of the gavel Attorney Thacher was on his feet to protest.

"I had not thought that you would insist upon presiding in this case, Mr. Commissioner," he said, "inasmuch as you had been previously subpoenaed to appear as a witness for my client."

Addressing himself to Assistant Corporation Counsel Terence Farley, he continued:

"Commissioner McKay will be in a position to directly corroborate or contradict and deny a substantial part of the defense. I think that it would be proper to ask that another Commissioner be appointed as trial judge."

Mr. Farley immediately asked for an adjournment, saying that he would like time to determine the legality of Deputy Commissioner McKay's position. To this request Mr. Thacher objected.

"Commissioner McKay was served as a witness four days ago," he said, "and there has been plenty of time for the selection of another trial judge since that time. In justice to my client I demand that the case proceed at once under another Commissioner."

Deputy Commissioner McKay, however, granted the motion of the Assistant Corporation Counsel for a postponement, and adjourned the trial until next Friday morning at 10 o'clock.

Commissioner Waldo said later that it was a matter of indifference to him which of his Deputy Commissioners acted as trial judge.

"I had assigned the First Deputy to hear the case," he explained, "several days before he was subpoenaed as a witness by Mr. Thacher."

Capt. Hayes was clearly disappointed at the delay in the trial. He appeared at Headquarters with his attorney early, and brought a large, bulky bundle of books and documents. He declined to make any statement upon the postponement of his trial.

FAUROT HAS DETECTIVE BUREAU.

Placed in Charge During Recovery of Inspector Hughes.

Capt. Joseph Faurot, head of the Criminal Identification Bureau at Police Headquarters, was temporarily placed in charge of the Detective Bureau yesterday pending the return to duty of Inspector Edward P. Hughes, who is slowly recovering from a serious illness.

Lieut. Detective Bernard McConville, who had been assigned to work in the financial district, was transferred to desk duty at the Bath Beach Station. No reason was given for the transfer.

CORRECT WALDO'S LIST.

Two Firms Disclaim Any Connection with Gambling Places.

In Commissioner Waldo's list of houses where gambling raids had been made, the address of the owner of the house at 110 West 116th Street was given as 215 Washington Street. Hall & Ruckel, wholesale druggists at the latter address, have written to THE TIMES to say that the owner of 110 West 116th Street has no connection with their firm. They give his address as the Hotel Gotham.

Bert G. Faulhaber & Co. of Broadway and 156th Street have written to Commissioner Waldo that the house at 116 Fulton Street, which was in the last as raided in August, 1911, was not acquired by them until the following October.

Not Really a Raid.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the list of gambling resorts published by you appears the name of "Robert E. Westcott" as owner or lessee of 701 Seventh Avenue. Mr. Westcott is dead, and I am the attorney for his estate. The land at 701 Seventh Avenue is a part of this estate and was leased in April 1909, unimproved, on a twenty-one years' lease, with privilege of renewal, to lessee, who erected the present building.

We are informed by the lessee that all that happened at the time of the alleged raid was that a policeman called at the premises saying that he had information that a man was receiving bets on races in one of the rooms of the building; this police officer now states that he found no evidence of gambling there, and that he so reported to the police station and made no arrests. The lessee tells us that the publication in the paper of yesterday was the first intimation he had that there had ever been such a call from the police.

The trustees of this estate are not responsible for the occupation of this building, but they are, of course, desirous of seeing that the lessee complies with the law. It is my belief that in this instance the lessee has acted in absolute good faith, and that any sub-tenant carrying on a gambling business would be promptly dispossessed.

EDWARD R. OTHEMAN.

New York, Aug. 29, 1912.

CROWD SEES DWYER RAID IN 42D STREET

Finds Attic Club Empty, but Seizes Poker Tables, Chips, Blank Checks, and Notes.

MARKS GOODS WITH HIS AXE

Last Gambling Club in His District, He Declares—Three Not Raided Have Closed.

Inspector Dwyer, who rules in the district where Inspector Hayes was recently supreme, led his forces shortly after midnight last night against the Attic Club, quartered in a four-story building in West Forty-second Street, just across from the Hotel Knickerbocker. The theatre crowds and guests at the Knickerbocker made a circle of fascinated spectators, numbering more than a thousand, while the Inspector and his men went through the almost deserted poker rooms in the building and wound up their visit by sending poker table after poker table crashing down the stairs, to land, marred and dented, at the foot.

The warrant which Dwyer had in his pocket was issued during the afternoon by Magistrate House, but it was not served, for there was no one in the club on whom to serve it. There was not a man to raise any opposition to the Inspector's visit, for only three tenants and three servants were found in the whole building.

Yet when Inspector Dwyer came out of the house after he had seen all he wanted to, he seemed none the less satisfied with his night's work, for he said:

"I have closed, with this raid, the last poker club in the district over which I was placed in charge some ten days ago."

Some of these the Inspector has raided and some have dropped operations in fear of a raid. According to the information which he furnished last night there are five poker rooms left unraided. These, he said, were the Muskogee of 209 West Fifty-fifth Street, the Ansonia of 153 West Forty-fourth Street, and a third on the northeast corner of Forty-eighth Street and Seventh Avenue, run by "Shiney Mike" and "Little Fitz." These three quietly and discreetly gave up their games on Wednesday night when Dwyer made his descent on the Lyceum Social and Literary Club in West Forty-Fifth Street.

When the men working under his directions were busy piling the tables into the patrol wagons, and chucking in with them the accumulation of from 2,000 to 3,000 poker chips and 1,000 packs of playing cards, the Inspector turned to the men near him and said:

"And you can say as coming from me that each and every one of these handsome tables will be marked for identification, and they will be marked," he added grimly, "with an axe."

When the Inspector and his men approached the clubhouse they were admitted without a shadow of resistance and made their way over the richly carpeted stairs, through rooms hung with good pictures, and decorated with more than one piece of well-selected statuary.

More interesting to them than the tables set for cards, more interesting than the poker chips and the packs of cards innumerable, was what appeared to be the desk of the Secretary or Treasurer of the organization. The interesting thing about this desk were the contents. There, stack upon stack, were checkbooks for every bank and trust company in the five boroughs.

No one could run out of money in the Attic Club if he had an account in any New York bank. And if he protested with regret, mock or sincere, that all his money was banked in banks outside this city, the chances were that he would promptly be offered a blank check on that bank. There were check books there too with blank drafts on all the important banks from Boston to San Francisco. And even here the resources did not stop.

Tucked away with the check books were a great many promissory note blanks, printed forms for cash advances of $50, $100, $200, $500, $1,000, and $2,000. A man could go into the Attic Club, as Dwyer's men read the evidence in the desk, and even if he was prudent enough to have very little money in his pockets to risk, he could lose a great deal.

FIVE TICKETS IN QUEENS.

Faction Fights for Primaries On, with Headquarters Numerous.

Queens Borough is to have one of the liveliest primary campaigns in its history. Five primary tickets are in the field, each backed by a host of fighters and an abundance of cash. They are the Republican, the Progressive, the regular and Empire State Democracy, and the Independence League.

Daniel Shea, leader of the regular Democrats, has established headquarters at Long Island City, of which he will have charge, and another headquarters at Jamaica, which will be in charge of Surrogate Daniel Noble. Joseph Cassidy, who has taken up the fight of the Empire State Democracy, has opened headquarters in his clubhouse in Long Island City, and his chief lieutenant, Martin Mager, will be in charge of headquarters at Jamaica.

State Committeeman Joseph de Bragge of the Republicans will have headquarters at Jamaica, and Thompson H. Burden, candidate for Sheriff, will open headquarters in Long Island City.

The chief headquarters of the Progressive Republicans will be at Jamaica in charge of County Chairman Frank L. Ferguson, while Peter L. Meninger, Chairman of the Executive Committee, will be in charge in Long Island City. The Bull Moosers are to have headquarters in each of the five wards.

The Independence League will have their chief headquarters at Richmond Hill.

Mass meetings have been arranged by all the factions.

SEIDEL DEFINES PARTIES.

Republicans for Things as They Are, Democrats for Anything, He Says.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 30.—Emil Seidel of Milwaukee, the nominee for Vice President on the National ticket of the Social Democratic Party, made public to-day his formal letter of acceptance of the nomination.

There was no ceremony in connection with Mr. Seidel's acceptance of the honor, as the candidate was said to be in New England making campaign speeches for his party.

Mr. Seidel thus describes what the various political parties stand for:

"The Republican Party stands for things as they are; it wants no change.

"The Democratic Party stands for any old thing; it wants the offices.

"The Progressive Party stands for 'honesty' on a platform made up of stolen planks.

"The Prohibition Party can only see poverty when there is a beer sign in sight.

"The Socialist Party recognizes in the present system only an epoch in the development of society."

TO HEAR ELECTORS CASE.

Supreme Court to Pass on Kansas Issue Oct. 14.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—The fight between the Taft and Roosevelt forces over the Presidential Electors from Kansas was transferred to-day from the courts of that State to the Supreme Court of the United States. The record of the case in the Kansas courts was filed in the Supreme Court here. It will be rushed to the printer so that the court may dispose of the case immediately upon convening on Oct. 14.

The transfer of the litigation was in response to the order of Associate Justices Van Devanter and Pitney, made on Aug 6 in New York upon the request of the Taft attorneys. The decision of the Kansas courts was adverse to the Taft followers. The main hope of the latter to obtain the Electoral vote of Kansas lies in the Supreme Court of the United States reversing the State Supreme Court.

As shown by the completed record just filed, the Taft forces contend that they have been fraudulently deprived of rights guaranteed them by the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution. It is charged that the so-called Roosevelt Electors obtained the signatures of the Taft men to their petition as candidates for Electors by pretending that they were Republicans, and, as such, would be bound by the rules, regulations, and customs of that party, and would support the party's candidates for President and Vice President. As a matter of fact, it is added, these candidates did not intend to be bound by the rules and customs of the Republican Party, nor to support the party's candidates for President and Vice President unless Theodore Roosevelt was nominated by the Republican party for President. The result of this alleged fraud, it is argued, will be to deprive Taft men of their right to vote for the person selected by them for President, while permitting other citizens to vote for the person selected by them, all notwithstanding the requirement of the Fourteenth Amendmen that a State shall give all its citizens equal rights and equal protection of the law.

The record further declares that the Supreme Court of Kansas has held that the rights claimed are political, instead of judicial, questions, such as the courts may decide. In answer to this it is set up that if the Australian ballot law and the primary election law of Kansas are to be so interpreted, these laws are unconstitutional.

BLEASE VOTE INQUIRY SURE.

South Carolina State Committee Will Investigate Ballot Fraud Charges.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Aug. 30.—Charges of fraud, including allegations that ballot boxes were stuffed, that 20,000 illegal votes were cast, and that minors and non-residents voted in many places in the Democratic primary in South Carolina last Tuesday will be subjected to a thorough investigation, according to the understanding prevailing when the State Committee assembled here to-day.

Intense bitterness has grown out of the three-cornered fight for the nomination for Governor, with Gov. Cole Blease leading, on the face of the returns, by over 2,000 votes the combined vote of his two opponents, Ira B. Jones and J. T. Duncan.

Orders have been sent to the Chairman of every County Committee directing him to preserve all ballots, tally sheets, and other records. Contests have been filed at many points throughout the State, and where County Executive Committees have refused to hear them the complainants have come to Columbia to lay their grievances before the State Committee.

McHARG AGAINST COLONEL.

He Wouldn't Follow Roosevelt Out of Party and He's for Taft.

Ormsby McHarg, who had charge of the Southern contests for Col. Roosevelt at the Chicago Convention, definitely announced yesterday that he had parted company with the Colonel and was going to support President Taft. A statement from Mr. McHarg to this effect was given out yesterday at the headquarters of the Republican National Committee.

"I have always been a Republican and always shall be one," explained Mr McHarg. "Therefore, I intend to support my party in the coming elections and I intend to cast my vote for the re-election of President Taft. I supported Col. Roosevelt as a Republican, having no notion at that time that he was anything else. I was bitterly disappointed to find later what his real intentions were. I am under no obligations to him, or anybody else, however, to get out of the Republican Party, and do not intend to do so."

GUTHRIE FOR CHAIRMAN.

Republicans Select New York Lawyer to Preside at Saratoga.

William D. Guthrie, the New York lawyer, is to be the temporary Chairman of the Republican State Convention which meets at Saratoga on Sept. 25. The subcommittee appointed by the Republican State Committee to select a Temporary Chairman made the selection yesterday. The sub-committee was made up of Francis Hendricks of Onondaga, William L. Ward of Westchester, Edwin A. Merritt, Jr., of St. Lawrence, B. B. Odell, Jr., of Orange, John Grimm, Jr., of Erie, Samuel S. Koenig of New York, and Jacob A. Livingston of Kings. The announcement of the selection was accompanied by this appreciation:

"Mr. Guthrie has been a leading member of the New York bar for a number of years, and in recent addresses has made clear to his hearers the fundamental difference of opinion which exists between the Republican Party and the new Progressive Party in their respective attitudes toward constitutional Government."

STEEL TRUST GAVE $10,000 TO 1904 FUND

Continued from Page 1.

but called at the White House at 8:30, got a solemn promise that the Department of Justice would keep hands off, telephoned the glad tidings directly from the White House to Wall Street, and, in just 1 year 7 months and 14 days after Vice President Bope warned his fellow Directors of the Carnegie Steel Company, the dreaded competition was at an end. The trust owned the T. C. & I."

Taft and Roosevelt Compared.

There are other chapters on the trusts and their relations with the Roosevelt Administration, notably one giving the full correspondence in connection with the holding up of the report on the Harvester Trust by the Bureau of Corporations. Others deal with the revelations during the Stanley investigation and there are two chapters dealing with "The True Taft" and "The True Roosevelt," each built on extracts from the written and spoken utterances of the rivals. The life and work of Woodrow Wilson and of Thomas R. Marshall are dealt with in extenso and in a different spirit.

The high cost of living is treated in a series of articles written by authorities on the tariff who have made a study of the various schedules of the Payne-Aldrich law. In these chapters the system of protection is attacked from every possible angle.

The book contains 432 pages, and is by far the most complete textbook issued by any party in a National campaign. The committee supervising its publication was composed of Josephus Daniels, Chairman of the Bureau of Publicity; Representative James T. Lloyd, Chairman of the Democratic Congressional Committee, and Robert W. Wooley.

When George W. Perkins's attention was called to the chapter in the Democratic textbook dealing with "T. R., Perkins, and T., C. & L.," he said it was perfectly legal for corporations to give contributions to a campaign in 1904.

"And not only that," said Mr. Perkins, "but it was considered perfectly proper. There has been a change in the sentiment on this question since, and I do not think any good citizen should regret that such a change has come."

As Mr. Perkins looked through the book he happened on a page devoted to a statement by Jacob H. Schiff, the Wall Street banker who recently came out for Woodrow Wilson.

"It's quite proper for a man to vote as he pleases," said Mr. Perkins musingly, "but it seems strange that the Democrats should try to make capital out of the support of Mr. Schiff, and yet assail me for what feeble support I am giving the Progressives."

Special to The New York Times.

ST. JOHNSBURY, Vt., Aug. 30.—When a NEW YORK TIMES staff correspondent sought Col. Roosevelt to-night to obtain his statement regarding the Steel Trust contribution to the 1904 Republican campaign fund, it was said that the Colonel had retired and could not be disturbed.

HOW WOMEN WON ROOSEVELT TO THEM

Colonel Explains in Speech at St. Johnsbury, Vt., His Conversion to Suffrage Cause.

RENEWS ATTACK ON TRUSTS

Tells Green Mountain Farmers That the New Party Offers Sole Remedy for National Ills.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. JOHNSBURY, Vt., Aug. 30.—Col. Roosevelt closed the second day of his Vermont campaign here to-night after another 150-mile automobile trip. As a result of the welcome he received on every hand his supporters to-night were feeling more confident that the Progressive Party would obtain the 15,000 votes next Tuesday which they must poll if they expect to prevent a clean Republican victory in the State election and throw the task of naming a Governor into the Legislature.

The meeting to-night, which was held in the Court House square, was the biggest political gathering in the history of the city. Col. Roosevelt made a fiery speech, in which he attacked the Sherman anti-trust law as enforced by the Taft Administration; declared that the recommendations of the Stanley Committee for the regulation of trusts were merely sound and fury, and a subject of derision by trust magnates; told of his conversion to the cause of woman suffrage, and assailed THE NEW YORK TIMES and other newspapers, which he declared were misrepresenting him and his Progressive Party.

Talking of the trust question, he declared that the new party was the only one to promise any relief. The trusts, he said, should be really and not nominally dissolved when guilty of violating the law, and the men guilty of misconduct should be actually punished.

Turning again to John D. Archbold of the Standard Oil Company and Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania, who testified before the Senate committee, Col. Roosevelt made his bitterest denunciation yet, saying:

"I thought by their underhand methods that they might do some harm to the Progressive Party, but I have them on the hip. They are now in the open. The Lord has delivered them into my hands, and I'll hew them as Israel hewed Ammon, hip and thigh."

The Colonel went considerably further in his discussion of the control of the trusts by the new party than he has done before, and also on the question of woman suffrage. He had not been converted by those women who were working for suffrage, he said, but by those who, while saying little about it, were going ahead to do what they could in the cause of social and civic betterment. Among them he named Jane Addams, Helen Keller, and Mrs. Florence Kelly.

Special Talk for Farmers.

The Colonel's campaign to-day extended through the farming districts into Northern Vermont, and he devoted much of his speeches during the day to the farmers. The principal addresses were in St. Albans, Morrisville, where the Lamoille County Fair was being held; the county fair grounds, at Barton, and at Hardwick. At all of the smaller towns and villages and settlements along the line there were also crowds out to see the Colonel.

One of the biggest crowds of the day greeted the Colonel at Morrisville, and when he saw the farmers had flocked to hear him, he talked to them about their own lives and what his new party hoped to do with their aid in bringing about better conditions. He came out in favor of following the course he had observed in Germany and other foreign countries he had visited, he said, of doing away, as far as possible, with exorbitant profits by the middleman, and of getting for the farmer higher prices for his products. He mentioned the farmer's wife, and this brought a query from a man in the audience.

"What's the matter with the farmer's wife?"

"You automobile man over there who asked that question," retorted the Colonel, "if you were a farmer you wouldn't ask it." Then he went on to explain that there was much he thought could be done; that it was a hard life to cook and care for a dozen workers, as was often the case, and that there was a lack of opportunity to develop the social life that every woman ought to have.

"We want to do all these things," he added. "We can't do everything in a day, but with your help we can make a start, and unless the start is made in the right direction nothing will ever be accomplished."

Then came a query from the audience, "Is this the Progressive Republican Party?"

"No; it is the National Progressive Party," was the Colonel's response. "Some bigots would not vote for Lincoln when he left the Whig Party, and some bigots wouldn't vote for us now. Do you get me? We have come to the point where to be loyal to the principles of the Republican Party you have to repudiate the name. Now, the way to show your loyalty to Lincoln is to act as he did. Slavery was abolished, but the same kind of men who favored slavery are opposed to conditions for the betterment of their fellow-men to-day. It's the same condition that we face. We are going to win, anyway, but we want Vermont to lead, and we think you will if we can only get the facts before you."

Speaks from a Huge Wagon.

While he spoke Col. Roosevelt was standing in a huge wagon that had been dragged into the grounds by eighteen oxen, a spectacular entrance which caught the crowd and started enthusiastic applause. As he emphasized a point he pounded on the head of a bull moose draped with an American flag.

"We've got to get the truth to you despite the newspapers," he shouted, "and that's why I'm traveling about Vermont in automobiles and an ox wagon. And we are going to get it to you if we can."

Crowds in the rear of the wagon then called to Col. Roosevelt to turn their way and again he was ready with a retort.

"This is the only time that I wished I could face both ways," he called back, "and when you all want to shake hands with me, then that is the only time I wish I were an octopus."

"I want to tell you that if I lose your support I will lose any power that I have. Nobody understands that better than I do. I simply represent certain well defined convictions of yours."

There was another crowd of five thousand at the fair grounds in Barton and the parking space was clogged with automobiles and carriages. At Hardwick a crowd gathered about the Colonel's car and jumped on the running board to shake hands. No stop was scheduled, but Colonel Roosevelt spoke for a few minutes.

Colonel Defends His Platform.

Col. Roosevelt spoke in part as follows:

"The Progressive platform is the first platform since the close of the civil war which has fearlessly, fully, and intelligently faced the needs of our people, which has promised everything that ought to be promised, and which has promised nothing that cannot be and ought not to be fulfilled.

"I call your attention especially to what our platform says about business and the trusts. In the National Government two methods of dealing with big business have so far been tried; one, that of regulation through the Inter-State Commerce Commission; the other, that of destruction by means of the anti-trust law. The first has been eminently successful, the second has broken down.

"The Progressive platform faces this fact. It states that the test of true prosperity must be the benefits conferred thereby on all citizens, not the benefits confined to individuals or classes, and that the test of corporate efficiency must be the ability better to serve the public. The platform demands efficient and thoroughgoing National regulation of all those great industrial concerns doing an inter-State business. The law is to be made definite so that honest men will not be under continued threat of law proceedings. Moreover, the anti-trust law is to be kept on the statute books, and instead of its enforcement against the big trusts, being, as now, merely farcical, it is to be the duty of the commission to aid in seeing that every trust guilty of bad conduct shall be really and not merely nominally dissolved, and the men guilty of the misconduct punished.

Trust Remedy Is Outlined.

"This programme is the only programme that offers the slightest chance of real accomplishment. We propose to give the honest business man certainty as to what the law is and is not, so that he will no longer be nervously unable to tell whether he has made himself subject to its penalties. We propose to create an administrative commission which shall superintend big business in thoroughgoing fashion and stop every species of wrongdoing, precisely as the best class of public utilities commission now does in the States and municipalities; precisely as the Inter-State Commerce Commission will again do when we get rid of the mischievous Commerce Court, the creation of which represented a long step backward of benefit only to the trusts themselves.

"The anti-trust law by itself can never in any shape or way solve the problem of dealing with the trusts. As at present enforced, and still more, as it would be enforced if the recommendations of the Stanley Committee were enacted into law, it is and would remain a mere policy of make-believe strangle, a policy nominally against the interests of the huge, swollen trusts, but really in their favor, and a menace only to honest business men with business of moderate size.

"It is curious to see how closely the old parties stand together in this matter, how eagerly the representatives of the big trusts and of their tools and allies in the business world rally to the help of either as against the Progressives. The recent action of Mr. Penrose and Mr. Archbold is a striking illustration of the clearness with which the Standard Oil Trust and its creatures in politics see that their real foes, the foes whom they hate and dread, are to be found only in the Progressive Party; and against these foes they will do everything in their power, in the interest of either or both of the old parties, with the old, corrupt machine organizations.

"The promises of the Democratic and Republican platforms can be tested by the performances of the representatives of the two parties at the present time; for instance, the Administration's acceptance as satisfactory of Mr. Wickersham's final action in settling the suit against the Standard Oil and Tobacco Trusts and by the Stanley Committee's report on the proper method of dealing with these trusts.

"The only result of the suits against the Oil and Tobacco Trusts was greatly to increase the value of the holdings of the big financiers who were nominally supposed to be punished, while small competitors were put in a worse position than before, and the cost of living was raised to the public generally, as the products were increased in price.

Social and Industrial Justice.

"Our proposals are definite and concrete, and they are absolutely practical. We treat our whole platform as a covenant with the people binding upon ourselves and upon our candidates in State and in Nation. We pledge ourselves to legislation looking to the prevention of industrial accidents and occupational diseases. We intend to deal with the problems of involuntary unemployment and of overwork. We intend to secure compensation for men or women who are killed or crippled in industry; to prohibit sweated labor; to secure a minimum wage standard for working women, and a living wage in all industrial occupations.

"We pledge ourselves to secure one day's rest in seven for all wageworkers, and an eight-hour day in continuous twenty-four-hour industries, the prohibition of night work, and the establishment of an eight-hour day for women. We pledge ourselves to the abolition of the convict contract labor system, and the application of prisoners' earnings to the support of their dependent families. We recognize that in all matters such as these women are as vitally concerned as men. We recognize that there cannot be identity of function, but that there should be equality of right between men and women, and we are, therefore, for equal suffrage for men and women.

Attacks The Times.

"THE NEW YORK TIMES of Aug. 20, in an interview attributed to a prominent citizen who has repudiated it, criticised and denounced Jane Addams for nominating me, and also criticised the Progressive Party for permitting women to be in the Progressive Convention. It attacked Miss Addams's conduct as 'spectacular and in very bad taste.' And also criticised me as being spectacular because I 'had the bad taste to publicly compliment her on her action and thank her.'

"My only reference to Miss Addams was contained in the following sentence: 'I wish to tell those who proposed and seconded my nomination that I appreciate to the full the significance of having such men and such a woman put me in nomination.' It will be noticed that in this sentence I did not even mention Miss Addams's name, and if President Eliot really considers this allusion to Miss Addams as being spectacular and in bad taste I should feel a mild curiosity to know just what he would regard as non-spectacular and in good taste.

"It would not be worth while to pay any heed to this article in itself, but it illustrates an attitude of mind sufficiently common to deserve consideration. Among the other sentences in the article were the following: 'Women have no proper share in a political convention. We need women to bear children and attend to their home. The men ought to be able to regulate their own politics and meet all needs without direct assistance of the women.'

"Of course it is entirely right to say that we need women to bear children and attend to their homes just as it would be right to say that we need men to beget children and make the homes in which the women can live and the children be brought up. One statement is as true as the other, and both come under the head of the obvious. I have said not once, but a score of times, that I put the domestic life above every other kind of life, and I honor the good and wise mother as I honor no other woman and no man, and that the perpetuity of the Nation depends primarily upon the average man and average woman therein being the father and mother of healthy and happy and wisely brought up children, children trained, boys and girls alike, in industry and decent conduct and to the habit of meeting with wisdom and with high courage the many and difficult problems that confront each of us in his everyday individual life and all of us in our collective life.

Slurs Upon Unmarried Women.

"I think the highest life, the ideal life, is the married life. But there are both unmarried men and unmarried women who perform service of the utmost consequence to the whole people, and it is equally foolish and wicked for a man to slur the unmarried woman when he would not dream of slurring the unmarried man. Bishop Brent, in the Philippines, is unmarried. He has done admirable work there, just as Jane Addams has done at Hull House.

"When THE TIMES says that it dislikes to see Miss Addams 'held up in the limelight as an example for all other women to follow,' it speaks offensively, and its words are true only in the sense that they would be true if it had used them about Bishop Brent or the late Phillips Brooks. Again and again I have heard Bishop Brent held up as an example, and I have held him up as an example myself; and so of the late Phillips Brooks. And in just the same way, I am heartily glad to say, I have heard Jane Addams held up as an example, and have thus held her up myself. The cases of the three stand on the same plane; all three by their lives have added to or are adding to our heritage of good in this country.

"Now for the statement about women having no proper share in a political convention, and that men ought to be able to regulate their own politics and meet all needs without direct assistance from the women. That man knows little of our political, social, and industrial needs as a Nation who does not know that in political conventions the politics that ought to be 'regulated' are the politics that affect women precisely as much as they affect men; and he must be unfortunate in his list of acquaintances if he does not know women whose advice and counsel are pre-eminently worth having in regard to the matters affecting our welfare.

"I suppose the trouble is that THE TIMES fails to understand that we intend from now on to make participation in 'politics' a method of applying ethics to our public life and both ethics and economics to our industrial life. Such a theory of public conduct is wholly incomprehensible, both to those who dominated the Republican Convention at Chicago and to those who dominated the Democratic Convention at Baltimore. The Progressive Party is the one party which since the war has dealt with real issues, and those real issues affect women precisely as much as men. The women who bear children and attend to their own homes have precisely the same right to speak in politics that their husbands have who are the fathers of their children and who work to keep up their homes.

"It is these women who bear children and attend to their own homes, and these men, their husbands, who work for their wives and children and homes, whom the Progressive Party is endeavoring to represent and in whose interest the Progressive Party proposes that the governmental policy of this Nation shall hereafter be shaped. Such being the case it is eminently wise that the women should share in the political conventions, and that they should join with the men in regulating the politics, which are in no proper sense only 'the politics of the men,' as THE TIMES says, because they are of as vital concern to the women as to the men.

Lauds Bull Moose Convention.

"I am glad to say that among the representatives in our convention were a number of women, and not only high in purpose, but in wisdom, in character, in cool-headedness, and in far-sighted understanding of the needs of the Nation they stood on an exactly equal footing with the man.

"Our National Committee will publish Jane Addams's speech. I ask you to read it for yourselves, and then yourselves pass judgment on the good taste and wisdom of THE NEW YORK TIMES in denouncing that speech. One of the memories of the convention which I shall always cherish is the fact that Jane Addams seconded my nomination.

"I grew to believe in woman suffrage not because of associating with women whose chief interest was in woman suffrage, but because of finding out that the women from whom I received most aid in endeavoring to grapple with the social and industrial problems of the day were themselves believers in woman suffrage.

"For a long time I have been interested in such questions as the betterment of the tenement house conditions, the abolition of sweat-shop factories in tenement houses, the betterment of the conditions of work and life of working girls in industry, the establishment of children's courts, the establishment of playgrounds, the putting a stop to the employment of children in industry—and dozens of other like matters. Now, the way I got in touch with each different kind of such work was to get hold of some man or woman who knew about it and could guide and instruct me and enable me to see for myself what the fact were.

"The man to whom I owe most in this matter is Jacob Riis, and I shall never forget all he did for me during the time I was Police Commissioner. In exactly the same fashion I have profited by the teachings and experiences of Judge Ben Lindsey of Colorado, of Judge De Lacey of Washington, of Charles Stelzle, of Father Curran, of Homer Folks, of Paul Kellogg, of Mannis, of Raymond Robbins, of Weyland McCarthy, and Kingsbury, of many men connected with the work of organized charity or with private or religious charity, and of many, many clergymen, priests, and rabbis—I cannot begin to enumerate all of them. Well, in precisely the same way I grew acquainted with women who were doing the same kinds of work, with Miss Addams, with Miss Kellor, with Mrs. Kelly, with many others.

"Very much of what I learned to believe from them they were quite unconscious of having taught me, and it was this largely unconscious teaching of theirs and my study of what had been done in the States where suffrage exists that gradually turned me into a believer that women should have the same right to vote that men have. I do not believe that there is identity in functions between men and women, but I do believe that there should be equality of rights. I see no reason why voting should interfere with women's home life any more than it interferes with the everyday work of the man which enables him to support the home."

Col. Roosevelt spent the night in St. Johnsbury. To-morrow he will continue his automobile tour, speaking at Randolph, Bellows Falls and Brattleboro, leaving in the evening for Oyster Bay. There was a report to-day that the Republican leaders were asserting that Col. Roosevelt's addresses were hurting rather than aiding his cause and that they were going to use them or portions of them, anyway, as campaign material.

CIRCUS CARS FOR ROOSEVELT.

Chairman Hotchkiss Sends Out Flying Squadron to Attract Farmers.

Oratory and light housekeeping will go hand in hand in the latest effort to carry the Roosevelt campaign into hamlets and villages not reached by the railroad. The pioneer division of what will be known as the "Flying Squadron" was started from Bull Moose headquarters in East Twenty-eighth Street yesterday afternoon on what might be termed a camping-out campaign.

Small boys who saw two gaudy cars thought a circus had come to town and strained their ears for the sound of the calliope. There were two motor vehicles in the outfit. The first resembled a moving van with huge pictures of Roosevelt and his running mate on the side panels against a bandana background. The second vehicle was a touring car adorned with American flags and Bull Moose banners. The two cars ran across town to the Forty-second Street ferry, where they crossed the Hudson and started for Newburg, where the speakers and the crews were scheduled to stay overnight. The ultimate destination of the expedition is Syracuse, where it is scheduled to arrive on the opening day of the Bull Moose Convention.

In the big van there are cots and utensils for light housekeeping. Also an electric light plant, red fire, and a sectional platform that can be made ready in a very few minutes when the speakers find a crowd to address. Should this first expedition prove popular, it is planned to equip as many as half a dozen similar expeditions.

"It's the old circus method of advertising; a little extraordinary in a political campaign, but, then, this is an extraordinary occasion," said State Chairman Hotchkiss. "I think it will be a great success."

BULL MOOSE SOFA CUSHIONS

Made by Women of the Party and Emblazoned with Colonel's Picture.

Not all women care for bandana handkerchiefs, so the Bull Moose Party women have made some sofa cushion covers to take down to the Staten Island County Fair to-day. They do not have the Bull Moose on them, but a big more-natural-than-life picture of Theodore Roosevelt is in the centre, encircled by a red cord twisted in the form of a heart and above this a fine battle scene, Col. Roosevelt riding at full speed at the head of his cowboy cavalry.

Miss Clara Morrison, sister-in-law of Timothy Woodruff, Progressive leader of Kings County, made last year such a successful campaign for suffrage on Long Island, winning favor and finances selling home made cake and candy, and now she is going to arrange booths in shops and business buildings for the sale of Roosevelt souvenirs and other things for the Bull Moose campaign funds after the Syracuse convention.

BEVERIDGE PREDICTS VICTORY.

Says Colonel Will Sweep the Country—Sure of Vermont Vote.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 30.—"If politics interferes with business cut out the business," is the watchword passed out to County and District Chairmen by former Senator Albert J. Beveridge, now a candidate on the Progressive ticket for Governor of Indiana.

"When I started out in this thing I had no idea I could be elected or that Mr. Roosevelt could be elected, but it is a fight worthy of the effort and I was willing to fight for a cause.

"The people have taken up the cause to such an extent that now I believe Roosevelt will carry the country and that Indiana will not be behind in her share of the victory.

"I have been in Vermont for several days and I have been astounded by the sweep of the movement. It was only three weeks ago that a Progressive ticket was put in the field in that State. We had no expectation of winning such a rock-ribbed Republican State and not much of an attempt was made to organize it, but the people themselves have taken it up and now it really appears that next Tuesday Vermont will elect a Progressive Governor, and if it does, it means this campaign is ended right here and now."

Appointed on Bull Moose Committee.

The Kings County representatives on the Resolutions Committee of the State Progressive Party were selected yesterday. Mrs. R. H. Haskell, George A. Green, William Stanley Miller, Richard S. Childs, Jesse Fuller, Jr., and G. J. Houtain were appointed to attend the meeting of the committee in Syracuse two days before the opening of the State Convention.

CANDIDATES GALORE ON JERSEY PETITIONS

In Hudson County Alone Eighty Democrats Are Out for Nine Places as Freeholders.

EVERY OFFICE CONTESTED

Presidential Race Regarded Only as of Secondary Importance by the Voters.

Aspirants for office trooped to the county centres all over New Jersey yesterday to file petitions soliciting the voters of the State to make them the regular party nominees. Yesterday was the last day for the presentation of petitions by candidates for the Senate, Assembly, and for the County offices. The voters of the two old parties will get together at the primaries on Sept. 24 and pick from the field of self-named the men whom they desire to stand on Election Day as the regular nominees of their respective parties.

The new primary law permits any man who desires an office, and who can get 100 men to sign his petition, to propose to his party voters that they name him as the party nominee. The host of ambitious citizens, who feel quite equal to the places they seek, forced the County Clerks to keep their offices open away beyond the customary hours yesterday. The clerks were overwhelmed with petitions.

In Hudson County 80 Democratic petitioners filed papers for the nine seats in the new County Board of Freeholders, and there are more than thirty aspirants on the Democratic side for the 12 seats in the House of Assembly to which the County is entitled.

From Essex and Passaic Counties comes the same report, and the estimate is that there will be more than 10,000 candidates in the two party primaries for the 1,000 offices to be filled next November.

The lists of petitioners are the largest in Hudson, Essex, Passaic, and Union Counties, and the Second Congressional district in South Jersey.

In Essex, the Harrigan forces have put up a ticket for Mayor of Newark against Haussling, whom the Smith machine will try to renominate. Ex-Sheriff Harrigan himself is their candidate.

In Elizabeth the Mayoralty nomination is arousing more interest on the Democratic side than is exhibited in the Presidential conest. Hudson's primary struggle will be between the Wittpenn forces and the remnants of the old "Bob" Davis machine. In South Jersey the fight of Nichols and Griffith Lewis against John J. Gardner for the nomination for Congress is dividing the Republicans.

Apart from these local contests, the struggle between the Roosevelt and Taft forces for the selection of a favoring Electoral ticket is awakening a secondary interest.

The candidates for State Senate, Assembly and Congress of each party constitute its State Convention that is to select the Electoral candidates. The Roosevelt forces have filed petitions asking for the nomination of Republicans who will elect Roosevelt Electors in some of the counties. In other counties they have named Third Party candidates.

200 Banks to Receive Campaign Funds

Acting Chairman William G. McAdoo of the Democratic National Committee authorized yesterday the publication of a list of 200 banks in the East and the Middle West which have agreed to receive and forward campaign contributions to the headquarters of all political parties in accordance with a suggestion made by Mr. McAdoo a week ago. It was learned at the headquarters of the National Committee that so far only three banks had refused to help.

Suffragist to Make Wilson Speeches.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 30.—Mrs. Anita Calvert Bourgeoise, attorney, genealogist, biographer and suffrage orator, will depart for Chicago to-night to enlist as a campaign speaker for Woodrow Wilson.

Filth
Flies
Infection
Epidemics

Only natural consequences where garbage and refuse are not destroyed, while fresh, in a Kewanee Water Heating Garbage Burner.

The Kewanee Garbage Burner and Water Heater destroys garbage and refuse without odor or smoke, by burning, and utilizes the heat for hot-water supply. Is built of steel strong enough for the pressure in a 20-story building.

KEWANEE BOILER COMPANY

N. Y. Salesroom, 47 West 42d St.

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SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS

OFFICERS:
J. ADAMS BROWN..........President
JOHN P. MUNN............Vice-Pres.
U. M. FLEISCHMANN......Vice-Pres.
C. J. BEARD..............Cashier
H. I. STEVENS......Assistant Cashier

1 HOUR & 50 MINUTES
TO
PHILADELPHIA
VIA THE
NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
YOUR WATCH IS YOUR TIMETABLE

The Times Searches for Lost Articles

The New York Times reprints its Lost advertisements without extra charge in more than 1,000 bulletins, which are posted in public places throughout the city, railway stations, ferry houses, police stations, pawnshops, employment and advertising agencies, hotels and theatres.

There is no other way possible to let so many people know that you have lost an article.

If it is worth anything at all, it certainly is worth what it will cost as an advertisement in The Times. The rates are 30c. a line, one time; 75c. a line for three insertions in one week. Count seven words to a line.

THE NEW YORK TIMES
"All the News That's Fit to Print."
1000 Bryant.

GOV. WILSON READY FOR SMITH ATTACK

Hearing Rumors of a Plan to Befog Primaries, Governor Calls Senatorial Candidates to Him.

CONFIDENT AFTER MEETING

Capt. Rostron of the Carpathia Fails to See the Governor—A Speech at the Monmouth County Fair.

Special to The New York Times.

SEA GIRT, N. J., Aug. 30.—Gov. Wilson summoned to Sea Girt to-day the three Progressive Democrats who would like to be United States Senator from New Jersey, and he remained in conference with them for more than an hour.

It had been persistently rumored about Sea Girt that ex-Senator James Smith, Jr., was "coming back" as a political leader, and would make his first fight against Gov. Wilson's control of the State Democracy on the Senatorship issue.

It was because of these rumors that the conference was held here, and the three candidates who attended were Congressman William Hughes of Paterson, who has been in the field for many months, with buttons containing pictures of himself and Gov. Wilson, side by side; State Senator W. C. Gebhardt of Hunterdon County, who was one of the "original Wilson men," and ex-Judge John W. Westcott, who placed Gov. Wilson in nomination at Baltimore.

Former Judge Westcott came out in what seemed to be a ruffled mood and went hurriedly away. This caused a general conclusion that the Judge had refused to withdraw after having such a course suggested to him.

To all inquiries as to what took place Gov. Wilson smiled back that it was nothing important for publication.

"Did you ask any of the candidates to withdraw?" he was asked.

"If I had done so," he answered, "that would be trying to boss the job, and I don't try to boss jobs like that."

"How serious do you think the candidacy of ex-Senator Smith has become?" he was asked.

"I don't think the Smith situation is very serious," said he.

A politician informed the Governor that Smith's plan, as announced by his closest friends, was to seek to control enough legislators to overcome the vote of the primaries, Smith's hope being to elect men who would not regard their primary pledges as anything more than a joke.

Gov. Wilson met Col. Robert Ewing, head of the Newspaper Contribution Bureau of the Campaign Committee, to-night. Col. Ewing called to say good-bye before leaving for Chicago to-morrow to re-establish his bureau in the Western headquarters. Incidentally, he gave the Governor some kindly advice about not giving out interviews to the effect that money was not needed for the campaign, as it was the desire to be very economical.

"It hurts our newspaper contributions," explained Col. Ewing. "They think we don't need the money. We do."

Col. Ewing brought with him a letter from Gov. O. B. Colquitt of Texas proposing a unique contribution idea which he will exploit as the "Texas Idea." Gov. Colquitt pledged himself to be the first of 1,000 Texans to contribute $100 each. He also pledged that he would find the other 999 Texans needed to make up the even thousand required.

To the Governor himself a letter came while Col. Ewing was visiting him, inclosing $102. "I hope you will place this money," the letter ran, "where it will kill at least three Republicans and five Bull Moose." A postscript to the letter read: "If any one asks who I am, just say I am your old friend, William Smiley of Catlettsburg, Ky., an old, broken-down steamboat Captain."

A modest appearing man sent in his card to Gov. Wilson early in the afternoon. Word was brought back to him that the Governor was too busy to see him. He turned quickly and went away.

It was learned a little later by interested outsiders that the caller was Capt. Rostron of the steamship Carpathia. He was urged to return and asurances were offered that the Governor must not have been informed of his call, but he insisted on going away. "I would not think of disturbing a busy man," he said. It was learned later that Capt. Rostron's card had never been brought to Gov. Wilson's notice.

At the Monmouth County Fair at Red Bank Gov. Wilson appeared as a speaker on an uncovered platform.

He spoke as a former schoolmaster in favor of greater use of the school houses by parents of the pupils. He also urged that the "country church" should be made more effective through the adoption of plans for social gatherings in it.

"There is a certain class of politicians," said he, "that dreads nothing so much as that the people may come together and talk things over.

"Now, the farmers can agree on anything they please, but it will have no effect until they get together in frequent conference in the buildings that belong to us and begin to make that tremendous thing that constitutes the very atmosphere, the very substance of politics—public opinion.

"Now, of course you know the reason that a public man is supposed to come to a country fair. He is supposed to come so you can say: 'I knew him. I have met him. He's right.' But you can't tell by looking at him. I have looked into some eyes that seemed very honest and they have turned out to be the eyes of a rogue. And you repeat that experience every little while until you get to be about 55 years old and then you don't allow appearances to deceive you. You want to know what is in a man. You want to know his table of contents.

"Now I do not want to be trusted blindly, but to match my opinions with yours. I want to match my wits with yours. If I am right, why do you agree with me if you haven't studied the thing and know that I am right. If I am wrong, how are you going to prove it unless you have conferred about it?"

CLARK FOR ONE-PARTY RULE.

Capture All Branches of the Government, the Speaker Urges.

BAR HARBOR, Me., Aug. 30.—Champ Clark, who, with his wife, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Perry Belmont, delivered a speech here this afternoon which was, in part, as follows:

"Under the rules of the Democratic Party Gov. Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey and Gov. Thomas R. Marshall of Indiana were, at the Baltimore Convention, nominated as our standard bearers in the impending contest. They are men of high character, and Democrats are united in their support. This is as it should be, for the chief work in hand is to rescue the Government from Republican maladministration.

"As I have already said, we have not what the British have—a responsible Government—the nearest approach thereto which we can have under the Constitution is to have House, Senate, and President all of the same political faith. Hence I am anxious to see the Democrats capture all three legislative branches of the Government so that we can try our theory. Then, if it works well, the people will recognize the fact and reward us. If it proves bad in practice the people will throw us out, as they should do. If, however, all three branches of the Legislature are not of the same political faith, neither party gets an opportunity to try its theory.

"Gov. Wilson's public career consists of two years as Governor of a great Commonwealth. Everybody declares that he has made a good Governor, and if he makes as great a President as Lincoln even the most fastidious should be satisfied. He was for years professor in famous institutions of learning and President of one of the greatest universities in the land or in the world. As a Presidential scholar he will rank with Thomas Jefferson, James Madison, John Quincy Adams, and James A. Garfield."

COLLEGE MEN FOR WILSON.

League Formed with de Saulles, Former Yale Quarterback, as a Worker.

The Woodrow Wilson College Men's League was formed yesterday and opened headquarters at the Hotel Imperial. John L. de Saulles, the former Yale quarterback, is one of the field captains of the League. Joseph R. Truesdale who succeeded William F. McCoombs of the Democratic National Committee as manager of The Daily Princetonian is another leader in the movement. Mr. de Saulles who was in Santiago, Chile, when the Baltimore Convention was held, has travelled 15,000 miles, around the Horn and via Europe, to take up the work in connection with this latest adjunct in the Wilson campaign.

William B. Hornblower has beeen elected President of the League, with Mr. de Saulles as Treasurer and Mr. Truesdale as Secretary. O. D. Vanderbilt, Jr., a Princeton graduate, has been placed in charge of organization of branches all over the country. Mr. Vanderbilt said last night that a number of branches had already been formed and that the movement had reached as far as California where several thousand college men had already enlisted under the Wilson banner.

HEARST'S MOVE CRITICISED.

La Follette Says Penrose Told Truth About Standard Oil Money.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—The effort by Mr. Hearst to pillory Senator Penrose as a falsifier in the Standard Oil campaign contribution controversy has aroused little stir in Washington, where a few days ago the question of veracity between Mr. Archbold and ex-President Roosevelt was the main theme.

Not one of the Senators on the subcommittee of the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections is in the city, and, with the exception of Senator La Follette, who insisted on the Senate authorizing the investigation of campaign funds for ten years back, none of the Senators interested in the struggle to turn on the light is here.

The Wisconsin Senator, when asked what he thought of the Hearst statement this morning, replied that while he preferred to avoid discussing the matter in advance of the action of the committee, he would say that as far as he had observed, Senator Penrose had not done the things Mr. Hearst seemed to take pleasure in charging against him.

"Mr. Hearst is, I think, setting up a big man of straw," said Mr. La Follette. "A careful examination of what Senator Penrose has said will show that he did not allege that the $25,000 sent to him was used for Roosevelt's election, but was used in the Pennsylvania campaign. And he did not make any evasion as to his use of the Pennsylvania State Committee's stationery or his own acknowledgment of the contribution. There is little doubt that Senator Penrose will at the proper time tell all that he knows about the transaction."

The general belief in Washington is that Mr. Hearst is at a serious disadvantage in knowing just what has taken place here, and that he does not know precisely what Penrose has said or what he has left untold. The Pennsylvania Senator, when he left Washington, said, as he had said many times previously, that he would lay before the Clapp Committee every scintilla of fact that he could in regard to the affair, and those who know Penrose, however much they differ from his conceptions of political honor, are confident that he will keep his word.

The differing angle of view between Mr. Hearst and Mr. Penrose is distinctly shown by the following statement from the Hearst letter of to-day and the Pennsylvania Senator's speech last week. Said Mr. Hearst:

"If Senator Penrose stated that the $25,000 sent him by Mr. Archbold was for Mr. Roosevelt and not for himself, he stated what was not true."

"Finally," said Senator Penrose in his statement to the Senate on Aug. 22, "we came to an understanding by which Mr. Archbold made a contribution of $125,000, of which $100,000 was to go to Mr. Bliss as Treasurer of the Republican National Committee for the National Presidential campaign outside of Pennsylvania, and $25,000 was to be contributed [illegible] me as State Chairman for the campaign in Pennsylvania. Mr. Archbold received the receipt of Cornelius Bliss as Treasurer of the Republican National Committee for the $100,000. The contribution of $25,000 so received by me as Chairman of the Republican State Committee of Pennsylvania was expended in the Presidential campaign in that State."

TAFT ON A SLOW TRAIN.

President Has Restful Ride on Way Back to Boston.

ON BOARD PRESIDENT TAFT'S TRAIN, SYRACUSE, N. Y., Aug. 30.—President Taft passed through here to-night on his way to Beverly from Columbus, Ohio. The President spent the day traveling from Cleveland with his car attached to a slow train. He made no speeches on the way East.

At Rochester he made a tentative promise to the Mayor to visit that city on Sept. 16, when it celebrates its centenary. He is due in Boston early to-morrow morning.

Roy for Congress in Brooklyn.

Robert H. Roy, former Assistant District Attorney of Brooklyn, has been selected by the Kings County Democratic organization to make the race for Congress in the Sixth Congressional District. As there will be no opposition to him at the primaries his selection is equivalent to the nomination. Congressman William C. Redfield declined to accept the designation from the Sixth District. Mr. Roy will run against Congressman William M. Calder, Republican, and Jesse J. Fuller, Jr., Progressive.

Progressive Nominees for Assembly.

At the meeting of the Twentieth Assembly District of the National Progressive Party last night John D. Kahrs, a lawyer and former Republican, living at 1,456 Third Avenue, was nominated for Assemblyman. Jacob Stutsky, a lawyer, of 61 Park Row, and an independent in politics, was nominated for Assembly at the meeting of the Fourth Assembly District, held at 242 East Broadway.

Welcome Women Delegates.

HARTFORD, Aug. 30.—Women delegates to the State Convention of the Progressive Party to be held in this city Sept. 25 and 26 are a probability. Instructions have been sent out from the State Headquarters that women delegates may be sent and seated at the State Convention of the party. Plans have already been made to place two if not four suffragists in the State Committee, which will be chosen at the State Convention.

Utah Democrats Name Ticket.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Aug. 30.—The Democratic State Convention yesterday nominated J. F. Tolton of Beaver City for Governor, and T. D. Johnson of Ogden and Mathonihah Thomas of Salt Lake City for Congress. The platform supports the initiative, referendum and recall, and election of United States Senators by popular vote.

CHARGES PLOT BY EMPLOYES

Contractor Fox Attributes Son's Death to Desire for Revenge.

Charging that the death of his son was not due to an unavoidable accident, but resulted from a deliberate conspiracy on the part of discharged employes seeking revenge, Henry G. Fox, a contractor of 2,047 Seventh Avenue, has written to Coroner Iles of Yonkers, demanding a rigid investigation.

On the afternoon of Aug. 21 Warren G. Fox, 18 years old, who was learning the contracting business, was operating the hoisting engine at Nepperhan Speedway, Yonkers, where his father was building two filter beds, when the boom of the derrick fell upon his head, and he died five minutes after being taken to St John's Hospital.

Rumors reached the Coroner at the time that the counterpin which held the boom in place had been loosened by a discharged employe, but he took no definite action until he received Mr. Fox's letter blaming a discharged engineer and a rigger's helper, who had been seen near the derrick during the lunch hour. It was believed their only object was to bring about the new engineer's discharge by having the boom fall and do some damage, not expecting that any one would be killed.

Coroner Iles has called an inquest for next Tuesday night, and if the evidence warrants, the accused men will be held on the charge of murder.

Nearly a Panic at Loft Fire.

The ever present fear of a repetition of the Triangle fire led to something like a panic among the two hundred men and women working for a cloak and suit manufacturing firm on the sixth floor of the loft building at 137 West Twenty-fifth Street a little after 6 o'clock last evening, when fire was discovered burning briskly in the wardrobe room. Two elevators carried down load after load of the frightened employes, and about thirty went down the fire escapes. All reached the street in safety, and the flames were confined to the sixth floor, doing only $5,000 damage to the property.

W. M. WOOD IS HELD IN DYNAMITE PLOT

Head of the American Woolen Trust Surrenders After Indictment.

ANOTHER ARREST IS TO COME

Charge Is That Explosives Were "Planted" During the Strike Last Spring to Injure Cause of Labor.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Aug. 30.—William M. Wood, President of the American Woolen Company and one of the most conspicuous figures in American industrial life, having been indicted with two others on charges of conspiracy in connection with the alleged "planting" of dynamite in Lawrence during the strike last Spring, surrendered to Inspector Lynch of the Boston police at headquarters to-day. After being booked, he handed over five one-thousand-dollar bills as surety to guarantee his appearance before the Superior Criminal Court.

The indictment is in six counts, each covering the same alleged offense. The charge of conspiracy is based on Section 86, Chapter 208, Revised Laws of Massachusetts. This statute provides a penalty for any one who places dynamite with intent to injure any one, and the "conspiracy" in this instance is alleged to have consisted in inducing others to violate this law in order to influence public opinion against the strtikers.

Dennis Collins, a dog fancier of Cambridge, who was arrested yesterday, is named in this indictment with Mr. Wood. The third man has not been arrested, so his name remains a secret. He is understood to be connected with one branch of the mill supply business and has an office in Boston. He is known to Mr. Wood, but only in a business way, it is said.

This third man is confined to his home, and the police will do nothing regarding bringing him into court until he has sufficiently recovered to enable him to appear without risking his health.

Undisturbed by His Arrest.

Mr. Wood took his arrest calmly, even with an appearance of carelessness, as did his counsel, Samuel L. Powers, who accompanied him to Police Headquarters, in Pemberton Square. The head of the Woolen Trust joked with the newspaper photographers, posing for them as often as they wished. Then he issued this statement:

> Of course I am greatly surprised by the action of the Grand Jury. I cannot conceive what information could have been presented to the jurors which in any way connected me with the so-called dynamite plot.
>
> I certainly had no connection with it, and this fact will be fully established at the proper time to the full satisfaction of the public and even the District Attorney.
>
> Beyond this I have nothing to say.

The indictments are believed to have been based on the testimony before the Grand Jury of Ernest W. Pitman, a mill builder of Andover, who procured the dynamite, and who killed himself on Tuesday last because of worry over the case; William H. Rice, a Milton quarryman, who furnished the dynamite to Pitman, being ignorant, he says, of the use to which it was to be put; John J. Breen of Lawrence, who "planted" the dynamite and was fined $500 for it in Salem, and Dennis J. Collins, under arrest in $5,000 bail, charged with transporting the dynamite unlawfully.

Breen, when tried in Salem, made no effort to exculpate himself, and this fact led to the inference that there were men higher up concerned in the attempts to injure the cause of the striking mill workers. It was Breen who informed the Boston police that there was dynamite in Lawrence, and it was he who guided them to its discovery. The six Syrian and one Italian millworkers on whose premises the explosive was found were all acquitted. Wood and Collins are expected to be put to plea next Tuesday.

Wood's Rise to Fortune.

Although he rose from the very bottom of the laboring class, William M. Wood is regarded by "labor" as its bitterest enemy. His life story is picturesque. His father was a Portuguese named Jacintho, who was brought to Edgartown, on Martha's Vineyard, by Capt. Henry Pease, a whaling master, on whose ship Jacintho had been employed as cook's assistant. Jacintho, according to custom, took his benefactor's name and became a cobbler in Edgartown. He married, and his first child, known as William M. Wood, was born April 5, 1861.

The son began life as a mill worker. When Dr. Frederick Ayer of Lowell, the patent medicine man, was obliged to take over the Washington mill in Lawrence because that institution could not repay his loans to it, William M. Wood was a traveling salesman for a New Bedford manufactory. Dr. Ayer's new manager, a man named Sampson, got Wood to join his force, and later made him assistant manager.

Mr. Wood had one of the "trade secrets" of the day—a method of blending wools so that he could sell cloth of apparently a certain grade far below his competitors. His concern made money in the face of hard times. Meanwhile, he had come into social relations with Dr. Ayer's family and eventually married the doctor's daughter. All the Ayer money then became available for the development of the Wood business.

When men were forming combinations of manufactories of all kinds, it occurred to Mr. Whitman of the Arlington mill that this would be a good thing to do in the woolen industry. He began it, and, incidentally, took in Mr. Wood and his Washington mill—only to find later on that Mr. Wood was the head and centre of the undertaking and that his Arlington mill had been left outside altogether.

Mr. Wood built the biggest woolen mill in the world. He has installed many improvements which are directly for the benefit and the comfort of the employes, putting an escalator in the mill, for instance, to save stair climbing, and building cottages which are rented to employes; improving the workrooms themselves, and even installing a restaurant in the mill, where food is sold at cost.

Yet it was against Mr. Wood that the bitterest feeling was shown during the Lawrence strike last Winter, and, on the other hand, it was Mr. Wood's action which regulated what the other mill owners should do in the matter of settling the strike or holding out against settlement.

Mr. Wood has a luxurious Winter home in the Back Bay district of Boston at 21 Fairfield Street. He has a home also in Andover and country houses at Cuttyhunk and Pride's Crossing. He is a member of the Eastern Yacht Club and the owner of several yachts and automobiles.

He is a member of the prominent Boston clubs and a stockholder and Director in leading Boston industrial and financial institutions. He carries one of the largest life insurance policies of any man in New England.

The American Woolen Company, which bore the brunt of the great Lawrence strike from Jan. 12 until March 14, controls thirty-three manufacturing plants in New England and New York State. It has a capitalization of $75,000,000 and employs 35,000 operatives when all the machinery is in motion. About 15,000 persons are on the pay rolls of the company's mills in Lawrence.

Mr. Wood learned yesterday that he had been indicted in connection with the Lawrence investigation, and at once consulted his counsel, former Congressman Samuel L. Powers. It was arranged that the two should appear at Police Headquarters and at the Court House this morning. At 9:50 o'clock Mr. Wood and Mr. Powers arrived at Pemberton Square in an automobile and went immediately to the Bureau of Criminal Investigation, where the papers in the case were served. Mr. Wood received the warrant from Capt. Ainsley C. Armstrong of the bureau.

After remaining ten minutes at the Bureau of Criminal Investigation Mr. Wood and the lawyer crossed the square to the Court House and entered the office of District Attorney Joseph C. Pelletier. Mr. Pelletier was not in, but Assistant District Attorney McIsaac was present and conferred at length with Mr. Wood and his attorney. Bail Commissioner Byer was called to the office and accepted the bond. It is understood that Mr. Wood will be arraigned in the Superior Court next Tuesday.

The first public knowledge that the Suffolk County authorities had taken action in connection with the Lawrence dynamite case came on Tuesday. It was then learned that District Attorney Pelletier had directed the Grand Jury to investigate reports that a conspiracy to secrete dynamite in Lawrence had been formed by certain persons, including Boston men, for the alleged purpose of leading the public to think that members of labor unions were using dynamite in their conduct of the strike.

The maximum penalty in the event of the conviction of any of the defendants on the conspiracy charge is three years imprisonment in the House of Correction on each of six counts contained in the indictment.

POLICE FOUND DYNAMITE

Explosive Was Concealed in Homes, and Even in a Cemetery.

The textile strike at the beginning of this year in Lawrence, Mass., was hard fought by the workers and was won after a Congressional committee began an investigation, which brought to light a deplorable condition of affairs among the thousands of foreign-born workers in the great woolen mills of Lawrence, Mass. Riot and bloodshed followed the attempt of the mill employes to better their condition, the State militia was called out, and for a time the city was practically under martial law.

A reduction of 4 per cent. in the wages paid by the American Woolen Company was the nominal cause of the strike. Back of this reduction were other more serious conditions, which united the mill operatives. A bill passed by the Massachusetts Legislature to alleviate the conditions in the textile mills limited the time for a week's labor from fifty-six to fifty-four hours. This law went into effect on Jan. 1, and the mill owners met the change by a corresponding decrease in wages. The operatives had long been in a state of discontent, and the decrease in wages was the spark needed to light the way to rebellion.

When feeling ran high and the mills were under strong guard, the city was stirred by a report that great quantities of dynamite had been shipped from Boston, and that quantities of the explosive had found a way into the hands of the anarchistic element among the strikers. As a result the mill guards were increased, and at the Atlantic mill cotton bales were used to barricade the gates and sharpshooters were stationed upon the surrounding hills. On Jan 20 three caches of dynamite were discovered, along with fuses and caps. In the cobbler shop of Urbano da Prato, a bundle containing six sticks of dynamite was found. The man was arrested. In a closet of a house other lot of explosives was found, and still another lot was discovered in St. Mary's Cemetery.

So easily did the police find the dynamite that it caused Joseph G. Ettor, the strike leader, to charge that the explosive had been "planted" by private detectives. A member of the State police expressed the opinion that investigation would show that the explosive was not to be used against the mills.

The six Syrians who were arrested charged with having dynamite were discharged. John J. Breen, son of a former Mayor and Chairman of the School Committee, was arrested early in February and held for the Grand Jury. It was charged that he had conspired in "planting" dynamite in Syrian homes. Suspicion was directed to him after he had furnished the police with information as to the location of the dynamite.

After that no more dynamite was found. The strike was declared off officially on March 24. It cost more than $1,000,000, and the idleness of the mill hands alone cost them upward of $750,000.

SEVEN DIE IN JERSEY FIRE.

Mother and Six Children Lost in Burning Hackensack Bakery.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, Aug. 30.—In a fire in a bakery in Freeman Street, Kingsland, very early this morning a mother and six of her seven children were burned to death. The dead are:

Mrs. Rose Barbaro, age 35 years; Lillian, 12; Antoinette, 11; Tipnelli, 9; Susie, 6; James, 3, and Francis, 4 months.

Shortly before 1:30 this morning Emilio Barbaro, the father, who had the front room, with the oldest son, Joseph, age 14, was awakened by a stifling smoke. He called to his wife, who slept in the rear room with the other six children. He then smashed a pane of glass and called for help. The cry was heard at Police Headquarters, which is just around the corner, and Policemen Ringwood and Stemm rushed to the house. They were just in time to catch Joseph, who was thrown from the window by the father.

The father then attempted to go to his wife's assistance, but flames were now all about him, and calling again to his wife to jump out of the rear window with the children, he jumped himself from the front window.

After the flames had been extinguished Chief of Police Mackintosh and Dr. Clark mounted a ladder and climbed into the second-story window. They found the mother lying on the floor directly under the window, with the baby in her arms. Both were dead, and near the door leading to the stairs the other five children lay dead. They had tried to open the door and escape by the stairway. Their bodies were burned beyond recognition, with the exception of the baby, whose body was shielded by the mother.

FURRIERS CHEER KEIR HARDIE

He Tells Them They Must Be Good Socialists as Well as Trade Unionists.

J. Keir Hardie, the English Socialist labor leader and member of Parliament, visited two meetings of the striking furriers in this city yesterday, and at each stayed long enough to speak a few words of encouragement to the strikers, urging them to insist on the recognition of their union, which, he said, was the most important point at issue between them and their employers.

His first appearance was at Arlington Hall, in St. Mark's Place, and there he was received with great enthusiasm, the cheers lasting for ten minutes, with hats tossing in the air and all the furriers standing on chairs.

"Not only must the workers be good trade unionists," he said, "but good Socialists, too. It is folly to fight the bosses when the workers vote for the representatives of the bosses, who make laws to control the workers."

Later, in an interview, Mr. Hardie emphasized his conviction that the Socialists and the trades unionists should lose no time in this country in joining hands in the support of candidates. He goes to Boston for Labor Day, and, after speeches in Bridgeport and Rochester, he will cross to Canada a week from to-day to attend the Labor Congress in Guelph, Ontario.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

GELSENKIRCHEN, Prussia.—Five coal miners were killed and another dangerously injured by falling down a shaft here. The accident was caused by the collapse of a wooden platform.

BRUSSELS.—The Italian Government has followed the lead of Great Britain, and will withdraw from the Brussels Sugar Convention on Sept. 1, 1913.

BERLIN.—The National subscription for the purpose of buying a fleet of aeroplanes as a gift to Emperor William has reached a total of $1,500,000. The subscription was opened on April 21.

50 WORDS ABOUT ODD LOTS

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SULLIVAN DEFENDS AMERICAN ATHLETES

Olympic Games Commissioner Says, "Brace Up, England, and Be Sportsmanlike Losers."

NO ATTEMPT TO BEAT PISTOL

Says Charge Against Americans Is Unfair—Cites Case of Englishman's Refusal to Shake Hands.

James E. Sullivan, American Commissioner to the Olympic games, issued a reply yesterday to the many attacks against the American team which have appeared in the English papers since the Stockholm meet.

There was cabled to THE NEW YORK TIMES on Thursday a letter printed in The London Times which was particularly bitter in its accusations of American unfairness. This brought from Mr. Sullivan a protest in which he says in part:

"We have heard from Beach Thomas, Guy Nickals, 'H. R.,' 'T. R. C.,' and several others, who either attended some of the events at the Olympic games or read of them in the London press, and came to the conclusion that something must be done to bolster up a nation that has lost its prestige athletically. Back of it all, however, seems to be a wicked attempt to defend the crushing defeat administered to them by the American athletes at Stockholm.

"We Americans, who have had the pleasure of being a part of every expedition since the beginning of international competition and have watched the Americans wipe England off the map athletically, do not wonder why England cannot succeed, and instead of realizing the true situation, they run to the abusive stage, and in order to explain why Sweden and Finland defeated them they abuse the American athlete. The records show they finished fourth in the Stadium track and field events.

"The statement that our men tried persistently to beat the pistol is so manifestly unfair, when everything is taken into consideration that I am surprised that any paper in England would publish it. The American rules prohibit beating the pistol. There is a penalty for a false start.

"This writer takes up his pen and with one clean sweep insults every American athlete who competed in the Olympic Games. He accuses them of obstructing and pocketing competitors of other nations, using their elbows to prevent other runners from passing, taking an unfair advantage at the start of all races, &c., and then he goes on to tell us that he is not writing this to cause any controversy.

"He goes on to say, 'On the contrary, a very large, and what we should consider the best element in the American people, has a whole-hearted dislike of the particular crowd—it is an American phrase—which controls Olympic matters in America and of what are commonly called the political and Tammany methods which that crowd represents.'

"The sporting spirit of Harvard, Yale, and Princeton is as fine as that of Oxford and Cambridge, but those institutions have no such influence in public sporting matters, certainly not in Olympic affairs, as have our universities.

"As to the 'crowd' that control the American Committee, I think it is much better to have American methods control the American athletics than it is to have methods which were adopted by certain Englishmen in the Stadium at Shepherds Bush in England in 1908.

"Is it not a matter of record, and can it not be proved, that whenever an American athlete was beaten in the Stadium he shook the hand of the man who defeated him? Never was he neglectful. On the other hand, is it not a matter of public record that the one important winner for Great Britain, when he finished his race, and a well-known college man of the American team went over to shake his hand, he shoved him away? The American athlete came back to him the second time, and again he was shoved away. No such unsportsmanlike act was committed by a member of the American team.

"The Americans found in the Swedes their own type of sportsman. And the Americans found in nearly all other nations the same type of sportsman. It was a wholesome affair from beginning to end. When a Swedish athlete defeated an American, the Americans cheered the Swedes. When an American beat a Swedish athlete, the Swedes cheered the Americans.

"T. W. Sheffield, in writing to The Mail on Saturday, July 13, winds up his tale of horror with the following sentence: 'Then we shall do justice to the King's famous words, "Wake up, England."' And, in conclusion, I say, brace up and be sportsmanlike losers, England."

SUSPECTS CUBAN PLOTTERS.

Envoy Thinks They Were Behind Reporter's Attack on Gibson.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—Enrique Maza, the reporter who attacked Hugh Gibson, American Charge of the Legation in Havana, last Monday night, was merely a tool in the hands of Cuban plotters who are antagonistic to the United States and who would like to get the Cuban Government into trouble with this country, is the opinion of Senor Martin-Rivero, the Cuban Minister. He was of the belief, he said to-day, that Maza had not attacked Mr. Gibson of his own volition, but that he had been urged on by others who had made him think that he had been insulted and that he should seek revenge.

The Minister has notified his Government of the demands of the United States that the assailant be punished. Ample apologies have been made by Cuban officials, from the President down, for the assault, and the State Department here has concluded to let the case proceed in the regular way.

The State Department late to-day was informed by the American Legation at Havana of the attacks made by a part of the Cuban press upon Mr. Gibson and upon American contractors, the pressing of whose claim for compensation caused the assault upon Mr. Gibson. The officials declared that these articles were "disgraceful" and it was evident that some strong representations are to be made to the Cuban Government against this treatment of an American diplomatic officer. Some of the officials were satisfied that the writers of these defamatory articles laid themselves open to punishment for criminal libel.

HAVANA, Aug. 30.—In consequence of a vigorous protest by Hugh Gibson, Chargé d'Affaires of the American Legation here, against the release on trivial bail of Enrique Maza, the newspaper reporter who assaulted him last Monday night, Maza was arrested for the third time to-day by order of the Audiencia Court and committed to jail to await indictment.

Mr. Gibson's insistence on his assailant being prosecuted aroused to-day a fresh storm of indignation in the anti-American press.

INQUIRY FOR MADERO REVOLT

Senate Committee to Investigate Oil Trust's Part in Revolution.

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, Texas, Aug. 30.—Madero, and the revolution which made him President of Mexico, is to be investigated by the Senate Sub-Committee on Foreign Relations. Senator Albert B. Fall, a member of this committee, arrived here this afternoon to initiate the investigation, which will be a sweeping one, and which will be for the purpose of determining how much, if any, the Standard Oil and subsidiary corporations contributed to the Maderista revolutionary treasury in order to destroy the oil monopoly which existed in Mexico with Sir Wheetman Pearson and Diaz as its sponsors.

It was for this reason that Senator Fall sought an interview with Gen. Orozco before the latter left Juarez. He says he had been informed that Orozco had made a statement as to who furnished the money for the Maderista revolution.

RUMOR OF SHIPPING DEAL.

London Hears Royal Mail Company Will Buy the "P. & O."

LONDON, Aug. 30.—It is reported that the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company is negotiating for the purchase of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company.

The Royal Mail Steam Packet Company, under the direction of Sir Owen Phillips, the Chairman, with Lord Pirrie of Harland & Wolf of Belfast, has bought the Union Castle Line, Lamport & Holt, Pacific Steam Navigation Company, Forwood Line to Morocco, Elder Dempster Line to West Africa, Shire Line to China and Japan, and other smaller shipping lines, which, altogether, make a total of 1,200,000 tons of shipping.

There have been rumors in London shipping circles within the last year that the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company intended to get control of the Peninsular & Oriental Steam Navigation Company, known in the Far East as the "P. & O." These rumors caused a rise in the price of the $500 debenture shares to $2,000, where they stand to-day.

A well-known shipping man in this city, who has just returned from London, said that he did not think the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company had designs on the "P. & O.," but believed that Sir Owen Phillips and Lord Pirrie had the trade of South America and South Africa in their hands and could manipulate it as they wished. Each company taken over retains its own individuality.

DENIES OIL CONSPIRACY.

Sealy Declares Texas Indictments Are Not Well Founded.

HOUSTON, Texas, Aug. 30.—John Sealy, President of the Magnolia Petroleum Company, who with other officials of that concern and officers of the Standard Oil Company, are charged in an indictment returned at Dallas yesterday with violations of the Federal anti-trust laws, issued a statement to-night in which he said:

"Neither I nor any of the other defendants, so far as my knowledge goes, and I think it is accurate, have ever conspired to injure or restrain the business of the Pierce-Fordyce Oil Association, or to take its employes from it, or to restrain or monopolize commerce or trade in any manner, or to do any other unlawful act. The owners of Magnolia Petroleum Company are individuals, and no corporation or oil company owns any interest in it, to my knowledge.

"So far as I can judge, from the public prints, the indictment was found mainly upon testimony of employes, agents, and representatives of the Pierce-Fordyce Oil Association, an association with which we are in active competition and without any opportunity for us to be heard. When opportunity for a public trial is given it will be demonstrated that we have committed no wrong, either legal or moral."

AMERICANS ESCAPE REBELS.

Curtis and Cunningham Reach Tucson in Rags After Fighting Them.

TUSCON, Ariz., Aug. 30.—F. M. Curtis and Bert Cunningham, the American officers of El Oro mine, after a harrowing series of incidents in making their escape from the rebel-infected zone of Northern Sonora, following the killing of three insurrectos at the mine, arrived here to-day in rags and still carrying their weapons.

According to Mr. Cunningham, he killed the three rebels after they had shot him. As a larger body of rebels approached, the two Americans fled, reaching the San Rafael Ranch on Friday night.

There were thirty Federal soldiers at the ranch, and early the next morning they were attacked by ninety rebels. The battle lasted until 3 P. M., the Americans fighting with the Federals. Thirty rebels were killed, while the Federals suffered a loss of two killed and two wounded. Later the rebels were reinforced and the Americans again took to the brush, eventually landing at Nacozari half starved and sick from eating green peaches. From Nacozari they went to Douglas, Ariz., by train.

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THE TIMES'S DAILY CABLE DISPATCHES

CANAL POLICY GAINS BRITISH DEFENDER

The London Nation Declares a British Protest Would Be Serious Blunder.

THINKS OUR RIGHTS CLEAR

Liberal Weekly's Elucidation of the Exact Purpose of Act Is Thought Very Significant.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 30.—Amid the chorus of denunciation of President Taft's action in signing the Panama Canal bill, a different note is struck by the Weekly Nation, which declares that America's case for the Panama act is very clear, in so far as a monopoly of American coastwise trade is concerned.

The Nation argues that while the clause in the Panama Canal bill, virtually exempting American vessels engaged in foreign trade from the dues paid by other vessels passing through the canal, was a plain violation of the Hay Pauncefote Treaty, the elimination of this clause from the final draft, which received the President's signature, removes the substance of the grievance. The retention of the clause exempting from dues the American coastwise shipping has only the appearance of discrimination against foreign vessels, it says. The real discrimination exists in the United States navigation laws, which have insured a monopoly of coastwise trade to American vessels. The Nation goes on:

"It cannot be contended with any show of reason that the opening of the Panama Canal requires the Government of the United States to cancel this monopoly. Such a concession was evidently no part of the intention of either party to the Hay-Pauncefote Treaty, nor does the coastwise clause impose any new or real discrimination. It merely safeguards or secures the discrimination, already existing, and is founded upon the general principles of a policy, which have no particular references to Panama."

President Taft's contention, according to The Nation, goes beyond the requirements of the case.

"All that President Taft needed to argue," says The Nation, "was that it could not be contended that the Panama act should be made an instrument for the practical abandonment of the navigation policy previously in operation.

"Perhaps it was unnecessary to have inserted in the act any clause, presenting this appearance of discrimination, for the act could hardly have been interpreted by any international court court as designed to remove from the United States the right of regulating purely internal traffc, which belongs to every sovereign power. But fair-minded people must recognize that the clause inflicts no new grievance upon the trade of this or any other country.

"We hope, therefore, there is no truth in the rumor that our Government is entering a protest at Washington against this provision in the Panama act. Such a protest, especially at such a moment, when even the most obliging of Americans is on guard against any show of 'knuckling under' to foreigners, would be a serious blunder. No American Government could concede a point, involving incidentally so grave a disturbance of a deep-rooted policy, and we do not for a moment believe that any international tribunal would decide the matter in our favor."

In conclusion, The Nation thinks that the clause excluding from all use of the canal the ships owned by railroads which are themselves competitors for traffic with the Panama route, may form a fitting subject of discussion between the British and American Governments, for it would appear as if the refusal to the Canadian companies of the use of the canal for the purposes of foreign, that is non-American, commerce, was an infringement of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty. It goes on:

"The vehement arraignment by European journals of the claim of America to remit the fees of coasting vessels is founded on a complete misapprehension of the governing facts of the situation. Although this misapprehension seems to be shared by not a few leaders of public opinion in the United States, this support is evidently a survival of the strong feeling aroused against the quite unjustifiable claims of the earlier draft of the measure.

"When it comes to be recognized that the act merely confirms the previously existing discrimination in favor of American coastwise trade, there will, we think, be general acquiescence in this provision."

The deduction drawn from this article in the leading Liberal weekly is that the reports published as to the character of the latest representations made by the British Government to Washington are exaggerated.

LONDON, Saturday, Aug. 31.—Editorials in the newspapers this morning deal with the report that the United States will decline arbitration.

The Morning Post says that if the United States insists upon tearing up the treaty, Great Britain must, and will, find a way of calling her to account for the breach of faith.

The Daily Mail says there is only one ground on which the United States can refuse to arbitrate, and, having broken one treaty, the President and the Senate may insist upon their right to break another.

"If the theory is maintained that the Hay-Pauncefote treaty is null and void," continues The Daily Mail, "it follows that the Clayton-Bulwer treaty remains in force. Under this Great Britain shares with the United States the right to administer the control of the canal. How does President Taft propose to escape from this greater dilemma?"

CANAL ISSUE TO REST.

No Developments of Anglo-American Dispute for Some Time.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—Further developments in the controversy between Great Britain and this Government over the question as to whether the Panama Canal bill is in violation of treaty rights are not expected by the State Department for some time.

A. Mitchell Innes, the British Chargé, immediately after filing a note of protest against the bill day before yesterday, left for Maine, with the announcement that he did not expect to return to Washington until late in the Fall. His departure was taken as evidence that no further representations would be made perhaps for several months.

$25,000 IN PRIZES TO CODY.

Ex-American Aviator, Once Called a Showman, Triumphs in England.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 30.—S. F. Cody, whose experiments in aviation used to be the stock joke of several English papers till he renounced American citizenship and became a British subject, turned the laugh upon his detractors to-day by winning War Office prizes to the value of £5,000 ($25,000) in the military competitions at Salisbury Plain.

Announcement of the awards was made to-day. Cody won the first prize ($20,000) for the competition open to aeroplanes made in any country, and also $5,000 in the contests open to British subjects, flying in British-made aeroplanes. The second prize in the open competition ($10,000) went to Armond Deperdassin of France.

It is now admitted that Cody, whose methods were frequently compared here to those of his showman namesake, Col. Cody, (Buffalo Bill,) with whom, in fact, a large part of the British public still confuses him, "has scored a real triumph at last, and those of us who laughed at his aerobus in the past must acknowledge that the clever showman has learned to profit by his failures and learned the art of aviation painfully but thoroughly."

Cody is now reaping his reward in columns of glorification in the newspapers, one of which closes the recital of his career with the words: "Such is S. F. Cody, who the other day was a showman and is now a hero."

There were twenty-one entrants with thirty-two machines in the military aeroplane competition. The conditions of the contest provided that no competitor should be allowed to win more than £5,000, ($25,000,) so Cody has gained highest possible success.

The news of Cody's victory was received with great gratification at the Royal Aero Club.

"We are delighted," said an official, "to find a Britisher flying a British-made machine coming out on top. The result of the trials will certainly give a great stimulus to the aeroplane industry in this country."

CANADIAN SOUNDS WAR NOTE.

Manitoba M. P. Declares Germany and England Virtually in Conflict.

LONDON, Aug. 30.—"Germany and England are now in a state of war," according to J. A. M. Aikins, a member of Parliament from Brandon, Manitoba, who has returned from a Continental trip. In an interview to-day he said:

"From my investigations on the Continent and here I am convinced Germany and England are now in a state of war. The overt blow has not yet been struck, but when it is, all may be over in three months or three days. When Canada understands this situation I believe the Dominion's hearty help will be forthcoming."

Robert L. Borden and Louis P. Pelletier left London by train to-day for Liverpool to embark for Montreal. The Dominion Premier and Postmaster General were cheered on their way by a large group of Canadians who had gathered with the Canadian High Commissioner, Lord Strathcona, to wish them farewell.

The conservative newspapers to-day express high hopes of the result of Mr. Borden's mission in enlisting Canadian coöperation for imperial defense.

MARINES CLEARING NICARAGUA RAILWAY

American Force Has Reopened the Line for Fifteen Miles from Corinto.

CAPITAL IS ALMOST CUT OFF

Food Is Getting Scarce and Several Towns Held by the Rebels Are Close to the Starvation Point.

SAN JUAN DEL SUR, Nicaragua, Aug. 30.—A force of 500 American bluejackets and marines left Corinto to-day to reëstablish railroad and telegraphic communication with Managua. All the stations along the railway will be garrisoned by detachments, who will protect the property and rolling stock and prevent interference with the running of trains.

The marines and bluejackets were composed of detachments landed from the cruisers California and Denver and the gunboat Annapolis, and are under the command of Commander Warren J. Terhune of the Annapolis.

COLON, Aug. 30.—A force of 767 United States marines arrived at Cristobal at noon to-day on the transport Prairie. They immediately entrained for Panama, where they will embark on the cruiser California for Corinto.

MANAGUA, Aug. 29, (Delayed in Transmission.)—This city is practically cut off from communication with the rest of the world.

Food is daily becoming scarcer here, and several cities are in the hands of the revolutionaries. At Granada and Masaya, which are held by the rebels, the people are almost out of provisions.

Reports have come of engagements near Granada between Government troops and insurgents, but no details of the fighting have been obtainable.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—Admiral Southerland cabled the Navy Department to-day that Commander Terhune had already succeeded in opening up the railway for fifteen miles from the coast, going as far as the important town of Chinandega, which was regarded as a rebel outpost. Commander Terhune has two locomotives and twenty-five cars with him.

The fears of the British Consul at Matagalpa for the safety of British subjects there have been communicated to the American officials through Minister Weitzel.

The American consular agent accredited to Matagalpa, who is now at St. Paul, urges that troops be sent to Matagalpa without delay, and it is thought here that Admiral Southerland will send a detachment there.

British interests consist largely in mines, one large mining property near Matagalpa having recently been acquired by a West Australian mining syndicate. About 125 Americans are believed to reside on coffee plantations and work in mines in that neighborhood.

BERLIN CHEERS THE KAISER.

Crowds Are Reassured by the Look of Health on His Face.

BERLIN, Aug. 30.—Emperor William arrived from Cassel this afternoon, accompanied by the Empress and Princess Victoria Louise. They were met by large crowds outside the station and along the route to the castle.

The look of health on his Majesty's bronzed face brought reassurance after the reports of the seriousness of his recent illness at Cassel. He appeared somewhat stouter than usual, and was evidently in good spirits.

Loud cheers greeted their Majesties when they drove along with the Crown Prince and Crown Princess, who had gone to meet them.

MISS IVES MAY LEAVE STAGE.

Fiancee of Scotti Tells a Reporter of Her Happiness.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Saturday, Aug. 31.—The news of the engagement of Antonio Scotti and Miss Charlotte Ives, as exclusively announced in a dispatch to THE NEW YORK TIMES, became known in London yesterday and is published in several of the morning's papers.

The Daily Mirror prints photographs of the engaged couple, with an interview with Miss Ives, who said that she had been on the Continent all Summer and had visited the friends of Mr. Scotti. She added:

"And we had a ripping time at Evian-les-Bains. Mr. Scotti, who is an 'American' in his ideas and manners, for he has been going to New York for fourteen years, went up in an aeroplane with Sohmer, and so did Anne Meredith and I. It was perfectly glorious."

"And will you give up the stage when you are married?" she was asked.

"Perhaps," she replied. "I cannot say just yet, and I shall be sorry, because I like it so much, even though I have been in the profession barely four years."

When Mr. Scotti caught a glimpse of his fiancée telling the story of their happiness, he fled with all the natural bashfulness of a prospective bridegroom, the reporter says.

MEDIAEVAL FRESCOES FOUND

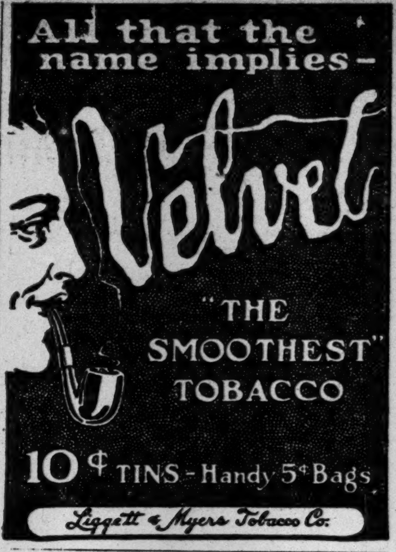
Rare Pictures, Illustrating Christ's Life, on Walls of German Church.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 30.—A highly interesting discovery in mediaeval frescoes has been made in the parish Church of Arnau, near Königsburg, in East Prussia. The frescoes occupy the southwest and north walls of the nave, and excepting at one place, in the south wall, where the buttress has been carelessly restored, are said to be very well preserved.

The main interest in these frescoes is that they reproduce even more clearly and completely than the paintings in the choir of the Königsburg Cathedral the contents of the so-called "Biblia Pauperum," that ancient collection of pictures illustrating the life of Christ. Each is accompanied by two scenes from the Old Testament and by texts and explanations in German or Latin which were designed in the Middle Ages to instruct the vulgar in the truths of Christianity.

There are fragmentary copies in manuscripts of this curious work, dating from the thirteenth century, and it appears that twice copies had been printed (in movable type) about the year 1460, but it ceased to be in use by the end of the fifteenth century. In the Arnau copy the illustrations and most of the texts are preserved and the scenes are nearly all numbered in order.



ITALY TO PARDON COUNTESS

But Will Expel Woman, Accused of Murder of Husband in Venice.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Saturday, Aug. 31.—A Rome dispatch to The Daily Mail says that a decree of pardon is about to be issued to Countess Marie Tarnovsky, the leading figure in the Venetian murder case, and that at the same time the Countess, who is very ill, will be expelled from Italy.

Countess Marie Tarnovsky, a beautiful Russian, was convicted on May 10, 1910, at Venice, and sentenced to eight years in prison for conspiring in 1907 to murder Count Kamarovsky, whom she was engaged to marry.

Her part in the conspiracy, it was charged, was that of persuading a jealous youth, Nikolas Naumoff, to go from Vienna to Venice to kill the Count. The motive was believed to be the desire of the Countess to obtain the $100,000 for which Kamarovsky had insured his life in her favor. It was also charged by the prosecution that the Countess had a mania for making men love her and then turning them against each other.

Countess Tarnovsky caused one death by putting her arms about the neck of an army officer during a reception at her home. Count Tarnovsky shot the officer, was tried, and acquitted. Later he obtained a divorce. It was shown that she had repeatedly embraced Count Kamarovsky before young Naumoff, and had shown him letters, some of which were forgeries, merely to arouse his jealousy.

When Kamarovsky insured his life in favor of the Countess they were living together in Vienna. Kamarovsky, who was a widower of seven months, had promised to marry the Countess at the expiration of a year. When he made a trip to Venice Kamarovsky was followed by Naumoff. The Count was shot in Venice on the night of Sept. 4, 1907.

After a sensational trial of 100 days, the jury found that the Countess and Naumoff were guilty, but mentally unbalanced, and not entirely responsible for their acts. Naumoff, the actual slayer, received a sentence of three years. Prilukoffa, a lawyer, who was accused as a conspirator, received a ten years' sentence.

GIRL WILL BE A JOCKEY.

Daughter of Hungarian Rider Will Soon Begin Racing Career.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 30.—A Budapest dispatch says that a daughter of Jockey Bulford has applied for a license from the Jockey Club.

Fräulein Bulford has been fully trained as a jockey, and intends to begin her career soon on the turf.

This will have been the first occasion, the newspapers say, on which a woman has ridden as a professional jockey.

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(GREENHUT Building, First Floor.)

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$1.25 Inverted Gas Lights—including solid brass burner, gas-saving regulator, excellent mantle and globe; at.. 89c

$1.50 Inverted Gas Lights—including solid brass burner, inner glass cylinder, Lindsay mantle, and large opal globe; at $1.10

75c Block Lights—including 50c famous Block upright burner, 15c upright mantle and 10c opal airhole globe; complete, today, at 25c

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Limousine and landaulet bodies at bargain prices; touring and roadster bodies sacrificed. Green's, Broadway and 48th St.

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100 cars, bodies, delivery wagons, all makes; spot cash paid for cars or bodies. 20th Century Co., 1,700 Broadway, cor. 54th.

A beautiful 6-40 Thomas Limousine Car like new; investigate now; closed car season soon here. Thomas, 1,920 Broadway.

Matheson 1911 silent 6 touring car; bargain. Green's, Broadway and 48th St.

Hupmobile runabout, late model; bargain. Green's, Broadway and 48th St.

Trucks, 1 and 1½ ton; perfect bargains. Green's, Broadway and 48th St.

Regal underslung roadster at a sacrifice. Green's, Broadway and 48th St.

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Beautiful new Panhard town car, $125 weekly. Curt Schmidt Auto Renting Co., Riverside 4537.

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CROKER, FIRE CHIEF; DOCKSTADER, AID

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HIGH PRIVATES, NEW YORKERS

Uniforms to be "Near Evening Dress" So That Members May Run from Dinner to Duty.

Edward F. Croker, former Chief of the New York Fire Department, was yesterday elected Generalissimo of the Long Beach Fire Department. Chief Croker stated that he proposed in the near future to call out the men under his command regularly every night for drill.

The members of this volunteer department will be the wealthy residents of the beach. Chief Croker said that he personally would not need the services of the department because the house which he is building in the neighborhood is of concrete, in which he will embody the ideas against fire loss that he has evolved during years of study. From cellar to garret, rafters, floors and walls are to be of concrete. Carpets and furniture covers are to be of asbestos, while the furniture, trimmings, and doors will be of metal.

The other officers of the company elected with Chief Croker were Henry F. Cochrane lawyer, of Brooklyn, Vice President; John G. Gerhard, importer, of Manhattan, Recording Secretary; A. T. Smith, automobile manufacturer, of Manhattan, Financial Secretary, and W. B. Wilson, lace importer of Manhattan, Treasurer. As it was understood that Chief Croker would not be at home at all times, the department elected Charles W. Hewlett, Chief of the Long Beach Police, as head of the department to command the men in case of a fire in the Chief's absence. His assistants are George J. Ryan, a real estate broker, and H. B. Snow, a village plumber.

Chief Croker called the roll of membership at a meeting yesterday, and among those who answered were Nahan Franko, band director; R. A. Clarke, overall manufacturer; Dr. Henry Moeller, Harry Williams, song writer; I. D. Roskan, automobile dealer; Dr. Henry De Vanny of Manhattan; Alexander Hubert, F. Gulden, Benjamin Kaufman, ex-Senator William H. Reynalds, Lew Dockstader of minstrel fame, Herman Goldsmith, Daniel S. Goldner, Max Myer, H. Adelson, Dr. Peterno, and Dr. Antonio Fanoni.

Lew Dockstader is to be made one of the Battalion Chiefs. Chief Croker told him to black his face to prevent the smoke injuring his complexion. Dockstader's experience in the famous "Darktown Fire Department" makes him a desirable addition to the force. Harry Williams promised to write the first song for the first annual ball.

At the present time the fire fighting equipment consists of a number of small hand hose carriages, installed in portable houses on different parts of the beach. Chief Croker said this would not suffice, and he has been empowered to purchase an automobile fire combination truck for $4,000. He said the machine would be on the beach within the next ten days.

The department is not yet uniformed, but Chief Croker has been also empowered to select an appropriate uniform. He has spoken in favor of black trousers, such as will go well with evening dress, blue shirt, and red helmet. The trousers selected, so the Chief says, can be worn to social functions in the evening, and in case of an alarm the fire department members would not have to go home to dress before responding.

As soon as the siren whistles are in place Chief Croker will have them blown several nights so as to give his men practice in locating the sections indicated by the alarm. Just inside the front door of each house is to be placed a card with the number and location of the section signals.

UPHOLDS BIG HAWLEY FEE.

$330,000 for Administrators Not Exorbitant, Says Controller Fraser.

A reluctance to commit themselves before the hearing next month in the Surrogates' Court marked the attitude yesterday of the firm of Stanchfield & Levy of 11 Pine Street, whose asking for $330,000 as administrators and attorneys for the estate of the late Edwin Hawley has been challenged as excessive by Transfer Tax Attorney Thomas E. Rush.

Mr. Rush, while not objecting to the body of the Hawley appraisal which set the fortune of the railroad magnate at not more than $5,300,000, has filed an objection to that portion of the accounting by which Stanchfield & Levy and Dennis O'L. Cohalan as special counsel were to receive $330,000 for "administration expenses, including attorneys' fees." He found exception, as well, to certain figurings whereby the transfer tax was fixed at low percentages upon the beneficiaries under the estate. But he desired yesterday to make clear that he in no way criticised the work either of Michael J. Garvin, an official appraiser of the estate, nor of Surrogate Cohalan for signing the report on the Monday after the Saturday when it was formally left with the Surrogate.

At the office of Deputy State Controller Fraser, 165 Broadway, it was held that the fees of Stanchfield & Levy were in no wise exorbitant nor unprecedented.

The gross fortune left by Edwin Hawley, it was pointed out, amounted to more than $9,000,000. The commissions taken by attorneys acting as administrators vary from 5 per cent. on estates less than $1,000 to 1 per cent. on estates of more than $11,000. With each of three lawyers acting as administrators, it was declared that the aggregate fee of $100,000 each on a $9,000,000 estate, including all legal and administrative expenses, was just and equable.

All that could be elicited from Stanchfield & Levy, both of whose senior members were out of town yesterday, was that in view of the great complexity of the Hawley fortune, and the fact that the attorneys would probably have its administration in their hands for more than ten years to come, the fee was probably an underestimation of the value of the services.

CONTENTS OF BOOK REVIEW

To be Published with The New York Times To-morrow, Sept. 1.

THE SPANISH TYPE OF NOVEL. An article on the distinguishing features of the modern Spanish novel, with a history of its development.

LIONEL JOHNSON. A modern troubadour who combined the commonsense of the Mystics with the mirthfulness of the Saints. ("Post Liminium," by Lionel Johnson. Mitchell Kennerley.)

THE MODERN DRAMA. It has failed through a superabundance of discussion; an examination of the works of prominent modern dramatists. ("The Lower Depths," by Maxim Gorky. Duffield & Co.)

THE FLOOD OF BOOKS. An article discussing who is responsible for the presence of the Superfluous Book—the publisher, the author, or the public.

A STUDY OF HENLEY. The most characteristic of English poets, he deserves especial study by Anglo-Saxons.

GEORGE MEREDITH'S PHILOSOPHY. Trevelyan's study of Meredith as a poet with remarks on his anticipation of Masefield. ("The Poetry and Philosophy of George Meredith," by G. M. Trevelyan. Charles Scribner's Sons.)

A COMTESSE'S MEMOIRS. Some amusing adventures and recollections of the Comtesse de Boigne. ("Recollections of a Great Lady," by the Comtesse de Boigne. Charles Scribner's Sons.)

TRUE CRITICISM. Two volumes on the essentials of poetry. ("Lectures on Poetry," by J. W. Mackail, Longmans, Green & Co., and "Essentials of Poetry," by William Allen Neilson, Houghton, Mifflin & Co.)

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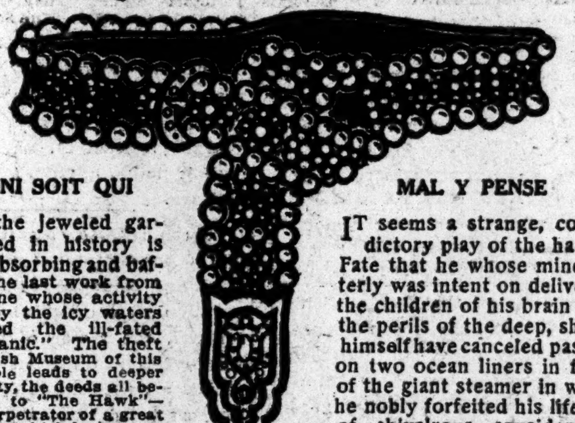

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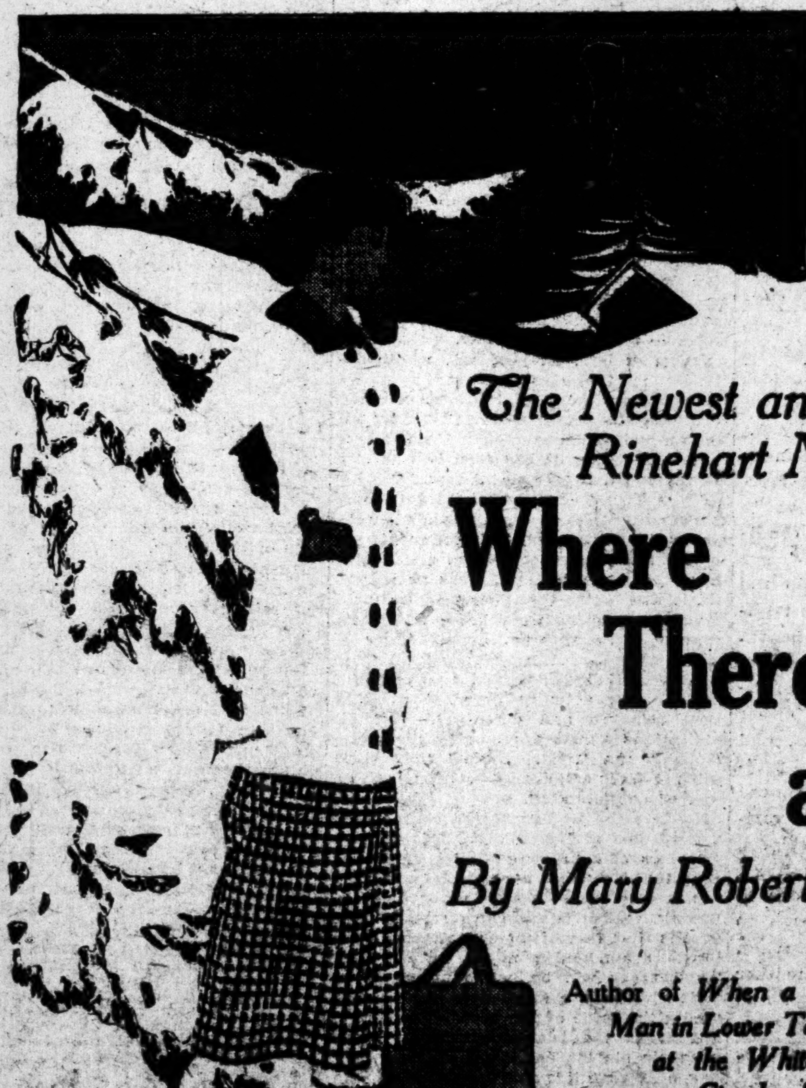

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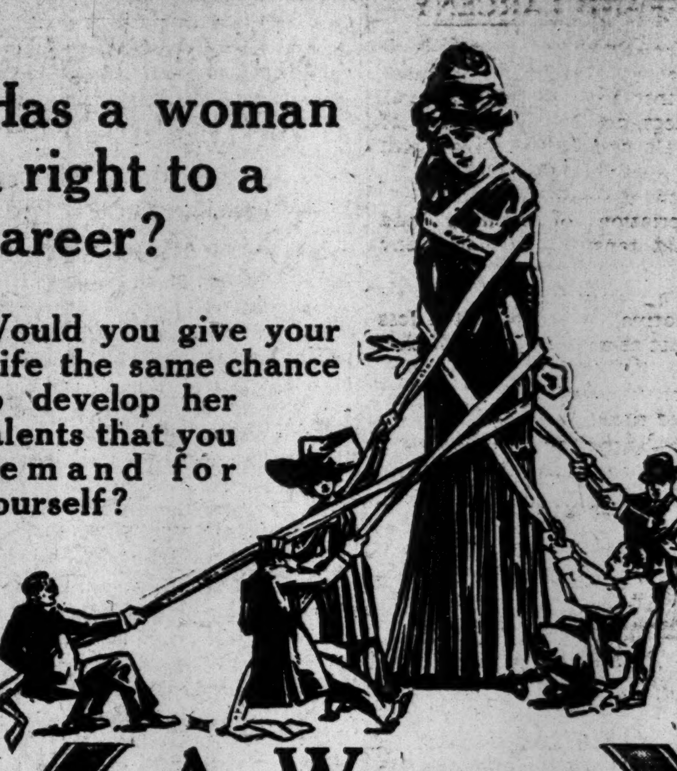

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, AUG. 31, 1912.

ABROGATING THE PANAMA TREATY

The latest phase of the "American" position on the Panama tolls question is the assertion that the United States can do as it pleases because there never was any Hay-Pauncefote treaty. We are told that it was void from the beginning because it violated the Constitution in that it made a contract which derogated from the National sovereignty. This applies to any and all treaties which bind the Nation to anything, for the Nation cannot bind itself without limiting its freedom to act inconsistently with its obligation. If the position is well taken the United States is the only Nation which cannot make a treaty. It would become a pariah among nations which assume and keep obligations, and take pride in doing so. If we persist in this attitude there is not a nation in the world which will be our friend in times of peace and which will not rejoice in war to give aid and comfort to our enemies, of whom there will be many hereafter, although it has been our honest boast that the United States was the only country in the world which all envied and none hated.

We are to take this position in order to free ourselves from an undertaking which prevents our subsidizing an interest to which we have given a monopoly by law, and whose rates are such as may be imagined from the fact that they are not regulated by law. The inducement seems too small to some, and the consequences are more serious than the ingenious author of the idea may have imagined. If there is no Hay-Pauncefote treaty, then the Clayton-Bulwer treaty is not abrogated, and England is our partner in all transit across the Isthmus. That is to say, we lose our monopoly, after having assumed and spent the entire sum necessary to provide ourselves with it. This strictly legal view of the matter leaves out of consideration the fact that even if there is no Hay-Pauncefote treaty we have acted as though there were up to this moment. That is to say, we have accepted the goods, and are bound to pay their worth, even though there were no bargain. But the fact is that if there is no bargain there ought to be for reasons of selfish interest which dwarf whatever value there may be in freedom to do the foolish thing for which freedom of action is sought.

The supporters of this proposal seem to think that the Hay-Pauncefote treaty consists entirely of our obligation. The fact is that the consideration for the assumption of our obligation is worth all it cost, on the strictest calculation of self-interest. In consideration of our promising and giving commercial neutrality the rest of the world bound itself to political neutrality. There was no other way in which we could secure political neutrality, for we never could make an entangling political alliance with nations whose primary interests are so different from our own. So long as we do not discriminate commercially against nations using the canal on terms fixed by ourselves, it is provided that the canal never shall be attacked in any war in which we can have no interest, because of our geographical detachment, and because we have no allies, and can have none. In other words, the Hay-Pauncefote treaty's great merit is that it gives us a monopoly at Panama on terms which exempt us from the cost and trouble of protecting it in any wars except our own. The only consideration which we pay is the commercial equality of treatment which we ought to give in common decency, and for reasons of self-interest as well as self-respect. Germany builds warships, and England outbuilds Germany, in defense of the sacred right of destroying private commerce in war. If it were possible to place private property at sea beyond attack by means of a treaty similar to the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, which places our canal beyond attack, the naval rivalry between England and Germany might cease. Those who abrogate the Hay-Pauncefote treaty therefore impose upon the United States a greater naval burden than that assumed by England and Germany. So long as the canal is neutralized we need a navy only for our own purposes. When the canal becomes a prize of war we shall need a navy as big as those of any alliance. England builds against two nations. We should have to build against any three at least, and conceivably against all nations, since we make it an object for all to attack the canal. Just as the example of England and Germany in preserving freedom to attack private property at sea sets us an example to avoid, so the Hay-Pauncefote treaty shows them a way out of their competition of armaments. And there are gentlemen at Washington who are allowed without reproof to suggest that it is "American" and desirable to fasten upon this continent the burdens of militarism from which the Hay-Pauncefote treaty measurably delivers us. The establishment of the law of maritime brigandage upon this continent is too much to pay for the privilege of subsidizing a monopoly which would be all the better for a little reducing, or at least regulating, of its profits.

DIRECT AND FORCIBLE.

All praise to the people of South Carolina. They have heard the complaint that the direct primary is a failure, since in most of the States where that nostrum has been tried only a small part of the voters have taken the trouble to express their choice for candidates. In Kansas the other day less than half the voters took part in the primaries for the nomination of candidates for United States Senator and for Governor and other State officers. It was different in South Carolina. There they were determined to make a record, so, in the primary which gave Gov. BLEASE a small lead over his two competitors for the Gubernatorial nomination, the number of votes cast in some counties exceeded the total number of voters.

There is talk about fraud, of course, and the stuffing of ballot boxes, and we hear that 20,000 illegal votes were cast. That is nonsense. The size of the vote is explained by the resolve of the people to show that the direct primary is a howling success.

INDUSTRIAL DESPOTISM.

Mr. ROOSEVELT and his supporters during the last few years have had a good deal to say about industrial democracy. Not one in a hundred of them knows what the words mean, although they could get a good working definition by asking any intelligent Socialist. Mr. BRANDEIS, however, in his statement which we printed on Thursday, shows that the inquiry would be quite superfluous, since the thing the Roosevelt third-termers are aiming at is not industrial democracy, but industrial absolutism.

In his Chicago speech Col. ROOSEVELT said:

> A National industrial commission should be created, which should have complete power to regulate and control all the great industrial concerns engaged in inter-State business—which practically means all of them in this country.

That being done, Mr. ROOSEVELT said that mere bigness, the size of the industrial units, would not so much matter. Administrative control, control centred in Washington—in his hands, of course—was the main thing. According to this plan, combination might be left to run its course unimpeded, so long as the commission at Washington had power to control. That such a National policy favors monopoly, would put many industries under a monopolistic control, is plain. In Mr. BRANDEIS's statement there is a passage which not only contains a good deal of wisdom but is absolutely destructive in its exposure of the real aims of the Progressive Party under Mr. ROOSEVELT's leadership:

> We must undertake to regulate competition instead of monopoly, for our industrial freedom and our civic freedom go hand in hand, and there is no such thing as civic freedom in a state of industrial absolutism. Thus, the new party in its programme becomes a house divided against itself. There can be no progress for the workingman under an absolutism.

We have had enough experience of Mr. ROOSEVELT and of Administrations before that of Mr. ROOSEVELT to understand perfectly that in the long run his system of control of business by the Government would mean the control of Government by business. That control being established through the industrial commission Mr. ROOSEVELT would create, we should have industrial absolutism with a vengeance. The workingman, organized labor, would be among the first to find it out. We may leave it to Mr. GOMPERS and his friends in the Federation to picture forth what would be the condition of labor, what chance it would have of bettering its condition through strikes or otherwise, under that despotism.

The difference between the regulation of competition and this industrial absolutism is very real. Unconsciously, perhaps, Mr. BRANDEIS brings out the real intent of the anti-trust law. The purpose of the framers of that much misunderstood law was not to destroy every man or corporation trying to do business on a large scale, even through combinations, but to check and punish wrongful practices that actually do harm to the community. Under that law, rightly understood, business may be left to itself, competition may be left to the regulation of natural law, until through attempts to crush out competition by wicked and oppressive means, to create monopolies by such means, actual restraint of trade, not that mythical restraint of trade the lawyers talk about, is accomplished or threatened. Under that law, interpreted with intelligence and fairly enforced, business can flourish, and no man be harmed. Under the Roosevelt plan a flood of evils would be engendered.

Mr. BRANDEIS's definition of the Progressive policy as "industrial absolutism" makes the real aim of the Roosevelt party clear. It explains why some men of the trusts are ardent supporters of the Colonel. Mr. BRANDEIS is a Progressive. He was a supporter of Mr. LA FOLLETTE. He expresses now his regret that intelligent men should be misled by the professions of the new party, when in the candidacy of Gov. WILSON they have an opportunity to "follow a candidate who is "absolutely free, who stands for the "best things that mean industrial liberty, who has no obligations and has "made no promises, except the promise he has made all his life to do the "best he can for the community."

WILLIAM BOOTH'S FUNERAL.

The funeral of JULIUS CAESAR was a famous public function in which the masses of Roman citizens participated with much fury and noise. If history is veracious, all the movable wood in the central part of the capital was used for his funeral pyre, and much woodwork that was not supposedly movable. NAPOLEON's second funeral was one of the greatest in history. Probably the funeral of ABRAHAM LINCOLN, with processions and ceremonies in many cities, was the most memorable this country has known, though the obsequies of GRANT and SHERMAN were wonderfully impressive.

London in a dozen years has seen two great royal funerals, one of the beloved woman who had occupied the British throne more than sixty years, but more extraordinary than any of these, almost unique, in fact, in the great popular demonstration of sorrow and respect it called forth, was the funeral of the Nonconformist religious leader, innovator, fanatic if you will, who founded the Salvation Army and developed its remarkable influence. The dispatches say that 2,000,000 people turned out along the line of march, and at a rough but moderate estimate 200,000 were in the procession from the east end of Victoria Embankment, through the narrow streets of the old City of London to Abney Park Cemetery.

It was a march of triumph, without a suggestion of mourning except the funeral music of the bands. The glowing colors of the Salvationists' uniforms and the flags of all nations gave it a bright aspect. WILLIAM BOOTH had lived long and accomplished all he aimed to do. He had fought a great fight. He and his followers were jeered and assailed in the old days. But in all his later years no Englishman enjoyed a greater measure of respect. Sectarian prejudice was forgotten in his presence. All classes honored him. He had no fortune to begin with, and he left none to speak of. He had given his brains, his energy, his skill as an organizer, to the poor, and the tribute of the poor as his body was drawn through the streets to the grave indicates that he had done more to uplift them and win their sympathy than can ever be done by the means employed by Mr. LLOYD-GEORGE and Mr. TOM MANN.

TURKEY AND HER PROVINCES.

The Turkish Government announces to the European Powers that it will not even discuss with them the "internal affairs" of the Empire. This is apropos of, if not in direct response to, the suggestion of Count BERCHTOLD, in the name of Austria-Hungary, of an exchange of views as to the gradual "decentralization" and ultimate autonomy of the European provinces of Turkey. The Count intimated that this policy should be based on the "actual ethnical conditions of the Ottoman Empire."

It was to be expected that the Turkish Government would at first decline to be a party to any such discussion. It could not voluntarily take a step, with its present uncertain hold on power, which necessarily involved an ultimate surrender of Turkish authority in Europe. Whether the Porte will adhere to its blunt announcement depends altogether on the degree of harmony that can be secured among the Powers. If they unite, Turkey will be obliged finally to yield, and will probably in the end yield without fighting. She would be practically powerless against the armies of Russia and Austria and the navies of Russia, Germany, and Great Britain. The mere mention of these combinations shows how unlikely is an agreement for actual intervention.

This unlikelihood is confirmed by the curious phrase in which Count BERCHTOLD suggests the basis for the reorganization of the Turkish provinces in Europe. "The actual ethnical conditions of the Ottoman Empire" are pretty near those of chaos. On the eastern side of the broad belt of territory extending from the Black Sea to the Ionic and Aegean Seas are the Slavs; on the west are the Greeks; intermediate and overlapping on either side are the Bulgars and Serbs, and all these, deeply steeped in racial prejudice and animosity, are further moved by religious hatred. Nor are the various elements of this seething caldron of passion segregated each by itself. They dwell in various proportions in the same regions, or near enough to reach other's throats in short marches. The Turkish Government is neither able nor willing to preserve order and administer justice, and the Powers have so far been unable or unwilling to take the task upon themselves.

But the direction of the finally controlling forces is made, if not plain, at least probable, by what has taken place in the last twoscore years. Roumania, withdrawn from Turkish rule, has become a strong and stable nation. Bosnia and Herzegovina have been first reorganized and then annexed by Austria. Bulgaria has attained independence, and, after a term of terrible anarchy, is advancing in prosperity and order. Logically the process should go on. Yet what remains to be done is incalculably difficult, for it involves the ambitions, the national aspirations and needs, the whole complex mass of tendencies and interests of the great Powers. Especially it involves the relations of the Triple Alliance and the Triple Entente—of Germany, Austria, and Italy, and of Russia, France, and Great Britain. It is not Turkey, it is Europe, that holds the wretched subjects of the Sultan in their present pitiable case.

These conditions have a direct relation to the informal negotiations now going on in Switzerland for agreement upon terms of peace between Turkey and Italy. Turkey is now very firm in rejecting the terms offered. Should the complication over her European provinces become acute she might conclude that it would be better to yield much to Italy as a way of escaping the necessity of giving up more in the Balkans.

DUBIOUS MASTERWORKS.

A bogus Correggio which was accepted as genuine by King CHARLES I. ought to have fame enough to be almost as valuable as if it were genuine. It surely has a substantial pedigree, for King CHARLES's head was chopped off in Whitehall in 1649, and a painting which has been conspicuously in evidence 263 years, and admired as a work of one of the world's greatest artists, surely has some claim to be considered "an old master." The painting called "The Education of Cupid," which has belonged to the British Government eighty years, and hangs in the National Gallery, has been a "good enough Correggio" since the Duke of MANTUA sold it to the ill-fated STUART in 1630. Its authenticity may have been disputed, often, in past ages, as few pictures escape that ordeal. Its authenticity, however, is very hotly denied now, when there seems to be a great awakening in the art world to the necessity of verifying the authenticity of works attributed to old masters.

But the National Gallery Correggio will probably win the fight. Tradition is all in its favor. Anyhow, it never was sold for a higher price than about $30,000. A real Correggio ought to be worth ten times that sum. The now disputed Rembrandt painting, "The Adulteress Before Christ," was bought by an American millionaire for $250,000. The Curator of our Metropolitan Museum of Art vouches for its genuineness, but other curators and experts say it is a fraud, and scarcely a hundred years old. Experts frequently differ, and when they fall out who shall decide? The Rembrandt, like the Correggio, will probably live down the charges against it. What difference does it make, anyhow? Both are fine pictures.

To the reports coming from official and other sources, that some of the dwellings owned by the Trinity Corporation were occupied by undesirable tenants, the rector of Trinity Parish, whose letter we print this morning, makes a sufficient reply. The Trinity Corporation did not appear upon Commissioner WALDO's list. The names of many other property owners which did appear there, it seems, ought not to have appeared, and the list in itself is of little value. The Rev. Dr. MANNING refers to the diligent efforts of the Trinity Corporation to exclude all unworthy tenants, to the scrutiny exercised as to the occupiers of its houses, and to the very satisfactory report made upon its property by the Charity Organization Society three years ago.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Consumers Little Considered.

Commendable as it is that a public official should show due regard for legitimate business interests, and be cautious about doing anything to injure them, it is also well that he should recognize the existence of other interests, including those of the general public, and realize that the legitimacy of the business interests is largely dependent on their relation to the public interests.

Twice, of late, Dr. BENSEL, whose activities in the Health Department we have had in the past frequent occasion to praise, has shown what at least looked like an inclination to excuse, if not to defend, the selling of bad food in this city for reasons that seemed inadequate.

When THE TIMES revealed that enormous quantities of diseased meat were coming into this market his comment was in effect a plea of confession and avoidance—the facts, he said, were as stated, but it was better that poor people should have cheap meat than none, and that, anyway, there was not much danger in eating animals suffering even from most serious maladies, provided the parts of their bodies actually or most affected were removed and destroyed. Not all sanitarians would agree with that, and probably the "poor people" themselves will not feel particularly grateful for this sort of consideration.

Now, to the well-supported charge that a good deal of the milk sold here at high prices as of superior quality is no better than that for which no such claim is made—and no such price demanded—Dr. BENSEL makes two curious replies. The first is that there isn't enough good milk to go around. He might have added, "and never will be, while unscrupulous "distributers are allowed to get for bad "milk the price of the best." His second answer is that dairymen cannot clean up their stables and their utensils in a day, and that it would be a hardship to interfere with their business till after they have had enough time to reform.

"We do not prosecute just because the law is violated," Dr. BENSEL is quoted as saying, and yet that alone would seem to be a pretty good excuse for action. The investigators of the Milk Committee, however, did not so much charge that the dairy law is violated as that a lot of us are swindled into paying for a high grade of milk and getting a low one—one which, whether or not particularly dangerous to adults, is what we do not want and would not buy at any price if we knew it.

Illegality Adds to Ugliness.

It is, as usual, with hesitancy that we take up the matter of signboard advertising, since any criticism of it by a newspaper will surely be ascribed to interested motives. That a newspaper has other than public or aesthetic reasons for disliking that form of advertising is true, but it does not follow that its dislike is wholly mercenary—that the public and aesthetic reasons do not exist or that journalistic exploitation of them is insincere.

By just how much the amount of money spent for newspaper advertising would be increased if all signboard advertising ceased nobody could tell, but there is no probability that the increase would come anywhere near equaling the enormous sum now spent on a device for securing publicity which offends every artistic sensibility and which is of more than dubious efficiency in "making business." That the device is quite useless for that purpose nobody would claim, for it does force upon the sight and into the memory the names of articles of merchandise. In all such advertising, however, the element of coercion is present. This many people feel and resent, and it is at least possible that as many customers are lost as made by the invariably and necessarily ugly signs. Evidently those who thus vaunt their wares do not think so, and they have a right to their opinion, but they have no right at all to violate the laws which have been made to compel them to build their signs in certain safe ways and within certain restrictions as to size.

These laws, according to a report to the Mayor by Commissioner FOSDICK, have been and are habitually violated in this city. Assuming, as can fairly be done, that his facts and figures are correct, they provide the Mayor with an excellent opportunity for beginning a campaign which will not abolish the signboard evil, indeed, but cannot fail to mitigate it. That will be something. And if action be not taken, the present abuses are sure steadily to increase, for the erection of every "biggest sign" necessitates the building of one still larger, since only in that way can attention be commanded.

In a matter like this, however, not very much can be accomplished either by law or its enforcement. The true remedy is the development of appreciation, on the part of advertisers, that they can invest their money more profitably than in signboards, and, on the part of the public, that it has the power, without any legislative aid, to punish those who offend it while seeking patronage.

Here Is a Romance Well Begun.

That it should be so hard to find the children of the late MONTGOMERY SMART, who went down with the Titanic, leaving an estate of considerable size, is a most curious phenomenon for this day of swift communication between all countries.

The heirs, one a boy of 20 and the other a girl two years younger, are supposed to be in some school on the Continent. That implies the existence of a desire on the part of their instructors for the more or less frequent payment of their bills and would make inquiries natural on their part, first of the father and then of his friends and business associates. None such has been made, however, and yet it is hardly possible that any literate in Europe is ignorant of the loss of the Titanic, though there may be some places in which lists of the victims were not published.

Mr. SMART was a reticent man in regard to his personal affairs, but he had not concealed the existence of these children or the fact that he was having them educated abroad in order that they might be well equipped with languages. There would seem to be the making of a novel, romantic or sensational, in this strange case, for as it stands now much room for the imagination to work in is provided, as well as plausibility for many theories as to why the estate is not claimed.

The facts as known do not furnish a villain for the plot, but one could be created easily enough, and the lost heir is of course brave and the lost heiress beautiful. Sir CONAN should get to work at once.

TRINITY PARISH'S TENANTS.

Rev. Dr. Manning Corrects Impression Concerning Their Good Repute.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Under the heading "Property Owners Uneasy, Many Ready to Dispossess Disorderly Tenants," &c., there appears in your issue of Aug. 27 the surprising statement that "Trinity Corporation and William Waldorf Astor are known to be holders of much property about which Mr. Whitman wants to ask a few questions."

Such an implication as that which this statement contains cannot be allowed to pass without comment, for the credit not only of Trinity Parish and of the Episcopal Church, but of the whole cause of religion.

There is in fact not the smallest foundation for it in respect to the houses which Trinity owns. It sounds like a faint echo of the charges which were freely made some years ago, but which have now no excuse because they have been openly and publicly shown to have no truth in them.

The fact is that Trinity Parish employs an expert, skilled in housing questions, and one whose ability and earnestness in this most important field of work are well-known, to give her whole time to caring for matters pertaining to the social welfare of the tenants of the estate of the parish. So far as my knowledge goes Trinity is the only large landowner employing a skilled officer solely for this work.

No houses in the city are occupied by a more reputable and self-respecting body of people than those owned by Trinity, and such a statement as the one above quoted is a great injustice to them, and one that they keenly resent.

Any one who wishes to do so can easily obtain the facts as to the houses owned by Trinity, and the character of the tenants occupying them. Three years ago, at the request of the authorities of the parish, a thorough examination of our dwelling house property was made by the Charity Organization Society of New York. The report upon the property rendered by the Charity Organization Society at that time has been widely circulated, and can be obtained by any one desiring to see it.

The facts at this present time as to the houses owned by the parish have just been published in a descriptive pamphlet for use at the Exhibition on Health of the International Congress of Hygiene, which is to meet in Washington, Sept. 16 to Oct. 5, in which exhibition Trinity is taking part. This pamphlet can also be obtained upon application to the Vestry Office, 187 Fulton Street.

In justice to all concerned I trust that you will be willing to give this communication a place in THE TIMES as prominent as that given to your statement of Aug. 27.

WILLIAM T. MANNING,
Rector, Trinity Parish.

New York, Aug. 29, 1912.

MAINE MAY GO DEMOCRATIC

The Republicans Have Muddled Plaisted's Administration.

Special to The New York Times.

PORTLAND, Me., Aug. 30.—McGillicuddy and Skelton are candidates for Congress in the Second District. Skelton is a Republican, or thinks at times that he is, although his soul is fairly racked by many a doubt as to exactly "where he is at."

He would be a better Republican if he were not so good a Bull Moose; he could "be happy with either were t'other dear charmer away," and this is where McGillicuddy has come in to annoy his antagonist by saying such cutting things as this: "I am surprised that a man running for the high office of member of Congress, for the first time in the history of our State lacks the courage and candor to tell the people squarely on what platform he stands. * * * The day of the timid, time-serving straddler has gone by."

In the circumstances, Skelton appears to be between the devil and the deep blue sea, and is sparring for time. If he should say now that he stands for Taft on the regular Republican platform he would estrange the Bull Moose people; if he should come out flatly for the Bull Moose he would alienate the straight Republicans, so that he is trying to "split the middle," and would probably succeed if it were not that McGillicuddy is camping on his trail. Yet Skelton is in rather better plight than the other Republican candidates for Congress, none of whom has had the courage to go even as far as he, and McGillicuddy and the rest of a pestiferous generation are making great political capital out of their embarrassment.

⁂

In the last campaign the Republicans insisted that the issues were National rather than State, and fought it out on that line, only to lose everything. This year they declare that the issues are State rather than National, and the indications are that they will meet with further disaster. Their main trouble is that the Democrats will not suffer them to select the issues or plan the fighting. The Republicans are split wide open; the Democrats are standing together like a stone wall.

They have not been out in the wilderness for fifty years without learning something of the value of concerted work for accomplishment of definite purposes, and they've got the enemy where they want him, thanks to the activity of Mr. Roosevelt and his political and financial backers.

Last night an ancient Republican, who has endured the bonds of that party many years, said: "I am a Republican. I do not see how the Republicans can win this year in Maine. I can not and will not vote for Roosevelt, nor for any candidate who stands for anything Roosevelt represents, if any one can tell what he represents except the destruction of our whole system of government, and I shall vote for Wilson—not because I understand him fully or think that he is really much better than Roosevelt, except that he seems to have a clearer view of what the Government should be.

"I shall vote for Wilson for the additional reason that if he should be elected we would have the reasonable assurance that he would wear himself out in one term, whereas if Roosevelt should win we would have him for keeps."

This ancient mariner declared his intentions as to Wilson on the supposition that the Bull Moose movement will grow so fast that Republican voters will find it expedient to take refuge in the Democratic ranks to escape the Roosevelt peril. If the number of Republicans who are casting about for a harbor of refuge is as great as declared, there is fair promise that Maine will "go hell-bent for Gov. Kent" this year, and give its Electoral vote to Wilson.

⁂

The people of Maine do not love Roosevelt, but fear him—why, no one is able to explain. The weakness of both the Republican and Bull Moose Parties is that they have joined their forces in the contest for State officers and members of the Legislature. They have divided on Presidential Electors. One of the Electors on the straight Republican ticket has been nominated also on the Bull Moose ticket. How he could hope to represent both houses, and what side he would go should there be a tie, no one can say. The chances are, however, that he would go with the Bull Moose Party, which, strange as it may seem, in places where the game is played straight, controls, in effect if not in name, the Republican Party organization.

The State Republican Convention at Bangor was dominated by the Bull Moose people, who nominated the Presidential Electors, but nominated them as Republicans and not as Bull Moose, the head of the herd at that time not having determined to cut loose from his old party moorings, but being a candidate for the regular Republican nomination at Chicago. The very remarkable situation is now presented of the Republican Party being under the direction of authorities who are in sympathy with the third party, which has for its chief aim the destruction of the party with whose management they have been instrusted.

With candidates for Congress who dare not say whether they are Republican or Bull Moose, with the machinery of the Republican Party in Bull Moose hands, with the Republican and the Bull Moose Parties working together for the election of State officers and members of the Legislature, and working apart ostensibly but not in fact for Presidential Electors, it will be seen what a mess they have made of their treacherous purposes.

⁂

The pretense made by the Republicans that there are no National issues involved in the present contest has not deceived many intelligent voters or any intelligent voters who are at the same time honest. The fact is the election not only of Congressmen, but of the members of the Legislature who will have to elect a United States Senator to succeed Senator Gardner shows how disingenuous the Republican managers have been in all their attempts to mislead the people.

The State election and the Presidential election are tied so closely together that they cannot be divorced. The success of the regular Republican ticket for State officers and for members of the Legislature would mean not only the return of the State Government to the hands of a party which admittedly proved to be not only incompetent but careless, if not corrupt, but the election of E. C. Burleigh as United States Senator—and everybody in Maine knows who Burleigh is and how utterly he failed when he was a member of Congress from this State, and how close he is to "big business," and, naturally, to the Bull Moose and his party.

In the opinion of the Democratic leaders, the election of four members of Congress and the election of a Legislature which is to elect a United States Senator fully justify them in making National issues a most important element in the present contest.

At the same time they have not neglected any State issue, but have rubbed into the still gaping wounds of the Republican Party the truth about its mismanagement of State affairs, its extravagance, its dishonesty in dealing with the prohibition question and the heavy taxation, which the Democrats have been compelled to impose during the last two years of a clean and efficient administration to pay the debts contracted by the Republicans when they controlled all the affairs of the State Government.

Under Plaisted's administration everything has been done with the fullest publicity, and the contrast between his businesslike conduct of public affairs and the wasteful and extravagant administration of his predecessor in office is so striking that the people will give him another term. In a recent speech made by the State Auditor figures were given from the public records to show how Fernald, Republican, failed, and how Plaisted, Democrat, succeeded. The expenses over income in 1909 and 1910 under Fernald were $1,524,664.58. The income over expenses in 1911 and 1912 under Plaisted was $1,039,069.84. These are the facts that are making for Democratic victory this year.

J. C. H.

Over the 'Phone.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

T. R.—Hello! That you, Cortelyou?

C.—Yes.

T. R.—Has Standard Oil made a contribution to our election fund?

C.—No.

T. R.—Have you spent it?

C.—Yes.

T. R.—Then refuse it.

X.

New York, Aug. 27, 1912.

GERMAN CRITICS OF OUR HOSPITALS

Dr. Hamilton Resents Fault-finding With Physicians Who Are in Practice.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read the excellent letter from Dr. Janeway to THE TIMES, in which he deplores the alleged low standing of our hospitals as compared with those of Germany, taking his cue from Dr. Neumann, a Viennese otologist. It appears that the latter, during his visit here, has been especially impressed by the scarcity of autopsies (?) and the "superabundance of physicians of equal rank," whatever that may mean.

Dr. Janeway, with the pessimism which is, and has ever been, regrettably too common, lauds the German system of instruction, which he considers to be altogether superior to our own, for the reason that the teachers here are practicing physicians who have hospital connections, while abroad such is not the case. It is the opinion of the writer, and I am sure of others, that Dr. Janeway minimizes not only the standing of medical teaching (including diagnosis,) in the United States and Canada, but the advantages in clinical teaching by such institutions as Johns Hopkins, Harvard, McGill, and others, and by the several great New York schools with hospital connections. There can be no doubt that the standard is now higher than it has ever been, and that whatever system prevails the young men are an intelligent, studious, progressive, and well-equipped lot, full of ambition, and free from many of the stilted and impractical mental habits and the intolerance which the American sometimes acquires who spends a short time abroad in a German school.

The non-practicing teacher is not always competent to make the most accurate diagnosis, though he undoubtedly excels in research work; in fact, I am familiar with lamentable errors made by some of the apostles of very advanced medicine who have even had the chance to make unlimited autopsies.

The fashion of indulging in adulation of German medicine at the expense of all others is no new thing, and with some amounts to a veritable affectation. To those of us who have for very many years watched the evolution of medical teaching in English-speaking countries, there can be no doubt that even as the result of the hospital work that is condemned by Neumann, and when "practicing physicians" teach in the hospitals of England as well as the United States, great advances have been made, among them the remarkable discovery of Sir Almroth E. Wright. Young men do not go to Germany as they once did, for they here find the advantages formerly obtained in Teutonic schools and hospitals, even though their instructors may be drawn from the "superabundance of physicians of equal rank" to which our German critic objects.

Dr. Janeway's regret that autopsies are not more often obtained is shared by most of us, but the conditions are very different from those in European countries, where there is more paternalism of an effective kind; it is therefore hardly conceivable how laws can be made which will make post-mortem examinations always possible whenever a matter of dispute arises about the correctness of a diagnosis. In a land where so strong a sense of personal liberty is felt—and often license exists—and when so much ignorance and prejudice prevail among ordinary hospital patients, it is inconceivable how any forcible or radical measures could ever succeed. So gravely do the statutes regard the matter that Sections 305-309, inclusive, of the Criminal Code of the State of New York, while specifying the exceptions, make it a misdemeanor to perform an unauthorized dissection in violation of the previously expressed wishes of the deceased, or the permission of his next of kin.

ALLAN McLANE HAMILTON,
M. D., LL. D., F. R. S., (Edin.)

New York, Aug. 28, 1912.

THE EX-CONVICT'S CASE.

Prison Association Is Helping Him to a Good Job.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

You printed to-day a letter from a man just released from State prison who claimed he could not find anybody who would help him. This letter was dated Aug. 26. On Aug. 27 he applied of his own accord at the Prison Association and is now in our charge. We hope to secure satisfactory employment for him, and he has expressed his joy at the chance of being thus helped.

May I for the information of your readers, who from time to time may be appealed to by persons out of prison, say that the Prison Association has been for nearly seventy years peculiarly the prisoner's "first friend?" It was chartered primarily for this purpose, and is one of the oldest prison societies in the country.

I quote from our annual report regarding men released to us on parole from State prisons during 1911:

"During 1911 we received on parole 118 State prison men. There have been sent back to State prison as delinquents only eleven men in nearly two years. Our relations with the State prison men on parole have been exceedingly encouraging in results."

I would add that this association is not only ready but very eager at any time to give released and discharged prisoners a chance to gain a foothold. During 1911 1,065 young men from Elmira and Napanoch Reformatories were on parole to this association. Of that number seven out of ten successfully met the requirements of the parole period.

O. F. LEWIS,
Secretary of the Prison Association of New York.

New York, Aug. 28, 1912.

THE SULLIED FLAG.

You hand us back our troth-plight broken,
Time-servers, playing in our name!
You pawn our honor like your watch,
Yet spread a cautious ear to catch
Our verdict on the game!
Masters, this verdict is not spoken—
'Tis better felt as shame.

"Treaties that gather dust with age
We now," ye say, "put by."
Must our word yellow with the page?
Must our sworn promise die?
See now, they also are but dust,
The servants of our nobler day
Who pledged us to this generous trust.
And must they, too, be cast away?

Ye shall not masquerade the sin,
No veil of lawyer's justice spread!
Ere ye dare call the nations in
To teach good faith with our own dead,
Strike the eagle from our crest!
What flight is ours?
Quick, a true emblem for our land!
Not too brave nor stern, were best—
Nothing that soars or towers.
No more patriot boast or brag!
Count the profit in the hand,
Play the purse against the fates!
And the stars that led the States
When honor chose our wars
Take the stars from the flag!
Why insult the stars?

JOHN ERSKINE.

SIDNEY HARRIS WEDS KATE BLANC

Lawyer Married to Daughter of Mrs. F. O. Prince at Savoy Hotel by Justice Dugro.

DIVORCED BY FIRST WIFE

Court Order Permits Him to Marry Again—His Daughter Wife of Jack Barrymore.

The marriage of Sidney Harris and Miss Kate Blanc, a daughter of Mrs. Frederick O. Prince by her first husband, the late Samuel Peters Blanc, took place at 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the parlor of the Savoy Hotel, Justice P. Henry Dugro of the Supreme Court officiating.

Those present at the ceremony were Mrs. F. O. Prince, the mother of the bride; Mr. and Mrs. Edward Blanc, Mrs. Charles McLean of New Orleans, Mr. and Mrs. Ferdinand May, also of New Orleans, Richard T. Wilson, John Quinn, Henry Steers, Thomas B. Clark, and Alexander Duer Erving.

Mr. Harris, whose first wife, Mrs. Katharine Brady Harris, divorced him in 1901, obtained on Thursday an order from the Supreme Court relieving him of the disability to marry again which had been inserted in the decree of divorce.

Mr. Harris is a son of Mrs. Sidney S. Harris of Paris, and his first wife was Miss Katharine Brady, a daughter of the late Judge John R. Brady and a sister of Mrs. Herbert H. Harriman. Their marriage was an elopement, Mr. Harris and his bride running away and getting married on the same night that Mr. Harris's sister, now Mrs. Harriman, married Albert Stevens in the conventional fashion. Mr. Harris's daughter by his first wife, Miss Kathryn Corre Harris, was married in runaway fashion less than a year after her début, to Jack Barrymore, the actor, a brother of Ethel Barrymore, (Mrs. Colt,) and has herself since appeared on the stage.

Miss Blanc's engagement to Mr. Harris was announced exclusively in THE TIMES last Winter, and the marriage announcement has been expected.

Mrs. Harris's father, Mr. Blanc, was an officer in the Confederate Navy, and at the time of his death in 1888 was a lawyer in New Orleans. Some years afterward Mrs. Blanc married Frederick O. Prince, several times Mayor of Boston, and the father of Dr. Morton Prince and Frederick Prince. The Blancs have been well known in New Orleans since 1758, and are related to the de Sillys, St. Martines, and Labatuts.

Mr. and Mrs. Harris are booked to sail to-day on the Oceanic, and after several months abroad will return to make their home in New York.

Mr. Harris is a lawyer, and is well known in New York society. Mrs. Harris has been living very quietly with her mother in New York, and has been interested in art and interior decoration.

$200,000 FOR SONS-IN-LAW.

Double Wedding of Rich Chilean's Daughters to Young Americans.

A double wedding was performed yesterday afternoon at the home of Señor Manuel Chinchila, 1,287 Bergen Street, Brooklyn, when his daughters, Irene K. and Estelle K., were married to Carlos Hammersley and Clarence Burr Byxbee. The bridegrooms were roommates while studying at Yale. The sisters until their father came to New York two years ago were society favorites in Valparaiso, Chile, where their father has a large estate. Miss Irene Chinchila and Mr. Hammersley were childhood friends in the South American home of the Chinchilas, and it was Mr. Hammersley who first introduced his friend, Mr. Byxbee, to Miss Estelle Chinchila at a lecture on "New Thought" at the Metaphysical Club in Boston.

The marriage was performed by the Rev. James J. Wood, rector of Our Lady of Victory Roman Catholic Church. The party was made up of the families of the young couples. Miss Irene Chinchila and Mr. Hammersley were the first to be married. The sisters with their husbands started on their honeymoons immediately after the ceremony. On their return they will sail for Valparaiso, where the Chinchilas have decided to reside in the future.

Mr. Byxbee is to retire from the insurance business in which he is now interested and manage the estate of his father-in-law. A settlement of $100,000 was made by Señor Chinchila on each of his sons-in-law.

MRS. WOODBRIDGE WEDS.

Widow of "Wizard of Insurance" Marries Lewis Flanders.

BOSTON, Aug. 30.—Mrs. Hazel Pratt Wodbridge, the young widow of William Butler Woodbridge of Brookline, who was killed in an automobile accident seven years ago, was married to Lewis Flanders of 59 Longwood Avenue, Brookline, on Aug. 6 at Portland, Me.

Both families are prominent socially. The news of the wedding was a great surprise to the friends of the couple. The romance became known when a return was made to the Town Clerk of Brookline. Flanders gave his age as 24 and the bride said she was 36.

Mrs. Woodbridge Flanders's former husband was known as "The Wizard of Insurance." His widow began a suit against the executors of his estate last year to ascertain why her property that was thought to amount to $500,000 had dwindled to something like $10,000. It is understood that the suit is still pending.

MISS E. W. TAYLOR ENGAGED.

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Taylor to Wed John F. Russell, Jr.

Announcement has been made to their intimate friends of the engagement of Miss Elizabeth Willis Taylor, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Wilson Taylor of 33 West Ninetieth Street, to John F. Russell, Jr., a son of Dr. John F. Russell and Mrs. Russell of 31 West Eleventh Street.

Miss Taylor, who made her début during the season of 1910-11, has a younger sister, Miss Dorothy F. Taylor.

Mr. Russell was graduated from Harvard in the class of '07, and later from the Harvard Law School. He is practicing law at 40 Wall Street.

No date has been set for the wedding, but it will probably take place late next Spring, after Miss Taylor has finished her studies at the New York University Law School.

Miss Janet House's Wedding Plans.

Miss Janet House, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward M. House, who on Sept. 14 will marry Gordon Auchincloss at Beverly Farms, Mass., will have only one attendant, her sister, Mrs. Randolph Tucker of Boston. Mr. Auchincloss's list of ushers was announced on Thursday in these columns.

The ceremony will take place at 4 o'clock in St. John's Episcopal Church at Beverly Farms, and the Rev. Endicott Peabody of Groton will officiate. Mr. and Mrs. House's home is in Austin, Texas, but they spend the Summer on the North Shore or abroad, and when in town make their home at the Gotham. After Oct. 15 Mr. and Mrs. Auchincloss will be at home at 68 East Eighty-sixth Street, this city.

John Brisben Walker's Son Dead.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Col., Aug. 30.—Wilfred Walker, 26 years old, a son of John Brisben Walker, died this afternoon at St. Luke's Hospital, where he was operated on on Monday for appendicitis. His wife is in Denver, having come with him from California about a month ago, when he came here for medical treatment. John Brisben Walker, Director of Exploitation and of the Congress of Nations for the Panama-Pacific Exposition, returned to San Francisco last Saturday after spending several days here. He then believed his son was convalescing. Appendicitis had not then developed, but on Saturday night the patient suffered an acute attack and an operation was performed.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. John Aspegren (Miss Lucile Bacon) may be congratulated upon the birth of a daughter on Thursday at their country place at Bay Shore, L. I. This is their second child, the first being a son.

Mr. and Mrs. Willoughby Sharp and the latter's daughter, Miss Flourney Adams Sharp, have left Southampton for the White Sulphur Springs, Greenbriar, Va.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence C. Chapman of 48 West Fifty-sixth Street will spend September at the Hotel Aspinwall, Lenox.

Mr. and Mrs. George B. McClellan are booked to sail for this port to-day. They have been abroad on a tour of the Continent, and also visited Mrs. McClellan, Sr., at Homburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Gould Jennings and their children have been spending some time in Carlsbad.

Mrs. Frank E. Hagemeyer and Miss Evelyn Scott of 763 Fifth Avenue are going to North Carolina to spend several weeks.

As the Hon. Oliver Brett is not due to arrive here with his best man, Cyril Stephenson, until about Sept. 20, the date of his marriage to Miss Antoinette Heckscher has been changed to Oct. 1.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren Delano and Mr. and Mrs. Lyman Delano have taken apartments at the Belmont.

RED BANK HORSE SHOW.

Gov. Woodrow Wilson Addresses 10,000 New Jersey Citizens at Fair.

Special to The New York Times.

RED BANK, N. J., Aug. 30.—Governor's and Grangers' Day was celebrated at the fifth annual fair of the Monmouth County Agricultural Fair Association here to-day. The principal feature was the address delivered by Gov. Woodrow Wilson. About 10,000 people from all over the State visited the fair to-day.

At the horse show many of the finest horses in this State and in New York State were exhibited. In the standard bred trotting class for single trotters, Minnie Rex, Green Bank Farm, Red Bank, captured the blue ribbon; Flushing, Charles G. Dubois, Red Bank, was second.

In the fancy mule class, Martha, L. V. Bell, New York, won first award.

In the class of polo ponies, comprising three teams, Flashlight, Peggy, and Bridget, owned by Robert J. Collier, were first; Barney, Tip Top, and Cock Robin, owned by Col. William Barbour of Rumson Road, were second, and Kansas, Charlie, and Jolly, owned by W. Strother-Jones, Middletown Township, were third.

In the farmers' horse trotting half-mile race, one heat, Margaret, owned by Dr. Dickson, Fair Haven, N. J., was first; Belle, A. W. Shutts, Red Bank, second. The hunting members of the Rumson Country Club donated $20 to the winner in this race.

The runabout horse class was captured by Birdie, S. Holman, New York; Balcarres Baby, second, and Hilda Contantine, Greenbank Farm, Red Bank, third.

The single saddle horse class was captured by Baby Doo, L. V. Bell, Rumson Hill Farm, second, and Balcarres Lady, Balcarres Farm, New York, third.

Paddy Burn, Robert J. Collier, captured the blue ribbon in the class for green hunters. Handy Boy, Thomas Field, Red Bank, was second, and Springboard, J. J. McDonald, Eatontown, third.

The blue ribbon in the polo ponies class for single pony was captured by Charlotte Frances, M. F. McDonald, Eatontown; Blue Bell, W. Strother-Jones, second, and Merry Countess, M. F. McDonald, third.

The qualified hunters' class was the most exciting event of the show. The horses and their mounts were required to hurdle five six-rail hurdles. Many exciting hurdles were made. In this class Caronation, owned and mounted by W. Strother-Jones, New York, won first prize; Fair Estelle, Calvin Reynolds, New York, was second, and Bray, Robert J. Collier, New York and Wickatunk, N. J., was third.

Col. William Barbour of Rumson Road participated in this event. He was mounted on Jack Raul, owned by by W. Strother-Jones. Jack Raul faltered before the hurdles in every heat.

The summaries for the horse races held on a half-mile track are as follows:

First Race—2:20 Pace; purse.
Babe Dillion, F. E. Layton, Paterson.5 1 1 1
Danish Belle, Bodenweiser Stables, New Brunswick 1 2 2 2
Eclipse, John Mitchell, Newark 2 3 3 3
Beletta, William Leese, Paterson.... 3 5 6 4
Gypsie Lad, H. C. Longstreet, Mount Holly, Chaplain Root, Joseph S. Booream, New Brunswick; Chesty King, F. L. Holam, Whitesville, N. Y., and Sidney Direct, C. S. Wells, Jersey City, covered three heats in this race and withdrew. Time—2:19½, 2:19¼, 2:20½, 2:20¼.

Second Race—2:22 trot; purse, $300.
Woody Olcott, Bergen Horse Company, Jersey City 1 1 1
Starlight, Harry Pearsall, New York.. 2 3 2
Lady Estelle, George Randolph, Freehold 3 2 4
Princess Alcyona, Alcyona Farm, New York 4 5 7
Time—2:20¾, 2:20¼, 2:20¼.

H. H. FRAZEE'S PRODUCTIONS.

New Melodrama by Howard and Mizner and Two Comedies.

H. H. Frazee announced yesterday that he was planning to make several more productions this season. Two of his ventures, "Ready Money" and "Fine Feathers," are now being played in New York and Chicago. Arnold Daly, who is under Mr. Frazee's management this year, will begin his season early in September in a new play, "The Wedding Journey," by John T. McIntyre, and later will appear in "The Deluge," by Herman Berger; "Lorenzo, the Magnificent," by Sem Benelli, and "Sweet Will Shakespeare."

Mr. Frazee also has in preparation a comedy called "Bachelors and Benedicts," by Jackson D. Haag, and he will produce later in the season "An Enemy to the People," a melodrama by George Bronson Howard and Wilson Mizner, and a new comedy by James Montgomery. He will be associated with Woods & Lederer in five "Madame Sherry" companies.

Mr. Frazee's new Longacre Theatre, in West Forty-eighth Street, is nearing completion and will open about Oct. 15.

"Within the Law" Staged.

Special to The New York Times.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Aug. 30.—Bayard Vieller's latest drama, "Within the Law," was produced by the American Play Company at the Broadway Theatre for the first time to-night. The play is a dramatic exposition of the manipulation of the laws to serve evil ends. It is shown how social parasites, criminally disposed, live successfully and affluently and still remain "within the law." After a week in Buffalo the new play will open the new Eltinge Theatre, New York. The company includes Jane Cowl, Florence Nash, William Mack, Orme Caldara, Wilton Taylor, Georgia Lawrence, Catherine Tower, Brandon Hurst, and John Wiliard.

Music in the Parks.

There will be concerts in Central Park at 4 and 8 o'clock P. M. to-day, and in Morningside Park at 4 P. M.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Margaret Anglin has engaged Dorothea Gilder, a daughter of the late Richard Watson Gilder, for an important role in Edward Sheldon's play, "Egypt." Margery Card, a daughter of Prof. R. H. Card of the University of California, has also been engaged by Miss Anglin for this play. Miss Anglin's season will begin late in September and she will go to the Garrick Theatre, Chicago, for a run.

The lease of the Astor Theatre was delivered to Cohan & Harris by Wagenhals & Kempner yesterday, and Cohan & Harris will become the managers of the house to-morrow. The theatre will remain dark for two weeks while the interior is being redecorated.

The seventy-first season of Wallack's Theatre, and the thirty-first of the present playhouse, will begin to-night with the return of George Arliss in Louis N. Parker's comedy, "Disraeli," which he played there all last season.

Eva Leonard Boyne will have the role of the tough girl in "Fanny's First Play" when it is presented at the Comedy Theatre on Sept. 16. Miss Boyne is the daughter of the English actor, Leonard Boyne, who was well known in New York when the American Theatre was the home of English melodrama.

Capt. A. H. Rostron of the Carpathia was the guest of the management of the Winter Garden last night, his second visit to that playhouse since his rescue of the Titanic survivors. By agreement no mention was made of his presence to the audience. Between the acts he went behind the scenes to meet the principals of the company.

Lulu Glaser, assisted by Tom Richards, will make her vaudeville debut at the Colonial Theatre on Sept. 23, in an act that will give Miss Glaser plenty of opportunity for songs and comedy.

MRS. H. H. ROGERS DIES ON A TRAIN

Widow of Standard Oil Man Succumbs to Heart Disease on Way Here from Bretton Woods, N. H.

STRICKEN IN THE MOUNTAINS

Doctor Opposed Trip, but Mrs. Rogers Wanted to See Her Home Again—Nurses with Her in Private Car.

Mrs. Emelie Augusta Randel Rogers, widow of Henry H. Rogers of the Standard Oil Company, died on the Pullman car Sunset yesterday morning while en route from Bretton Woods, N. H., to her home in this city. The Sunset was attached to the White Mountain Express, and when that train arrived at the Grand Central Station at 8:30 o'clock yesterday morning, fifty minutes behind time, Mrs. Rogers had then been dead several hours. Heart disease, from which she had been a sufferer for many years, was the cause of death.

On the train with Mrs. Rogers when she died were Charles Benner of 100 Broadway, who was Mrs. Rogers's attorney, Mrs. Anderson, the housekeeper in the Rogers home in this city, who for years had been more of a trusted friend than anything else to Mrs. Rogers, two nurses, and Mrs. Rogers's maid. Mrs. Rogers became unconscious soon after 2 o'clock yesterday morning, and died sometime between 4 and 5 o'clock.

Mrs. Rogers had spent her Summers in New Hampshire for many years past, and when she left her home at 3 East Seventy-first Street last June she was thought to be in better health than for a long time past. Until about ten days ago there was no occasion for alarm. Then she was stricken again, and never rallied. Mrs. Rogers realized her condition was very serious, and last Tuesday she sent a telegram to Mr. Benner urging him to hurry to Bretton Woods.

Mr. Benner was at his Summer home in Connecticut at the time, and he did not get the message until Wednesday. He started at once for Bretton Woods, and arrived there at 8 o'clock Thursday night. He found Mrs. Rogers very ill and under the care of Dr. Eugene White of the Hotel Mount Washington and two nurses. Mrs. Rogers told Mr. Benner that she was anxious, despite her illness, to start at once for New York. Dr. White strongly opposed her in this desire, and Mr. Benner agreed with him that it would be better for Mrs. Rogers to remain at Bretton Woods instead of undertaking the long rail journey to New York.

"Mrs. Rogers had made up her mind, however," said Mr. Benner yesterday afternoon, "and she was not to be persuaded to change it. As a matter of fact, I think that she anticipated that the end was probably near, and she wanted to see her home again. Accordingly, we reluctantly agreed to gratify her, and made arrangements to take her to New York.

Nurses with Her Constantly.

"We chartered the private car Sunset, and late Thursday afternoon she was carried on a stretcher from her hotel to the train. Dr. White was unable to accompany us to New York, but he gave instructions to the nurses concerning their care of Mrs. Rogers en route. The nurses never left Mrs. Rogers for a moment, and she appeared to be standing the trip very well, when about 2 o'clock she had a sudden turn for the worse. She soon became unconscious, and some time between 4 and 5 o'clock this morning she breathed her last. The nurses were unable to tell the exact time of her death, owing to the motion of the train, which made it impossible to ascertain when her pulse ceased to beat."

The Sunset was in charge of Conductor Osborne, and when the White Mountain Express came into the Grand Central yesterday morning he sprang from the front car of the train and ran to the emergency station in the building and summoned Dr. MacLeod. Dr. MacLeod remained in the car but a moment, and then came out and notified Coroner Holtzhauser, who issued an order permitting the removal of the body to the Rogers home, in East Seventy-eighth Street.

Mrs. Rogers was 65 years old and was the second wife of Mr. Rogers. Mr. Rogers's first wife, who was Miss Abbie T. Gifford of Fairhaven, Mass., died in 1895. She was the mother of the four surviving Rogers children. The second Mrs. Rogers, to whom the Standard Oil magnate was married in 1896, was Mrs. Emelie Augusta Randel Hart, widow of Lucius R. Hart. There were no children by Mr. Rogers's second marriage.

Had $100,000 Annual Income.

In his will Henry H. Rogers, in addition to providing an annual income of $100,000 in trust for his wife, bequeathed to her the use of the Rogers home in East Seventy-eighth Street, together with all of his bric-a-brac, works of art, furniture, chinaware, books, pictures, the use of his stable and garage, and all of his automobiles, carriages, and horses. Mr. Rogers ordered his executors to set aside a fund of not less than $2,500,000, or more than $3,000,000 for the purpose of providing the life income of $100,000 annually for his widow.

An incident which occurred Thursday night during the departure from the Hotel Mount Washington, Bretton Woods, of Mrs. Rogers was typical of the widow of Mr. Rogers. She was noted for her liberality, especially to serving people, and as she was carried from the hotel she was much worried because she did not have her purse with her. As she passed the various employes of the hotel who had helped to make her stay comfortable there, she kept repeating: "I will remember you. Don't think I have forgotten."

She ordered that other members of her party leave the matter of rewarding the employes to her, when they offered to do her the service.

Mrs. Rogers is survived by her four stepchildren, who are Capt. Henry H. Rogers, Jr., Mrs. Urban H. Broughton, Mrs. William R. Coe, and Mrs. William Evarts Benjamin. None of them was in New York when Mrs. Rogers died. Capt. Rogers was away on an automobile trip, while the three stepdaughters are all in Europe. Capt. Rogers telegraphed that he would arrive last night, as did also the Misses Skinner of West Ossippe, N. H., who were cousins of Mrs. Rogers.

LADY FRANCIS HOPE DIES.

Wife of Former Husband of May Yohe Expires in Switzerland.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 30.—Lady Francis Hope, wife of the younger brother of the Duke of Newcastle, died to-day in Switzerland.

Lady Francis Hope, the second wife of Lord Hope, was Olive Muriel Thompson, daughter of George H. Thompson, a banker of Melbourne, Australia, and formerly the wife of Richard Owen, whom she divorced. Her marriage to Lord Hope took place Feb. 27, 1904. They had three children, Henry Edward Hugh, born April 8, 1907; Doria Lois, born June 17, 1908, and Mary, born July 4, 1910. They made their home recently in Castle Blarney, Ireland. The present Duke is the seventh in succession, Henry Pelham Archibald Douglas. His younger brother and heir presumptive, Lord Henry Francis Pelham Clinton, assumed by royal license in 1887 the additional surname and arms of Hope. Lord Hope was late Lieutenant of the Nottinghamshire yeomanry cavalry, and while on a hunting trip in Scotland received a gunshot wound in the foot, which caused such dangerous symptoms that it was found necessary to amputate his foot. He has since used an artificial limb.

The first wife of Lord Francis Hope was May Yohe, an American actress, daughter of William Yohe. They were married in 1894. Lord Hope divorced her in 1902. She returned to this country and subsequently eloped with Capt. Putnam Bradlee Strong, son of ex-Mayor Strong of this city.

Dr. J. Wallace Beveridge Ill.

Dr. J. Wallace Beveridge of 40 East Forty-first Street, a member of the faculty of the Cornell Medical School, has been suffering for three weeks with mastoiditis. Dr. H. H. Forbes, who has been attending him, said last night that Dr. Beveridge's condition was very satisfactory.

RT. REV. C. C. GRAFTON DEAD.

Bishop of Fond du Lac Was Author of Many Religious Works.

The Right Rev. Charles Chapman Grafton, Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Fond du Lac, Wis., died at his home in that city yesterday. He was born in Boston, April 12, 1830. He was educated at the Boston Latin School and at Harvard University, being a member of the class of '53, and he was one of the oldest living graduates of that institution. Bishop Grafton before his elevation to the Bishopric held pastorates in Boston, Baltimore, and other places. In 1889 he was consecrated Bishop of Fond du Lac.

In 1865, with the Rev. R. M. Benson, Bishop Grafton organized in England the Society of St. John the Evangelist, known as the "Cowley Fathers." He also established the affiliated house of the St. Margaret's Sisterhood of England in Boston, the mother house of the Sisters of the Holy Nativity at Providence, R. I., and Grafton Hall, a school for young women, at Fond du Lac, Wis.

Bishop Grafton was the author of many religious works, among them "Vocation; or, Call of the Divine Master to a Sister's Life," "Plain Suggestions for a Reverent Celebration of the Holy Communion," the Fond du Lac Tracts, and the Catholic Atlas.

EX-CHIEF JUSTICE HARTWELL.

Former Head of Supreme Court of Hawaii Dies in Honolulu.

HONOLULU, Aug. 30.—Ex-Chief Justice Alfred Stedman Hartwell, of the Supreme Court, Hawaii, died here to-day.

Justice Hartwell, who was a native of Dedham, Mass., was born in that town in 1836, the son of Stedman and Rebecca Dana Perry Hartwell. He was a graduate of Harvard of the class of 1858, and of the Harvard Law School of the class of 1866. Practically all of his professional life was spent in Hawaii, he having emigrated to the Hawaiian Islands immediately after he was graduated from the Harvard Law School.

Justice Hartwell was a Union soldier and served throughout the civil war, rising from the ranks to be Colonel of one of the Massachusetts volunteer regiments. He was brevetted a Brigadier General by President Lincoln for gallantry in several important battles. He was the first Associate Justice of the Hawaiian Supreme Court, to which position he was appointed by the King of Hawaii in 1868. He was also at one time Attorney General of Hawaii, and also the Special Agent of the Territory in Washington.

COL. A. S. ALEXANDER DIES.

Democratic Candidate for Congress Stricken After Campaigning.

Col. Archibald S. Alexander of Hoboken, a member of the Stevens family of Castle Point, Democratic candidate for Congress from the Hoboken district, and a member of the staff of Gov. Woodrow Wilson, the Democratic candidate for President, died in St. Luke's Hospital yesterday. He had been ill less than two weeks of typhoid fever. He was stricken at the end of a day of strenuous campaigning in the district that he had hoped to represent in Congress.

Col. Alexander was only 32 years old. He was a graduate of Princeton, and had served three terms as a member of the New Jersey Legislature. In April, 1905, Col. Alexander married Miss Helen Tracy Barney, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Tracy Barney of this city. The wedding was attended among others by Mrs. Vanderbilt, Miss Gladys Vanderbilt, who has since married Count Szechenyi; Mr. and Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, Mrs. Stanford White, and Mr. and Mrs. H. McK. Twombly.

Col. Alexander was one of Gov. Wilson's strongest supporters as well as closest friends.

Justice Charles Austin Blair.

Associate Justice Charles Austin Blair of the Supreme Court of Michigan died at his home, in Lansing, Mich., yesterday. His death was sudden and was due to heart disease. Justice Blair was a son of the late Gov. Austin Blair of Michigan. He was 58 years old and had been an Associate Justice of the Michigan Supreme Court since 1904. Prior to his elevation to the bench Justice Blair was Attorney General of Michigan. In 1879 he married Miss Effie Caroline North of Jackson, Mich.

Obituary Notes.

GEORGE M. WHITAKER, Secretary of the National Dairy Union, and President of the Farmers' National Congress, is dead in Fort Atkinson, Wis. He was born in 1851 at Southbridge, Mass.

SAMUEL FLETCHER, who served two terms as a member of the Board of Aldermen of Jersey City, died at his home, 303 Grand Street, that city, on Thursday. Mr. Fletcher was 48 years of age, and had lived most of his life in Jersey City. He was a Democrat, and prominent in many fraternal organizations. His wife and son survive him.

JOHN J. HUGHES, Registrar of the Albany Law School, died at his home in that city on Thursday. He was 52 years of age, and numbered among his friends hundreds of lawyers, many of them graduates of the Albany Law School. Mr. Hughes had been in ill-health for more than two years.

FRANKLIN WILLIS QUEREAU, a former member of the Twenty-third Regiment of Brooklyn, and at the time of his death an employe of the International Mercantile Marine, died on Wednesday at his home, 181 St. James Place, Brooklyn. A widow and four children survive him.

EDWARD DOLSON BLISS, who was a cabin boy on the United States warship Santee during the civil war, died at his home, 880 De Kalb Avenue, Brooklyn, on Wednesday. He was Commodore of the National Association of Naval Veterans. For thirty-five years he had been engaged in the manufacture of suspenders. A widow and two daughters survive him.

CAPT. RICHARD ROBINS, who fought in many battles of the civil war, died at his home in Boston on Thursday. He was 69 years old, and a grandson of Col. Thomas Crafts, who was a member of the "Boston Tea Party," and who read the Declaration of Independence in the Council Chamber and also from the balcony of the old State House on July 18, 1776. Throughout the civil war Capt. Robins served in the regular army. Besides his widow, he left a son and daughter.

JAMES H. WILLIAMS, a wholesale coal dealer, died on Thursday at his home, Oak Lane, Philadelphia. He was 75 years old, and left a widow and four children.

CHARLES HART SPENCER of Pittsburgh whose Summer home was at Spring Lake, N. J., died at the Monmouth Memorial Hospital, Long Branch, N. J., on Thursday. His death followed an operation for appendicitis. He was 60 years of age.

Capt. DENNU M. HUMPHREYS, a veteran skipper and known all along the Atlantic Coast, is dead in Bath, Me., where he had made his home since he retired from the sea many years ago. Capt. Humphreys was 75 years old.

Mrs. ANNA MOREL, wife of Thomas Morel of Ottawa, Canada, died on Wednesday at the home of her brother, Dr. William H. McKay, in Bayside, L. I. She leaves a husband and three small children.

Mrs. ADA BEDDALL, wife of Edward F. Beddall, President and Director of the Queens Insurance Company of America, 84 William Street, died yesterday after a long illness at her home, Larchmont, Manor, Larchmont, N. Y. She was born in Rochester, England, 71 years ago, the daughter of Frederick and Katherine Furrell. She was married to Mr. Beddall in London in 1864. Besides her husband, Mrs. Beddall is survived by a daughter and son.

WILLIAM H. LOUNSBURY, a civil engineer, died at his home, 58 Elm Street, Morristown, N. J., Thursday night, from paralysis. Entering the civil war in Company K, New Jersey Volunteer Engineers, Mr. Lounsbury served throughout the conflict and was a Sergeant when honorably discharged. After the war he became manager for Colgate & Co. of New York, and later engaged in business in Morristown.

WALTER E. MACQUESTEN of 639 Ridge Street, Newark, N. J., Master of Hyatt Lodge 205, F. and A. M. of New York, is dead, following an operation for appendicitis in the Homeopathic Hospital, Newark. He was the son of the Rev. Rockwood MacQuesten and Mrs. Emma Sanborn MacQuesten. His wife, who survives him, was Miss Florence M. Downing of Flushing. Mr. MacQuesten was a special agent in New Jersey for the Hanover Insurance Company of New York.

GEORGE WASHINGTON, a planter, collateral kinsman of Gen. George Washington and a native and resident of Westmoreland County, where the first President was born, died in a hospital in Richmond, Va., yesterday, of heart disease. He was 58 years old.

Mrs. SYLVIA J. SYLVESTER, a wealthy resident of Vineland, N. J., died yesterday in De Land, Florida. She was 62 years old.

Mrs. LAURA BROWNLEE CROSBIE, wife of the Rev. Alexander H. Crosbie, pastor of the Westminster United Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, died Thursday at the church rectory, 702 Decatur Street. She was born in Washington, Penn., on Sept. 2, 1858. Mrs. Crosbie was President of the Ladies' Aid Society of her husband's church.

ROBERT PEARSON KNAUFF, 23 years old, of Oak Lane, a suburb of Philadelphia, was drowned at Lake Sunapee, N. H., yesterday, while attempting to swim across the lake. He was a brother of Jack Norworth, the vaudeville actor.

SUNDAY MAIL ORDERS OUT.

Postmasters Instructed to Deliver It to Hotels and Newspapers.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—The enforcement of the new Sunday closing law with respect to the window delivery of mail to the general public will not interfere with the delivery of mail to hotel guests, newspaper offices, news dealers, and others who have been in the habit of receiving their mail on Sundays for many years past. This fact was made clear to-day in a circular letter of instructions which Postmaster General Hitchcock issued to the several thousand Postmasters in charge of the first and second class offices, to which the Sunday closing provision of the new Post Office Appropriation act is applicable.

These instructions were necessary because of the misunderstanding and doubt existing throughout the country as to the effect of the Sunday closing provision and the liberality with which it would be construed by the head of the department. Not only has the department been deluged with requests from hotel men, traveling salesmen, business houses, and newspaper proprietors, who have appealed direct to Washington for the facts, but also with requests from first and second class Postmasters, who have been almost as much in doubt as their patrons over the attitude of the department. These requests were so unanimous and insistent that Postmaster General Hitchcock found it absolutely necessary to issue a letter of instructions that goes into considerable details regarding what first and second class Postmasters are to do, &c.

Telegraphic instructions were likewise sent to the principal Postmasters, directing them to take care of newspaper, news dealers, and hotel mail as in the past, and to see that it was delivered.

For many years it has been the practice of the Washington Post Office to give expeditious deliveries of special mail matter of all kinds to newspaper offices and correspondents. Probably there is no city in the country where newspaper men receive their mail so promptly and painstakingly as in Washington, but the delivery of Sunday mail by letter carriers to them and hotels will be discontinued after next Sunday, and they can now only obtain their mail by applying for it at the Post Office.

PARCELS YOU CAN MAIL.

Bourne Gives Provisions Covering Weight, Size, Distances, and Charges.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—Senator Bourne, Chairman of the Senate Committee on Post Offices, has been almost inundated with inquiries about the details of the provisions of the new parcels post law, which will become effective on Jan. 1 next. He made response to-day in a general circular letter in which he gave this official summary of the exact effect of the new law:

"Any article is mailable if not over eleven pounds in weight, nor more than seventy-two inches in length and girth combined, nor likely to injure the mails or postal equipment of employes. Flat rate of 1 cent per ounce up to four ounces, regardless of distance. Above four ounces, for first pound, each additional pound and eleven pounds upward, respectively, rural route and city delivery, 5, 1, and 15 cents, respectively; fifty-mile zone, 5, 3, and 35 cents; 150-mile zone, 6, 4, and 46 cents; 300-mile zone, 7, 5, and 57 cents; 600-mile zone, 8, 6, and 68 cents; 1,000-mile zone, 9, 7, and 79 cents; 1,400-mile zone, 10 cents, 9 cents, and $1; 1,800-mile zone, 11 cents, 10 cents, and $1.11; over 1,800 miles, 12 cents, 12 cents, and $1.32.

"The Postmaster General may make provision for indemnity, insurance, and collection on delivery, with additional charges for such service, and may, with the consent of the Inter-State Commerce Commission, after investigation, modify rates, weights, and zone distances, when experience has demonstrated the needs therefor."

EVERGLADES CHARGES FAIL.

Government Has Indictments Against Agriculture Officials Quashed.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—Indictments against Charles G. Elliott, former chief drainage engineer of the Department of Agriculture; A. D. Morehouse, his assistant; F. E. Singleton, chief accountant of the department, and R. P. Teele, formerly an accountant, charging them with having approved and presented false vouchers against the Government, and for which they were dismissed from the service, were quashed to-day by request of the Government.

The indictments grew out of the Florida Everglades land inquiry, and pertained especially to payments for drainage in North Carolina and Oklahoma. The Government in asking that the indictments be quashed, stated that investigation showed there was no intent to defraud the Government.

In both majority and minority reports of the Moss Committee, which investigated the Florida Everglades affair, engineer Elliott and his associates were declared to have been too severely disciplined by the department in dismissing them for technical violation of the law. Mr. Elliott incurred the enmity of certain land agents through the issuance of a circular letter declaring that the Government survey of the Everglades had not proceeded far enough to determine the agricultural value of the lands in question.

HOLD WOMAN FOR BURGLARY.

$10,000 in Stolen Goods Found in Home of Mrs. Rosa Van Schweiger.

Mrs. Rosa Van Schweiger, the young proprietress of a Third Avenue boarding house where, according to the police, Paul Rossman stored his loot from the homes in Larchmont and Mamaroneck, was arrested last evening on a warrant issued by Judge Adolph Hoer of Rye, N. Y. She was taken to White Plains and locked up there on a charge of burglary.

After Rossman's arrest the police said he confessed to many burglaries, and Detective Barber said that following Rossman's directions he found $10,000 worth of stolen goods in the basement of the house at 196 Third Avenue.

OFF FOR EUROPE TO-DAY.

Some of the Passengers Sailing on Eight Steamships.

Seven transatlantic liners sailing to-day and some of those booked to leave on them are:

OCEANIC, (Southampton)—J. H. Bennett, Mr. and Mrs. Roy Black, Mrs. M. A. Brooks, Miss A. T. Brooks, S. D. Brown, H. G. Byng, Percy V. Carr, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Clement, G. E. Cookson, H. Dawson, Dr. Franklin Dexter, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Flint, Benjamin A. Franklin, Mrs. A. L. M. Fraser, F. Gray, S. A. Harding, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. D Lanier, Mr. and Mrs. Guy Lowell, L. W. Rand, Joseph Rathburn, E. T. Sawter, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Taylor, Capt. L. D. Wainwright, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Wilson.

PHILADELPHIA, (Southampton)—W. S. Andrews, Mrs. O. K. Baker, C. Clifton, Miss Azelia Heveton.

THAMES, (Southampton via West Indies.)—R. A. Bogert, Miss L. S. Brandon, Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Burns, J. Howard Millar, Byron A. Simpson, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Spurgeon, William J. Wilson.

COLUMBIA (Glasgow)—Miss Margaret Kemp, R. V. Lewis, George Lemon, James Mennell, John A. Wallace, Mrs. R. P. Robertson, Miss Ethel M. Phillips.

KROONLAND, (Antwerp)—Mrs. E. B. Bates, Miss R. S. Bushnell, Miss Elizabeth Hickey, Mrs. I. T. Mann, Mrs. E. Norton.

BREMEN, (Bremen)—Mrs. M. Arnold, Mrs. M. Sachs, Mr. and Mrs. A. Sperling, Mr. and Mrs. C. Paltu.

MINNEHAHA, (London)—Mrs. A. Adam, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Ames, Mrs. J. Baird, Major Buckley, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Carson, Mrs. W. S. Fisher, Dr. E. L. Marshall, Miss Grace Moon, E. G. S. Tanner, H. C. Winters, Dr. Levy Tapping, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Ward, Mason White.

PRESIDENT LINCOLN, (Hamburg)—Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Bowen, Mrs. L. C. Bange, Miss E. M. Cross, Miss M. Howell, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Johnson, J. E. Miller, Dr. and Mrs. A. T. Newcomb, F. W. Sim, A. H. Tetlow, Richard Thomas, the Rev. J. J. Tompkins, James Warren.

BOOK SELLERS TO THE WORLD
AUGUST SALE
Of CHOICE SETS OF THE BEST AUTHORS, in various styles of Bindings, done to our own order. An opportunity to obtain GOOD BARGAINS of GENUINE VALUE.
BRENTANO'S
5th Ave. and 27th St., New York.

AUTO HITS RAILS; SIX HURT.

Entire Party, Bound for Yacht Outing, Injured—Broker May Die.

A big touring car owned by William Sheehan of 887 Freeman Street, the Bronx, and carrying in all five men and one woman, smashed into a pile of car rails at the south end of City Island Bridge early yesterday morning. All the passengers were injured. One of them, Aloysius Nestor, a real estate broker, was badly hurt. The injured were:

NESTOR, ALOYSIUS, a real estate broker, 622 East 163d Street; fractured skull, lacerations and contusions of body; will probably die.

LEE, CLIFFORD, 25 years old, of 267 East 146th Street; lacerations of head and fracture of arm.

HART, WILLIAM, 24 years old, of 975 Grant Avenue; bruises of body and limbs.

MURRAY, ISABELLE, 21 years old, of 1,051 Stebbins Avenue; contusions and shock.

SHEEHAN, WILLIAM, 26 years old, of 887 Freeman Street; bruises of body and limbs.

CLEVELAND, HARRY, of 1,058 Southern Boulevard; bruises of body.

The party was on the way to the Harlem Yacht Club to enjoy a cruise in the auxiliary yacht Nestor, left to Miss Mary Nestor by the late Coroner Schwannecke. The Coroner died recently following injuries received in a fall. Miss Nestor was the head of the clerical force in his office.

The party for the cruise was hastily made up and a preliminary trip through the Bronx was made. Then a short stop was made at the Criterion Restaurant, at 149th Street and Third Avenue. After this the journey to City Island was begun. The big car had just passed through Pelham Parkway and was almost clear of the bridge when it rammed the pile of rails. Nestor was thrown out. His head struck an electric light pole.

Mounted Policeman Wilkins sent a call to the Fordham Hospital for an ambulance, where Nestor and Lee were taken. Sheehan, who was driving the car, was locked up in the City Island Station under a technical charge of assault. The others went to their homes.

AMERICAN KILLED IN TYROL.

Mrs. Funiack of New York Victim of Auto Accident—Two Others Hurt.

GARMISCH, Bavaria, Aug. 30.—A woman said to be Mrs. Funiack of New York was killed to-day in an automobile accident near Zirl, in the Tyrol.

Mrs. Sang and her mother and son, described as Americans residing near Paris, Mrs. Browning of New York, and Messrs. Garbett and Harrison of London, and an English chauffeur were the other occupants of the machine. One of the women is reported to have been seriously injured and one man to have had an arm broken. The other members of the party escaped with minor hurts.

The accident was caused by the disarrangement of the brake of the car.

The Paris directory gives a Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Sang as living in the Boulevard des Batignolles in that city.

None of the New York directories contains the name of Funiack.

MAYOR DEFENDS NEWPORT

And League Secretary Warns Him to Act or Remedies Will Be Applied.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 30.—Mayor Patrick J. Boyle to-day answered the Law Enforcement League with reference to the cleaning up of Newport. He says in part:

"It has been my pleasure on many occasions to voice the pride which Newporters have for their city, but there are those in our city who would blacken our name, and present us to the world in an entirely different light.

"One would imagine from reading the stories of newspaper correspondents that conditions are much worse than they really are. I venture the assertion that in no other city of the same size as Newport is there less vice, immorality, or corruption than in Newport. The members of these leagues, who, overlooking their individual faults, are so intent to aid their brothers, have to have domineering carpetbaggers come here and assume a dominating position to fool the native-born, but only when there is a good salary attached."

C. W. Gould, Secretary of the league, issued a public letter to-night in which, after calling upon the Mayor to close the gambling places and other resorts, says: "If you do not at once perform your sworn duty in the premises we will have recourse to other remedies under the law."

SURROGATE CREATED A PAPER

Fosdick Finds It After Its Failure with Court Patronage Alone.

Commissioner Fosdick sent to the Mayor yesterday a report of his investigation of advertising designations by the Surrogates' office. The Commissioner was requested to make the investigation by the Chairman of the Grievance Committee of the Bar Association. He found that a paper called The Civic Summons had been brought into existence for the purpose of printing $1,000 of advertising matter by order of Surrogate Cohalan in 1910 and a part of 1911. The paper was published, says the report, by Timothy Murray, a lawyer of 165 Broadway. It had no paid circulation, but was distributed to stores and in the hallways of apartment houses by boys.

Murray, the report says, testified that Surrogate Cohalan was a friend of his, and that when he asked for some advertising the request was granted. The advertisements consisted of citations and notices to creditors to present claims, and were paid for out of the funds of the estates. The paper proved to be a financial failure and was suspended.

The Commissioner points out that the Code of Civil Procedure provides that Surrogates' notices and citations shall be published in newspapers to be designated by the Surrogate, the object of the publication being to give notice to the persons interested, and he adds:

"A compliance with the spirit of the law, therefore, would be the designation of such generally read and established newspapers as would most likely reach the parties concerned. A paper with no paid circulation, the gratuitous distribution of which is confined to a small locality, is not a newspaper within the general acceptance of the term, but rather within the classification of handbills."

TO WELCOME THE FLEET.

Mayor Gaynor Names a Citizens' Committee of 400.

Mayor Gaynor has appointed a committee of 400 citizens to arrange for the welcoming and entertainment of the officers and sailors of the Atlantic, Atlantic Reserve and Torpedo Fleets and other naval organizations stationed in Atlantic waters, 120 vessels in all, to be mobilized in the Hudson River early in October. In announcing the appointment of the Committee of 400 yesterday, Mayor Gaynor called attention to the big scope of the coming naval display which among other things is to be reviewed at anchor and under way by the President of the United States.

Herman Ridder has summoned the committee to meet for organization in the Aldermanic Chamber of the City Hall on Tuesday, Sept. 3, at 2 P. M.

14th Baby Breaks Judge's Hoodoo.

Special to The New York Times.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Aug. 30.—The fourteenth child was born to-day to the wife of Richard B. Russell, Judge of the Georgia Supreme Court and a former candidate for Governor. Judge Russell, in announcing the event, said he was bound to break the unlucky thirteen hoodoo.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

HARRIS—BLANC.—On Friday, Aug. 30, 1912, in New York City, by the Hon. P. Henry Dugro, Justice of the Supreme Court, Kate Blanc, daughter of Mrs. Frederick O. Prince of New Orleans, to Sidney Harris of New York.

Brooklyn.

BYXBEE—CHINCHILLA.—Aug. 30, Estella W. Chinchilla to Clarence B. Byxbee.

HAMMERSLEY — CHINCHILLA. — Aug. 29, Irene Chinchilla to Charles Hammersley.

McCANN—DIXON.—Aug. 29, Mary T. Dixon to Daniel A. McCann.

Newark.

RODEWALD—RAPP.—Aug. 29, Wilhelmina Rapp to Arthur P. Rodewald.

Married.

Long Island.

BOCK—LANG.—Aug. 28, Winfield, Emma Lang to Gustave Bock.

JACKSON—JOHNSTON.—Aug. 29, Jamaica, Mary A. Johnston to E. Calvin Jackson.

NASTRON—MANS.—Aug. 29, Maspeth, Minnie Mans to Oscar Nastron.

Westchester County.

POWERS—RUDD.—Aug. 28, Florence Rudd to George A. Powers.

Died.

AMERMAN.—On Aug. 28, suddenly, Miss Harriet W., daughter of the late Richard W. and Matilda K. Amerman. Funeral service at St. James's Methodist Episcopal Church, 126th St. and Madison Av., on Saturday, at 1:30 P. M.

ARNOLD.—On Friday, Aug. 30, 1912, Eliza A. Arnold, wife of William Arnold and mother of Adele M. Leypoldt and William J. Arnold. Funeral services Monday, Sept. 2, 1912, at 11 A. M., at the Church of the Beloved Disciple, 89th St., near Madison Av. Interment private.

BEDDALL.—At her residence, Larchmont Manor, N. Y., Aug. 30, 1912, Ada, wife of Edward F. Beddall, in the 71st year of her age. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

BOYLE.—At Plainfield, N. J., at her late residence on Park Av., Angelina B. Boyle, in her 91st year. Funeral service at Grace Church, 3 P. M., Tuesday, Sept. 3.

CAMMANN.—At Somerville, N. J., Aug. 29, Walter, aged 46 years. Funeral from his late residence, Altamont Place, Saturday, at 3 P. M. Friends of family invited to attend. Please omit flowers.

HENDRICKSON.—On Thursday, Aug. 29, Margaret Hendrickson, widow of Nicholas Hendrickson and daughter of the late Joseph and Emma Oliver. Funeral services from her late residence, No. 563 Madison St., on Sunday, Sept. 1, at 2 P. M.

HUMPHREY.—On Aug. 29, at New York Hospital, Eugenie, wife of H. C. Humphrey. Funeral services at her home, 262 Clinton Place, Hackensack, N. J., at 3 P. M., Aug. 31.

ISHAM.—Suddenly, Aug. 29, of peritonitis, Christina B., daughter of Frank W. and Mary Rowland Isham, Membership Secretary of the Young Women's Christian Association of New York, aged 36. Funeral services at her late home, residence of Mrs. C. C. Morrow, 58 Ingraham Place, Newark, Saturday morning, at 11. Brief services at Greenwood Cemetery, Brooklyn, 3 P. M.

JOHNSTON.—Edward W. Scudder, 52 East 75th St., died suddenly at Allenhurst, N. J., son of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Johnston and beloved husband of Mary Manderville. Funeral notice later.

LA BAU.—On Aug. 30, 1912, Lydia F., widow of William B. La Bau, in her 79th year. Funeral services at the CHAPEL OF THE HOME, 104th St. and Amsterdam Av., on Saturday, Aug. 31, at 2 P. M. Interment Metuchen, N. J. Train leaves Pennsylvania Railroad depot, 33d St., 4:08 P. M., Aug. 31.

MEE.—At Presbyterian Hospital, on Aug. 30, 1912, Jane, beloved wife of John J. Mee. Funeral services on Sunday, 2 P. M., at Chapel of Heavenly Rest Church, 3 East 45th St.

O'KEEFE.—Hugh, beloved husband of Catherine O'Keefe. Funeral from his late residence, 31 West 102d St., Monday, Sept. 2, 1:30 P. M.

OSBORN.—At Tobyhanna, Monroe County, Penn., Aug. 22, 1912, Augusta Osborn, daughter of late H. E. Osborn of London, England, aged 32.

RENNER.—On Friday, Aug. 30, 1912, Frederick A. E. Renner, aged 42 years. Relatives and friends, also members of Marsh Lodge, No. 188, F. & A. M., Empire State Lodge, No. 160, Columbian Knights, are respectfully invited to attend funeral service to be held at his late residence, 994 Bushwick Av., Brooklyn, on Sunday evening, Sept. 1, 1912, at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

ROGERS.—On Friday, Aug. 30, 1912, Emily Randel, widow of Henry H. Rogers. Notice of funeral hereafter.

RUSHMORE.—Suddenly, at Haines Falls, N. Y., Aug. 29, 1912, Caroline A., wife of Merwin Rushmore. Funeral services at her late residence, 477 Washington Av., Brooklyn, N. Y., on Sunday, Sept. 1, 1912, at 3 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

SJOSTROM.—Emma Trine, beloved wife of P. Robert G. Sjostrom of Sutton Manor, New Rochelle, suddenly, Friday evening, at her home. Funeral private.

STONE.—At Delhi, N. Y., on Wednesday, Aug. 28, Harold Woodruff Stone, aged 26 years, son of Caroline W. Stone and the late Howard L. Stone of New York. Funeral services and interment at Delhi, N. Y., on Saturday, Aug. 31.

UPSHUR.—At Wilton, N. H., the 29th inst., Miss Virginia Upshur, formerly of Boston, daughter of Abby F. and the late Littleton D. Upshur. Funeral private from her late home, Montclair, N. J. Boston and Washington papers please copy.

VAIL.—On Thursday, Aug. 29, Mary Murray, daughter of the late Richard Montgomery and Mary Armstrong Vail. Funeral services at her late residence, 235 West 102d St., on Saturday, 31st, at 10 o'clock A. M. Interment at Florida, N. Y.

VOCKE.—Suddenly, on Thursday, Aug. 29, 1912, Herman H. F. Vocke, in his 57th year. Relatives and friends, also members of the Brotherhood of St. John's Evangelical Lutheran Church and the Verein Buer, are invited to attend funeral servicts at his late residence, 66 West 164th St., on Sunday, Sept. 1, at 5 P. M. Take Ogden Av. car at 155th St. viaduct. Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

BORST.—George, 3,008 3d Av., Aug. 28, aged 66. Funeral to-morrow, 1 P. M.

BRENNAN.—Margaret, 398 3d Av., Aug. 28. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

CAREW.—John, 209 East 28th St., Aug. 29. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

DAVIDSON.—Edward, Aug. 28, aged 41. Funeral 1,657 Lexington Av.

DIXON.—Sarah A., 2,058 Belmont Av., Bronx, Aug. 29. Funeral notice later.

DOWLING.—Michael J., 409 West 25th St., Aug. 29. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

FLEISCH.—Annie M., 950 Washington Av., Bronx, Aug. 29, aged 73. Funeral to-morrow.

HANSEL.—Elizabeth, 2,388 Tiebout Av., Bronx, Aug. 29. Funeral to-morrow, 11:30 A. M.

HORAN.—Thomas J., 157 East 38th St., Aug. 28. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

KAVANAUGH.—Mary T., 330 East 22d St., Aug. 29. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

KENNEY.—Patrick, 1,705 2d Av., Aug. 28. Funeral private.

KINSELLA.—Margaret L., 286 West 147th St., Aug. 29, aged 12. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

McFADDEN.—Margaret, 120 White St., Aug. 29. Funeral notice later.

MALONEY.—John, Aug. 29, aged 32. Funeral 171 8th Av., to-day, 9 A. M.

SCHICK.—Dora, 521 West 182d St., Aug. 28.

SHAUT.—Jennie, 835 Kelly St., Bronx, Aug. 29. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

SULLIVAN.—Lawrence, 147 East 97th St., Aug. 28. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

THIEBAUTH.—Sophie, 504 1st Av., Aug. 29. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

TULLY.—Ellen, 446 West 125th St., Aug. 28.

Brooklyn.

BARREBA.—Jennie M. H., 344 15th St., Aug. 29. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

CALLAN.—Bridget, 29 Marion St., Aug. 29. Funeral notice later.

CROSBIE.—Laura B., 702 Decatur St., Aug. 29, aged 55. Funeral service to-day.

DENN.—James, 652 East 5th St., Aug. 29.

ENGEL.—Arthur, 336 Fenimore St., Aug. 29, aged 16. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

HAYTEM.—John, 310 Hicks St., Aug. 29. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

KAPPEL.—Minnie, 3,496 Atlantic Av., Aug. 29, aged 65. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MACDONALD.—John, 619 Nostrand Av., Aug. 29, aged 77.

MARTIN.—Clara L., 300 Hemlock St., Aug. 28. Funeral service to-day.

MORLE.—Evelyn, 137 Fort Greene Place, Aug. 29. Funeral private.

NOBBE.—William, 385 Central Av., Aug. 29. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

O'DONNELL.—Ellen, 702 Henry St., Aug. 28, aged 70. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

PETTIT.—Amanda, 104 Vernon Av., Aug. 30. Funeral notice later.

PRINCIPE.—Frank, Brooklyn Hospital, Aug. 28.

QUEREAU.—Frank W., 181 St. James Place, Aug. 28, aged 63. Funeral to-morrow, 3 P. M.

QUINN.—Michael E., 112 Wythe Av., Aug. 29. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

RICHTER.—Pauline, 446 Sackett St., Aug. 28. Funeral private.

SCHLEUTER.—Anna, 454 44th St., Aug. 29, aged 68. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SHELVY.—Julia, 1,152 Gates Av., Aug. 30, aged 71. Funeral to-morrow.

Jersey City.

DAVISON.—Charles G., Christ Hospital, Aug. 28, aged 83.

FLETCHER.—Samuel, 303 Grand St., Aug. 29, aged 48.

Long Island.

BECKER.—John, College Point, Aug. 29.

COLLINS.—Mary K., Elmhurst, Aug. 28.

GERMAN.—Bertha, Babylon, Aug. 28, aged 62.

GORDON.—Abraham, West Hampton, Aug. 28, aged 73.

GORDON.—Henry, Forest Hills, Aug. 29. Funeral notice later.

McCONKEY.—Robert, Great Neck, Aug. 29.

MOREL.—Anna, Bayside, Aug. 28.

MULLER.—Gottlieb, Union Course, Aug. 29, aged 79. Funeral to-day, 3 P. M.

Westchester County.

RYAN.—John J., 122 South 5th Av., Mount Vernon, Aug. 29. Funeral to-day.

In Memoriam.

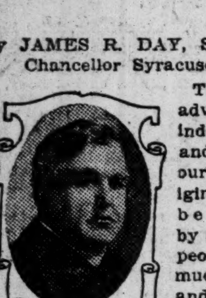
BEACH.—Mary L., mass St. James's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8:30 A. M.

UNDERTAKERS.
FRANK E. CAMPBELL N. Y. LEADING ESTB'MT
AUTO SERVICE 241 WEST 23D. NEVER CLOSED.
CEMETERIES.
THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
233d St. By Harlem Train and by Trolley. Office, 20 East 23d St., N. Y.

DAY ATTACKS FADDISTS AS ENEMIES OF EDUCATION

Syracuse University Chancellor Severely Arraigns Endowed Standardization Schemes and Finds Harm in Teachers' Pensions.

By JAMES R. DAY, S. T. D., LL. D.
Chancellor Syracuse University.



Chancellor Day.

The founding and advancement of the independent colleges and universities of our country, the original colleges, have been accomplished by a very few of the people and without much encouragement and with comparatively no financial assistance from the States. The States issued charters and when abuses had grown up by exploiters in education they provided supervision which protected degree giving institutions. With this general attitude there could be little objection, perhaps, except that the resources must necessarily be slow and inadequate.

The deep and unfailing interest of the few who took upon themselves the founding of our institutions of higher education accomplished wonders in their development, in endowments, equipments and efficient instruction. When the elective demands were imposed, these friends, undiscouraged by appalling increase of expenditures, responded to the new conditions with increased gifts and energy.

Although the proportion of the actual and practical friends of higher education has remained about the same, the amounts offered by them have reached vastly greater proportions.

Had the attitude of the State remained the same in general advisory guardianship only, the independent institutions, which are ten times more numerous than the State universities, would have made a far greater advance. But when the Government undertook the foundation of State universities, which, by the way, was not its original intention, it established a system which not only gave the country an inadequate foundation but it threw across the highway of hundreds of worthy, self-supporting institutions obstructions of competing institutions with State aid and free scholarships, which greatly increased the burdens of the independent institutions and added so much to their difficulties as to threaten their extinction in many cases. And not alone are these colleges and universities embarrassed by competition from the State, but taxes are imposed upon the institutions dependent upon the gifts of personal benefaction.

The university with which I have been associated for eighteen years is forced to pay the State over $20,000 a year taxes for the privilege of educating the young men and women of New York, while the State has given to a neighboring institution with a less enrollment of college students from $100,000 to $500,000 annually for work no more directly in the service of the State.

The work of the independent colleges is done for the State. They are not money making concerns. No one gets a dividend out of them. The salaries of men working in them are inadequate. The deficiencies of these colleges, running from $5,000 to $75,000 annually, is made up from the pockets of their generous friends. These patrons build up properties for endowment, that the colleges which they found may be put beyond accident of death, business depression, &c., and then their beneficiaries see the State come along and take tens of thousands of dollars from these same colleges, whose generous givers receive not a nickel from them, whose trustees do not even get their traveling expenses. Is it just? Is it fair? This money, and millions more, goes to the rival colleges founded by the State!

But not only so, the State competing institutions, offering free scholarships and working securely on moneys taxed from the patrons of independent colleges, enter the field of private benefactors, which fairness would indicate should be left to independently managed colleges, and appeal for private benefactions, for buildings and scholarships. They make the plea that they have no denomination behind them, and therefore are greatly embarrassed. Hundreds of thousands of dollars have been begged from the friends of independent colleges and added to the State appropriations by such ingenious pleas.

Are the independent colleges needed? If they all were taken out of our own State, for instance, what would be the result? They enroll over 30,000 students. Where would these students go? Are they essential to the State? Does the State need their hundreds of teachers in the public schools? Is it nothing that the State receives from them annually thousands of thoroughly equipped men and women to reinforce intelligently her numerous pursuits? Could this work be done without these institutions? If it would cost the State enormous sums of money to carry the work which is done by the generous gifts of this small per cent. of our citizens, should not the State encourage this great work by remitting taxes and by giving all colleges access to equal privileges of State scholarships at least?

Things are unequal. All of our higher educational institutions should be encouraged by the State. Certainly none of them should be discouraged by unfair discrimination.

The old bogy-man that has been used against just treatment all around is the State and Church. The Catholics would receive State aid.

In theological instruction they should not receive it, nor should any Church have it. But in secular education, in those forms that serve the State and that all men recognize is essential to the perpetuity of the State, and upon which there is no denominational controversy, there should be no discrimination. The State can know neither Protestant nor Catholic, neither Jew nor Gentile. They all are left to take care of their own churches in their own way. They all should be encouraged by the State to do work of education for the State. They began it. There would have been no colleges in our earlier history if they had not founded them. And they can do it safely, for in this they come under the supervision and control of the State through the Departments of Education.

We do not plead for the State to carry this work of education exclusively. It should not. The State should encourage her citizens to take up this work. It ennobles them. It develops the highest type of citizenship. It is an education upon the best use of money. It puts the heart of the patrons into the universities. That is an asset that cannot be withdrawn without more than money loss. But some way should be devised by which the State may be joined helpfully to her colleges, encouraging her citizens who now are carrying the great burden of the most of her forms of higher education.

A strong commission should be appointed in each State to devise a statesmanlike plan for the equalizing and reinforcing of the higher educational work of the State. It could place the emphasis upon such forms as the cultural, the vocational, and the professional in proportions that would relieve the haphazard and often wasteful practices of to-day.

Colleges long since ceased to be sectarian and denominational. All of them comprise men and women of all denominations. Protestants and Catholics have crossed the lines into each other's educational territory. Jews mingle with Gentiles in this common work and privilege.

The work done is done for the State and no use is made of the colleges and universities for religious propagandism. They all appeal in their practical work to the same code of morals, and that is the code that the State recognizes and it is the code of universal civilized mankind. There could be no possible embarrassment to the State in an impartial and generous treatment of all colleges furnishing secular instruction. To say that her only duty is to the common school is to say that the State has no interest except in men of the lowest degree of education and that the State must depend upon outside sources for her teachers of the high schools, from whence come teachers of her common schools, and upon outside sources for trained vocational teachers and the secular professions to which she gives no equivalent.

We venture that the time will come when the State will have to assume financial responsibility for all forms of secular instruction within her borders from the kindergarten to the university. This it can do without interfering with autonomous conditions or a dwarfing interference, as is admirably done now by the Department of Education in the work of entrance requirements, inspection and supervision under the Regents, and various boards of control.

There must be given to all colleges a fair, square chance, with no discrimination in favor of any at the expense and embarrassment of any.

Another obstacle comes from an opposite direction. While the State is not doing enough, certain organizations have sprung up that attempt too much, and they gather force from the moneys which they dispense. While they would have no influence educationally, acting as they do through individuals with faddist schemes and notions, they carry great weight with the millions of money which they use as a mighty leverage. They set aside the standards of a State. They rummage around in the financial exhibits of younger colleges and universities and compare them with the resources of old institutions with buildings, equipments, and libraries long since established. They make an exhibit of comparative salaries, to the discontent of instructors, and intimate that the work must suffer in efficiency where teachers are underpaid. Such procedure in the early days would have ruined every college in the land, for there is not one of them, from the richest to the oldest, that could not at some time have been put under the ban of these self-appointed standardizers who have become the nuisances of the educational age. All of the oldest and best-known universities of the United States have worked their way up through poverty, and some of their greatest alumni graduated with not an equivalent of the preparatory entrance and the freshman year of the present time. There is not a college enrolled in any State in this country that does not have a stronger course of study than Harvard or Yale furnished fifty years ago. The standardizer abroad would have menaced the existence of these older institutions.

No sound and recognized educational principles seem to be laid down by these standardizers. They are as variable as the whims and fancies of the standardizers themselves. Things that they object to in one institution are passed over in another if that other is long established and has numerous and influential alumni.

How the self-originated standardizers came upon the scene is something of a mystery, notwithstanding the potency of money. The effrontery in the case is inexplicable. The State has standards and legal standardizers. This State has a Board of Regents and well known officers. It adopts wisely and carefully its requirements and gives diligent care that they are obeyed. By what authority does any man or any organization set up new standards? Why does the State permit it? Confusion is inevitable.

Such self-constituted standardizers should be informed that they can operate under their charters only for the purposes of their charters. They cannot supplement or set aside or interfere with the chartered rights of any institutions operating under the protection of the State. Some of these standardizers go so far as to insist that some of the colleges and universities shall change their charters, the mode of electing their trustees, and the number of their trustees. They threaten them with the withholding of money if they do not. They offer to reward them richly with money if they will. They appeal to the cupidity and timidity of college Presidents and professors. They practically attempt to bribe men to renounce their loyalty to their founders and patrons.

All of this is wickedly opposed to the genius of our country and degrading to education. It is a plain attempt to place the colleges and universities under the dominance of the dispensers of money. Some of them will not sell out at that price!

It is unfortunate. It is a calamity that anything of this kind should have been introduced into American education. The foundations of our education must be loyalty, fearlessness, independence, self-respect, and absolute consecration to the truth. A university cannot sacrifice these to the State. It is worse than contemptible when it offers them in the market place to the highest bidder.

It is a serious question whether a pension is not an obstruction to the highest teaching efficiency. It is a serious thing to shift the teacher's goal from the making of men and women of great intellectual proficiency to a bungalow and a garden of rose trees. The one class of men who should stand far and away from all such motives, upon whom there can be no possible purchase price, are the teachers in our colleges. The ministers in the pulpits should not surpass them in this. There are not enough of them who starve or suffer for raiment to excite the sympathy of the people.

When the rage for money, when the fever for a pension, when the vision of peaceful retirement enter the veins of our professors, farewell to old-time ideals. They are not paid adequately, but a thousand times better poverty and even distress and the passion that burns a living, inextinguishable fire on the altar of every classroom. The poverty of the college professor and the poverty of the student have a helpful, sympathetic relation to each other. If great foundations, instead of attempting to exact degrading conditions for the reward of pensions, would permit colleges and universities to nominate candidates to travel for purposes of study in European libraries, museums and laboratories, and to refresh their minds in lecture rooms of the masters of their respective sciences, the professors would take care of their old age by being young in their work when they are old. Take the pensions away from before our professors and give them helps to more efficient work. My observation is that they do not ask for pensions. They desire the help to put their sabbatic years into the original foundations of learning.

To-day in all of our colleges the teaching corps are at work with intense earnestness and a passionate desire to improve instruction by the best methods and the best equipment.

It is not necessary for meddlesome standardizers to obtrude themselves upon the colleges in order to secure the best educational results. I never have seen a lazy professor or instructor. They are enthusiasts, often unreasonably so. They are not content to work low standards. Nothing makes them so miserable. The State Department is in sympathetic relation to these workers of the higher institutions. It is in conference with the Presidents and heads of departments. It knows what is practicable. It knows when to turn down the screws. It turns them without breaking things.

Another obstacle is the competition of the colleges and universities among themselves for students. This is most conspicuous in graduate work.

It is interesting if not amusing to note the offers that are sent into institutions to induce bright students to come to the upper degree courses. Free tuition, with a bonus of $500, is one of the offers to which my attention has been called this Spring. Students rejected by some institutions, or told that it would require an extra year, have gone away to these fine offers in some instances, and have had a year thrown into the bargain.

It seems to be thought that the number enrolled in the graduate school is the certificate of scholarship classification of a university. It appeals to the standardizers. It is plain to be seen that such practices work against pure scholarship. Young men are taken away from great teachers in not a few cases by those who can bid the highest for them. It is one of the confusing elements of the much confused educational conditions in this country.

No university or college has the monopoly or patent of the best methods and work. The best things are scattered through all of the institutions. Here and there are exceptional men, sometimes in a small college from which the inducement of a great salary could not move them, equipments in this department or that, the envy of educators with money but not with enough to buy. Hundreds of these higher institutions are working toward their goal. No one is so jealous of standards as these workers, using the best they have until they can get better, and getting it as soon as they can.

The men are the universities; men consecrated to education with the zeal of devoted men who are recluses in their laboratories as truly as ever monk in his cell.

These men are sending out with inspirations big and passion all absorbing thousands of young students every year to strengthen the country with sublime and irresistible force and to serve its interests with multiplied intelligence. The perfection of it all is evolutionary and not bureaucratic. Every year the great men inside are making discoveries which they prove by inside practice. The progress of college learning and training is not by the impracticable meddler who works int ohis job by politics, and then thinks he must work it in startling ways to keep it. The progress is by men who tent and fight on the field, by men who plow and plant and reap and study the crop rotation, men who discuss these great questions with their colleagues of all departments, men whose students vary with the changing conditions of human society, and who present the problems of human nature in infinite variety.

No men are more worthy of the profound respect of their country than the plain, faithful teachers of the land. As their work is with the mind undeveloped, it often does not show brilliantly until it has passed out of their hands; as it is a work of restraint and discipline, it has frequently had a lasting resentment for its reward; as it shines when it does shine in the person of another, the founder and creator is left unknown; as so many elements outside enter into the manhood structure, the teacher denies himself the comfort of a flattering thought that perhaps he had something to do with a success in which he delights.

It is surpassing that so much can be done as is done in view of the mixed thought with regard to the best things to be done. Classics have a great past to vindicate them. The enormous physical development of the world by ten thousand witty inventions asserts a claim upon practical forms of education.

Men want the colleges to put their sons back into their prosperous business. Yesterday I found a mechanical engineer just graduated in his father's agricultural and seed store. The father expects the college training to appear in a great advance in the business.

The university to-day must justify itself by meeting the vastly increased demands upon it created by the great pursuits that call for brain power, which have been opened up by the world's new generation of opportunities.

But the readjustment of proportions is the puzzle. As it tears away old foundations to give place to modern structures it amounts to a tragedy. It introduces conflict into Faculties. It disquiets alumni. It arouses antagonism in communities. It has opened the whole question, What is college education?

We think that it never will be settled by academic discussion. It will have to prove itself. The quotient will be reached after the present workers are gone. It is a long road to how little Greek and Latin, how little pure mathematics and philosophy, and how much of the vocational and professional. That man must be very comfortable in his conceits who thinks he can tell.

In the mean time things have to be done. And it is no mean task to tell how much of the old that is essential shall be retained and what is best of the new that should be received.

Few people have any knowledge of what is going on in the colleges to-day or what has been going on for twenty years in an earnest, conscientious sifting and winnowing to secure that which will retain the discipline and culture of the mind and at the same time permit an equipment for a practical life work which now recognizes that it must have college education. It is not a time for faddists to thrown their hammers into the wheels.

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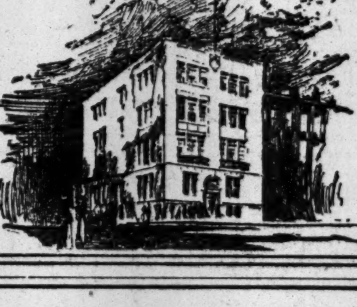

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PAWLING, N. Y.

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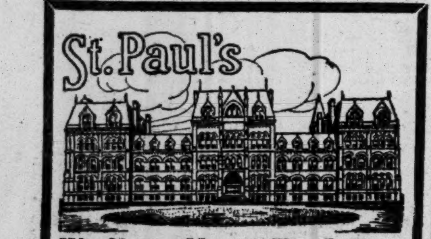

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Bankruptcy Sales

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CAROLINE SEYMOUR COMPANY, bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupt will be sold under the direction of H. Linsly Johnson, trustee, at public auction, by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at No. 74 Hudson Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 31st day of August, 1912, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. A general description of said property is as follows:

1. A stock of brandied fruits, unfinished canned goods, brandy, and other materials for preserving fruits, office and factory fixtures.
2. All the right, title, and interest of the said trustee in and to the good-will of the business of the bankrupt, including all orders on hand and the right to receive future orders.

The property to be sold may be inspected on the above premises on August 30th, 1912, between 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

The trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of the said property from sale unless it shall bring seventy-five per centum of the appraised value.

Dated New York, August 28th, 1912.

H. LINSLY JOHNSON,
Trustee in Bankruptcy.

AUGUSTUS H. SKILLIN, Attorney for Trustee, 34 Pine Street, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JACQUES SAMUELS and BENJAMIN LESSER, individually and composing the firm of ABRAHAMS & LESSER, Alleged Bankrupts.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, September 4th, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 134 West 26th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, the assets of the above alleged bankrupts, consisting of manufactured ladies' dresses, silks, satins, and other dress goods, machinery, office furniture, fixtures, etc.

ALEXANDER S. WEBB, Receiver.
IRVING M. DITTENHOEFER, Attorney for Receiver, 96 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of D. GOLDSMITH & CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, Sept. 3, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., in front of premises, 336 East 103d St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of (3) three horses, truck, and harness.

CHAS. L. GREENHALL, Receiver.
H. & J. J. LESSER, Attorneys for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ETHEL SCHMARACK, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, Sept. 5th, 1912, by order of the court, at 2 P. M., at 150 Rivington St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of dry goods, piece goods, desk, shelving, counters, &c.

LOUIS SOLL, Attorney for Petitioning Creditors, 299 Broadway, New York.

Bankruptcy Notices

NO. 16,938.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PAULINE L. HERMAN, otherwise known as BONITA, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Pauline L. Herman, otherwise known as Bonita, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 12th day of August, A. D. 1912, the said Pauline L. Herman, otherwise known as Bonita, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 11th day of September, A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Aug. 30, 1912.

NO. 16,894.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MIRA MARTELL, also known as MYRA MARTELL, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Mira Martell, also known as Myra Martell, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 31st day of July, A. D. 1912, the said Mira Martell, also known as Myra Martell, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 11th day of September, A. D. 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Aug. 30, 1912.

NO. 16,665.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JAMES T. WOOD, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of James T. Wood of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 19th day of July, A. D. 1912, the said James T. Wood was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 11th day of September, A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Aug. 30, 1912.

NO. 16,595.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—GEORGE GRAHAM RICE, otherwise known as JACOB SIMON HERZIG, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that George Graham Rice, otherwise known as Jacob Simon Herzig, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated August 29th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, September 30th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, August 23, 1912.

NO. 16,982.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ROSIE BLAUHUT, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Rosie Blauhut of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 23rd day of August, A. D. 1912, the said Rosie Blauhut was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, City and County of New York, on the 12th day of September, A. D. 1912, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
August 30th, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 16,953.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HERMAN GOODMAN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Herman Goodman of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1912, the said Herman Goodman was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, City and County of New York, on the 10th day of September, A. D. 1912, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
August 30th, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 16,906.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SIMON KAYTON, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Simon Kayton of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 17th day of August, A. D. 1912, the said Simon Kayton was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 11th day of September, A. D. 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Aug. 30, 1912.

NO. 16,858.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM W. BELL, Jr., Bankrupt.

To the creditors of William W. Bell, Jr., of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 23rd day of July, A. D. 1912, the said William W. Bell, Jr., was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 11th day of September, A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Aug. 30, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

Bankruptcy Notices

NO. 16,692.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GEORGE FOERSTE and GUSTAVE FOERSTE, copartners, doing business as FOERSTE BROTHERS, Bankrupts.

To the creditors of George Foerste and Gustave Foerste, copartners, doing business as Foerste Brothers, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 24th day of July, A. D. 1912, the said George Foerste and Gustave Foerste, copartners, doing business as Foerste Brothers, were duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 11th day of September, A. D. 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Aug. 30, 1912.

NO. 16,846.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MANUEL E. AMADOR, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Manuel E. Amador of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 20th day of July, A. D. 1912, the said Manuel E. Amador was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 11th day of September, A. D. 1912, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Aug. 30, 1912.

NO. 16,911.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ANNIE HERMANN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Annie Hermann of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 2d day of August, A. D. 1912, the said Annie Hermann was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 11th day of September, A. D. 1912, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

Aug. 30, 1912.

NO. 16,901.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THE HENRY MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of The Henry Manufacturing Company of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1912, the said Henry Manufacturing Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, City and County of New York, on the 10th day of September, A. D. 1912, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
August 30th, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 16,744.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THE LOWE ELECTRIC CO., Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district:

Notice is hereby given that on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1912, The Lowe Electric Co. was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver St., City and County of New York, on the 11th day of September, A. D. 1912, at 2:00 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Aug. 30, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of INTERNATIONAL CONTRACT VENDING COMPANY, Bankrupt.—No. 16,979.

To the creditors of International Contract Vending Company of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 22d day of August, A. D. 1912, the said International Contract Vending Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the eleventh day of September, A. D. 1912, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, August 26th, 1912.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

LEGAL NOTICES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, Southern District of New York.—LOUIS MIZELL, Complainant, vs. ELMORE & HAMILTON CONTRACTING COMPANY, Defendant.—In Equity.

NOTICE TO CLAIMANTS.

Please take notice that heretofore and on the 5th day of August, 1912, Hon. George C. Holt, District Judge of the United States, for the Southern District of New York, made an order of reference to the undersigned, as Special Master, to take proof and report to said court, among other things, the amount, extent, character, and kind of all claims and demands against the defendant, Elmore & Hamilton Contracting Company, of creditors and claimants thereof, with his conclusions thereon, and to hear and report to said court whether any creditor, claimant, or any person otherwise interested is entitled to any lien, preference, or priority on his claim and demand by virtue of the laws of the State of New York or any law or statute applicable.

Pursuant to said order notice is hereby given that the first hearing before the undersigned as such Special Master will be on the 20th day of November, 1912, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon at my office, No. 27 Cedar Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

Pursuant to said order notice is hereby given that all such claims and demands shall be presented to the undersigned on or before the first day of November, 1912. Said order provides:

"That in default of the presentation of such claims and demands, pursuant to this Order and such Notice, creditors be and they hereby are debarred from sharing in the distribution of the assets of the Elmore & Hamilton Contracting Company, except that the foregoing provision shall not apply to any contingent claims of Surety Companies upon bonds of the Elmore & Hamilton Contracting Company for faithful performance of Contracts No. 15 and No. 53 with The City of New York for the construction of a portion of the Catskill Aqueduct, and such Surety Companies are hereby given until a period sixty (60) days after the completion of said Contracts No. 15 and No. 53, respectively, to file any claims which they may desire to make against the Elmore & Hamilton Contracting Company with the said Special Master."

The form of proof of claim to be filed with me should be by an affidavit giving **in detail** all facts, dates, and items of the claim, and stating fully and with particularity the amount, extent, character, and kind thereof. Legal proof may subsequently be required to substantiate the claim. If any lien, preference, or priority is claimed, the proof of claim should so state, referring specifically to the law or statute applicable.

Dated August 14th, 1912.

JOHN S. SHEPPARD, JR.,
Special Master.

FRANCIS L. KOHLMAN, Solicitor for Augustus N. Hand and Stephen L. Selden, Receivers of the Elmore & Hamilton Contracting Company, 49 Wall Street, New York City.

New York, N. Y., Aug. 30, 1912.

THE COLONIAL BANK.

The following is a true and accurate statement of every account made with this bank, and of each dividend and each item of interest declared upon any of the stock, bonds, or other evidences of indebtedness of this bank, which at this date amounts to Fifty Dollars ($50) or over, and which has remained unclaimed by any person or persons authorized to receive the same for the last five years, to wit:

R. H. or Catherine M. Taylor, 42 West 97th St.	$96.96
E. W. Woodbridge, 210 West 82nd St.	109.66
J. M. C. Ward, 182 St. Nicholas Ave.	422.00
A. M. Stanley, 36 East 23d St.	89.00
A. Bouchet, 41 West 64th St.	59.34

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

GEORGE S. CARR, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Cashier of The Colonial Bank, and that the foregoing statement is true and accurate in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief.

GEORGE S. CARR.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 30th day of August, 1912.

[Seal of Notary.] FRED'K L. WILSON,
Notary Public Kings County.
Certificate Filed in N. Y. County. No. 12.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the application of 252 FOURTH AVE. COMPANY for authority to change its name to 252 FOURTH AVENUE COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that 252 Fourth Ave. Company, a domestic corporation, having its principal business office in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court, State of New York, at Special Term, Part I., thereof, to be held at County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on the 25th day of September, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to 252 Fourth Avenue Company.

252 FOURTH AVE. COMPANY,
By Leo M. Klein, President.

Dated August 27th, 1912.

OLCOTT, GRUBER, BONYNGE & McMANUS, Attorneys for Petitioner, 170 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

GIANTS SET BACK A GAME; CUBS WIN

New York Now Only Four Games in Lead for the National League Pennant.

BROOKLYN CHECKS LEADERS

Wiltse and Crandall Pounded Out of Box by Superbas, While Giants Are Still in a Batting Slump.

THE SCORE.

Brooklyn ....0 4 1 0 0 2 0 0 0—7
New York....4 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—5

BROOKLYN.

	AB	R	H	BB	SO	PO	A	E
Moran, cf.	4	0	2	0	0	5	1	0
Hummell, rf.	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northen, rf.	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Smith, 3b.	5	1	1	0	1	0	2	1
Daubert, 1b.	3	1	1	1	0	10	0	0
Wheat, lf.	4	2	3	0	0	5	0	0
Cutshaw, 2b.	4	1	1	0	0	2	1	0
Fisher, ss.	4	1	2	0	0	1	7	0
Miller, c.	4	1	1	0	0	4	0	0
Stack, p.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Curtis, p.	4	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
Total	37	7	11	1	3	27	10	1

NEW YORK.

	AB	R	H	BB	SO	PO	A	E
Snodgrass, lf.	5	1	3	0	1	2	1	1
Doyle, 2b.	3	1	1	2	0	3	5	1
Becker, cf.	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
Murray, rf.	5	1	0	0	0	2	0	0
Merkle, 1b.	4	1	2	0	0	13	1	0
Herzog, 3b.	4	0	2	0	1	1	0	0
Meyers, c.	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wilson, c.	2	0	0	0	0	6	0	0
Fletcher, ss.	3	0	0	0	0	0	4	0
Wiltse, p.	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	0
Crandall, p.	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ames, p.	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
*McCormick	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	35	5	9	3	4	27	12	2

*Batted for Ames in ninth inning.

Two-base hits—Murray, Daubert, Moran, Wheat, Merkle, Snodgrass. Three-base hit—Merkle. Sacrifice fly—Becker. Stolen base—Herzog. First base on errors—New York, 1; Brooklyn, 1. Left on bases—New York, 8; Brooklyn, 5. Double plays—Moran and Fisher, Doyle and Merkle, (2.) Struck out—By Stack, 1; by Crandall, 1; by Curtis, 3; by Ames, 2. Bases on balls—Off Stack, 2; off Curtis, 1; off Ames, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Curtis, (Fletcher;) by Crandall, (Moran.) Hits—Off Stack, 2 in 1-3 inning, (at bat 3;) off Wiltse, 4 in 1 1-3 innings, (at bat 8;) off Crandall, 6 in 4 innings, (at bat 19;) off Ames, 1 in 3 2-3 innings, (at bat 10;) off Curtis, 7 in 8 2-3 innings, (at bat 32.) Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Orth. Time of game—Two hours.

If you happen to be a Giant fan and see any occasion for joy in the facts herein chronicled, you must have the kind of disposition that would be tickled to death to see every cot in the hospital filled.

Weigh the news carefully, Mr. and Mrs. Fan and all the little Fannies. The Giants were severely trounced in Coogan's Canyon yesterday by the Brooklyns by a score of 7 to 5, while in sultry St. Louis the Cubs beat the Cardinals, and Jawn McGraw's arrogant league leaders find themselves only four full games in front of Chicago, with much hard sledding ahead.

It's not a pleasant thing to read just before you take your cantaloupe this morning that the Giants have got to show a decided brace if they are going to win the pennant, but the essence of truth is in the inference, just the same. Nobody, not even Charley Ebbets, believed that the Dodgers were going to make life miserable for the Giants at this stage of the game. These Brooklyn games were going to be easy picking, so it was said, but the cruel fact faces the home team this morning that they must put on their batting togs and batter the hungering Cubs away from the portals which guard first place.

Here's what the Dodgers did yesterday, and, mind you, they did it after New York salted away a four-run advantage in the first inning. Yessir, first the Dodgers hammered "Hooks" Wiltse into oblivion, and then made life as pleasant as an earache for the Giants' reliable lifesaver, Otis Crandall, and also welted him off the mound. Leon Ames appeared, and pitched such good ball that the Dodgers didn't make any more runs. They had enough by that time, so more would have been superfluous.

"Smoke" Stack started for Brooklyn, and it was seen early that he wouldn't do at all, so he was withdrawn from the slab in the first inning, and Cliff Curtis went in, and, whatever he had on the ball, it very plainly reduced it to the size of a quinine pill, and the Giant batsmen were able to jolt it only to those sections of the Western Hemisphere which were thickly populated by Brooklyn players. And here's the laugh—this same Curtis has played with some half dozen teams in the National League, and the Giants never figured him a dangerous twirler, but just as soon as he donned a Brooklyn uniform his twists suddenly became so complicated that Giant bats failed utterly to unravel them.

This victory of Brooklyn's was clean-cut and decisive. They won because they played better ball than New York. Their batting was better and their pitching was of higher value. The Dodgers haven't shown so much snap and dash this season as they do right now. If New York thinks it is going to become convalescent while the Dodgers are here, it's wrong logic, all wrong.

The assemblage of folks at the surprise party numbered some 8,000 men, women, and children, many of them being inhabitants of another city, but they came over and under the river to gloat over what happened.

Why, one dignified-looking man, who might be a bank President in Brooklyn or the leader of a New Thought movement, laid aside his dignity and, jumping to his feet, yelled: "What's the matter with Brooklyn?"

Then some one answered: "Nothin's the matter with it; it's always been that way."

Nevertheless, Brooklyn was rooting so strong that the Giant rooters, who usually make so much noise when the club is winning, were very busy eating peanuts. Since Dahlen gave up his rough ways and turned his attention to baseball the Dodgers have taken on much lustre. Several large holes in the infield defense have been closed up, and Brooklyn doesn't make any more errors now than an ordinary ball club.

The three Dodgers who faced Wiltse in the first inning were inoffensive. Snodgrass, the first man to face Stack, was called out on strikes. Doyle and Becker walked. Murray crashed a double to left, scoring Doyle, and Merkle carromed a three-bagger off the left-field fence, pushing Becker and Murray home. Poor Stack was then led away to a cooler climate.

Herzog, the first man to face Curtis, got a single, scoring Merkle. Meyers was pegged out by Fisher, and Fletcher was hit by a pitched ball. Wiltse ended the revelry when he whiffed.

A lead like that would ordinarily take the starch out of the Dodgers, but not so on Friday of this week. Daubert opened the second stanza with a two-base ride to left field, and went to third base on Wheat's single to right. Cutshaw was tossed out by Wiltse. Fisher jammed a single to left, registering Daubert and Wheat. Miller hit a single to left, scoring Fisher, the runner going to third when Snodgrass fumbled the drive. That was the end of Wiltse. Crandall found Curtis easy, Fletcher throwing him out at first base. Moran then got a lucky two-bagger. The ball took an unexpected bound back of second base, and it hopped off Fletcher's hands into right field, Miller counting, and the score was tied.

In the third inning Zach Wheat, who has been hitting the ball at the rate of three whacks a game lately, had the misfortune to hit the ball so hard and so high that he batted himself out of a home run. Wheat bounded the ball off the decorated front of the upper loges, and it splashed back on to the lot for a two-bagger. If he hadn't hit the ball so hard it would have gone into the lower stand for a home run.

However, the crash was not without its reward, because he scored Smith with the run which put Brooklyn in the lead, after Carlyle had reached first on a single to centre.

Crandall was subjected to the same fate as Wiltse in the sixth inning. Wheat and Cutshaw singled in a row, and Fisher deposited a bunt at the side of the pitcher's box. Crandall was slow and undecisive as to whether to toss it to third or first base, and as a result Fisher beat out his throw to first, crowding the bases. Capt. Larry Doyle booted Miller's grounder, and Wheat scored.

The bases were still playing to capacity. Crandall then banged a wild toss against Moran's ribs and forced Cutshaw over the platter with another run. Leon Ames had been warming up, preparatory to Crandall's collapse, and he took up the hurling burden. Northen was rushed in to pinch hit for Hummel, but Ames fanned him. Smith forced Miller at third, and the inning was over.

In the next inning the Giants got their last run. Snodgrass bounded the ball off the left-field fence for a double, and went to third on Doyle's out. Becker hit a sacrifice fly to Wheat, and Snodgrass scored. New York got two men on in the ninth inning with one out, but Curtis made Becker and Murray hoist flies to the outfield.

Humbled by Suburbanites.

Somebody has strewn the road to the pennant with a few banana peels.

Even if the Giants are tired and a little stale after setting the pace for the greater part of the race, the other teams aren't getting any fresher.

Well, if Rucker pitches to-day, that's the signal for the Brooklyn support to get an attack of St. Vitus dance.

Several highbrows are expected at the game this afternoon, judging from the programme which the Seventh Regiment will offer at the concert from 1:30 to 3 o'clock. Among the composers on the bill are Donizetti, Granichsteadten, Suppe, and Meyerbeer. Lets see, what ragtime did they perpetrate? Music may charm the slumping Giants.

After Sept. 9 the games at the Polo Grounds will begin at 3:30, excepting on Saturday, when they will start at 3 o'clock.

Clif Curtis would have had a full-grown two-base hit in the fourth inning if he hadn't tried to put one over on Umpire Orth. Curtis bounded a hit off the left field fence, and as he rounded first base he cut the sack by several feet. Larry Doyle played the rôle of detective and caught him in the act. The ball was relayed to first base and Curtis was put out and didn't even get credit for a single.

Zack Wheat wishes he could play at the Polo Grounds all season. He can hit the ball there when he can't anywhere else. He has made six hits in two games, including two doubles.

Well, cheer up, a lead of four games is a pretty good sort of an advantage at this stage of the proceedings. Not so very long ago some folks were hammering the Giants for making a runaway race of it. Now the race is close enough to be responsible for a number of cases of cold feet.

CUBS GAIN ON GIANTS.

Defeat Cardinals and Climb Within Four Games of Leaders.

CHICAGO, Aug. 30.—Chicago gained a full game on New York to-day, by defeating St. Louis 5 to 4 in a hard fought battle, while New York lost to Brooklyn 5 to 7. Four games now separate the two leaders in the race for the pennant.

The locals took an early lead against St. Louis to-day, by bunching hits, but this was soon lost as a result of loose playing by the home team. A triple, two bases on balls, a sacrifice fly, and two wild pitches again put Chicago in the lead, and Schulte's twelfth home run of the season, in the seventh inning, cinched the game. St. Louis started a belated batting rally in the last inning, but could not overtake their opponents. The score:

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sh'kard, lf.	4	1	0	3	0
Schulte, rf.	4	1	1	1	0
Downs, ss.	3	0	0	2	6
Z'm'm'n, 3b.	3	0	1	1	2
Leach, cf.	3	0	0	0	0
Saier, 1b.	4	2	2	12	1
Evers, 2b.	3	0	1	1	3
Archer, c.	3	1	1	7	0
Cheney, p.	1	0	0	0	1
Total	25	5	6	27	13

ST. LOUIS.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'gins, 2b.	2	1	0	4	2
Magee, lf.	5	1	1	4	0
Smith, 3b.	3	1	0	1	1
K'tchy, 1b.	4	1	2	5	1
Evans, rf.	4	0	1	0	0
Hauser, ss.	4	0	1	2	2
Oakes, cf.	4	0	1	2	0
Wingo, c.	4	0	0	3	2
Steele, p.	1	0	0	0	1
Geyer, p.	1	0	0	0	0
*Bres'han	1	0	0	0	0
Total	32	4	6	24	9

*Batted for Steele in fifth inning.

Errors—Leach, Archer, Cheney.

Chicago ....0 2 0 2 0 0 1 0 x—5
St. Louis ....0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 1—4

Two-base hits—Konetchy, (2.) Sacrifice hits—Cheney, Smith. Three-base hit—Saier. Home run—Schulte. Hits—Off Steele, 4 in 4 innings; off Geyer, 2 in 4 innings. Sacrifice fly—Sheckard. Stolen bases—Huggins, Hauser. Double play—Hauser, Huggins, and Konetchy. Left on bases—Chicago, 6; St. Louis, 4. Bases on balls—Off Cheney, 2; off Steele, 5; off Geyer, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Geyer, (Zimmerman.) Struck out—By Geyer, 2; by Cheney, 4. Wild pitches—Steele, (2.) Umpires—Messrs. Brennan and Owens. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes.

Victory for Pirates in Twelfth.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Aug. 30.—Pittsburgh defeated Cincinnati 2 to 1 in a twelve-inning game to-day. The visitors tied the score in the eighth on a double and two singles. Pittsburgh won in the twelfth on two singles. Score:

PITTSBURGH.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Byrne, 3b.	5	0	2	0	2
Carey, lf.	4	0	1	1	1
Hofman, cf.	5	0	0	2	0
Wagner, ss.	5	0	1	9	6
Miller, 1b.	4	1	1	17	2
Wilson, rf.	4	0	1	2	0
Butler, 2b.	5	0	1	1	0
Gibson, c.	2	0	0	2	2
Adams, p.	2	0	0	2	3
*Donlin	1	0	0	0	0
Simon, c.	1	0	1	1	0
†Kelly	0	1	0	0	0
‡Hyatt	1	0	0	0	0
Robinson, p.	1	0	1	1	1
Total	40	2	9	36	17

CINCINNATI.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bescher, lf.	5	0	2	2	0
M'sans, cf.	5	0	3	1	0
Hobl'zel, 1b.	5	0	1	12	0
Mitchell, rf.	5	0	1	5	0
Phelan, 3b.	4	0	0	0	1
Grant, ss.	5	0	2	4	6
Egan, 2b.	4	0	0	2	3
Clarke, c.	3	0	3	5	0
McLean, c.	2	0	0	4	1
Benton, p.	2	0	0	0	1
Fromme, p.	1	0	0	0	1
¶Desmond	0	1	0	0	0
§Bates	1	0	0	0	0
Total	41	1	12	x35	13

*Batted for Gibson in the tenth inning.
†Ran for Simon in the twelfth inning.
‡Batted for Adams in the eighth inning.
¶Ran for Clarke in eighth inning.
§Batted for Benton in eighth inning.
xTwo out when winning run was scored.
Error—Grant.

Pittsburgh ...0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—2
Cincinnati ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Bescher, Grant, Clarke. Sacrifice hits—Phelan, Egan, Bates. Sacrifice fly—Gibson. Stolen bases—Wagner, Wilson, Bescher, Clarke. Double plays—Wagner and Miller, 3; Miller and Wagner; Egan, Grant and Hoblitzel; Grant, Egan and Hoblitzel. First base on balls—Off Benton, 2; off Fromme, 1. Struck out—By Adams, 1; by Robinson, 1; by Benton, 4; by Fromme, 3. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 6; Cincinnati, 7. First base on error—Pittsburgh. Hits—Off Adams, 9 in 8 innings; off Robinson, 3 in 4 innings; off Benton, 3 in 7 innings; off Fromme, 6 in 4 2-3 innings. Time of game—Two hours and sixteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Johnstone and Eason.

Boston Bats Hard for Victory.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 30.—Boston hit the ball hard here to-day, but the home team put up such a fast fielding game that it required ten innings for the visitors to win, 3 to 1. Donnelly pitched fine ball, a home run by Luderus preventing Philadelphia from being shut out. The visitors won by hitting Alexander, a relief pitcher, for five singles in the tenth inning. The score:

BOSTON.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
C'pbell, cf.	5	1	3	4	0
McD'ld, 3b.	5	1	2	0	3
Sw'ney, 2b.	5	0	1	1	6
J'kson, lf.	5	1	2	0	0
Titus, rf.	5	0	3	2	0
Devlin, 1b.	5	0	3	18	0
B'dwell, ss.	4	0	1	0	5
Gowdy, c.	3	0	0	5	0
D'nelly, p.	4	0	1	0	1
Total	41	3	16	30	15

PHILADELPHIA.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Pask't, cf.	3	0	0	3	0
Dodge, 3b.	3	0	0	1	3
Moore, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Alex'r, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Miller, rf.	5	0	0	0	0
C'vath, lf.	4	0	0	2	1
Lud'us, 1b.	5	1	2	8	0
Walsh, 2b, 3b.	4	0	0	3	1
Doolan, ss.	4	0	1	0	5
Killifer, c.	4	0	2	8	2
Finneran, p.	2	0	0	1	1
Knabe, 2b.	2	0	1	1	0
*Dooin	1	0	0	0	0
†Moran	1	0	0	0	0
Total	36	1	7	30	11

*Batted for Dodge in the seventh inning.
†Batted for Moore in the ninth inning.
Error—Luderus.

Boston ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 2—3
Philadelphia ......0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—1

Two-base hits—McDonald, Devlin, Doolan, and Titus. Three-base hit—Knabe. Home run—Luderus. Sacrifice hit—Bridwell. Stolen bases—Sweeney, Paskert, Dodge, Killifer, and Bridwell. Struck out—By Donnelly, 5; by Finneran, 2; by Moore, 4. Left on bases—Boston, 10; Philadelphia, 10. First base on balls—Off Donnelly, 5; off Finneran, 1. Hits—Off Finneran, 9 in 7 innings; off Moore, 2 in 2 innings; off Alexander, 5 in 1 inning. Umpires—Messrs. Finneran and Rigler. Time of game—Two hours.

Chapple to Race Baxter at Brighton.

Racing fans will witness one of the best cards of the season at the Stadium-Motordrome at Brighton Beach to-night, when Speed King Arthur Chapple will take on Jimmy Baxter, the English champion, in the feature event of the card over the three-mile distance, best two heats in three. Baxter is also matched to race Eddie Hasha, the Texas Cyclone, on Sunday night, and the followers of the sport will be able to get a line on the way the two will fit when they race in the first of the championship series next Tuesday.

In to-night's race Baxter will furnish the bulk of the interest, being the first foreigner that ever came to this country to race against an American motor pilot. He picked Chapple for his first opponent, being anxious to break into the limelight big if he can put over a victory on the New York star.

SPORTING EVENTS.

Baseball, Polo Grounds, To-day, 3 P. M. Giants vs. Brooklyn. Music by 7th Regiment Band, 1:30 P. M. to 3 P. M. Reserved Seats and Boxes at Club's office, 5th Ave. Bldg., 9 to 12 A. M.

COLLEGIAN DAVIS NO PUZZLE TO SENATORS

Yankee Pitcher Flayed in Third and Seventh Innings at Washington and Loses, 7 to 2.

THE SCORE.

Washington.0 0 3 0 0 0 0 4 .—7
New York...0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—2

WASHINGTON.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Moeller, rf.	4	1	0	3	0	0
Foster, 3b.	3	2	2	2	1	0
Milan, cf.	4	1	2	2	0	0
Gandil, 1b.	3	0	0	12	1	0
Laporte, 2b.	4	1	2	1	2	0
Kenworthy, lf.	4	1	1	1	0	0
McBride, ss.	3	0	0	2	6	2
Henry, c.	3	1	2	4	2	0
Groom, p.	4	0	0	0	1	0
Total	32	7	9	27	13	2

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
McMillan, ss.	4	0	0	1	2	0
Chase, 1b.	4	0	1	7	1	1
Daniels, lf.	4	0	0	1	0	0
Paddock, 3b.	3	1	0	1	1	0
Lelivelt, cf.	4	1	1	3	0	0
Simmons, 2b.	4	0	1	1	2	0
Hartzell, rf.	3	0	2	2	0	0
Sterrett, c.	3	0	0	8	0	0
Davis, p.	2	0	0	0	1	0
*Caldwell	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31	2	5	24	7	1

*Batted for Sterrett in ninth inning.

Two-base hits—Foster, (2;) Chase. Three-base hit—Lelivelt. Stolen bases—Hartzell, Sterrett, Henry, Milan, (2.) Sacrifice fly—Gandil. Double plays—Laporte, Gandil, and Foster; Laporte, McBride, and Gandil. Left on bases—New York, 6; Washington, 6. First base on balls—Off Davis, 4; off Groom, 4. First base on errors—New York, 2; Washington, 1. Struck out—By Davis, 5; by Groom, 4. Passed balls—Sterrett, (2.) Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and O'Brien.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 30.—Young Mr. Davis, who graduated from Williams College into the American League, essayed to stop the Senators in the second game of the New York series here to-day. Davis found it tough work steering the good ship Wolverton over the rough waters kicked up by the Senatorial athletes. Shoals were encountered in the third inning, and in the eighth somebody swiped the rudder. The final count, 7 to 2, does not quite tell how rudely Davis was treated.

Lanky Bob Groom, the gent with many elbows, who specializes in sweeping curves, ever a jinx to the Yankees, even as far back as the time when Washington had to fight to keep from dropping out of the American League standing completely, just toyed with the boys from the "Great White Way." Up to the seventh inning Groom did not yield a hit, then he experimented with a few groove balls by way of diversion, and the Yankees ripped off five hits.

In the Senator's third inning Collegian Davis helped the Washington cause by walking two batsmen in a row, digging his own grave. When he finally extricated himself from the hole the Griffith crowd had sent over three runs. In the seventh inning Davis melted like a sunset in the Berkshire Hills, said hills surrounding his Alma Mater. Four well-bunched hits, a passed ball, and a stolen sack helped Washington to swell the count four notches.

The first Yankee run was a gift obtained without the aid of a safe hit. The second marker came after Lelivelt had ripped off one of his old-time triples. On two other occasions the visitors approached within striking distance, but double plays spilled the beans, and in the ninth inning a lot of ammunition was wasted, two ringing singles turned up after Paddock and Lelivelt had been killed off, and Caldwell, pinch hitting for Sterrett, failed to deliver.

Laporte, Henry, and Milan drove in five of the home folks' seven runs. McBride had a busy time digging the balls out of the dirt in his own garden patch, and Roy Hartzell robbed Moeller of an extra base slam by snatching Danny's long fly in the eighth inning off the right field fence.

The support accorded Davis by his battery mate was none too good. Sterrett tried twice to pick off Washington base stealers at second base, and both times threw the ball into centre field. In addition to this poor marksmanship, he contributed two passed balls, which helped the Senators to fatten up their tally column.

Wolverton's men scored first when Paddock opened the second inning by drawing a walk. Lelivelt's tap to Groom advanced Paddock to second base. Simmons flied to Milan. Hartzell walked. Sterrett sent McBride a grounder, which the Washington Captain kicked away, and Paddock scored.

Not a Yankee saw second base until the seventh inning, when Jack Lelivelt unloaded one of his old-time hits, a triple to the left field stands. Groom struck out Simmons, but Hartzell shot one down to McBride. The ball went through Mac's paws, skipping blithely into the field. Lelivelt came home on the wallop. A double play broke up the embryo batting rally.

In the New York's eighth inning, after Davis had walked, McMillan hit into a double play, and by so doing robbed the visitors of a run, for Chase followed with a smoking double to right field. Safe hits by Simmons and Hartzell followed each other in the New Yorkers' ninth inning, but the game ended with Caldwell's fly to Moeller.

Cleveland Finds New Star.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Aug. 30.—Cleveland defeated Chicago to-day, 7 to 2. Blanding was effective with men on bases, while Douglas was wild in the first inning and fielded his position poorly in the fourth, when the first three Cleveland batteries bunted safely. Chapman made his Cleveland debut and starred. The score:

CLEVELAND.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Turner, 3b.	2	1	0	2	0
Hunter, lf.	3	0	0	4	1
J'kson, rf.	3	0	1	1	0
Lajoie, 2b.	3	2	1	7	5
D. Johnson, 1b.	4	1	3	9	0
Ch'pm'n, ss.	3	1	1	2	6
B'm'h'm, cf.	3	1	2	0	0
Carisch, c.	3	0	0	2	2
Bl'ding, p.	3	1	1	0	4
Total	27	7	9	27	18

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Rath, 2b.	3	0	0	2	5
Mattick, cf.	4	0	0	5	0
Lord, lf.	3	1	1	1	0
Collins, 1b.	4	0	2	8	0
B'rows, rf.	3	0	1	0	0
Zeider, 3b.	4	0	1	2	0
Weaver, ss.	4	1	1	4	2
Schalk, c.	3	0	2	3	2
Douglas, p.	1	0	0	0	2
Benz, p.	0	0	0	0	0
*Easterly	1	0	1	0	0
Total	30	2	9	24	12

*Batted for Douglas in eighth inning.

Errors—Chapman, Weaver, Schalk, Douglas.

Cleveland ....2 0 0 4 0 0 1 0 .—7
Chicago ....0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0—2

Two-base hits—Birmingham, Weaver, Lord. Three-base hit—D. Johnson. Sacrifice hits—Carisch, Douglas. Sacrifice fly—Jackson, Barrows. Stolen bases—Turner, Birmingham, (2.) Double plays—Chapman and Johnson; Hunter and Lajoie; Chapman, Lajoie, and Johnson. Pitching record—Off Douglas, 9 hits in 7 innings. First base on balls—Off Blanding, 2; off Douglas, 5; off Benz, 1. Struck out—By Blanding, 1; by Douglas, 1. First on errors—Cleveland, 1; Chicago, 1. Left on bases—Cleveland, 4; Chicago, 5. Time of game—One hour and forty-three minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Egan.

Detroit Gets No Hit Off Hamilton.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 30.—Hamilton held Detroit hitless to-day, but he failed to keep Cobb off the bases, and St. Louis won 5 to 1. In the fourth Cobb walked, took second and third when Pratt booted Crawford's grounder, continued onward when Austin attempted to catch Crawford at second, and beat the return to the plate by sliding around Alexander. St. Louis gave Hamilton splendid support. The score:

ST. LOUIS.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Shotten, cf.	4	0	0	4	0
C'pton, lf.	5	1	2	3	0
W'liams, rf.	5	0	1	0	0
Pratt, 2b.	4	1	1	1	3
Kutina, 1b.	4	1	1	16	0
Austin, 3b.	3	1	2	1	3
Sm'rey, ss.	4	0	0	1	3
Alex'r, c.	3	1	2	0	0
Ham'ton, p.	1	0	1	0	3
Total	33	5	9	27	12

DETROIT.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Jones, lf.	4	0	0	0	0
Bush, ss.	4	0	0	5	4
Cobb, cf.	2	1	0	2	0
C'ford, rf.	3	0	0	1	0
Cor'don, 2b.	3	0	0	3	5
Mor'ty, 1b.	3	0	0	10	0
Vitt, 3b.	3	0	0	2	2
Stanage, c.	3	0	0	5	2
Dubuc, p.	3	0	0	0	2
Total	29	1	0	27	14

Errors—Pratt, Austin, Corridon (2) Dubuc.

St. Louis ....1 0 2 1 0 0 1 0 0—5
Detroit ....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Williams, Kutina, and Alexander. Three-base hit—Austin. Sacrifice fly—Alexander. Sacrifice hits—Cowton, Hamilton. Stolen bases—Shotten and Austin. Left on bases—St. Louis, 7; Detroit, 3. First base on balls—Off Dubuc, 4; off Hamilton, 2. First base on errors—Detroit, 2; St. Louis, 2. Struck out—By Dubuc, 5. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Westervelt.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

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BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn, 7; New York, 5.
Chicago, 5; St. Louis, 4.
Boston, 3; Philadelphia, 1.
(Ten innings.)
Pittsburgh, 2; Cincinnati, 1.
(Twelve innings.)

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Washington, 7; New York, 2.
Boston, 7; Philadelphia, 4.
Cleveland, 7; Chicago, 2.
St. Louis, 5; Detroit, 1.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Montreal, 5; Jersey City, 4.
Newark, 4; Rochester, 3.
Toronto, 7; Providence, 3.
Buffalo, 6; Baltimore, 3.
Buffalo, 2; Baltimore, 0.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	To Play.	P.C.
New York	82	36	36	.695
Chicago	79	41	34	.658
Pittsburgh	70	50	34	.583
Philadelphia	58	59	37	.496
Cincinnati	57	64	33	.471
St. Louis	52	69	33	.430
Brooklyn	44	76	34	.367
Boston	36	83	35	.303

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	To Play.	P.C.
Boston	87	37	30	.702
Washington	77	48	29	.616
Philadelphia	73	49	32	.599
Chicago	60	62	32	.492
Detroit	57	68	29	.456
Cleveland	54	69	31	.439
New York	44	78	32	.361
St. Louis	41	82	31	.333

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Toronto	81	51	.614
Rochester	76	54	.585
Newark	65	64	.504
Baltimore	64	65	.496
Buffalo	60	67	.473
Jersey City	61	71	.462
Montreal	59	72	.451
Providence	54	76	.415

Where They Play To-day.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn at New York.
Boston at Philadelphia.
Cincinnati at Pittsburgh.
St. Louis at Chicago.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Washington.
Philadelphia at Boston.
Chicago at Cleveland.
St. Louis at Detroit.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Jersey City at Montreal.
Newark at Rochester.
Providence at Toronto.
Baltimore at Buffalo.

Athletics' Early Lead Futile.

BOSTON, Aug. 30.—The Red Sox batted a second victory out of three Athletic pitchers, 7 to 4, to-day. Lewis, who started a double play with a diving catch, and Gardner, who speared a line drive for the third out with three men on bases, contributed fielding features. Philadelphia got away to an early lead of four runs on Bedient. Hall then choked off further scoring. Boston got two singles, following two passes for two runs in the third inning; hit Coombs again for two more tallies, tying the score in the fourth inning; mixed hits with Collins's error and a pass by Bender for two runs in the "lucky seventh inning," and added another run on Barry's error and Yorkes's double off Houck in the eighth inning. The score:

BOSTON.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper, rf.	3	1	1	1	0
Yerkes, 2b.	4	0	1	1	5
Sp'ker, cf.	5	1	2	4	0
Lewis, lf.	4	1	2	3	2
G'dner, 3b.	3	0	0	2	1
Stahl, 1b.	4	1	2	12	0
Wagner, ss.	3	1	1	2	3
Car'gan, c.	3	2	0	2	1
Bedient, p.	0	0	0	0	1
Hall, p.	3	0	2	0	1
Total	32	7	11	27	14

PHILADELPHIA.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'phy, rf.	5	1	2	2	0
Strunk, cf.	5	1	1	5	1
Collins, 2b.	4	0	3	0	1
Baker, 3b.	5	0	0	2	4
McInnis, 1b.	3	0	2	6	1
Walsh, lf.	4	1	1	2	0
Barry, ss.	4	1	1	2	3
Lapp, c.	1	0	0	5	0
Coombs, p.	2	0	1	0	0
Bender, p.	0	0	0	0	2
Houck, p.	0	0	0	0	0
*Maggart	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	4	11	24	12

*Batted for Bender in eighth inning.

Errors—Collins, Barry.

Boston ....0 0 2 2 0 0 2 1 .—7
Philadelphia ....2 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—4

Two-base hits—Speaker, Yerkes. Three-base hits—Walsh, Barry. Hits—Off Bedient, 7 in 2 2-3 innings; off Hall, 4 in 6 1-3 innings; off Coombs, 5 in 4 innings; off Bender, 5 in 3 innings; off Houck, 1 in 1 inning. Sacrifice flies—Collins, Hooper. Sacrifice hit—Hall. Stolen bases—Carrigan, Collins. Double plays—Collins, Barry and McInnes; Lewis and Wagner. Left on bases—Boston, 8; Philadelphia, 10. First base on balls—Off Bedient, 4; off Hall, 2; off Coombs, 3; off Bender, 1. First base on errors—Boston, 2. Hit by pitcher—Wagner, by Coombs. Struck out—By Hall, 1; by Coombs, 2. Passed balls—Carrigan, 2. Wild pitch—Houck. Time of game—Two hours and twenty-two minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and Hart.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Buffalo.

										R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	11	2
Buffalo	0	0	1	0	4	0	0	1	.	6	8	1

Batteries—Vickers and Bergen; Beebe and Mitchell.

SECOND GAME.

										R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	1
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	.	2	7	2

Batteries—Danforth and McAllister—Fullenweider and Schang.

At Toronto.

										R.	H.	E.
Providence	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	9	1
Toronto	0	0	0	1	4	1	0	1	.	7	13	3

Batteries—Sline and Smith; Maxwell and Graham.

At Montreal.

										R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	4	5	0
Montreal	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	5	7	1

Batteries—Viebahn and Wells; Dale and Burns.

At Rochester.

										R.	H.	E.
Newark	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	4	5	0
Rochester	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	3	12	5

Batteries—Lee and Higgins, Smith; Beebe and Jacklitsch.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

American Association.

At St. Paul—St. Paul, 4; Indianapolis, 1.
At Milwaukee—Toledo, 5; Milwaukee, 1.
At Kansas City—Kansas City, 15; Columbus, 8.

Connecticut League.

At Hartford—Hartford, 6; Bridgeport, 0.
At New Haven—New Haven, 8; Holyoke, 1.
At Waterbury—Waterbury, 15; Springfield, 11.

Tri-State League.

At Reading—Harrisburg, 7; Reading, 2.
At Trenton—Trenton, 8; Allentown, 0.
At Wilmington—Wilmington, 2; Atlantic City, 1.
At Chester—York, 17; Chester, 7.

New England League.

At Worcester—Worcester, 9; Brockton, 2.
At Lawrence—Lawrence, 15; New Bedford, 13.
At Lowell—Lowell, 6; Fall River, 4.
At Haverhill—Lynn, 10; Haverhill, 7; Haverhill, 8; Lynn, 6.

New York State League.

At Utica—Utica, 12; Binghamton, 3.
At Albany—Scranton, 4; Albany, 1.
At Troy—Wilkesbarre, 6; Troy, 0.
At Syracuse—Syracuse, 4; Elmira, 2; Syracuse, 3; Elmira, 1.

Southern League.

At New Orleans—New Orleans, 4; Montgomery, 3.
At Nashville—Nashville, 3; Memphis, 2.
At Birmingham—Birmingham, 2; Mobile, 1.
At Chattanooga—Atlanta, 8; Chattanooga, 1.

Pacific Coast League.

At San Francisco—Oakland, 3; San Francisco, 1.
At Los Angeles—Los Angeles, 9; Sacramento, 8.

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ANKLE DEEP NAMED TO DEFEND TROPHY

Two More American Boats to be Picked To-day for Harmsworth Cup Races.

With but one hydroplane, Ankle Deep, selected as a defender for America in the contest which begins this afternoon for the British international trophy for motor boats, after a most unsatisfactory series of trial tests which have been held over the course on Huntington Harbor during the week past, the committee announced last night that the other two boats which are allowed by the deed of gift will not be named until this afternoon, or just before the actual race for the trophy starts.

On all sides the qualifying of Ankle Deep was hailed with satisfaction, as the owner of the craft has shown a disposition to have his craft ready at the times appointed by the committee to go over the course laid out no matter what the weather and water conditions.

The tests of yesterday resulted in the disabling of three of the boats—Baby Reliance IV., Tech, Jr., and Minnow, the latter having to be beached in order to save her from going to the bottom.

Minnow had been laid up for repairs since Thursday, when she split a plank on her starboard side and several others on the bottom. Patched up, she was sent out just after the starting gun had announced the beginning of the test allotted for yesterday afternoon. She bounded over the tempestuous sea, which was running fairly high, and at times was clearly out of the water.

Good judges of the seaworthiness of such a type of craft immediately asserted that her finish was not far off. The prediction soon came true, as, after making the round of seven and a half miles in exactly fifteen minutes, she was seen to be in difficulties half a mile beyond the starting point. She laid broadside to the course for half an hour, with her helmsman, R. Otwell, and his mechanic working overtime in order to remedy the trouble, which proved to be a leak. Work as they could, they failed to shut off the intake of water, and Otwell got up his power, and, although he called for assistance in order to help get him to shore, he eventually shied all the help off, although the craft was sinking fast.

But about six inches of her hull showed below the gunwale when he beached her on West Beach, a sandy peninsula, where she finally lay, with the whole of her hull submerged, when the trials had been finished last night.

Tech, Jr., which is now called the "shoot the chute" boat, gave another wonderful demonstration of her ability to make the most wonderful leaps ever shown by a motor boat, and, after performing in weird fashion for about half a mile, pounding each rising wave in alarming style, came to a stop, being out of commission for an hour before she was brought back to her quarters.

Baby Reliance IV., of which great things were expected, was tied up until late because of engine difficulty. She eventually got away from the mark and after making a circuit in 16:09 became disabled and was sent to her quarters.

Peter Pan V., James Simpson's boat, which had her first outing on Thursday, again showed and made a creditable performance, doing three laps of the course in 15:03, 14:09 and 16:28, with an average speed of 32.53 statute miles. Big Balaam, another new comer and said to be a wonder in rough water, made four circuits in a conservative manner, doing 1 hour 16 minutes 12 seconds.

As a relief to the indecision as to starting which has been shown by the would-be American entrants for the tests, the greatest of interest asserted itself when it was announced that Maple Leaf IV., one of the English challengers, which had for quarters a lighter near the Beaux Arts dock, was being lowered in order to take a spin. For the time being the American boats were lost sight of, most of them being tied up to the committee boat, and as Maple Leaf IV. hove in sight she became the cynosure of all eyes.

T. O. M. Sopwith, the English aviator, who will be her helmsman in the contest to-day, was at her wheel, and she flew along the ruffled waters in the most businesslike way imaginable, making no more noise than a light-running sewing machine. There was no fuss or commotion aboard the racing craft, and Sopwith waved his hand as she passed the American fleet. On all sides nothing but commendation was heard at her showing.

Maple Leaf made but one circuit of the course, and it was afterward learned that she had broken her rudder clear off just as she was rounding the turn for the lighter.

When seen on the lighter it developed that she is a five-step boat, with two engines of twelve cylinders each, capable of developing nearly 700 horse power. Mona, the other English boat, has one engine with eight cylinders, and is of 150 horse power.

J. Stuart Blackton, who was to have steered one of his Reliance boats in the event of its being selected, and for whom the American committee had requested the boon from the Royal Motor Yacht Club because of the question being raised as to his eligibility, will not be a participant. Commodore Melville announced that he had received a cable from the Chairman of the committee of the Royal Motor Yacht Club stating that as there was not sufficient time in which to collect the whole committee to act on the case of Mr. Blackton, and, furthermore, because of the absence of Lord Northcliffe, no action could be taken regarding the request. It was his idea, however, that the conditions of the deed of gift should be lived up to in every particular.

Huntington Bay this afternoon will be the scene of the ninth race for the British International Trophy for motor boats, otherwise known as the Harmsworth Cup, which was presented to the Royal Motor Yacht Club as a perpetual prize by Lord Northcliffe, the first contest for which was held July 11, 1903, and contests have been held ever since annually, with the exception of 1909, when the challenge for the trophy held by America was withdrawn when it was found that no boats had been built to make a bid for the prize.

The trophy came to America with the result of the 1907 race, which was won by Dixie at Southampton, England, Aug. 2. Since then the English have made unsuccessful attempts to "lift the cup."

According to the deed of gift, the trophy must be raced for annually, with not more than three boats representing each country. Each of the competing craft must be constructed wholly in every respect in the country which it represents, and all hands in the boats must be natives or naturalized subjects of the country which they represent.

The races are to be held over a suitable course in sheltered waters of the country holding the trophy, selected by the recognized club of that country, or, failing that, in similar waters in Great Britain or Ireland. The length of the course shall not be less than twenty-five nor more than thirty-five nautical miles. The country which first wins three races shall be declared the winner of the trophy.

The summary of yesterday's tests:

Boat and Owner.	Start.	First. Lap.	Second. Lap.	Third. Lap.
Peter Pan V., James Simpson	5:33:00	5:48:03	6:04:12	6:20:36
Big Balaam, Frank Bailey	5:30:14	5:49:26	6:08:32	6:27:35

Time of finish—Big Baalam, 6:46:26.

Boat and Owner.	Start.	First. Lap.	Second. Lap.	Third. Lap.
Minnow, W. E. Dodge	5:30:37	5:45:37	Disabled.	
Baby Reliance, J. S. Blackstone	6:11:22	6:27:31	Disabled.	
Tech, Jr., T. C. Dupont	5:42:06	Disabled.		

Times of laps—Peter Pan V., (three laps,) 15:03, 14:09, 16:28. Average speed—28.29 knots, (32.53 miles.)

Minnow, (one lap,) 15:00.

Big Baalam, (four laps,) 19:12, 19:06, 19:03, 18:51. Average speed—23.62 knots (27.76 miles.)

Baby Reliance IV., (one lap,) 16:09. Speed—27.86 knots, (32.03 miles.)

JOHNSON RETIRES AGAIN.

Special to The New York Times.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 30.—Jack Johnson has finally repudiated his contract with Hugh McIntosh of Australia to go there and fight Sam Langford and Samuel McVey, for which he was to receive $50,000. Forfeit money was ready to be placed in Al Tierney's hands in Chicago, but Johnson simply would not go, declaring again that he had retired.

Joe Jeannette was offered big money to go, but his manager, Dan McKettrick, refused because he expects to fight Johnson in Paris for twenty-five rounds, Victor Breyer being in New York now to try and sign them.

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YACHT ISTALENA A WINNER.

Seawanhaka-Corinthian Invitation Regatta Sailed Yesterday.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, Aug. 30.—The Seawanhaka-Corinthian invitation regatta was sailed this afternoon and resulted in one of the most successful series of the organization. Eighteen yachts responded to the call in the various classes, which included types from 65 footers to the Seawanhaka 15 footers. Most of the craft covered the distances allotted, but Joyant, W. H. Childs's 30 footer, was compelled to withdraw after the first round because of a broken boom, as the result of a mix-up with Windward. Winsome, E. T. Hall's 65 footer, was compelled to withdraw shortly after the first round because of a split jib.

The winners were Istalena, in the K class for sloops; Windward, in Class P; Okee, in the division for N. Y. Y. C. Thirties; Vandalia, among the schoonerettes, and Flicker, in the Seawanhaka 15-foot class.

A twenty mile north-by-northwest wind was blowing when the big boats were sent away at 12:30 P. M., the course being off Lloyds Neck to Greenwich Point and Long Neck Point.

Okee was protested because of crowding at the first mark, and Windward's prize in the sloop class was withheld pending the decision of an objection lodged because of a technicality.

The three Seawanhaka 15 footers had one of the closest races on record when they finished within a second of one another. E. C. Henderson's Flicker finished the course in 1:15:24, while Thelema and Grilse deadheated just one second later. The annual open Autumn regatta will be held to-morrow. The summary:

SLOOPS—CLASS K.

Start, 12:40. Course, 30½ miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish. H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.
Istalena, G. M. Pynchon	4:21:59	3:41:59
Aurora, C. Vanderbilt	4:23:34	3:43:34
Winsome, E. T. Hall	Did not finish	

SLOOPS—CLASS P.

Start, 1:00. Course, 15¼ miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish. H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.
Windward, R. A. Monks	3:19:28	2:19:28
Corinthian, H. C. Smith	3:21:30	2:21:30
Joyant, W. H. Childs	Did not finish	

NEW YORK YACHT CLUB THIRTIES.

Start, 12:55. Course, 15¼ miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish. H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.
Phryne, J. P. Morgan, Jr.	3:21:45	2:26:45
Okee, J. A. Mahlstedt	3:20:37	2:25:37
Juanita, S. C. Hunter	3:21:07	2:26:07

SCHOONERETTES.

Start, 1:05. Course, 15¼ miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish. H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.
Vandalia, W. B. Duncan	3:43:02	2:38:02
Moira, C. Cowl	3:44:32	2:39:32
Alicia, W. M. Baldwin	3:48:09	2:43:09
Rival, W. H. Judson	3:44:51	2:39:51
Alys, F. Coudert	3:50:57	2:45:57
Helen II., E. Randolph	3:48:33	2:43:33

SEAWANHAKA FIFTEEN-FOOTERS.

Start, 1:10. Course, 6¼ miles.

Yacht and Owner.	Finish. H.M.S.	Elapsed Time. H.M.S.
Thelema, C. MacKenzie	2:25:25	1:15:25
Flicker, E. C. Henderson	2:25:24	1:15:24
Grilse, P. J. Roosevelt	2:25:25	1:15:25

RED AMES WINS ON POINTS.

Battling Larry Ryan Defeated in Bout at St. Nicholas A. C.

Red Ames and Battling Larry Ryan, local middleweights, furnished the finale of an extensive programme of boxing at the St. Nicholas A. C. last night, the former winning on points. The winner marred his work by continually going into clinches after jabbing his opponent, and while this style kept him from taking many punches it also slowed up the bout considerably, and he was greeted with jeers and hisses in every round. Ryan showed little more than ability to assimilate punishment. In almost every round he held out his jaw and took all that Ames could give in the way of punishment without showing any signs of distress. In the clinches both slugged wildly. Neither was in distress at any stage.

The semi-final was a fast ten-round bout between Battling Chuck, a colored bantamweight, and Mickey Dunn. Dunn scaled 115 pounds ringside, and Chuck was two pounds lighter. The colored boy was too experienced for Dunn, and although the latter managed to show up strongly in several exciting rallies he was outpointed in practically every round. Both boys fought the same style, relying principally upon a straight left jab, which carried little force and strong right uppercuts.

FOOTBALL RULES CHANGES.

1912 Guide Appears with Revised Code for Gridiron Game.

The "Football Guide" for 1912 has been issued with all the changes in the rules over which the Rules Committe pondered for several weeks last Winter. Football enthusiasts this season will have to study the code to note the important changes in the game. One of the important changes is in the length of the field. The gridiron since the game became established in this country in 1876 has been 110 yards. This season the actual scrimmage surface is reduced to 100 yards, while back of each goal post is a ten-yard zone, where a forward pass is legal.

The number of downs this season has been increased from three to four, which is calculated to give more encouragement to the rushing game. The on-side kick and the twenty-yard zone, two features of the open game which have been disliked by players, officials, and spectators, have been eliminated, and all restrictions have been removed from the forward pass, so that it may now be tossed any distance on the field. The number of officials has been reduced to three, the field judge having been abolished. Three officials will now run the game. Heretofore three coaches have been allowed on the side lines. Only one coach is allowed there under the revised rules.

There will be no fluke field goals this season like there was last season in the Princeton-Dartmouth game, when the ball bounded over the posts after rolling along the ground. A field goal hereafter must clear the posts cleanly. Hereafter the kick-off will be from the forty-yard line, or sixty yards from the opponents' goal line.

Another important change is the increased value of a touchdown. This year it is worth six points, just twice the value of a field goal. This change was brought about so that a team making a touchdown and kicking the goal will have seven points, which will win over a team making two field goals, scoring six points.

National League Bulletins.

Thomas J. Lynch, President of the National League of Professional Baseball Clubs, last night announced that the following contracts and releases have been approved:

Probationary contracts—With Cincinnati, F. Harter; with New York, L. V. Bader and Theodore Goulait; with Pittsburgh, A. W. Cooper.

Releases—By Brooklyn to Chicago, (N. L.,) Rudolph Somers, (repurchased by Brooklyn from Nashville, under optional agreement;) by Cincinnati to Galveston, (T. L.,) Eugene Moore.

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STUTZ CAR WINS ILLINOIS TROPHY

Merz Drives to Victory in Feature of Elgin Races—Mason and Mercer Capture Cups.

ELGIN, Ill., Aug. 30.—Charles Merz and Gill Anderson, both driving Stutz cars, furnished the high lights in the opening day's programme of the annual Elgin automobile race meet this afternoon.

Merz won the 203 mile Illinois trophy race over the 8¼ mile course in the record time of 3 hours 4 minutes and 32 seconds. The drivers were but two minutes apart at the finish. Frequently they swayed down the hills and through the stretches at a 70 mile an hour clip, with less than a dozen feet separating them. Merz drove the entire distance at an average speed of 66.11 miles per hour.

Don Herr, who won the Illinois trophy with a National car last year, drove the same distance at an average of 65.63 miles per hour.

Harry Endicott, driving a Mason special car, won the Jencks trophy at 101 miles, after the only two other entries had been eliminated by accident. Endicott drove at an average of 59 3-10 miles an hour. Time, 1 hour 40 minutes 32 seconds.

The Rayfield car, driven by W. Hobbs in the Illinois trophy race, was put out of the contest by a broken crank shaft.

The National car driven by Neil Whalen, in the Illinois trophy, was put out of the race by engine trouble.

Although all but one of the six starters in the Aurora trophy race finished, this 152 mile event did not develop the fight that marked the Illinois. Hughie Hughes, with a Mercer, took the Aurora in 2 hours 20 minutes and 40 seconds. His average speed per hour was 66.05 miles. His team mate, Edward Pullen, finished second with another Mercer. H. Trussell, with a Falcar, finished third in the Aurora; Mortimer Roberts, driving a Mason, was fourth, and S. Hastings was in fifth position. Spencer Wishart, the young New York driver, was forced to quit in the thirteenth lap because of engine trouble.

Hastings has the distinction of driving the fastest lap of the day. He sent his machine around during the ninth lap in 7 minutes and 22 seconds.

The third event on the card, the Jencks trophy at 101 miles, did not furnish a contest. There were but three starters—Harry Endicott, Mason Special; W. G. Wordingham, Herreshoff '20, and F. W. Moe with a Ford 1911. Wordingham dropped out early and Moe ran into the ditch, leaving Endicott to parade home, winner in "joy ride" fashion.

Endicott managed to perform a thriller for the crowds at McQueen's Turn, however, when he tore into the baled hay banked at the outside of the curve and threw a cattle feed fifty feet in the air. He emerged from the cloud of dust without a scratch and went down the road at high speed.

BOOT IS GOLF WINNER.

Record-Breaker Loving Vanquished in Semi-Final at Van Cortlandt.

Surprises were in order on the last day of play in the annual tournament of the New York Golf Club over the Van Cortlandt links yesterday. Elmer W. Loving of the home club, who had broken all records for the course the day before, went down to defeat at the hands of W. A. Purcell, also of the New York Golf Club, in the semi-final, while Purcell, unable to maintain his gait in the final round, fell before the prowess of J. A. Boot, who became the winer of the principal cup. The summary:

First Division, Semi-final Round.—J. A. Boot, New York Golf, beat D. P. Healey, unattached, 3 up and 2 to play; W. A. Purcell, New York Golf, beat E. W. Loving, New York Golf, 2 up.

Final Round.—Boot beat Purcell, 2 up and 1 to play.

Consolation Division, Semi-Final Round.—H. Grantland Rice, New York Newspaper Golf Club, beat A. H. Harrison, New York Golf Club, 7 up and 5 to play; W. D. Patterson, Scottish-American Golf Club, beat Paul Haber, Scottish-American Golf Club, 4 up and 2 to play.

Final Round.—Patterson beat Rice, 5 up and 4 to play.

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TARIFF TAX A BURDEN ON HOUSEHOLD ARTICLES

Government Law Enables Manufacturers to Raise Prices Here on Clothing, Carpets, Cutlery, Chinaware, and Textiles to the Duty Level Plus Transportation.

By JOHN JEROME ROONEY.

Articles of general household use are taxed by the Payne-Aldrich tariff under enormous rates of customs duties. Household articles bear a heavier burden than any others, with the exception of clothing and textile generally.

These latter, under Schedule K, the woolen schedule, and Schedule I, the cotton goods schedule, hold a bad pre-eminence. A close second may be found in the schedules covering articles of universal household use. These articles are not covered in any one schedule or paragraph of the Payne-Aldrich masterpiece of "Protection," but take their place along the entire list, according to material and general classification.

For example, chinaware comes under Schedule B—"Earths, earthenware, and glassware." Carpets (of wool) are covered by Schedule K; cutlery is in Schedule C, "metals and manufacturers of"; chairs, tables, desks, and manufactured woodware generally, are under Schedule D, "wood and manufactures of"; wall paper, paper, stationery, &c., are covered by Schedule M, "pulp, papers, and books," and so on through the various articles, from needles to sewing machines.

These customs duties literally add millions of dollars a year to the cost of building and furnishing the homes of the people of the United States. Moreover, these taxes, starting frequently with the raw material and running up through every process of manufacture and every avenue of distribution, from wagons to railroads, result in a general price level in the United States not less than 50 per cent. higher, and generally much more, than in practically all foreign countries, except those with a like extreme system of tariff taxation.

In woolen textiles alone, for instance, the United States Tariff Board reported that on sixteen pieces of cloth, taxed in the tariff 184 per cent., the raise in price in the United States markets was 67 per cent. higher than the price for the same article in Europe. This is but an illustration of the tariff-taxing process, and, strange as it may seem to the uninitiated in the beauties of the system, the higher the tax the less revenue to the United States Treasury from the article.

Bars Competition from Abroad.

The explanation, of course, is that the article so taxed, such as the lower and middle grade woolens, is shut out by the duty rate, and cannot be imported over the tariff wall.

But the tax is taken, just the same, by the raising of the price of the domestic article to any extent that the consumer will pay up to the duty limit, plus the cost of importation.

In other words, what is supposed to be a public tax law, for governmental revenue, is turned into a method of private taxation. The extent to which this private tax can be levied in the domestic price, under cover of the tariff rate of duty, is called "protection." Keeping in mind how the tariff rates lift the domestic price, we can estimate, from the rates of duty herein quoted, the extent of this indirect private tax upon American households.

Examination of the rates fixed against some of the chief articles of household use shows astonishing results. Take the universally necessary articles of chinaware, porcelain, parian ware, earth, stone and crockery ware, ornamental, decorated, or enameled, gilded, or stained, embracing such things as table chinaware, clock cases, vases, plaques, mugs, lamps, toys of chinaware, statuettes, statues, and ornaments.

Here are articles that should carry a moderate rate of duty. The Payne-Aldrich bill, when the ware is anyway decorated, calls for 60 per cent. duty.

Moreover the ad valorem duty, duty based on the value, is levied not only on the value of the chinaware itself, but also upon the value of the inside coverings, the package material and outside case, all material of no practical use afterward. Its value, however, is useful in adding to the value on which the enormous rate of 60 per cent. is levied.

When the chinaware or other articles named are plain white, not subjected to any decorative process, the Payne-Aldrich bill drops to 55 per cent. These rates are the same as the Dingley bill was. The bulk of the indirect tax in increased prices is undoubtedly collected by the domestic interests.

How Prices Are Raised Here.

The report of the United States Bureau of Statistics of the duties collected ending June 30, 1911, shows that upon plain white and plain ware (55 per cent.) the Treasury received only $651,018.14, a mere trifle of the real tax collected on this article of universal use.

Upon yellow plain or embossed ware (40 per cent.) the Government got the magnificent sum of $513.22. Upon mantels, friezes, composed of tiles or tiling (60 per cent.) the United States Treasury received in the year $405.

Of course, a duty tax of 60 per cent. upon the foreign market value of such articles was prohibitory, and the domestic producer could raise his price level to the foreign cost plus the duty, plus the cost of transportation. In other words, the tariff tax was collected on the total domestic consumption, but it was collected not by the Treasury but privately as "protection."

Consider the item of bathroom tiles, for instance. Only $4,141 worth could get over the tariff wall, and the Treasury, from this part of nearly every household, got $1,449.35 in revenues for the entire year of 1911.

The cost of importation, freight, insurance, brokerage, cartage, and the duty on the packing and packages which are thrown away, certainly amount to an additional 10 per cent. advantage for the domestic producer.

Burdensome Tax on Carpets.

A similar story, only one of a more burdensome tax, can be told of carpets, blankets, and other articles of wool used in the household.

For instance, the duties actually levied and collected last year upon carpets and carpeting, mats, rugs, covers, hassocks, art squares, screens, averages 61.72 per cent. The United States Treasury received as revenue from the importation of these articles of vast consumption only $2,399,368.73. And the total value of the entire importations amounted to only a little over $3,887,000.

Thus, upon the foreign articles, the consumer paid nearly three-quarters as much again as the value of the articles, and on the immense domestic output a margin of considerably over 60 per cent. was afforded to the domestic manufacturer, to which he could lift his "protective" prices.

A very general use had begun for mattings of cocoa fibre or rattan, and of straw, such as Japanese, Chinese, and India mattings. The Payne-Aldrich law clapped upon these latter 3½ cents a square yard, which figured out last year 49.17 per cent. of the foreign market value.

The Treasury received, all told, some $961,566.78. This was a raise by the Payne-Aldrich bill over the Dingley rate of 3 cents a square yard, equivalent to 36.37 per cent. The raise of duty, to discourage importation of this article of common use which could not be made here, but which interfered with the domestic carpet business, caused an actual falling off in revenues to the Treasury of nearly $400,000 on this item alone.

Last year, and every year of the Payne-Aldrich bill, the Treasury had a large deficit from its customs collections. The National corporation tax tacked on to make up the anticipated deficit alone saves the situation. Yet the last Treasury report shows a deficit even with this tax.

Privately Levied Protection.

The consumers' prices are raising from the operation of the privately levied "protective" taxes, while the Treasury goes into deficiencies.

Oilcloth, linoleum, and similar fabrics were tariff-taxed at an average rate of 49.58 per cent. Only a little over $2,000,000 worth could come over the tariff wall last year. The Treasury got in duties $1,026,683.63. This means a level of over 50 per cent. to which the domestic price can be raised, beyond the foreign price, by the American manufacturer.

As this raise passes from manufacturer to jobber or wholesaler to retailer, an additional profit must be taken upon the additional capital advanced. When the consumer is reached she wonders what is the matter with oilcloth and doubtless is told that an "International Commission on the High Cost of Living" will inquire next year.

Glassware tells the same story, bearing, on common window glass, such rates of tariff taxation as 91.51 per cent., 109.84 per cent., 116.60 per cent., according to sizes, weights and value, and never running below 62 per cent.

The general run of glassware is taxed 60 per cent.; the usual and expected result takes place in obstructed and destroyed competition from abroad, and a raise of price, at home, to the duty level, or as much as the consuming market, meaning ourselves and families, will stand.

This is just a glance at the tariff tax upon the American home. Every item bears its heavy burden of publicly levied but privately enjoyed tribute.

CONDITIONS OF TRADE.

Commenting on general business conditions, Dun's Review says:

Advices from leading cities, both East and West, with scarcely an exception, speak of a bigger volume of trade, larger advance orders, better employment of labor, and a growing confidence that the now practically assured crops make the future secure. In every part of the country business optimism is the rule, and all other considerations are practically ignored in the light of the conviction that a period of National prosperity has set in which only some great and improbable calamity could stop. During three weeks in August railroad gross earnings gained 6.7 per cent.; the margin of idle cars declined and the problem of transporting the traffic of the country becomes daily more important. The wheat crop is not only large, but there is every prospect of an urgent domestic and foreign demand. Weather conditions continue favorable to both corn and cotton. Until the price of raw cotton becomes more settled, the cotton goods trade will be more or less disturbed by the uncertainty. But the woolen and worsted trade is active, and the whole textile situation, both as regards manufacturers and distributors, appears very promising. The shoe trade steadily improves. Hides and leather continue strong and active. The industrial improvement is shown by the fact that the large increase in September dividend and interest disbursements is chiefly due to the bigger earnings of industrial corporations. Bituminous coal, as usual in a period of industrial expansion, is active and firm. Foreign commerce is large, but the feature now is in the growth of imports; in the latest week the foreign commerce of New York totaled $37,268,892, against $30,385,160 in 1911 and $31,771,199 in 1910, and while there was a moderate gain in exports, the increase in imports amounted to $5,473,826.

Bradstreet's says:

Business conditions are even more reassuring than heretofore. Crop developments continue exceptionally favorable, industrial operations are moving at a swifter pace, labor is in scant supply, both in mill and field; buying for Fall, Winter, and next Spring is of larger proportions, money is in more active demand, currency is going to the country in larger volume, a general shortage of railway cars in another month seems certain, the pig iron trade displays marked activity, and finally, collections are gradually improving, with further betterment likely to ensue when the marketing of crops is on a larger scale. At the moment retail trade reflects end-of-the-season conditioins, but Fall buying is expected to be very heavy, particularly as the soil has produced so much wealth, which will be fully reflected later on in a free circulation of money, while the widespread employment of labor is expected to make for steady consumptive demand. As already indicated, the crop situatioin is really excellent, corn having made further progress, while cotton shows less than seasonal deterioration. Corn needs another thirty days of sunshine to mature the plant, but while there are some reports of damage to cotton from insects, it is not thought to be material enough to impair the situation as a whole. Threshing of Spring wheat has been delayed by rains, which have also caused some damage to wheat in shock, but the deterring factors are hardly important enough to affect results. Activity in jobbing lines is quite pronounced, fine crops and prospects of a free supply of funds having generated a degree of optimism which is mirrored in free buying of a multitude of staple goods. House trade has been very good, thanks to the presence of visiting buyers, who seem undeterred by political activity. Incidentally, road sales are of better volume—the largest in five years, according to Southwestern advices—and mail orders have appeared in liberal volume, the upturn being most noteworthy in all of the surplus crop producing regions, and even the South has joined the other sections with reports of favorable potential trade.

SIDELIGHTS ON SELLING.

Some very effective and well-designed collar and cuff sets in cluny and Catalonian lace are shown this season by a prominent New York import house.

Tinsel brocades, velvet broches and other rich, classical silks are much favored by Parisian dressmakers this Fall, according to recent advices from the other side.

Extreme high heels will be abondoned this year in well-styled Fall shoes for young men in favor of heels averaging about an inch and a half in height.

According to a recognized trade authority, the Spring, 1913, men's wear season is almost without parallel from the point of business done, and the fact that woolen and worsted fabrics occupy an equally popular place.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

New York.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 30.—Among the new companies incorporated to-day were the following:

The Greenberg-Miller Company of Manhattan, to manufacture boots and shoes; $75,000. I. Greenberg, S. Greenberg, O. L. Goldsmith.

The B. Forman Company of Monroe, makers of women's apparel; $50,000. B. Foreman, R. O. Durrell, D. Forman.

Fischground & Co. of Manhattan, clothiers, &c.; $25,000. M. Greenbaun, L. Simonoff, H. Meyer.

The Viking Manufacturing Company of Manhattan, to make automobiles, aeroplanes, and motor cycles; $25,000. A. R. Bangs, R. Condon, A. O. Briggs.

The Forster Embroidery Company of Manhattan; $20,000. W. Forster, I. Berman, E. T. Engel.

The New England Film Exchange of Yonkers, motion picture makers, &c.; $10,000. P. A. Powers, J. Stern, J. Wengel.

The Calvin Trading Company of Manhattan, to deal in general merchandise and realty; $10,000. A. G. Bode, W. Anthony, H. Biederman.

The Lenox Bridge Hotel Company of Manhattan, restauranteurs; $10,000. F. C. Woellflen, G. A. Schwenk, L. B. Hasbrouck.

The Ardsley Dress Company of Manhattan; $15,000. N. Weisberg, B. Kimmel, F. M. Schwartz, A. Gertler.

The Economy Drug Stores Company of Troy; $10,000. J. Cohen, B. W. Knower, J. H. McMahon.

New Jersey.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 30.—The following corporations were chartered in the office of Secretary of State Crater to-day:

Kempshall Supply Company, Jersey City; $100,000 capital; to do general trading; incorporators—James F. Fielder, George B. Fielder, and George R. Percy.

Emergency Horse Shoe Company, New Brunswick; $200,000 capital; to make horse shoes; incorporators—Frank R. Jones, Robert C. Nichols, and S. B. Carpenter.

Standard Tallow Company, Newark; $100,000 capital; to deal in tallow; incorporators—Joseph Altman, Charles B. Davey, and William G. Waldron.

General Supply and Equipment Company, Trenton; $25,000 capital; to deal in railway supplies; incorporators—William J. Pierrepont, William U. Ale, and William B. Housel.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—The following is the forecast for Saturday and Sunday, as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North and South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, and Alabama—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday; light variable winds.

Mississippi, Louisiana, and Eastern Texas—Fair Saturday and Sunday; moderate southerly winds.

Western Texas—Fair in eastern, probably showers in western portion Saturday. Sunday fair.

Utah—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday.

Oklahoma—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday.

Arkansas, Tennessee, and Kentucky—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday.

Ohio—Unsettled and warmer Saturday. Sunday probably fair, moderate southerly winds.

Indiana—Fair in southern, unsettled in northern portion Saturday. Sunday fair; light to moderate variable winds.

Illinois—Fair Saturday, except probably showers in extreme northern portion; slightly cooler in northern portion. Sunday unsettled light to moderate variable winds.

Michigan—Showers, probably followed by clearing Saturday. Sunday probably fair; light variable winds.

Wisconsin—Cloudy Saturday; cooler in southwest portion. Sunday probably fair; light variable winds.

Minnesota—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday; light variable winds.

Iowa—Unsettled and somewhat cooler Saturday. Sunday fair.

Missouri—Probably fair Saturday and Sunday; not quite so warm in northwest portion.

North and South Dakota and Nebraska—Probably showers Saturday. Sunday fair.

Kansas—Generally fair Sunday; not quite so warm. Sunday fair.

WAIST SALES DISAPPOINTING.

Predictions for Big Fall Business Didn't Fully Materialize.

The big business predicted for Fall in the waist and dress trade did not fully materialize, according to a statement made yesterday by a representative of Samuel Floersheimer & Brother, 31 West Twenty-seventh Street. The individual bills purchased this season were small, as a rule, and while in certain quarters of the trade the aggregate volume of business done compared favorably with that of a year ago, this condition was not general, from all accounts. Buyers from Western, Southern, and Eastern points were in the market in good numbers, but were apparently unwilling to place large orders because of the frequent changes and improvements in style brought out.

The initial buying for this season is now practically completed, and some nice duplicate orders have already been received from certain parts of the country. It is not expected, however that any really large reorder business will be booked before about Sept. 10. In view of the prosperous conditions reported throughout the country and the comparatively small amount of merchandise called for in the initial orders of the retailers, it is believed that some very good duplicate business will be done this year.

CROCKERY TRADING BOOMS.

Outside Buyers Here in Good Number—Sellers Very Well Satisfied.

Trading continued to expand in the New York crockery and glassware market this week. Buyers from various parts of the country were in the city in good number, and from all accounts the business placed by them in the aggregate exceeded that of a year ago by a considerable margin. The regular trade bought in good quantities, and the department store buyers were reported to have been as active as their merchandise men would permit. On the whole the week was very successful from a seller's viewpoint.

In the toy line domestic manufacturers and jobbers experienced a generally good week, the call for domestic toys for the most part having been heavier than the demand for imported lines. Buyers of lamps have about completed their season's selections, the finer grades of metal lamps being the only things in this line that have as yet not had their full quota of attention. Imported wares moved actively, French china having experienced as good a demand as could be expected, in view of the approaching change in duty rates. Pressed, blown and cut glass was in good demand, with the lower and medium grades of the latter in most favor.

Reports from the domestic potteries received during the week by The Crockery and Glass Journal indicated general activity. Dinner ware is in good demand, and business on the specialty lines is increasing. Glass manufacturers in the Pittsburgh district were also busy. All the factories were in operation, and the sales managers generally spoke of Fall trade in an optimistic vein.

DRY GOODS SALES SMALL.

Holiday Causes Buyers to Suspend Their Operations.

The dullness that has characterized week-end trading in the New York dry goods market this season was particularly noticeable yesterday. The majority of prominent buyers suspended operations, and as a result the volume of merchandise moved was small.

The day's activities in the secondary market, except for the size of the morning trade of the silk department of a prominent house, were again without feature. All lines were affected by the approaching holiday.

A forceful reminder that whipcords are still very much in vogue for Fall was received by a prominent operator in dress goods in an order from one of the Far Western States for six pieces of these goods for immediate delivery by express. The weight of the shipment was about 150 pounds, and the buyer's willingness to pay express charges for a trip across the continent indicated that the goods were badly needed.

There was not a great deal of buying in the primary market from all accounts. The advances over last year's figures indicated in the recent prices on certain lines of cotton goods for Spring delivery caused no little comment, lower quotations having been generally expected in view of the present weakness of the cotton market.

PROPOSALS FOR GOVERNMENT SUPPLIES.

No further particulars are available in the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce regarding these projects. Correspondence should be direct with the offices named.

783. PANAMA CANAL SUPPLIES.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received at the office of the General Purchasing Officer of the Isthmian Canal Commission, Washington, D. C., until Sept. 4, 1912, for furnishing bar iron or steel, galvanized sheet iron or steel, babbitt metal, sheet zinc, bronze, sheet brass, brass tubing, steel cable, chain, iron and steel washers, nails, chisels, boat spikes, lag screws, shovels, files, saws, machetes, stocks and dyes, drill sleeves, galvanized buckets, grease cups, steam and water gauges, drawer locks, padlocks, grindstones, life preservers, hose, packing, gaskets, magnesia pipe covering, paper roofing, emery cloth, ship's felt, rawhide lacing, signal flags, chalk line, rules, steel tape, tie plugs, lime, chrome yellow, yellow ocher, cab enamel, soap polish, inspection cars, sheet copper, dyes, and end mills. (Circular No. 726.) Sealed proposals will be received until Sept. 10 for furnishing iron and steel castings, pig iron, steel reinforcing bars, hand force pumps, and crossties. (Circular No. 727.)

784. PUBLIC BUILDINGS.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Supervising Architect, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., for the construction, extension, remodeling, &c., (including plumbing, gas piping, heating apparatus, electric conduit and wiring, and lighting fixtures,) of the following buildings: (1) Until Oct. 1, 1912, for the extension, remodeling, &c., of the United States Post Office and Court House at Raleigh, N. C. (2) Until Oct. 2, for the construction of the United States Post Office at Bellefontaine, Ohio.

785. ELECTRIC PASSENGER ELEVATORS.—(1) Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Supervising Architect, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., until Oct. 4, 1912, for an electric passenger elevator in the United States Post Office and Court House at North Yakima, Wash. (2) Proposals will be received until Sept. 9 for the installation of an electric passenger elevator in the United States Post Office and Court House at Phoenix, Ariz.

786. PUBLIC WORKS.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the United States Reclamation Service, Malta, Mont., until Sept. 25, 1912, for the construction of laterals, waste water ditches, and structures on the first unit, Dodson South Canal, Milk River project, Montana. The work involves the excavation of approximately 67,000 cubic yards of materials and the erection of six small structures. For further particulars address the United States Reclamation Service, Malta, Mont., or Washington, D. C.

787. GASOLINE LAUNCH.—Sealed proposals will be received at the United States Engineer's Office, Wilmington, N. C., until Sept. 16, 1912, for furnishing and delivering one cabin gasoline launch.

788. GAS PIPING, HEATING APPARATUS, CONDUIT, AND WIRING.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Supervising Architect, Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., until Oct. 3, 1912, for the gas piping, heating apparatus, conduit, and wiring at the United States Marine Hospital at Stapleton, Staten Island, N. Y.

789. EARTHWORK.—Sealed proposals will be received at the United States Engineer's Office, Metropolitan Bank Building, New Orleans, La., until Sept. 3, 1912, for constructing about 55,500 cubic yards of earthwork in the lower Tensas Levee district and on the east bank of the Mississippi River from Vicksburg to Bayou Sara. Further information may be obtained at the above office.

CONSULAR TRADE NOTES.

As a result of a Government subsidy, the Russian Steamship and Trading Company has been able to declare a dividend of $28 per share. The total receipts of the company for 1911 amounted to $7,387,317, while the expenses aggregated $6,015,875. After deducting from the surplus the insurance, reserve, and sinking funds, there was a net profit of $556,205 left for distribution among the shareholders.

Despite the large sales of American automobiles there, American tires have not been introduced into the United Kingdom to the degree that might have been expected, especially as it is stated that there is more actual rubber in the American article than there is in the British or European product. In the latter two, it is said, there is not more than 7 to 10 per cent. of rubber in the outer casing, and 35 per cent. in the inner tube, rubber substitutes and fillers being extensively used.

The only export from Portuguese East African ports that finds a large sale in the United States is chrome ore, shipped from Beira in transit from Rhodesia. In 1910 the total export of chrome ore amounted to 37,235 tons, of which total the United States took 18,800 tons. In 1911 the total export was 38,183 tons, of which the United States is credited with a purchase of 9,600.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

WALLPAPER MEN HOPEFUL.

Good Business Done at Annual Show—Fine Road Orders Expected.

Sales made at the annual exhibition of wall papers, which took place in this city recently, from all accounts bore out the predictions previously made that it would be one of the most successful shows ever held. An excellent business was done, according to a well-posted wall paper man, and while the tendency on the part of the buying public to take the better grades of wall coverings was reflected to a considerable extent in the orders booked, the medium and cheaper lines were by no means neglected. As a result of the business done at the exhibition the trade as a whole is more optimistic than ever regarding the future, and some excellent orders are anticipated when the road men leave for their various territories early next month.

Comments are heard in certain quarters of the trade to the effect that present prices are not at the levels justified by the increased cost of production. Practically everything used to any great extent in the manufacture of wall paper, with the possible exception of wood pulp, is more expensive than it was a year ago, and added to this is the increasing cost of labor. The justification and necessity for asking an advance in the selling price of the finished product is generally recognized, and from all accounts the trade is only waiting for some prominent house to take the initiative in the matter.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

TUSHNETT, LANCTON & HEDINGER, (a corporation,) makers of fine gold jewelry, 51 and 53 Maiden Lane, have filed a petition with liabilities $68,963 and assets $46,764. Judge Hough appointed E. N. Stone receiver with a bond of $10,000. Among the creditors are the National Nassau Bank, Chatham and Phenix National Bank, Goldsmith Brothers Smelting and Refining Company, Jacob Strauss & Son, and L. & M. Wollstein.

THE ELECTROLYTIC PROCESS COMPANY of 325 West Thirty-ninth Street and at 1,303 De Kalb Avenue, Brooklyn, has filed a petition with liabilities of $29,641 and assets of $26,671. Among the creditors are the United States and Mexican Trust Company, $11,494; Ostrander-Seymour Company, Chicago, $2,143; Mrs. Jennie A. Stilwell, $1,500, and A. E. Stilwell, $1,150.

E. E. SPENCER & CO.—A petition has been filed against Edward E. Spencer and William C. Butts, who compose the firm of E. E. Spencer & Co., manufacturers of shoe machinery and supplies, 34 Warren Street, by Hastings & Gleason, attorneys for these creditors: Linen Thread Company, $2,651; Harry Lyons as Lyons & Co., $202, and Edward E. Spencer, Jr., $1,759. Judge Hough appointed Jesse Watson receiver, with authority to continue business ten days. The liabilities are said to be about $30,000 and assets of $27,000.

JACOB APPEL.—A petition has been filed against Jaboc Appel, wholesale dealer in artificial flowers, 621 Broadway, by these creditors: Hugo Werner, $214; Alvin Hofman, $443, and M. Weingarten, $233.

ALBERT MINTUS.—A petition has been filed against Albert Mintus, trading as the Banner Manufacturing Company, manufacturer of waists and dresses, 120 West Eighteenth Street, by these creditors: Frederick Vietor & Achelis, $500; E. H. Behrens & Co., $100, and L. Erstein & Brother, $50. The liabilities are $5,000 and assets less than $4,000.

OSHEROFSKY & BARRIS.—Judge Hough has dismissed the petition filed on Aug. 15 against Osherofsky & Barris, who did business as the Triangle Suspender Company of 342 Canal Street, on a settlement at 25 cents on the dollar.

POPULAR WAIST AND DRESS COMPANY.—Judge Hough has appointed Nathaniel Walkof receiver of the Popular Waist and Dress Company of 50 West Seventeenth Street on request of seventeen creditors. A committee of creditors recommended a settlement at 27½ cents on the dollar, but the company was unable to finance the settlement, and it was considered necessary to have a receiver take charge of the assets.

INTEGRITY GARMENT MANUFACTURING COMPANY.—The assets of the Integrity Garment Manufacturing Company of 144 West Twenty-seventh Street were sold at auction yesterday by Judge Hough in the Federal Building to Joseph Frenkel, an auctioneer, for $17,500. There was only one other bidder. On Aug. 23 there was a hearing in court on an offer of $16,000 for the assets, but creditors did not think the amount was large enough, so the matter was adjourned until yesterday.

THE NATIONAL RETAIL GROCERS' CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATION of 305 Fifth Avenue made an assignment yesterday to David Stuart Bingham. The association is a Delaware corporation, incorporated on Nov. 1, 1911, with capital stock $1,000,000, to assemble and distribute merchandise on a co-operative plan.

JUDGMENTS ENTERED.

These judgments, for amounts more than $100, were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Agid, Samuel, and Charles Brust—L. Rosenthal, $111.
Ahearn, Henry E.—S. C. Silver, $780.
Beerbohm, Henry M.—L. Finkelstein, $128.
Brennan, James—T. J. Connell, $107.
Boyer, Wilbur S.—E. S. Simpkins, $102.
Bonacci, Domenick—Bessemer Limestone Co., $2,572.
Clark, Lyman—I. Witkind et al., $321.
Clark, Walter B.—G. W. Lynch, $421.
Collins, Mary L., adm.—L. Gottschalk, costs, $260.
Comboni, Maria and Attilio—R. Hill, $354.
Daly, William—Regal Hoof Pad Co., $125.
Flick, Julia—Lehn & Fink, $194.
Felker, Curt C.—C. MacDonald, $1,058.
Fay, Timothy F.—Title Guarantee and Trust Co., $136.
Freedman, Dora and Joseph—J. Bach, $16,420.
Garrison, Willard—National Nassau Bank of New York, $274.
Hicks, James P., and Arthur A. Johnson—Goodwin Sand and Gravel Co., $774.
Johns, E. C.—C. H. Turner, $1,204.
Locatelli, Domenico—H. J. Gazzalo et al., $369.
Same—Mayer Brothers Co., $114.
Lesser, Joseph S. and Morris—M. Bernard et al., $99,246.
Lawson, William—C. H. Freeman, $1,855.
Porter, George G.—B. Altman & Co., $258.
Rotner, Morris—Kalt Lumber Co., $512.
Schwam, Julia—M. Schwam, $976.
Scoville, Eugene—Sample & Co., $114.
Scharlin, Barney—O. Wiltschek, $157.
Smith, Gouverneur E., Stuart D. Walker, and George J. Dettmar—First National Bank of Amityville, $1,540.
Sonnenstrahl, Abraham—Fiss, Doerr & Carroll Horse Co., $123.
Sultzer, Ernst—W. S. Kollisch et al., $270.
Ulloa, Juan J.—L. N. Worth, $184.
Von Dewitz, Hrolf—T. M. Grace, $198.
Wolff, Joseph—L. Gurfein, $304.
Wienstein, Israel and Neary—M. Freundenheim et al., $539.
Zwiren, Jacob—A. Danzig et al., $132.
Brown Realty Co.—Fundy Co., $13,378.
Consolidated Provision Co. and Ludwig de Leopold—Commercial Trust Co., $115.
Seitz Brewing Co.—H. & H. Reiners of Brooklyn, N. Y., U. S. A., $121.

JUDGMENTS SATISFIED.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and the date that when judgment was filed:

Burkard, Thelka E.—F. Bloch, July 9, 1912, $244.
Given, John L.—Scandinavian Belting Co., June 29, 1912, $112.
Meyer, Theodore A.—Clinton Wire Cloth Co., Oct. 17, 1910, $343.
Rubin, Joseph—B. Bliss, April 3, 1912, $119.
Sands, Philip—E. P. Remington, July 19, 1912, $203.
Sturtzberg, Carl—N. Buckman, July 15, 1912, $110.
Streifler, John—Fred W. Upham Lumber Co., July 8, 1903, (canceled,) $215.
Dominick, Walter P.—J. H. Hauser, July 2, 1912, (vacated,) $524.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Powdered Sand Free of Duty—"Settings" Assessed as Fire Bricks.

The invoice description of an importation by Massee & Co., on which they made a protest to the Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday, was reported as silica or powdered sand. It was returned by the Appraiser as powdered silica, and duty was assessed under Paragraph 95 as an article composed of mineral substances. The protestants maintained that it was either sand or a crude mineral, and therefore duty free, and won on an analysis made by the Government chemist.

An importation of what is commonly known as "settings" for ovens was the subject of another successful protest by R. F. Long. They were assessed as mineral substances under Paragraph 95, and the importer contended they were properly dutiable as "fire bricks," under Paragraph 84.

Stern Brothers succeeded in establishing that beaded bags in chief value of gun metal were properly dutiable at 45 per cent. as "manufactures of metal," and that other bags composed in chief value of beads were dutiable at 60 per cent. Duty had been assessed at rates equal to 85 per cent. under Paragraph 448.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Chance, C. M., Co., Leavenworth, Kan.; Miss C. M. Chance, stationery; Gregorian.
Spring D. G. Co., Grand Rapids, Mich.; W. S. Denison, millinery; 214 Church; Gregorian.
Gilchrist Co., Boston, Mass.; J. Walker, furn. goods, hosiery, knit underwear; 55 White, Hermitage.
Rosenthal Millinery Co., St. Louis, Mo.; G. Warner, untrimmed hats, 621 Broadway; Cadillac.
Baltimore Bargain House, Baltimore, Md.; D. Volmer, clothing, linings, trimmings; 72 Leonard, Woodward.
Watt, Rettew & Cloy, Norfolk, Va.; Mr. Cloy, dry goods; 214 Church.
McMahon, W. H., Philadelphia, Penn.; carpets, York.
Pizits Carpet Company, Birmingham, Ala.; L. Pizits, carpets; York.
Fox, G. & Co., Hartford, Conn.; F. A. Monti, house furn. goods; 320 Church.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Harrisburg, Penn.; O. C. Bickil, silks; 2 Walker.
Brown, Durrell & Co., Boston, Mass.; J. W. Hammond, hdndkerchiefs; 19 W. 19th.
Fowler & Co., Elizabeth City, Mo.; G. R. Bright, notions, furn. goods; Miss M. S. Banks, ladies' wear; Latham.
Butler, William S., & Co., Boston, Mass.; M. F. Butler, dry goods; Miss L. White, laces, neckwear; 55 White.
Warden Mfg. Co., Salem, Va.; E. M. Warden, pants; 56 Worth; Latham.
Kline Cloak Co., St. Louis, Mo.; Miss L. Julius, dresses; 7 E. 20th.
McCreery & Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; Miss K. C. Ludden, millinery; 214 Church.
Royal Garment Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; G. S. Carl, skirts, dresses, waists; 12 W. 17th; Arlington.
Blumberg Bros. Co., Grafton, W. Va., H. G. Bass, general mdse: Herald Square.

906 Broadway
N. E. Cor. of 20th Street.
New Building Now Being Erected.
Each floor contains about 16,000 feet gross.
Price $12,000 Each.
4 PASSENGER ELEVATORS, 4 FREIGHT ELEVATORS.
All Modern Improvements. Modern Sprinkler. Lowes Insurance Rates.
SHIPPING FACILITIES ON 21ST ST.
BING & BING,
505 Fifth Avenue.
Telephone 5600 Bryant,
or Your Own Broker.

MADE BY AMERICAN WORKMEN
Hartford-Saxony
WOVEN IN THE BACK
the American Rug
A GUARANTEE OF QUALITY
for Private Homes
A DEEP PILE LOOM TUFTED RUG
and Public Places
A RUG OF REGAL SPLENDOR

EMBROIDERIES
Originators, Manufacturers, Importers.
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EMBROIDERIES AND NOVELTIES
124 5TH AV. Running Through From 17th to 18th St., N. Y. CITY

Xmas, New Year and all season cards and novelties.
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The Henry Heininger Co., Mfg., 871 B'way.

BUYERS' GUIDE—HELP WANTED.

SALESMAN.—Experienced Southern salesman wanted for dress line; high references requested. B 90 Times.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

ANNUAL MEETING.
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY
165 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at its offices at Salt Lake City, Utah, on TUESDAY, OCTOBER 8TH, 1912, at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing fifteen Directors of the Company, and of transacting such other business as may legally come before the meeting.

For the purposes of the meeting, the books for the transfer of stock (both Preferred and Common) will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on MONDAY, SEPT. 9TH, 1912, and will be reopened at ten o'clock A. M. on Wednesday, OCTOBER 9TH, 1912.

ALEX. MILLAR, Secretary.
Dated August 24, 1912.

GULICK-HALLE CO.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Gulick-Halle Co. will be held at Room 1,000, No. 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the 11th day of September, 1912, at half-past twelve o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of voting upon the proposition that the corporation be forthwith dissolved.

By order of the Board of Directors,
HERBERT GULICK, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the George J. Bascom Co., for the election of Directors and Officers and such other business as may regularly come before it, will be held at 105 West 40th St., New York City, Tuesday, October 1st, 1912, at 10:30 A. M.
E. H. LEWIS, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Tyson-Co., for the election of Directors and Officers and such other business as may regularly come before it, will be held at the office of the Company, 105 West 40th St., New York City, Tuesday, October 1st, 1912, at 10 A. M. E. H. LEWIS, Secretary.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS,
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON,
OFFICE, No. 55 WILLIAM ST.,
Wednesday, Sept. 4th, 1912,
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.
BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.

1 share Calumet Club.
40 shs. Chattanooga Coal Co.
1 share Guantanamo & Western R. R. 1st pfd.
1 share Guantanamo & Western R. R. common.
1 share Gulf & Ocean Realty Co.
1 share Riverview Co.

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

$1,000 Bent County Reservoir Co. 1st mtg 6 p. c. Bds., 1931.
$10,000 Atlantic Fruit & Steamship Co. temporary 1st mtg 6 p. c. S. F. Convt Bds., 1931.
25 shs. Guantanamo & Western R. R. 1st pfd.
100 shs. City Investing Co. common.
3 shs. Singer Manufacturing Co.
30 shs. Washington Trust Co.
25 shs. Twenty-third Street Rwy.
100 shs. Del., Lack. & Western Coal Co.
50 shs. Del., Lack. & Western R. R.

NEW YORK SILK MANUFACTURING CO.

Notice is hereby given that ten hundred and sixty (1,060) shares of the capital stock of York Silk Mills, held by the undersigned under a Trust Indenture made by York Silk Manufacturing Company to the undersigned, dated September 1st, 1909, will be sold at public auction by Adrian H. Muller & Sons, Auctioneers, at the Exchange Salesrooms, 16 Vesey Street, New York City, on the 4th day of September, 1912, at twelve o'clock noon.
WINDSOR TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.

SUMMER RESORTS.

NEW YORK—Ulster County.

Cragsmoor Inn
2,000 ft. Elevation.
100 Miles from New York.
ABSOLUTELY NO CANNED FOODS.
107 rooms. 42 private baths. 3 tennis courts. 6-hole practice golf course. Rates, $14 to $35. After September 7th, $14 to $15. Handsome booklet. Robin Dale Compton, Mgr., Cragsmoor, Ulster Co., N. Y.

NEW YORK—New York City.

In the Country—in New York City.
It's an ideal spot. 300 feet above the Hudson; eight-acre park; attractive, rambling hotel, accommodating [illegible] guests; modern conveniences; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; accessible by train or Subway; 30 to 45 minutes. Address for booklet, THE CHESTNUTS, Riverdale-on-Hudson, (in New York City.) Tel. Kingsbridge 135.

NEW YORK—Orange County.

Ramapo Inn
IN THE RAMAPO MOUNTAINS,
¾ hour from New York City.
Sloatsburg, N. Y.
One mile south from Tuxedo Park, on the Orange Turnpike.
Phone Sloatsburg 352. WM. H. ORMES.
Rates $2.00 upwards. Erie R. R.

NEW YORK—Lake Mahopac.

Dean House
LAKE MAHOPAC, N. Y.
OPEN UNTIL OCT. 1ST.
Old Established Summer Resort. Pleasantly located. Commodious lawns, running to lake. Fine shade trees. GOOD ACCOMMODATIONS FOR AUTOMOBILES. Booklet.
A. H. DEAN, Proprietor.

FOREST HOUSE AT INTERLAKEN
LAKE MAHOPAC, N. Y.
Summer and Fall Resort. Delightfully located in private park fronting two lakes; acres of lawns and shade trees; two miles private walks; beautiful mountain scenery and high altitude; fifty miles from New York; select patronage; garage; rates, single, $15 to $25 week; double, $25 to $35; booklet.

NEW YORK—Westchester County.

THE MOUNTAIN HOUSE
VALHALLA, WESTCHESTER CO., N. Y.
7th season. 45 minutes of 42d St. on Harlem R. R.; 70 acres, park and lawns; 500 feet elevation; 10 minutes from station. Own dairy and vegetables. Music, Tennis. Rates $8. Open all year. Booklet.

SUMMER RESORTS.

NEW YORK—Long Island.

LAKE FRONT HOTEL
LAKE RONKONKOMA, L. I.,
END OF THE MOTOR PARKWAY.
HORACE S. CHASE, Proprietor.
Under entirely new management. Newly refurnished, redecorated. Fifteen acres Lawn and Shade Trees. Directly on the water. 50 miles from New York. Garage. Unsurpassed American Plan Table. Moderate Rates.
SPECIAL SUNDAY DINNER, $1.00.
Boating, Bathing, Fishing, Tennis, Croquet, Music, Dancing. Refined Booklet.

PROSPECT HOUSE
SHELTER ISLAND HEIGHTS, L. I.
Golf, Tennis, Yachting, Bathing. Garage. Delightful Climate, Pure Water. Ideal Motor Run. Delightful Week Ends. Booklet.
SPECIAL RATES FOR SEPTEMBER.

NEW YORK—Staten Island.

MIDLAND BEACH
STATEN ISLAND
Refined Amusement Amid Refined Surroundings
Reached via Staten Island Ferry, foot of Whitehall St., terminus of Subway, elevated roads and surface lines; 20 minutes' invigorating sail through the lower bay and a short trolley ride through the most picturesque part of Staten Island. Cleanest and safest bathing on the Atlantic Coast.

Terra Marine Inn HUGUENOT PARK, Staten Island, N. Y. City.
Superb Motor Run—Ideal Week-End. Desirable unfurnished Cottages overlooking sea. Only 2 left. Room 1544, 25 Broad St., N.Y.City.

NEW YORK—Ulster County.

The Ferns,
NAPANOCH, ULSTER CO., N. Y.
Autumn is the glorious season of the mountains. The Ferns is beautifully located; all modern conveniences of city; first-class table; low rates. Booklets. P. H. GROSS.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

Best Moderate-Rate Hotel
ELBERON
And fireproof annex, Tennessee Ave., near Beach; central, new throughout; capacity, 400; opposite Protestant and Catholic churches; running water in rooms; private baths; excellent table; fresh vegetables from our own farm; windows screened; white service; booklet; special rates. B. B. LUDY, M. D.

HOTEL OSTEND
Directly on the ocean front, Atlantic City. Rooms en suite with private baths. Hot and cold sea water. Magnificent ocean view. Open all year.
SPECIAL RATES FOR SEPTEMBER.
Write for booklet. D. P. RAHTER.

GRAND ATLANTIC
Virginia Ave., near Beach, Atlantic City.
Rooms en suite, with hot and cold sea water baths. Elevator from street level. Auto coach meets trains. Capacity 500. Write for booklet, and special rates for September. COOPER & LEEDS, Owners & Props.

HOTEL DENNIS,
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Directly on the ocean front; always open.
WALTER J. BUZBY.

THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Av. and beach. Ocean view.
Greatly improved and refurnished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms; elevator, &c. Music. Special—$12.50 up weekly; $2.50 up daily. Open all year. Booklet SAMUEL H. ELLIS.

THE CALVERT
Virginia Av., near Beach. All outside rooms. Private baths. Homelike and comfortable; excellent table. Moderate rates. E. H. LUNDY.

Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Josiah White & Sons Company.

FRONTENAC Kentucky Av., 100 yards from Beach. Cap. 250. Homelike; elevator, cool ocean-view rooms; excellent table; special—$8, $10, $12.50, $15 up weekly; special Sept. rates. Booklet. W. F. WATTS.

NEW JERSEY—West End.

Spend Labor Day
at
The Takanassee, West End, N. J.
Superior accommodations; cuisine and service. Every room has private bath. Rates reasonable.

NEW JERSEY—Spring Lake.

The NEW MONMOUTH
SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
Automobiling, riding, driving, tennis, golf, canoeing, sea bathing, sailing, fishing.
275 ROOMS. 200 BATHS.
FRANK F. SHUTE, Manager.

SPRING LAKE, N. J. OCEAN FRONT.
ESSEX AND SUSSEX.
Large Rooms, Modern Private Baths. Artesian Well. Perfect Drainage.
Now open. S. E. URIE.

THE BREAKERS
SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
Directly on the Beach. Open till October.

NEW JERSEY—Denville.

DIAMOND SPRING INN Denville, N. J.,
will remain open through September. Within commuting distance of New York. An hour out on the Lackawanna R. R. Rivers, lakes, mountains, canoeing, horseback riding, tennis, fishing; fresh vegetables from our own garden; celebrated Diamond Spring Water. September is sure to be hot. Bring your family here and commute to business. Booklet on request.

NEW JERSEY—Montclair.

THE OAKDALE Summer Boarders Transients $2.
Tel. 2977 Montclair. 271 Claremont Ave.

PENNSYLVANIA—Delaware Water Gap.

ENJOY THE AUTUMN SEASON AT
The KITTATINNY
Leading Hotel at Delaware Water Gap, Pa.
Steam heat, open log fires, rooms en suite with baths and running water. Own farm and dairies. Golf, tennis, boating, beautiful walks and drives. Orchestra, riding academy, livery, garage. Booklet and auto maps mailed. Special Sept. and Oct. rates. Cafe and Grill. A LA CARTE SERVICE. G. FRANK COPE.

The Hotel of Delaware Water Gap, Pa.
WATER GAP HOUSE
THE MOUNTAIN PARADISE.
Open until Dec. The most modern and finest located hotel in this region. Cuisine of the highest standard; white service. Orchestra; social diversions; every amusement. New beautiful Palm Court and Cafe. Special September and Autumn rates. Booklet and auto maps mailed. Sixth season.
JOHN PURDY COPE.

CATARACT HOUSE
Delaware Water Gap, Pa. Moderate-priced family hotel, with every comfort and amusement. Open until December 1st. L. M. Tucker & Son.

PENNSYLVANIA—Mt. Pocono.

Mt. Pleasant House Finest location on Pocono Mountains; steam heat, gas light throughout; baths. Special Sept. and Oct. rates. Write for handsomely illustrated booklet. W. T. & H. M. LEECH.

PENNSYLVANIA—Shawnee-on-Delaware.

BUCKWOOD INN Shawnee-on-Delaware, Pa.
New 18-hole Golf Course of Shawnee Country Club adjacent to Hotel.

NEW ENGLAND—Connecticut.

INTERLAKEN INN
LAKEVILLE, CONN.
In the Lake Region of the
BERKSHIRE HILLS
60 acres of land, partially wooded, between two lakes. Fishing, boating, canoeing, bathing, golf, tennis, etc. Excellent table. First-class service. Special attention to automobile parties. On direct route from New York to Berkshires. Garage. Special rates for Sept. and Oct. Open until Nov. 1st. Send for booklet. Address Manager.

NEW ENGLAND—Vermont.

LAKE BOMOSEEN.—The Prospect and 10 cottages; all outdoor sports; garage; booklet. H. B. Ellis, Castleton, Vt.

Clearing Sale at Sacrifice
Before Moving to My New Quarters
at 39 to 47 West 19th Street.
Commencing To-day and to Continue for Ten Days, I Will Place on Sale Our Immense Stock of the Latest and Most Attractive
Novelties in Up-to-date Laces.
A Call Will Pay You.
MAX MANDEL
473 Broadway, New York.

ON TUESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 3D, WE SHALL COMMENCE OUR
ANNUAL SALE OF
BROADCLOTHS
5000 PIECES (SEVERAL GRADES) 50 AND 54 INCH ALL WOOL
TWILLED BACK BROADCLOTHS BLACK AND ALL COLORS
LOT No. AA—51⅞c Net (Values 62½ to 75c)
" " BB—59⅞c " (" 77½ to 95c)
" " CC—69c " (" 1.00 to 1.50)
NOTE—THE MATERIAL ADVANCE IN ALL LINES OF WOOL DRESS GOODS MAKES THIS OFFERING ONE NOT TO BE PASSED BY.
THE H. B. CLAFLIN COMPANY
DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT NEW YORK
No Goods at Retail.
NOTE—EVERY BUYER SHOULD HAVE OUR 36 INCH YORKSHIRE ROUGH EFFECT DRESS GOODS (PRODUCT OF THE STERLING MILLS CO.—MILL No. 1) IN HIS STOCK.

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Successors to
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New York
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NEW YORK
Government Municipal Railroad and Public Utility
Bonds for Investment

HIGH GRADE
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Yielding liberal returns
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Write for Circular
A. B. Leach & Co.
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O'CONNOR & KAHLER
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SPECIALIST IN
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We execute orders in all outside Bonds and Stocks.
Exceptionally fast service on London business.
L. P. CARTIER,
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Municipal Railroad Corporation 4% TO 6% BONDS
Selected for Conservative Investors.
LISTS MAILED UPON APPLICATION.
Lawrence Barnum & Co.
BANKERS.
27 & 29 PINE STREET, NEW YORK.
Philadelphia Washington Boston

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Cumberland Pipe
New York Transit
South West Penn Pipe
Washington Oil
And all other subsidiaries.
E. BUNGE & CO.
20 Broad Street. 'Phone 4735-4736 Rector.

SCHMIDT & GALLATIN
Bankers & Brokers
111 Broadway, New York

E. & C. RANDOLPH
Members New York Stock Exchange
111 Broadway, New York.
OPEN MARKET SECURITIES DEPARTMENT
Horace Hatch, Mgr. T. F. Shields, Bonds.
Dealers in Investment and other Securities of the United States, Canada, and Mexico.

New York Municipal Bonds
netting 4.15% to 4.30%
Legal for Savings Banks.
Circulars on Request
Douglas Fenwick & Co.
34 Wall Street, New York

U. S. Gov't N. Y. City BONDS
SMITH, HECK & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange
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WE OFFER A PREFERRED STOCK
to Net 7%.
Write for Circular C.
Jas. B. Colgate & Co.
36 Wall St., New York.

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Bonds for Investment
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BOSTON LONDON CHICAGO

Railway Equipment Issues
Send for circular.
"Safer Than First Mortgage Bonds"
Freeman & Company
34 Pine Street, N. Y.

Potter, Choate & Prentice
BANKERS
55 WALL ST. NEW YORK

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Effect of Higher Bond Rate Not Detrimental—Harriman Roads' Earnings Improve.

The movement of prices on the Stock Exchange was almost forgotten yesterday in the discussion of the monetary situation provoked by Thursday's advance in the English bank rate. Leading bankers in this city refused to take alarm at the predictions of an approaching stringency, and appeared well pleased at the slight readjustment in rates which took place here immediately on receipt of news of the advance in London. The money market now seems to be in a healthy, normal state, wherein funds can be loaned at a profit which does not constitute an obstacle to legitimate business expansion. Money on call opened yesterday at 3¼ per cent., and advanced to 3½ per cent., though most of the lending was done at the lower figure. Time money was much firmer, and advanced ¼ per cent. The quoted rate to the first of the new year was 4½ per cent., but some of the banks have been obtaining 5 per cent. The fact was emphasized by one of the leading bankers that the money market was really better off with the stiffening in rates, since a 5 per cent. basis would result in bringing in funds from out-of-town banks. A further advance in call money would be the immediate result of any considerable broadening of the speculative interest, but in recent weeks the demand for money for Stock Exchange purposes has been so small as to exercise no influence on the rate. There is a good demand for funds for commercial uses now, and this is likely to increase rather than lessen in the next few weeks.

Another unsatisfactory bank statement is looked for to-day. The reported movements of currency indicate a loss in cash by the banks of more than $9,000,000. The banks received from the interior $10,421,000, and shipped $13,164,000, with a net loss to the interior of $2,743,000. On their Sub-Treasury operations the banks lost $7,487,000. An additional $700,000 in gold was sent to Canada, making a total of $2,600,000 on this movement. The Canadian institutions have had considerable money out in loans in this country, and the needs of the western part of the Dominion for the harvesting of the wheat crop are resulting in a natural transfer of funds across the border.

Interest in transactions on the Stock Exchange ebbed still lower with the approach of the extra holiday. The attendance of members on the floor set a new low record for a full trading day, and the aggregate sales amounted to less than 150,000 shares. Prices were irregular, but the changes were mostly inconsequential. It is very evident that the large holders of stocks are still standing aloof from this market, and there has been no professional leadership worthy of the name. In view of the slim attendance in the financial district, the July statement of the Harriman roads' earnings received less attention than it merited. Both companies have started the new year with a great improvement over the showing made in recent statements. The Union Pacific had gross earnings larger by $490,000 than for July of last year, while the Southern Pacific's gross carried a gain of $890,000. The Union's net increased $347,000, and the Southern's $748,000.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2¾@3½ per cent., with the last loan at 3 per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 3¼ per cent.

Time money rates, 3¾@4 per cent. for sixty days, 4@4½ per cent. for ninety days, 4¾@5¼ per cent. for four months, and 4¾@5¼ per cent. for five and six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 5@5½ per cent. for the best names.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $275,506,884; balances, $14,309,674; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $1,265,244.

The local banks lost $6,410,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations this week.

FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London, 3⅝@3¾ per cent. for short bills and 3¾ per cent. for three months' bills; Paris, 2¾ per cent., and Berlin, 4⅝ per cent. The money rates were 2½ per cent. in London and 3½ per cent. in Berlin.

The Paris check rate on London was 25 francs 28½ centimes, and the Berlin check rate on London, 20 marks 46 pfennigs.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8750; demand, $4.8710.
Paris—Cable, 5.18¾ plus 3-64; check, 5.18¾ less 3-64.
Berlin—Cable, 95¼ plus 1-32; check, 95 3-16.
Switzerland—Cable, 5.18¾ less 1-16; check, 5.19⅜.
Holland—Cable, 40.36; check, 40.33.
Belgium—Cable, 5.19⅜ less 1-16; check, 5.20.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', 60 days, $4.8385; 90 days, $4.8290.
London—Commercial, 60 days, $4.83⅝; 90 days, $4.82.
Paris—Bankers', 60 days, 5.21¼ less 1-16; 90 days, 5.22½ less 1-16.
Paris—Commercial, 60 days, 5.21⅞ less 1-16; 90 days, 5.23⅛ less 1-32.
Berlin—Bankers', 60 days, 94 7-16; 90 days, 94¼.
Berlin—Commercial, 60 days, 94 5-16; 90 days, 94 plus 1-32.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 15c discount; St. Louis, 25c discount; St. Paul, 10c premium; San Francisco, 35c premium; Montreal, 62½c discount.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and for the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	Aug. 29.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$1,141,037	$27,326,450	$55,462,952
Internal rev.	1,207,795	23,066,686	47,799,223
Corporation tax.	1,662	280,788	1,634,781
Miscellaneous	41,971	2,994,583	8,307,886
Total receipts	2,392,466	53,668,509	113,204,843
Expenditures	2,479,425	56,948,010	117,227,528
Surplus	*86,959	*3,279,500	*4,022,685

*Deficit.

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was:

Working balance in Treasury offices, $88,895,017; in banks and Philippine Treasury, $35,390,740.

The total of the general fund was $154,223,032.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Name.		—Maturity.—		Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
Amal. Copper	5	Apr.	1,'13	100	100⅜	4.30
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June	1,'13	99⅞	100	4.50
B. R. T. Co.	5	July	1,'18	97⅛	97¼	5.54
Ches. & Ohio	4½	June	1,'14	98⅞	99⅛	5.03
C. H. & D. purchase money	4	July	1,'13	99	99¼	5.02
Chi. & Alton	5	Mar.	15,'13	98¾	99¼	6.44
Chi. Elev. Rys.	5	July	1,'14	97¾	98	6.15
Erie	6	Apr.	8,'14	100¼	100½	5.67
Erie	5	Oct.	1,'14	99⅜	99⅝	5.19
Erie	5	Apr.	1,'15	98	98½	5.63
Gen. Motors	6	Oct.	1,'15	99¾	100	6.00
Gen. Rubber	4½	July	1,'15	96⅝	97¼	5.57
Hudson Co.	6	Feb.	1,'13	99⅞	100¼	5.48
Illinois Cent.	4½	July	1,'14	99¼	99½	4.79
Int. & Gr. Nor.	5	Aug.	1,'14	97½	97¾	6.26
Int. Harv. Co.	5	Feb.	15,'13	100	100⅛	4.84
Minn. & St. L.	5	Feb.	19,'13	93	95	..
Mo., K. & T.	5	May	1,'13	98⅝	99	6.70
Mo. Pacific	5	June	1,'14	95	95⅜	7.80
N. C. of Mex.	4½	Sep.	1,'13	97⅞	98¼	6.30
N. Rys. of M.	4½	June	1,'13	98	98¼	7.05
N. Y. Central	4½	Mar.	1,'14	99½	99¾	4.67
N. Y. Central	4½	May	1,'15	99⅛	99⅜	4.75
Southern Ry.	5	Feb.	1,'13	100	100¼	4.50
U. S. Rubber	6	Dec.	1,'18	104¼	104½	5.15
Westinghouse	6	Aug.	1,'13	100⅝	101	4.84

Accrued interest to be added to the above prices.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Louisville Rights.

The more carefully they inspected their melon, the less stockholders of the Louisville & Nashville seemed to like it. The shares declined to 163¼ at one time yesterday and closed at 164½, a loss of ¾. The shares sold at 170 before the announcement of the new stock issue was made. At yesterday's close the rights accruing to the old stock are worth less than $11 per share. The decline does not signify that there is anything wrong with Louisville & Nashville as a railroad, but it represents the natural tendency of a stock which has been selling far out of line with other standard 7 per cent. issues to return to its level. The decline was made more gradual by the hope of the shareholders of further financing to come through stock increases after the proceeds of the new shares soon to be issued are exhausted.

⁂

Reading's Coal Business.

The August statement of the Reading system will not show as large increases proportionately as July, but it will prove very satisfactory. With several days to be heard from, the indications yesterday were that the August anthracite tonnage would amount to 1,200,000 tons, as compared with 912,000 tons for the corresponding month of last year.

⁂

City's Temporary Financing.

The hardening of money rates, present and prospective, was foreseen by Controller Prendergast, and within the last two weeks he succeeded in putting out some $12,000,000 of corporate stock notes and revenue bills at an average rate of about 3⅞ per cent. Of this, $1,500,000 of corporate stock notes and $8,500,000 of revenue bills have been issued, and the other $2,000,000 is under contract. This amount of temporary financing by the city, while somewhat unusual, is not extraordinary, as under the system adopted by the present administration it is the practice to issue these bills from time to time as the city has obligations to meet and with an eye on the money market in fixing the particular date. Under the old system the city let its obligations stand, with interest accumulating at the rate of 6 per cent., until it made an issue of corporate stock, which sometimes became necessary also at a time when the market was not favorable. The present plan is to bring out a corporate stock issue once a year when money is easy, and in the meantime to put out the temporary obligations and meet the city's indebtedness promptly, at a saving of interest. The notes are taken up when an issue of corporate stock is made and the revenue bills are paid off as payments of taxes come in. The notes and bills just issued run for ninety and one hundred days. More than half of them are in sterling form and will find lodgment abroad. Utilization of the foreign market was one of the reasons for adopting the plan, as European countries impose a high tax on bonds, under which heading the city's corporate stock falls, and there is no such tax on the temporary obligations.

⁂

Business Expansion by Compulsion.

The Public Service Commission, Second District, has just found it necessary to impress on the Ogdensburg Gas Company the advantages of extending its business in a way which its officers contended would be unprofitable, and has in effect ordered it to adopt a more enterprising policy. Residents on a certain street complained of the company's refusal to supply them with gas, to which the company replied that it was not making money and it would be a hardship to be compelled to lay additional mains. The commission sent an Inspector to Ogdensburg, and he reported that there would be no hardship, and that in his opinion the company had been backward in extending its mains and would be doing a very much greater business if it kept pace with similar sized companies elsewhere. The commission ordered the extensions made.

⁂

Heavy Bank Clearings.

Notwithstanding the light trading in the speculative markets in comparison with last year, the week's sales on the Stock Exchange being about 1,000,000 shares less than in the same week in 1911, the bank clearings at New York, as compiled by Dun's Review, show advances of 12 per cent. over last year and of 14.6 per cent. over the same period two years ago. The returns from the country as a whole show a continuance of the strong showing which has been characteristic of late. The aggregate clearings of $2,390,560,948 are an increase of 10.2 per cent. over 1911 and of 12.3 per cent. as compared with 1910. Taking the cities outside of New York as a group, the gains were 6.7 and 7.9 per cent. respectively over the two previous years. New Orleans is the only city reporting a smaller total of clearings than in the same week last year, while Philadelphia and Minneapolis are the only ones to show losses by comparison with 1910. These declines, Dun's points out, are "probably due to local causes, and affect very slightly the favorable character of the statement, being far more than offset by the substantial expansion over both years which appears at such important centres as Baltimore, Pittsburgh, Cleveland, Chicago, Kansas City, and San Francisco."

⁂

September Events.

Besides the usual grist of news which the market watches for every month, the Copper Producers' Report, the statistics of world's supplies of the metal, the steel tonnage report, and the usual crop report, the schedule to be looked for next month is to be full of events. There is the first Government cotton ginning report of the new season, and the final condition report, one or two important dividend meetings, and the consideration by the Arbitration Board of the demands on the railroads of the engineers and other employes. In politics, there will be the Maine and Vermont elections, with the line they may be expected to give on the relative strength of Taft and Roosevelt in traditional Republican strongholds. Then there is to be a burst of activity in "trust busting." During the month the taking of testimony in the Government suit against the International Harvester Company, the taking of testimony in the Waters-Pierce suit against Standard Oil, the resumption of hearings in the Government suit against the United States Steel Corporation, and the reconvening of the Penrose-Archbold Senate Committee will take place.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was quoted ⅛d higher in London, at 28 13-16d, and ¼c higher in New York, at 62⅝c per ounce.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Under the caption "Position of the Railroad Equipment Companies," Luke, Banks & Weeks of 14 Wall Street have issued a folder dealing with several of the equipment companies, giving their present situations, their records in recent years, and commenting on the values of their securities as investments.

Turner, Tucker & Co. of 111 Broadway have issued a special stock, bank and trust company circular giving information about cumulative preferred and common shares of many of the smaller industrial companies, and compilations of New York, Boston, and Philadelphia bank and trust company statements.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Activity in Tobacco Issues, at Rising Prices, Continues in the Curb Market.

Interest in the Curb issues centred again yesterday in United Cigar Stores of America, which continued its advance in an active market. Opening at 96¾, ⅛ above Thursday's close, the price moved up to 99½ and closed after sales of 12,500 within one point of the top. British-American Tobacco also showed activity and strength, rising from 24⅝ to 25 and closing at the high level after sales of 7,500. United States Motors issues were irregular, the common rising from 3½ to 4¼ and closing at 4⅛, and the preferred selling off from 13 to 12 and closing at 12½. The coppers were irregular. Braden closed ⅛ below the opening and British Columbia ⅛ above. Giroux and Mason Valley closed unchanged.

⁂

Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Shares.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
800	*Allied Sec. Co.	90	91	90	91
100	Amer. Water Wks. G. Co. pf.	99	99	99	99
7,500	Brit.-Am. Tob.	24⅝	25	24⅝	25
50	Con. Rub. Tire.	15	15	15	15
600	Emerson-Brant.	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞
545	E'son-Brant. pf.	102⅝	103⅛	102⅝	103⅛
150	Houston Oil	15⅝	16¼	15⅝	16¼
200	Houston Oil pf.	66⅞	66⅞	66⅜	66⅜
30	Kayser	90	90	90	90
200	Manhat. Tran.	2¼	2 5-16	2¼	2 5-16
3,800	Marconi of Am., new	8¼	8⅝	†8¼	8⅝
400	*Mays Oil	31	31	30	31
225	Penn. Textile	17⅞	18¼	17⅞	18¼
60	Stand. Oil, N. J.	411	412	410	410
20	Stand. Oil, N. Y.	595	595	590	590
12,500	Unit. Cig. Stores of Am	96¾	99½	96¾	98⅛
400	Unit. Cig. Stores of Am. pf.	119	119¼	119	119
600	U. S. Motors	3½	4¼	3½	4⅛
350	U. S. Motors pf.	13	13¼	12	12½

RAILROADS.

Shares.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,012	Louis. & Nash. rights	10⅝	†11	10	10¼

MINING STOCKS.

Shares.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
500	Alas. G. M. w. i.	8¼	8½	8¼	8¼
300	*Beaver Consol.	44	45	44	45
1,000	*Big Four	50	50	50	50
500	Braden Copper	7⅛	7¼	7	7
900	Brit. Col. Cop.	5¼	5⅝	5⅜	5⅜
1,000	*C. O. D. Con.	12	12	12	12
3,000	Dia. Bl. B.	7	7	7	7
1,400	El Paso Con.	1¼	1¼	1 3-16	1 3-16
500	Giroux Min	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾
2,500	*Greenwater	6	6	5	5
40	Mason Valley	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾
300	*Mut. M. & L.	60	60	60	60
700	Nip. Mines	8⅝	8⅝	8½	8½
700	Pac. Smelt	7-32	7-32	7-32	7-32
300	Silv. Kg. Cons.	⅞	15-16	⅞	15-16
100	Stewart	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
100	Tonopah Min.	7 3-16	7 3-16	7 3-16	7 3-16
100	Tonopah Ext.	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
5,700	Tonopah Merg.	95	99	95	99
2,900	Tularosa	15-16	1	⅞	15-16
200	Tuolumne Cop.	2⅞	2 15-16	2⅞	2 15-16
3,200	West End Ext.	32	34	32	34
8,000	*Wettl. Silv. M.	45	45	41	41
100	Yukon G. M.	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝

BONDS.

Shares.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$10,000	B.R.T. 5% notes	97¼	97¼	97¼	97¼

*Sell cents per share. †Odd lots.

⁂

The bid and asked prices of listed stocks and bonds of which there were no sales on the Curb yesterday make these comparisons with those of Thursday:

INDUSTRIALS.

	Aug. 30 Bid.	Aug. 30 Asked.	Aug. 29. Bid.	Aug. 29. Asked.
Am. Writing Paper	3	4	3	4
Bay State Gas	7-16	½	7-16	½
Borden's Cond. Milk	123	124	123	124
Borden's Cond Milk pf.	109	110	109	110
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	50	60	50	60
Havana Tobacco	5	7	5	7
Havana Tobacco pf.	9	14	9	14
Int. Rubber trust ctfs.	13	14	13	14
J. I. Case pf.	101	102	101	102
International Salt	3	6	3	6
Kayser pf.	110	111	110	111
Kolb Bakery pf.	..	98⅝	..	98⅝
S. S. Kresge	68	69	68	69
S. S. Kresge pf.	102½	103	102½	103
Lehigh Valley C. S. Co.	245	250	245	250
McAndrews & Forbes	190	200	190	200
Manhattan Shirt Co.	57	58	57	58
Manhattan Shirt Co. pf.	100	100½	100	100½
N. Y. Transportation	5	6	5	6
Otis Elevator	71	73	71	73
Otis Elevator pf.	102	104	102	104
Pettibone-Mulliken	30	30½	30	30½
Pettibone-Mulliken pf.	101½	102	101½	102
Porto Rican-Am. Tob.	285	295	285	295
†R. J. Reynolds	200	250	200	250
Standard Oil, old	1,110	1,125	1,110	1,125
Standard Oil subs'd	710	750	685	700
U. S. Lt. & H., new	19	19½	19	19½
U. S. Lt. & H. pf., new	85	86	85	86
J. S. Young	170	180	170	180

RAILROADS.

	Aug. 30 Bid.	Aug. 30 Asked.	Aug. 29. Bid.	Aug. 29. Asked.
Am. Light & Traction	424	428	424	428
Am. Light & Tr. pf.	111	113	111	113

MINING STOCKS.

	Aug. 30 Bid.	Aug. 30 Asked.	Aug. 29. Bid.	Aug. 29. Asked.
Butte-New York	1¾	2	1⅝	1⅞
Caledonia Mining	25	30	25	30
Con. Ari. S.	9-16	⅝	9-16	⅝
Davis-Daly Copper	2½	2¾	2½	2¾
Diamond Field Daisy	7	9	7	8
First National	2	2¼	2	2¼
Florence	95	98	96	97
Gold Hill	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
Greene-Cananea	10¼	10½	10¼	10½
*Kerr Lake	2¾	3	2⅞	3
Keystone	2¼	2½	2¼	2½
La Rose Consol.	2 15-16	3	2 15-16	3 1-16
Mines of America	3	3⅛	3	3⅛
McKinley-Darragh	1 15-16	2	1 15-16	2
Motherlode Gold	15-16	1	15-16	1
Nevada Hills	2	2 1-16	2	2⅛
Ohio Copper 1st pf.	¾	1	¾	1
South Live Oak	1	2	*1	2
South U. M. & S.	⅛	⅝	⅛	⅝
Tri-Bullion	7-16	½	7-16	½
United Copper	½	1	½	1
United Copper pf.	8	20	8	20

BONDS.

	Aug. 30 Bid.	Aug. 30 Asked.	Aug. 29. Bid.	Aug. 29. Asked.
Beth. Steel 5s	88	88¼	88	88¼
Braden Copper 6s	145	147	145	147
Braden Copper 7s	144	147	144	147
Mason Valley 6s	131	133	131	133
New York City 4½s	100⅝	100⅞	100⅝	100⅞
N. Y. S. 4s, new	100¼	100½	100¼	100½
N. Y. Tel. 4½s	99	99¼	99	99¼
Pennsylvania T. 6s	98½	99	98½	99
Western Pacific 5s	81	81½	81	81¼

*Sells cents per share. †Ex rights.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Friday. Bid.	Friday. Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.
Anglo-American Oil Co.	17¾	18¼	17½	18½
Atlantic Refining Co.	755	770	755	770
Borne-Scrymser Co.	275	300	275	300
Buckeye Pipe Line Co.	197	203	198	203
Chesbrough Mfg. Co. Cons.	840	865	835	865
Colonial Oil Co.	165	185	160	185
Continental Oil Co.	900	950	900	950
Crescent Pipe Line Co.	82	87	83	87
Cumberland P. L. Co., Inc.	85	92	88	93
Eureka Pipe Line Co.	445	455	445	455
Galena-Signal Oil Co.	266	276	266	276
Galena Signal Oil Co., pfd.	140	147	138	148
Indiana Pipe Line Co.	126	131	128	133
National Transit Co.	54	56	54	56
New York Transit Co.	400	410	397	405
Northern Pipe Line Co.	165	170	166	197
Ohio Oil Co.	128	132	134	137
Prairie Oil and Gas Co.	343	350	343	350
Solar Refining Co.	800	825	800	825
Southern Pipe Line Co.	290	300	290	300
South Penn. Oil Co.	885	905	890	910
S. W. Penn. Pipe Lines	190	200	190	200
Standard Oil, (Cal.)	175	180	175	180
Standard Oil, (Ind.)	275	280	277	285
Standard Oil, (Kan.)	605	625	605	625
Standard Oil, Ky.)	535	550	540	560
Standard Oil (Neb.)	350	400	350	400
Standard Oil, (N. J.)	410	415	410	415
Standard Oil Co., subsid. "en bloc."	720	745	720	740
Standard Oil Co., old stock "all on."	1,130	1,160	1,130	1,155
Standard Oil (N. Y.)	590	600	590	600
Standard Oil, (Ohio.)	330	350	325	350
Swan & Finch Co.	275	300	275	300
Union Tank Line Co.	95	100	98	101
Vacuum Oil Co.	195	200	195	200
Washington Oil Co.	28	35	28	35
Waters-Pierce Oil Co.	1,400	1,600	1,450	1,650

TOBACCO STOCKS.

This list comprises those tobacco stocks not listed on the Stock Exchange:

	Aug. 30. Bid.	Aug. 30. Asked.	Aug. 29. Bid.	Aug. 29. Asked.
British-Am. ex rights	24⅝	25	24¼	24⅝
Coniey Foil	305	315	305	315
Johnson Tinfoil & Met.	175	190	175	190
J. S. Young	175	183	175	183
MacAndrews & Forbes	203	210	205	210
R. J. Reynolds ex. rts.	220	250	220	250
R. J. Reynolds rights	20	50	20	50
United C. S., w. i.	99	99½	95¾	96¼
United C. S. pf., w. i.	119	120	117½	118½

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

		Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.
4½s	March, '62, i'chg.	100⅛	100⅜	100¼	100⅜
4½s	Sept., 1960, i'chg.	100¼	100⅜	100¼	100⅜
4½s	Mch.'30-'60 i'chg.	100⅝	101	100⅝	101
4½s	Nov., 1957, i'chg.	105⅞	106⅛	105⅞	106⅛
4½s	May, 1957, i'chg.	105⅞	106⅛	105⅞	106⅛
4½s	Nov., 1917, i'chg.	101½	102½	101½	102½
4½s	May, 1817, i'chg.	101½	102½	101½	102½
4s	May, 1959, i'chg.	98⅝	98⅞	98⅝	98⅞
4s	Nov., 1958, i'chg.	98⅝	98⅞	98⅝	98⅞
4s	May, 1957, i'chg.	98⅝	98⅞	98⅝	98⅞
4s	Nov., '55-'56, reg.	97¼	97¾	97¼	97¾
4s	Nov., 1936, reg.	97¼	97¾	97¼	97¾
4s	1918-1919, i'chg.	99	99¾	99	99¾
3½s	Nov., 1954, i'chg.	85	86	85	86
3½s	May, 1954, coup.	85	86	85	86
3½s	1930-1954, reg.	85	86	85	86
3½s	Nov., 1941, reg.	86½	88	86½	88
3½s	Nov., 1929 reg.	90⅝	91¾	90⅝	91¾

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

United Shoe Machinery Active—Buoyancy in Cambria Steel.

Light trading was the rule yesterday on Exchanges in other cities, as reported in special dispatches to THE TIMES.

In Baltimore new high records were made by Houston Oil common and United Railways shares. Houston Oil preferred was also stronger and higher. Consolidated Power preferred rose 1½ points.

In Boston, United Shoe Machinery continued active, 2,560 shares changing hands in the morning, with the price off 1 point, to 55⅝, settling at 56 in the afternoon. North Butte was conspicuous, rising from 33¼ to 34½, while Wolverine fell 2½, to 103, on somewhat free selling for this specialty. Keweenaw rose ⅞, to 2½. Woolen preferred fell 1, to 90⅝, with a ⅝ rally, and Adventure ran up ¾, to 9.

In Chicago, Union Carbide continued to be the erratic feature, the pool operating in this stock being obliged to take quite a little speculative offering, which forced prices quickly from 174 to 170½. When the pressure was removed prices recovered again. American Shipbuilding common was bid up 2 points, to 49, on a comparatively small volume of business. Elsewhere price fluctuations were narrow, Sears-Roebuck common, Illinois Brick, Box Board, and Swift shares being fractionally higher, while Booth Fisheries, People's Gas, Shipbuilding preferred, and American Can preferred were a shade lower. Local bonds, with the exception of People's Gas refunding 5s, were quiet and steady. The Gas bonds were a shade lower.

In Philadelphia an outburst of buoyancy in Cambria Steel enlivened what otherwise might have been one of the most stagnant sessions of the year. A new top figure for the year was established in Cambria, some 5,000 shares being taken in the process. In the last hour, Keystone Telephone preferred rose to 42, while the bonds advanced to 90. Pre-holiday inactivity was the chief characteristic of the rest of the list, and issues which usually go far toward making up the volume of the market dealings were almost totally neglected.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	A. C. L. of Conn.	176	176	176
20	Con. Power pf.	114	113½	114
10	Fidelity & Deposit	151½	151½	151½
3,950	Hous. Oil com. tr. ctfs	16⅝	15½	16⅝
975	Hous. Oil pf. tr. ctfs.	67⅛	66½	67⅛
100	Mercantile Trust	153	153	153
100	Northern Central	126	126	126
150	United Railways	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Balt. City 4s, 1961	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛
1,000	Balt. City 4s, 1926	100	100	100
2,000	Char. & W. Car. 5s	106	106	106
1,000	Chicago Railways 5s	100½	100½	100½
2,000	Consol. Gas 4½s	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝
5,000	Cotton Duck 5s	74¾	74¾	74¾
1,000	Fairm. & Cl. Tr. 5s	101	101	101
5,000	Ga. & Ala. 5s	106	106	106
6,000	Hous. Oil divs. ctfs	85	85	85
1,000	Maryland Elec. 5s	98¼	98¼	98¼
1,000	Norf. & Ports. Tr. 5s	89⅞	89⅞	89⅞
3,000	Penn. W. & P. 5s	90½	90½	90½
5,000	Seaboard 4s, stamped	67	67	67
2,000	United Rys. notes	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞
16,000	United Rys. inc.	65½	65⅜	65⅜
1,000	United Rys. fdg. 5s	89	89	89

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
8	Boston & Albany	215	215	215
2	Boston Elevated	125	125	125
14	Boston & Maine	97½	97	97½
1	Boston & Worcester	52	52	52
4	C. J. & S. Y. pf.	111	111	111
21	Fitchburg pf.	124¾	124¾	124¾
100	Mass. Elec. pf. stpd	77⅝	77⅝	77⅝
300	Do frac. warrants	19½c.	19c.	19c.
30	Maine Central rts	12½	12⅜	12½
38	N. Y., N. H. & H.	138½	138	138
5	West End St. pf.	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞

TELEPHONES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
227	Am. Tel. & Tel.	144⅞	144½	144⅝
50	New England	156⅛	155⅞	156⅛
5,236	Do rights	5½	5 5-16	5½

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
39	Am. Ag. Chem.	59⅜	59½	59⅜
82	Am. Pneu. Serv. pf.	18⅜	18½	18½
223	Am. Sugar	127⅜	127¼	127¼
10	Do pf.	123⅜	123⅜	123⅜
33	Am. Woolen pf.	91⅝	90⅝	91½
50	East Boston Land	14	14	14
5	Edison	294	294	294
20	Ga. Ry. & Elec. pf.	85	85	85
42	General Electric	183	182⅜	183
100	North Texas Elec.	115½	115	115
30	Do pf.	103	103	103
2	North New Hamp.	131	131	131
40	Pullman	169½	169	169
35	Reece Folding	4½	4⅛	4½
10	Swift	107⅞	107⅞	107⅞
40	Torrington	28	28	28
17	United Fruit	191½	190½	190½
3,055	United Shoe	56⅝	55⅝	55⅝
13	Do pf.	29½	29	29
263	U. S. Steel	73⅝	73½	73⅝
5	Do pf.	113¼	113¼	113¼

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
685	Adventure	9	8¼	8⅝
40	Ahmeek	350	350	350
100	Algomah	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
71	Allouez	47	46	47
290	Amal. Copper	87¼	86⅝	87¼
500	Am. Zinc	31	31	31
500	Arizona Commercial	5	5	5
1,045	Arnold	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
200	Ashbed	80c.	60c.	60c.
200	Bonanza	40c.	40c.	40c.
225	Butte & Bal.	3¼	3 1-16	3¼
785	Butte & Superior	44⅝	44⅜	44⅜
630	Calumet & Arizona	82⅝	81	82½
1	Calumet & Hecla	553	553	553
110	Chino	39¼	39¼	39¼
50	Con. Mercury	4c.	4c.	4c.
240	Copper Range	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝
120	East Butte	14	13⅜	13⅜
375	Giroux	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
170	Granby	57½	57	57½
450	Greene-Cananea	10⅝	10¼	10¼
50	Hancock	27½	27½	27½
100	Hedley	19½	19½	19½
865	Indiana	18⅝	18	18
10	Island Creek pf.	89⅜	89⅜	89⅜
930	Isle Royale	36⅛	35	35⅛
50	Kerr Lake	3	3	3
3,205	Keweenaw	2½	1 11-16	2½
5	Lake	36	36	36
40	La Salle	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
185	Mayflower	13¼	13	13¼
10	Miami	29½	29½	29½
125	Mohawk	70	68½	70
350	Nevada con.	22⅞	22½	22½
100	Nipissing	8⅝	8 9-16	8 9-16
3,275	North Butte	34½	33¼	34⅜
20	North Lake	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜
150	Ojibway	4⅜	4½	4⅜
150	Old Colony	9½	9½	9½
145	Old Dominion	60	59⅜	60
495	Pond Creek	19¼	19	19
100	Ray Con.	21½	21¼	21¼
15	Santa Fe	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
340	Shannon	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜
50	Superior & Boston	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
50	Superior	47½	47½	47½
42	Trinity	6¼	6	6
775	U. S. Smelting	46⅛	45⅞	45⅞
201	Do pf.	50	50	50
30	Utah Apex	2¼	2¼	2¼
210	Utah Con.	12	11⅜	12
15	Utah Copper	65½	65⅜	65½
10	Victoria	3	3	3
260	Wolverine	105	103	103

BOND.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$6,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	90¼	90¼	90¼

BOSTON CURB CLOSING PRICES.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Bay St. G.	23	24	First Nat.	2¼	2 5-16
Bohemia	3⅜	3¾	Goldf'd C.	3⅝	3¾
Boston Ely.	3 1-16	3¼	New Baltic.	2⅝	2⅞
Cactus	10	12	Oneco	1⅝	2
Chemung	5	5¾	Ohio Cop.	75	78
Chief Cons.	1 3-16	1⅜	Raven	29	31
Cons. Ariz.	60	68	R. I. Coal.	17	19
Davis-Daly.	2 7-16	2½			

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
300	Am. Can	39⅞	39¼	39½
225	Am. Can pf.	119	118⅝	119
60	Am. Shipbuilding	49	47½	47½
30	Am. Shipbuilding pf.	101¾	101¾	101¾
50	Am. Tel. & Tel.	144⅝	144⅝	144⅝
50	Booth Fisheries pf.	88½	88½	88½
150	Chi. Pneumatic Tool	53	52½	53
10	Chi. Rys. Series 2	24¾	24¾	24¾
25	D. Match, ex div 1½	108⅞	108⅞	108⅞
165	Illinois Brick	69¼	69	69⅛
50	Nat. Biscuit	140	140	140
24	Nat. Carbon	120	120	120
110	People's Gas	116½	116¼	116¼
323	Sears-Roebuck	204	203¼	204
90	Swift & Co.	107⅝	107⅝	107⅝
50	Pacific Gas	65¾	65¾	65¾
300	United Box Board	1½	1½	1½
150	U. S. Steel, ex div. 1¼	73⅝	73½	73½
440	Union Carbide	174	170½	172

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	Cudahy 5s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
5,000	Chi. Rys. B	86⅞	86⅞	86⅞
3,000	City & Conn. Ry. 5s	87⅛	87⅛	87⅛
1,000	Com. Edison 5s	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛
15,000	Po. Gas Rfy. 5s	101⅜	101⅜	101⅜
1,000	Ogden Gas 5s	97¾	97¾	97¾
6,000	Nor. Shore Gas 5s	95½	95½	95½

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	American Milling	2¾	2¾	2¾
405	Crucible com.	18¼	18	18⅛
60	Crucible pf.	97⅞	97½	97⅞
25	Con. Ice	10½	10½	10½
200	Ind. Brewing	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
20	Ind. Brewing pf.	28½	28½	28½
190	Mfrs. Light & Heat	47¼	47	47
250	Nat. Fireproofing com.	7⅝	7½	7½
170	Nat. Fireproofing pf.	29⅞	29⅞	29⅞
115	Osage & Oklahoma	60	59⅜	60
50	Oklahoma Nat. Gas	70½	70¼	70¼
85	Ohio Fuel Oil	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞
200	Pitts. Brewing com.	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝
610	Pure Oil	19	18⅞	18⅞
6,000	San Toy	26	26	26
10	Union Switch & Signal	124	123½	124
45	U. S. Steel com.	73⅝	73½	73⅝
142	Westinghouse Electric	43⅞	43⅜	43⅜
30	Westinghouse pf.	64	64	64
71	Westinghouse Machine	33½	33	33
10	West Penn. Trac. pf.	87½	87½	87½

BANKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
7	Guarantee Trust	25	25	25
25	Farmers	117	117	117

BOURSES OF EUROPE

London Stock Market Is Active—Paris Firm, but Berlin Has a Reaction.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Saturday, Aug. 31.—The Times in its City article this morning says:

"The demand for money was on a moderate scale, and the supply being ample, the rates for day-to-day advances and short fixtures gave way slightly. In the afternoon balances were difficult to lend and were offered till to-day or Monday at 2 per cent.

"Discount rates showed a weak tendency for shorter-dated bills, which were in fair demand, fine three months' paper (Decembers) being taken at 3⅝ per cent., and early Novembers at 3½ per cent. Longer maturities, however, were not much more inquired for than on Thursday, and for early Januaries 4 1-16 per cent. was quoted in quarters where they were considered less desirable than 'sixes.'

"The market is somewhat slow in adjusting itself to the new conditions, because it is obvious that the situation may change again before long, owing to the withdrawals of gold from the Bank of England. Rumors were current that some gold would be taken for Egypt Tuesday, and there might be operations on account of Brazil. At present nothing authentic is known of either country's actual requirements in the near future.

"Stock Exchange business was not very active, but the tone was cheerful.

"The Statist says that on the whole the advance in the Bank rate is regarded as a favorable rather than an unfavorable factor as tending to prevent undue stringency later in the year."

PARIS, Aug. 30.—The Bourse was cheerful and firm to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 92 francs 75 centimes for the account.

BERLIN, Aug. 30.—The Boerse opened strong to-day. Later realizing depressed prices, and the closing was weak.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	75 7-16	..	..	—1-16
Consols, account	75 11-16	..	..	Oct. acc't
Anaconda	9¼	45⅛	45⅛	..
Atchison	111⅛	100	109	..
Canadian Pac.	282⅜ex	277¾	278¼	— ½
St. Paul	109¼	106⅛	106¾	— ¼
Erie	37¾	36⅞	36⅝	+ ¼
Erie 1st pf.	55⅛	54⅛	..	..
Illinois Cent.	134⅛	131¼	..	..
Louis. & Nash.	168⅛	164	165¼	— 1¼
N. Y. Central	118⅜	115⅜	115¾	..
Pennsylvania	63⅝	124⅛	124¼	+ ¼
Reading	87⅛	170⅛	170¼	+ ¼
Southern Pac.	114⅜	111⅛	111⅜	— ⅛
Union Pac.	176⅛	171½	171½	..
U. S. Steel	75½ex	74⅛	74⅜	+ ⅛
U. S. Steel pf.	116¼	113⅜	113½	— ⅛

Exchange, 4.87.

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	8	9	Esperanza	1	12	6
Tomboy	1	6	3	Dolores	1	10	0
El Oro	0	13	9	Stratton's Ind.	0	3	1½

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Am. Ice	23	23	23
300	Am. Milling	2¾	2¾	2¾
25	Am. Railways	44¼	44¼	44¼
100	Am. Smelters	85⅛	85⅛	85⅛
100	Baldwin Loco. pf.	106	106	106
4,931	Cambria Steel	48¼	47	48
18	Electric Storage	57⅛	56¾	57⅛
100	Erie	37	37	37
28	General Asphalt pf.	68	68	68
10	Ins. Co. of N. Am.	21½	21½	21½
310	Keystone Tel.	10	9⅞	10
230	Keystone Tel. pf.	42	41½	42
885	Lake Superior	34½	34	34½
50	Lehigh Nav. ctfs.	90	90	90
25	Lehigh Nav. stock	90	90	90
59	Lehigh V. Tran. pf.	32	32	32
10	North Penn	96	96	96
5	Norristown	148	148	148
95	Penn. R. R.	62⅝	62¼	62⅝
20	Penn. Steel pf.	99	99	99
10	Phila. Co.	52¼	52¼	52¼
50	Phila. Co. pf.	44	44	44
260	Phila. Elec.	23½	23½	23½
500	Phila. R. T. ctfs.	26	26	26
50	Phila. R. T. stock	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞
154	Phila. Traction	84¼	84¼	84¼
520	Tonopah Mining	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
21	Tonopah Belmont	9⅝	9 11-16	9⅝
200	Union Traction	51⅞	51⅝	51⅞
201	United Gas Imp.	91⅝	90⅝	91⅝
525	U. S. Steel	73¾	73½	73⅝
110	Warwick Iron & S.	10½	10½	10½
3	Westmoreland Coal	82½	82½	82½

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$7,000	Allegheny Val. 4s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
1,000	City 4s, 1941, coupon	101½	101½	101½
1,000	City 4s, 1940, reg.	101¼	101¼	101¼
10,000	Keystone Tel. 5s	90	90	90
5,000	Lehigh V. gen. cpn. 4s	96⅝	96½	96⅝
2,100	Phila. Elec. 4s	83	82⅞	82⅞
1,000	Phila. Elec. gold 5s	103	103	103
4,000	Standard Gas 6s	100½	100½	100½
4,000	United Ry. gold 4s	77	76	77
5,000	United Ry. inv. 5s	83½	83¼	83½

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.01	Julia	.07
Alpha Con.	.09	Justice	.05
Andes	.03	Kentucky Con.	.04
Belcher	.37	Lady Wash. Con.	.02
Best & Belcher	.07	Mexican	2.90
Bullion	.01	Occidental Con.	.50
Caledonia	1.45	Ophir	.82
Challenge Con.	.09	Overman	.80
Chollar	.10	Potosi	.03
Confidence	.65	Savage	.05
Con. Cal. & Va.	.50	Sag Belcher	.12
Con. Imperial	.03	Sierra Nevada	.13
Crown Point	.37	Union Con.	.72
Gould & Curry	.03	Utah Con.	.05
Hale & Norcross	.08	Yellow Jacket	.40

TONOPAH.		Comb. Fraction	.13
Belmont	9.75	Diamondf'd Daisy	.07
Jim Butler	.66	Diamondf'd B. B.	.07
McNamara	.24	Florence	.95
Midway	.58	Goldfield Con. M.	3.65
Montana	2.42½	Goldfield Merger	.46
North Star	.25	Great Bend	.03
Rescue Eula	.15	Jumbo Extension	.41
Tonopah Exten.	2.90	Lone Star	.06
West End	1.67½	Red Hills	.02
Tonopah Merger	1.00	Sandstorm Kendall	.02
GOLDFIELD.		Silver Pick	.10
Adams	.01	Vernal	.10
Atlanta	.26	Nevada Hills	2.00
Booth	.07	MANHATTAN.	
C. O. D.	.11	Manhattan Con.	.18

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot.	6	6⅝	Jackpot	5¾	6
Elkton	67¼	68	McKinney	72⅛	73¼
El Paso	111	116	Old Gold	3⅝	3½
Findlay	7½	9	Portland	98	100
Gold Dollar.	18½	19½	Vindicator	86	86½
Isabella	20⅝	21	Raven B. H.	8¼	8⅝

DISPUTED BRIDGE STRIPPED.

Jersey City Will Now Argue About It with Lehigh Valley Railroad.

Employes of the Standard Oil Company at Caven Point, who have been using a foot bridge over the Morris Canal at the foot of Richards Street, Jersey City, had to take another route to the oil works yesterday morning. During the night the movable woodwork of the bridge had disappeared.

The Lehigh Valley Railroad claims the bridge and so does Jersey City. The stripping of the bridge was reported to the Jersey City Law Department by John Prout, a Street and Water Commissioner, and it is likely that the question of ownership will be settled before the bridge is repaired.

The Lehigh Valley Railroad notified the city several years ago that this bridge was on a street owned by the railroad. The Lehigh Valley bought land at the foot of Richards Street of the Nicholas Vreeland estate years ago.

The city Law Department will search the deeds to see if they reserve to the city a right of way.

LOCOMOTIVE EARNINGS OFF.

American Company Reports 25% Less, but Business Has Recovered.

The report of the American Locomotive Company for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1912, which was made public yesterday, shows a decrease in gross earnings of $10,199,933, or about 25 per cent. from the preceding year. The sales for the first half of the fiscal year were at a low ebb, and equivalent to only one-third the amount of business necessary to keep the plants running at full capacity. Since Jan. 1, 1912, there has been a much stronger demand for new locomotives, with the result that unfilled orders on July 1 amounted to $14,450,000, as against $6,015,000 at the beginning of the year.

The surplus, after a charge for depreciation of $1,021,382 and the payment of the preferred dividend, was $117,554, a decrease from the preceding year of $1,698,008.

President W. H. Marshall says that apart from the loss in profits due to the natural decrease in business, the company suffered serious financial loss through a sympathetic strike of its boilermakers from Oct. 1, 1911, to February, 1912, during which time production was badly retarded.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Transactions in a number of stocks of which no sales were reported on the New York Stock Exchange, were a feature of dealings on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. In this class were Interborough common, New York Central, Missouri, Kansas & Texas and Distillers Securities. Prices on the Consolidated call were generally either unchanged or slightly lower compared with Thursday's closing quotations. Great Northern preferred and Northern Pacific were each down ¼ of a point, while Amalgamated Copper, American Beet Sugar, Southern Pacific, Union Pacific and United States Steel, were down ⅛. Sales on the call totaled 4,240 shares, distributed among seventeen different stocks. In the later dealings, the market reflected the proximity of the three-day holiday. Traders displayed an indisposition to operate aggressievly. A proportion of the business represented evening up of contracts.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
460	Amal. Copper	87	87⅜	86⅞	87⅜
330	A. Beet Sugar.	75	75⅛	74⅞	75⅛
520	Am. Can	39⅜	39⅜	39¼	39⅜
10	Am. Car & Fdy.	61¼	61¼	61¼	61¼
370	Am. Ice	23½	23½	22¼	23¼
20	A. Locomotive.	45⅞	46¼	45⅞	46¼
960	Am. Smelting	86⅛	86⅛	85⅜	86
10	Am. Sugar	129⅛	129⅛	129⅛	129⅛
100	Anaconda Cop.	45	45⅛	45	45⅛
200	Balt. & Ohio	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛
110	B. R. T.	91⅜	91⅜	91⅜	91⅜
130	Can. Pacific	274¾	275¼	274	275¼
30	Cent. Leather	29⅜	29⅜	29¼	29¼
60	Ches. & Ohio	81⅜	82	81⅜	81⅜
70	C., M. & St. P.	106⅜	106⅞	106⅜	106⅞
210	Col. Fuel & I.	33	33⅛	32⅝	33⅛
40	Consol. Gas	146¼	146⅛	146⅛	146⅛
40	Corn Products.	15⅞	16	15⅞	16
10	Dist. Securities.	34¼	34¼	34¼	34¼
180	Erie	36¾	37⅛	36¾	36⅞
210	Gt. Northern pf.	138¾	139⅜	138½	139⅛
90	Gt. N. Ore ctfs.	47	47	46½	46½
360	Inter.-Met.	20	20¼	20	20¼
290	Inter.-Met. pf.	59¼	59½	59¼	59¼
360	Lehigh Val.	169½	169⅞	169¼	169⅞
170	Louis. & Nash.	164⅝	164⅝	163⅝	164¼
10	Mo., K. & T.	29⅜	29⅜	29⅜	29⅜
110	Mo. Pacific	39	39	38⅞	38⅞
60	Nat. Lead	60½	60½	60⅜	60⅜
120	Nevada Con.	22⅝	22⅝	22½	22⅝
200	N. Y. Central	115⅜	115⅜	115⅜	115⅜
450	Nor. Pacific	128⅜	128⅜	127⅞	128⅛
10	Pitts. Coal	24⅜	24⅜	24⅜	24⅜
3,280	Reading	170¼	170⅞	170¼	170⅝
160	Rock Island	26⅜	26½	26⅜	26½
470	So. Pacific	111⅝	112¼	111½	112
40	So. Railway	30⅜	30⅜	30¼	30¼
10	Tenn. Copper	43	43	43	43
1,840	Union Pacific	171⅝	172¼	171¼	172
70	U. S. Rubber	51½	51½	51½	51½
2,630	U. S. Steel	73⅝	73⅝	73⅜	73½
10	Utah Copper	65½	65½	65½	65½
70	West'house El.	87½	87½	87½	87½
14,780					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
200	Elkton	.67	.67	.67	.67
50	Goldfield Cons.	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.75
200	Jim Butler	.68	.68	.68	.68
500	M. McKinney.	.72	.72	.72	.72
300	Midway	.58	.58	.58	.58
2,100	North Star	.26	.26	.23	.23
500	Portland	.96	.96	.96	.96
500	Rescue Eula.	.15	.15	.15	.15
500	Silver Pick	.11½	.11½	.11½	.11½
450	Tonopah	2.87½	2.87½	2.87½	2.87½
300	Tono. Merger.	.96	.96	.96	.96
5,600					

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotation of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues and of these two groups of stocks combined compared as follows yesterday with the quotations of previous days and of corresponding days last year:

1912.

RAILROADS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Wed., Aug. 28	95.75	95.17	95.46	95.30
Thurs., Aug. 29	95.33	94.85	95.09	95.00
Friday, Aug. 30	95.07	94.71	94.89	94.91

INDUSTRIALS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Wed., Aug. 28	72.34	71.92	72.13	71.96
Thurs., Aug. 29	71.96	71.69	71.82	71.83
Friday, Aug. 30	71.96	71.74	71.85	71.94

COMBINED AVERAGE.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Wed., Aug. 28	84.04	83.54	83.79	83.63
Thurs., Aug. 29	83.64	83.27	83.45	83.41
Friday, Aug. 30	83.51	83.22	83.37	83.47

YEAR'S RANGE TO DATE.

	Open. Jan. 2.	High. Aug. 14	Low. Feb. 1.
Railroads	91.43	96.94	88.74
Industrials	64.00	72.37	61.47
Combined average	77.76	84.65	75.10

1911.

RAILROADS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Wed., Aug. 30	87.87	87.24	87.56	87.57
Thurs., Aug. 31	87.75	87.17	87.46	87.40
Friday, Sept. 1	88.42	87.90	88.16	88.29

INDUSTRIALS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Wed., Aug. 30	60.02	59.55	59.79	59.84
Thurs., Aug. 31	60.37	59.97	60.17	60.14
Friday, Sept. 1	60.61	60.21	60.41	60.42

COMBINED AVERAGE.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Wed., Aug. 30	73.95	73.40	73.67	73.53
Thurs., Aug. 31	74.06	73.57	73.81	73.77
Friday, Sept. 1	74.51	74.05	74.28	74.35

LAST YEAR'S RANGE TO THIS DATE.

	Open.	High.	Low.
Railroads	Jan. 3. 91.79	June 26. 99.61	Aug. 31. 87.17
Industrials	Jan. 3. 62.95	June 5. 69.76	Aug. 28. 59.09
Combined average	Jan. 3. 77.37	June 12. 84.41	Aug. 30. 73.40

COLUMBIA-KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY
Capital $2,000,000
Surplus $7,000,000

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE & TRUST COMPANY
ACTS AS EXECUTOR AND TRUSTEE
160 Broadway, Manhattan.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.

United States Mortgage & Trust Co.
New York
CAPITAL and SURPLUS $6,000,000
Personal and Business Accounts Invited.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York
28 Nassau Street
Capital & Surplus, $23,000,000
Resources, over $225,000,000

WINDSOR TRUST CO.
65 CEDAR STREET
FIFTH AVENUE and 47th STREET
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
CLARK WILLIAMS, President
STEPHEN N. BOND ROBERT H. McCURDY
JAMES A. BURDEN JOHN H. STORER
AUGUST HECKSCHER ARTHUR TURNBULL
CORNELIUS VANDERBILT

Trustee for Personal Trusts
Astor Trust Co.
Fifth Avenue and 36th St., New York

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Friday, Aug. 30, 1912.

Total sales Aug. 30, 1912	149,215
From Jan. 1, 1912	85,531,972
Same period last year	74,123,566

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
87¼	87⅜	6,600	Amalgamated Copper	86⅝	87⅝	86⅞	87⅜	+ ¼
59	59¼	300	Am. Agricul. Chem.	59¼	59¼	59¼	59¼	...
75¼	75⅝	2,400	Am. Beet Sugar	75	75¼	74⅞	75¼	+ ¼
139½	145	100	Am. Brake S. & F. pf.	145	145	145	145	+1½
39½	39¾	1,700	Am. Can	39⅝	39¾	39¼	39⅝	− ⅛
118¾	119	1,400	Am. Can pf	119	119⅛	118¾	118¾	− ¼
61½	61¾	100	Am. Car & Foundry	61½	61½	61½	61½	+ ¼
54¼	54½	100	Am. Cotton Oil	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝	...
196	201	10	Am. Express	196	196	196	196	...
22¾	23½	2,000	Am. Ice Securities	23⅜	23⅝	22½	23	− ¾
45¾	46	800	Am. Locomotive	45½	46	45½	46	+ ¼
108½	109½	100	Am. Locomotive pf.	109¼	109¼	109¼	109¼	...
66½	67	900	Am. Malt pf.	66	67	66	66¾	+1
86⅛	86¼	2,900	Am. Smelt. & R. x d.	86	86⅛	85⅝	86⅛	...
108½	108¾	100	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	108¼	108¼	108¼	108¼	− ⅝
186	188	1,000	Am. Snuff	188	188⅞	187	187	−1
37½	38	300	Am. Steel Foundries	37½	37½	37½	37½	...
128½	129⅝	500	Am. Sugar Refining	129¼	129¼	129	129	...
123	124	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	123½	123½	123½	123¼	+1½
144½	144⅞	500	Am. Teleph. & Teleg.	144⅝	144¾	144⅝	144¾	...
263½	264	1,850	Am. Tobacco	262¾	264	261½	264	
105¼	105¾	100	Am. Tobacco pf. new	105¾	105¾	105¾	105¾	+ ¼
29	30	100	Am. Woolen	30	30	30	30	+ ¼
91½	93	400	Am. Woolen pf	92⅝	92⅝	91	91½	− ¾
45¼	45⅜	2,700	Anaconda Copper Co.	45	45⅝	45	45⅝	+ ¼
108⅝	108¾	1,600	Atch., Top. & S. F.	108¾	108¾	108⅝	108⅝	− ⅜
101⅞	102¼	100	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞	− ⅜
60¼	60⅝	3,100	Baldwin Locomotive	59	60¾	59	60½	+2
106	106½	1,425	Baldwin Loco. pf.	105⅞	106⅛	105⅞	106	+ ⅛
107¼	107¾	200	Baltimore & Ohio	107½	107⅝	107½	107¾	+ ¼
40⅜	40⅝	200	Bethlehem Steel	40⅝	40⅝	40½	40½	− ½
147⅞	148½	400	Brooklyn Union Gas	147½	148	147½	148	+ ½
91½	91¾	100	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	91½	91½	91½	91½	− ¼
7¾	8	100	Bruns. Ter. & Ry. Sec.	8	8	8	8	...
275	275¼	4,850	Canadian Pacific x d.	275	275¼	273⅞	275¼	− ¼
29¼	29½	1,100	Central Leather Co.	29⅜	29½	29¼	29¼	− ⅜
82	82⅛	600	Chesapeake & Ohio	82	82⅛	81¾	81⅞	− ⅛
19	19¼	200	Chicago Gt. Western	19¼	19¼	19¼	19¼	...
106⅝	106⅞	300	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	106¾	106¾	106⅝	106⅝	− ¼
141½	142¼	11	Chi. & Northwestern	141¾	141¾	141¾	141¾	...
135	140	220	Chi., St. P., M. & O.	135	136	135	136	+3
153	160	100	Chi., St. P., M. & O. pf.	153	153	153	153	+3
2½	2⅝	200	Chi. Un. Tr. t. r. sta.	2½	2½	2½	2½	+ ¼
8	9	100	Chi. Un. Tr. pf. t.r.sta.	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	+1
39¼	39½	3,100	Chino Copper	39¼	39½	39⅛	39½	+ ½
33¼	33½	1,300	Colorado Fuel & Iron	32¾	33½	32¾	33¼	+ ½
146	146⅛	2,500	Consolidated Gas	145½	146¼	145⅝	146	+ ⅛
15⅞	16	600	Corn Products Ref.	16	16	16	16	...
80	86	100	Crex Carpet	85	85	85	85	− ⅜
169	170½	100	Delaware & Hudson	170	170	170	170	+ ¼
36⅞	37	2,000	Erie	36¾	37¼	36⅝	37	+ ¼
54⅜	54½	100	Erie 1st pf.	54¼	54¼	54¼	54¼	− ⅛
182½	183	200	General Electric	182⅝	182⅞	182⅝	182⅞	+ ⅜
39½	40	1,000	General Motors	42	42	39¾	39¾	−1¾
81½	82½	200	General Motors pf.	82	82	82	82	...
3⅝	3¾	800	Goldfield Consol.	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾	+ ⅛
78½	79	300	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	79	79	78¾	79¾	...
139¼	139½	2,270	Great Northern pf.	138¾	139¼	138½	139½	+ ½
46¾	47	2,200	Gt. N. certs. ore prop.	47	47⅛	46⅞	47	+ ¼
131	131½	100	Illinois Central	131	131	131	131	...
59⅛	59½	500	Inter.-Met. pf.	59⅝	59⅝	59	59¼	...
38	49	100	Int. Agricultural	47	47	47	47	...
43	46	100	Lackawanna Steel	43⅛	43⅛	43⅛	43⅛	− ⅞
105½	105⅞	100	Laclede Gas x d.	106	106	106	106	+ ¼
38	39⅝	100	Lake Erie West. pf.	38	38	38	38	...
169⅝	169¾	3,500	Lehigh Valley	169⅝	169¾	169⅝	169½	+ ⅛
208	210	800	Liggett & Myers	207	208	207	208	−3
43½	43¾	100	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	43¾	43¾	43¾	43¾	...
103½	103¾	200	Loose-Wiles B. 1st pf.	103½	103⅝	103½	103⅝	...
164¼	164⅝	4,100	Louisville & Nash.	165	165	163¼	164½	− ¾
86¼	89½	100	Mackay Cos.	87	87	87	87	− ¾
20⅞	21	700	Mercantile Marine pf.	20¾	20⅞	20¾	20¾	+1
78	78¼	5,200	Mexican Petroleum	77⅞	78¼	77¾	78¼	+ ½
29¼	29⅜	800	Miami Copper	29⅝	29⅝	29¼	29⅝	...
24	24½	200	Minn. & St. Louis	24¼	24¼	24¼	24¼	...
47	50	100	Minn. & St. Louis pf.	49	49	49	49	...
38⅝	39⅛	1,400	Missouri Pacific	[illegible]	39⅛	39	39	+ ⅛
139⅞	140½	300	Nat. Biscuit Co.	140	140	140	140	...
17	17½	50	Nat. Enam. & Stamp.	17	17	17	17	...
89	92	400	Nat. Enam. & S. pf.	90	90	90	90	...
60	60½	200	Nat. Lead Co.	60½	60⅝	60½	60⅝	...
30¼	31½	700	Nat. Rys. of M. 2d pf.	30⅛	30¼	30	30¼	+ ⅜
22⅝	22¾	1,400	Nev. Consol. Copper	22½	22¾	22½	22¾	− ¾
77	78	350	New York Air Brake	78	78	78	78	+ ¼
[illegible]	139	200	N. Y., N. H. & Hart.	138	138	138	138	−1
[illegible]	37½	300	N. Y., Ont. & West.	37⅛	37⅛	37	37	...
[illegible]	116½	300	Norfolk & W., ex div.	116¼	116⅝	116¼	116⅝	...
[illegible]	128⅝	1,300	Northern Pacific	128⅛	128½	128	128¼	− ⅛
[illegible]	124½	992	Pennsylvania R. R.	124¼	124½	124¼	124½	− ¼
[illegible]	117	700	People's Gas, Chi.	116¾	116¾	116⅞	116¾	+ ½
[illegible]	192	200	P. Lorillard Co.	190	190⅛	190	190½	+ ⅜
[illegible]	24⅝	400	Pittsburgh Coal	25	25	24½	24½	− ⅛
[illegible]	98¼	550	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	98	98	97¾	97¾	+ ¼
[illegible]	38½	250	Pressed Steel Car	38⅛	38⅛	38	38	+ ⅛
[illegible]	119⅝	200	Pub. Serv. Corp., N. J.	119⅝	120	119⅝	120	− ¼
[illegible]	170½	100	Pullman Company	169	169	169	169	+ ½
[illegible]	6½	200	Quicksilver	6	6	6	6	−1½
[illegible]	85	50	R. R. Sec., I.C. stk. ctfs.	83¼	83¼	83¼	83¼	+ ¼
[illegible]	38¼	200	R'way Steel Spring	38	38⅛	38	38⅛	...
[illegible]	105	100	R'way Steel Sp. pf.	105	105	105	105	+ ⅜
[illegible]	21⅜	2,500	Ray Consol. Copper	21⅝	21⅜	21⅛	21¼	...
[illegible]	170⅞	19,000	Reading	170½	171	170⅝	170¾	− ⅛
[illegible]	28	200	Rep. Iron & Steel	27⅞	27⅞	27⅛	27⅞	+ ½
[illegible]	26½	200	Rock Island Co.	26¼	26¼	26¼	26¼	− ⅛
[illegible]	103	275	Rumely (M.) Co. pf.	102	102½	102	102½	− ⅛
[illegible]	77½	100	St. L. Southwest'n pf.	77⅜	77⅞	77⅜	77⅞	+ ½
[illegible]	52⅞	100	Seaboard Air Line pf.	52½	52½	52½	52½	+ ⅜
[illegible]	204½	200	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	203¼	204	203¼	204	+ ¼
[illegible]	56	100	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	55	55	55	55	− ¼
[illegible]	112½	1,400	Southern Pacific	111⅞	112¼	111¾	112¼	− ⅞
[illegible]	30½	900	Southern R'way ext.	30½	30½	30¼	30⅜	+ ⅝
[illegible]	95¼	50	Studebaker Co. pf.	95	95	95	95	...
[illegible]	43⅜	700	Tennessee Copper	43	43⅛	43	43	+ ½
[illegible]	128¾	3,000	Texas Co.	128	129½	128	128¾	+ ¼
[illegible]	23¼	400	Texas & Pacific	23	23	23	23	+ ½
[illegible]	14	200	Union Bag & Paper	13¾	14	13¾	14	+ ¼
[illegible]	172⅛	10,200	Union Pacific	171½	172¼	171⅝	172⅛	+ ⅝
[illegible]	91½	200	Union Pacific pf.	91⅛	91¼	91⅛	91¼	+ ⅛
[illegible]	100	100	United Dry Goods	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞	+ ⅜
[illegible]	62	150	United Rys. Inv. pf.	61	61	61	61	−1
[illegible]	21	50	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	21	21	21	21	...
[illegible]	51½	900	U. S. Rubber	51⅛	51½	51⅛	51⅜	...
..	..	100	U. S. Rub. 1st pf. sub. certs., full paid	107	107	107	107	...
		200	U. S. Steel	74¾	74¾	74¾	74¾	...
[illegible]	73¾	17,800	U. S. Steel., ex div.	73¾	73¾	73⅝	73⅝	+ ⅛
[illegible]	113½	400	U. S. Steel pf.	113½	113½	113⅜	113⅝	− ⅛
[illegible]	65⅞	1,900	Utah Copper	65⅝	65⅝	65⅜	65⅞	− ⅛
[illegible]	118	100	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf.	117	117	117	117	+ ½
[illegible]	137	12	Wells Fargo Express	137	137	137	137	...
[illegible]	88	700	Westinghouse E. & M.	87⅜	88	87¼	88	+ ¾
[illegible]	96	100	Woolworth (F. W.) Co.	95¾	95¾	95¾	95⅜	− ¼
[illegible]	115¼	100	Woolworth Co. pf.	115	115	115	115	...

Am Cities	31	32¼
Do pf	76¼	76¾
Am C & F pf	118⅜	120
Am Coal, ex div	70	100
Am Cot Oil	54¼	54½
Do pf	97½	102½
Am Coal P	97½	99½
Do pf	109	112½
Am H & L	5	5¾
Do pf	26½	27
Am Linseed	13⅜	13⅞
Do pf	36	37
Am Malt	16	16½
A S pf. B	87⅝	88
Am Sn pf	110	114
Do new	104	105
Am T & C, ex div	65⅝	77¼
Am Tob pf	107	110
Do t r	110	114
A W P pf	37½	38
Ann Arbor	15	30
Do pf	50	80
Assets Real	122⅝	126
Atl C L	144	144½
B & O pf	85½	87½
Batopilas M	1½	2
Beth S pf	73	73½
B R & P	114½	117½
Do pf	125	150
But'k Co	35⅝	37
Canada So	65¼	68½
Cent L pf	98	99
C R R of N J	360	380
C & S A T	115	120
Chi & Alt	20	23
Do pf	34	40
C, B & Q	207	
C Gt W pf	35¼	36⅝
C, I & L pf	50	80
C, M & St Paul pf	141½	144
C & N W pf	180	190
C, C, C & St L	53	58
Do pf	98	101¾
Cleve & P	168	171½
Do spec	95½	..
C F & I pf	135	..
Col & So	40½	41½
Do 1st pf	74	76
Do 2d pf	66½	70
C P R pf	84½	85½
Cub-Am S	..	40
Do pf	..	95
D, L & W	520	545
D & R G	21	22
Do pf	38⅝	39¼
D M & Ft D	5	9
Det & M	115	..
Do pf	103	..
Det Un R	..	74
Dist Secur	34½	35
D, S S & A	9	10¼
Do pf	19½	20
Du P de N Pow pf	97	99½
Erie 2d pf	44⅝	46
F M & S	17	20
Do pf	43	48
Gen Chem	190	200
Do pf	109	115
G & S T	118	..
Goodrich, B. F., pf	107½	108
Granby Con	..	65
G. W. Helme	180	190
Do pf	112	118
Gugg Exp	58⅝	59
Hav Elec	82	..
Do pf	92	96¼
Hock Val	135	150
Homestake	95½	97
Insp Cop	18⅞	19
Ill C l	92½	96
Inger-Rand	105	..
Do pf	95	..
Int Ag pf	94½	95
Interb-Met	19⅞	20
Int Harv	121	121¾
Do ctfs	120⅝	122
Do pf ctfs	118	119
Int Paper	16¼	16½
Do pf	57½	58
Int St P	26¾	27½
Do pf	80	81½
Iowa Cent	11	13
Do pf	25	30
Jol & Chi	161	..
K C, Ft S & M pf	77	80
Kan C So	27¼	27½
Do pf	61½	62
K & D M	6⅝	7
Do pf	48	60
Kn I, C, pf	72½	75
L E & W	14¾	15½
Lake Shore	464	..
L-W B 2d pf	91	91¾
Lig & M pf	117	118
Long Island	46	53
Mackay Cos pf	69⅜	69¾
Mah C R	700	1,000
Man Beach	2	5
Man Elev	133¼	135
May Dep St	79½	80⅛
Do pf	106½	107¼
Mer Marine	5	5⅜
Mich Cent	150	190
M, St P & S S M	150¾	151½
Do pf	150	155

Do 1 l	86	88
Mo, K & T	29	29¼
Do pf	62½	65
M & B pf	67	70
Mor & Es	172½	174½
N, C & St L	170	175
Nat B pf	123⅛	126½
Nat L pf	107½	110
Nat Rys of M 1st pf	63¾	67¾
N O, M & Chi pf	17½	30
N Y Cent	115⅝	116¼
N Y, C & St L	57¼	60
Do 1st pf	102½	..
Do 2d pf	86	90
N Y Dock	19	..
Do pf	35	45
N Y, L & W	122½	125
N Y S Rys	90	91
N O T & L, ex div	66	67
Norf South	46⅛	47½
N & W pf	85	89
North Am	85	86½
N W Tel	118	..
Ont Mining	1½	2
Pabst B pf, ex div	107¼	112
Pac Coast	90	100
Do 1st pf	85	100
Do 2d pf	90	100
Pac Mail	30½	31
Pac T & T	50	50¼
Do pf	100	101
Peo & E	14	17
P. Lor pf	116	120
Pere Marq	..	30
Do 2d pf	..	38
Phelps-D'ge	215½	..
Phila Co	103	105
P, C, C & St L	109⅝	110½
Do pf	112	117
P, Ft W & C	169	..
Pitts St pf	102	103
P Y & A pf	161	..
Pr St C pf	102½	103½
Q'ksil'r pf	8	9
Rdg 1st pf	88	90
Do 2d pf	95	98
Rens & Sar	185¼	..
R I & S pf	90	91
Rock I pf	52⅞	53¼
R G M Co pf	105	112
St L & S F	22	23
Do 1st pf	62	65
Do 2d pf	35½	36
St L & S F, C & E I ctfs	120	..
Do n ctfs	50	56
Do pf ctfs	105½	111
St L S W	34⅝	35
Sears-R pf	124	..
Seab A L	23½	23¾
S-S S & I pf	90	103
So P R S	70	80
Do pf	105	109½
So Ry pf	80	80⅝
So Ry, M & Ohio ctfs	80¼	88
Stand Mill	29	30
Do pf	63½	66
Studebaker	43	44
T P L Tr	95	96
Third Av	36⅞	37¼
T, P & W	15¼	..
Tol R & L	4½	4¾
Tol, St L & W	12¼	13
Do pf	29½	31½
T C R T	107¼	108
Und Typew	108½	110
Do pf	114¼	..
Un B & P pf	61	61½
Un Cig M	54⅛	55⅞
Do pf	104	110
Un D G pf	104	107
Un Rys Inv	31	33
U S C I P pf	59½	60½
U S Exp	85	90
U S Ind A	53	54½
Do pf	104	105¼
U S R & I	83½	84½
U S R & R	1⅞	3
Do pf	4½	7
U S R 1st pf	108⅝	108¾
Do 2d pf	78	80
Va-Car Ch Co	47½	48
Va I, C & C	61	62
Va Ry & P pf	87½	..
Vulcan Det	15⅝	21
Do pf	85	87
Wabash	4⅜	4½
Do pf	14¼	14½
West Md	57	58
Do pf	77	80
West Un T	81½	82
Weym-Bru	235	..
Do pf	116	125
Westingh'se 1st pf	124	130
Wh & L E	5¾	6¾
Do 1st pf	20½	22
Do 2d pf	9½	10½
Wis Cent	57	60

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales Aug. 30, 1912	$1,225,500
From Jan. 1, 1912	500,398,000
Same period last year	574,440,500

[illegible]

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

[illegible]

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN—

	1912.	1911.	Increase.
3d week Aug.	$304,606	$303,667	$939
From July 1	1,918,419	1,825,702	92,717

DETROIT UNITED—

1st week Aug.	230,411	208,433	21,979
Jan. 1-Aug. 7	6,663,057	5,883,626	779,431

GEORGIA SOUTHERN & FLORIDA—

3d week Aug.	41,838	41,983	*145
July 1-Aug. 21	318,890	317,350	1,540

BANGOR & AROOSTOOK for July—

Gross	234,503	226,991	7,512
Net	59,514	53,755	5,759
Def. after chgs.	30,688	32,856	*2,168

*Decrease.

BRAZIL RAILWAY for July—

	1912.	1911.	1910.
Gross	£213,600	£179,018	£157,166
Net	89,800	69,944	59,306
Gross, 7 mos.	1,464,734	1,280,441	1,046,256
Net, 7 mos.	665,401	527,641	428,720

CANADIAN NORTHERN for July—

Av. mileage	4,297	3,711	3,297
Gross	$1,829,700	$1,475,900	$1,225,100
Net	494,600	361,600	348,200

INTEROCEANIC OF MEXICO for July—

Mileage	1,048	1,034	1,025
Gross	826,820	724,650	710,143
Net	246,643	237,237	258,811

NATIONAL RAILWAYS OF MEXICO for July—

Mileage	6,007	6,146	6,166
Gross	4,968,061	5,582,808	5,276,347
Net	1,300,437	2,424,523	2,128,383

NORTHERN PACIFIC reports to Inter-State Commerce Commission for July—

Mileage	6,032	6,027	5,714
Freight rev.	3,768,764	3,220,044	3,926,434
Passenger rev.	1,591,692	1,667,235	1,907,803
Total op. rev.	5,750,356	5,232,852	6,247,336
Mt. way and str.	961,224	845,417	1,002,989
Mt. equipment	773,943	716,666	729,689
Trans. exp.	1,713,773	1,581,404	1,848,484
Total op. exp.	3,652,834	3,329,498	3,764,665
Taxes	311,666	261,643	281,130
Operating inc.	1,830,575	1,683,390	2,269,186

SOUTHERN PACIFIC for July—

Mileage	10,293	9,962	9,830
Gross	11,762,391	10,871,887	11,215,272
Net	4,676,593	3,849,207	4,263,136
Taxes	473,342	394,869	365,675
Net income	4,203,251	3,454,337	3,897,461

UNION PACIFIC for July—

Mileage	7,257	6,980	6,497
Gross	7,818,585	7,328,350	7,916,655
Net	3,750,482	3,328,723	3,650,916
Taxes	381,034	306,506	265,718
Net income	3,369,448	3,022,216	3,385,198

WESTERN MARYLAND for June—

Gross	612,813	606,952	589,676
Net after taxes	167,421	192,672	204,563
Gross, 12 mos.	7,243,057	7,200,931	7,081,855
Net after taxes	2,286,625	2,521,281	2,763,334

Miscellaneous Earnings.

ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY reports to the Inter-State Commerce Commission for May—

	1912.	1911.	Increase.
Total rects. from operation	2,989,811	2,846,265	143,545
Exp. priv., debit.	1,581,205	1,487,167	94,037
Total oper. rev.	1,408,605	1,359,097	49,508
Total oper. exp.	1,256,710	1,169,607	87,103
Net oper. rev.	151,895	189,490	*37,595
Taxes	21,250	27,439	*6,189
Oper. income	130,644	162,050	*31,405
July 1 to May 31:			
Total rects. from operation	31,175,463	30,086,018	1,089,385
Exp. priv., debit.	16,003,675	15,667,807	335,867
Total oper. rev.	15,171,728	14,418,210	753,517
Total oper. exp.	13,847,600	13,148,193	699,407
Net oper. rev.	1,324,127	1,270,017	54,110
Taxes	219,858	243,830	*23,971
Oper. income	1,104,268	1,026,187	78,081
Mileage steam roads	32,430	32,729	*299
Mileage other lines	4,786	3,779	1,006

AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY reports to the Inter-State Commerce Commission for May—

Total rects. from operation	3,915,722	3,713,748	201,973
Exp. priv., debit.	1,778,735	1,698,728	80,007
Total oper. rev.	2,136,986	2,015,020	121,966
Total oper. exp.	1,893,891	1,618,789	275,101
Net oper. rev.	243,095	396,230	*153,135
Taxes	29,026	19,162	9,923
Oper. income	214,068	377,127	*163,058
July 1 to May 31:			
Total rects. from operation	40,002,730	38,175,057	1,827,672
Exp. priv., debit.	18,879,784	17,658,999	1,220,784
Total oper. rev.	21,122,945	20,516,057	606,887
Total oper. exp.	18,800,437	17,419,706	1,380,730
Net oper. rev.	2,322,508	3,096,351	*773,842
Taxes	345,987	311,231	34,756
Oper. income	1,976,520	2,785,120	*808,599
Mileage steam roads	56,245	54,333	1,912
Mileage other lines	2,894	2,357	537

NATIONAL EXPRESS COMPANY reports to the Inter-State Commerce Commission for May—

Total rects. from operation	105,838	114,425	*8,586
Exp. priv., debit.	46,601	43,977	2,624
Total oper. rev.	59,237	70,448	*11,211
Total oper. exp.	52,682	54,137	*1,454
Net oper. rev.	6,554	16,311	*9,756
Taxes	448	24	424
Oper. income	6,105	16,287	*10,181
July 1 to May 31:			
Total rects. from operation	1,148,212	1,118,440	29,772
Exp. priv., debit.	463,963	424,367	39,596
Total oper. rev.	684,249	694,073	*9,823
Total oper. exp.	571,472	558,116	13,356
Net oper. rev.	112,776	135,956	*23,180
Taxes	5,380	4,330	1,050
Oper. income	107,396	131,626	*24,230
Mileage steam roads	1,408	1,422	*13
Mileage other lines	218	218	......

*Decrease.

CITY BANK LEARNS OF MUCH IDLE LAND

Since Its Circular Charged High Costs to Agricultural Conditions Letters Have Poured In.

ADVISES A CALL TO SETTLERS

Development of the Wastes, It Is Figured, May Hold Rising Prices of Food in Check.

The National City Bank, whose comment last month on the changing agricultural conditions in this country and their relation to the high cost of living called forth a country-wide discussion, returns to the subject in its September circular, and urges the campaign of the various State banking associations and other organizations for increasing the yield of the farms. The bank has had many letters from the West, the circular explains, saying that there yet remain in the Western States good acreages of good, fertile land still open to settlement upon moderate terms.

"We beg to suggest," says the City Bank circular, "that either the regularly constituted authorities of these States, or the bankers' associations or other organizations of enterprising citizens should take vigorous action to spread this knowledge throughout the whole country, and to attract to their own localities the steady stream of emigrants who are leaving this country to find lands and homes in the Canadian Northwest. The loss of every such farmer is a National loss; and we are losing these valuable citizens by the tens of thousands, all of whom presumably would prefer to remain citizens of the United States when shown that they can obtain as good and as cheap lands here as they can elsewhere. Our Western States which have such lands to offer should be urged actively to present their latent possibilities to our land-seeking people.

"Undoubtedly there is in the aggregate a vast amount of idle and unimproved land in this country which is susceptible of cultivation. It is to be seen on every hand as one passes along highways and railways. There are swamps to drain, worthless woodlands to clear, and even on good farms a great deal of unutilized land. The amount of rough land now producing little or nothing which could be made good for pasturage is enormous. But all of these lands require a considerable expenditure of money and labor to bring results. They are usually covered with a thicket of underbrush, which is a testimonial to the fertility of the soil, but is a costly nuisance to remove. High prices of food products will eventually bring about the development of these lands, but naturally this has not been done while cheap and fertile prairie lands were to be had. It is not likely that the development of these lands will have the effect of bringing down the price of food, but they may probably hold rising prices in check for a time.

"Well informed people know that the cost of living will never be brought down by any amount of legislation or political agitation. It has gone up because there are more mouths to feed with no proportionate increase in the supply of food, and no more serious tendency than that could affect any people."

COMMODITY MARKETS.

Grains Lose Early Gains—Cotton Fluctuations Small—Coffee Firm.

The grain markets were firm early, with wheat and oats influenced by the foreign situation. Later the markets all weakened, closing at about the low point. Wheat and oats were influenced by very large receipts, and corn declined in sympathy with other grain. Provisions were irregular, with light trade. Cottonseed oil is firmer, with selling pressure relaxed. Cotton wavers over a small range. A rather bearish Government report is looked for, indicated by several private estimates. Weather conditions are generally favorable, although the crop accounts were more conflicting. Coffee ruled at higher levels.

WHEAT.

Wheat, after a morning of comparative firmness, turned weak and declined steadily, closing at the low point and at a net loss of ¼c to 1c a bushel. The weakness was evidently due to pressure of cash wheat: The receipts this week have been very heavy, and the market for cash wheat softened at the West, and this was immediately reflected in the future market. Interior receipts for the day were 1,519,000 bushels, against 1,072,000 last week and 888,000 last year. Interior shipments have increased, compared with last year almost as much as the receipts. The milling sales at Minneapolis were reported fair, but there was also a weakening in Minneapolis cash prices. The weather in the Northwest was somewhat unsettled, which was offset by the heavy movement. The foreign markets were again comparatively firm, although the Continent showed a rather indifferent attitude, and export bids were small. On the decline there were reports of 12 loads of hard Winter wheat via outports. American exports for the week were 3,545,000 bushels; Argentine, 1,520,000 bushels; Australian, 704,000 bushels; Indian, 1,368,000 bushels. The indicated world's exports were 12,345,000 bushels, against 10,232,000 bushels last week and 10,064,000 bushels last year. Ocean freight rates were strong, and showed further advance not only on grain, but on nearly all other commodities. Freight rates are now from about 8c a bushel to Liverpool up to 14¼c to Marseilles. These very high rates naturally serve to interfere with business. No. 2 red was quoted at $1.07, free on board; No. 1 Northern, $1.04½; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.04½; No. 1 Manitoba, $1.05½.

OTHER GRAINS.

CORN.—The corn market was active and strong early, both old and new crop deliveries gaining about 1c a bushel, but reacted late with other grain, and closed at practically unchanged prices for the day. Weather conditions caused some buying early, as there was a little apprehension of frost in the Northwest. Old crop months were firm on the position of cash corn. Total interior receipts were larger, however, and have gained 900,000 bushels in five days. After midday cash prices softened some at the interior, and this was reflected in the reaction in futures. American exports of corn for the past week were 60,000 bushels; Argentine 5,788,000 bushels. Within the last day or two about twelve loads of new crop corn have been taken for export. New corn, December-March loading, is quoted at 61⅝c, free on board; spot corn, cost, insurance, and freight, the seaboard, is quoted at about 80½c to 92½c, as to grade.

OATS.—The market was very steady during the morning, influenced by the firmness in other grain, but later turned weak, declining about 1c a bushel, and closed at the low point. The decline was due to a weakening in the interior cash prices, evidently due to the enormous receipts. The interior receipts for the day were 1,295,000 bushels, compared with 760,000 bushels last week and 505,000 bushels last year. Interior shipments have been very heavy, but the movement was evidently more than the market could take care of, and there were reports of hedge pressure on the contract market. Spot oats were easier, with standards quoted at 40c and No. 2 white 40½c, track; No. 2 white, 41c, and white clipped, 42c to 44c. Export sales of 20,000 bushels were reported.

PROVISIONS.

The market was rather irregular, with lard and ribs firmer. Pork was easier. Trading was small and largely professional. Hog receipts were moderate, amounting to only 48,000 at all ports.

NEW YORK MARKET.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
September	$1.04¼	$1.03⅜	$1.03⅜	$1.04
December	1.03	1.02⅛	1.02⅛	1.02¾
May	..	..	1.06⅝	1.06⅝

CHICAGO MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
September	95	93⅝	93⅝	94⅞
December	95⅝	94¼	94¼	94⅞
May	99	98	98⅛	98⅞
Corn—				
September	74⅝	73¾	74	74
December	56⅝	55¼	55⅝	55⅝
May	55¼	54¼	54⅝	54½
Oats—				
September	33¼	32¼	32¼	32⅞
December	33⅝	32¾	32¾	33¼
May	35⅝	35¼	35¼	35½
Lard—				
September	11.05	11.02½	11.05	11.00
October	11.15	11.10	11.15	11.10
December	10.90	10.87½	10.90	10.87½
January	10.87½	10.80	10.85	10.82½
Ribs—				
September	11.00	10.95	11.00	10.97½
October	11.07½	11.02½	11.07½	11.02½
January	10.30	10.22½	10.30	10.22
Pork—				
September	17.80	17.65	17.67½	17.77½
October	17.95	17.82½	17.82½	17.92½
January	19.40	19.25	19.40	19.30

COTTONSEED OIL.

There were more supporting orders in the market yesterday, and with liquidation less in evidence firmness was displayed. The selling

stated to be against purchases of crude had not entirely abated, but was lighter. Part of the buying was credited to Western and foreign account. Tenders for about 1,200 barrels again circulated, but pressure was not induced by the passing of these notices. Near months, in fact, were relatively firm, with spot oil selling at 6.40 late in the session. Tenders to date aggregate to approximately 8,200 barrels, of which 1,200 have been pronounced below the contract grade of delivery. Crude was officially quoted at 5.00 to 5.14 in the Southeast and Texas; at 5.14 to 5.21 in the valley.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Close.
Spot	..	..	6.34	6.32
September	6.34	6.29	6.35	6.27
October	6.38	6.35	6.38	6.33
November	6.08	6.05	6.08	6.06
December	6.01	6.00	6.02	5.99
January	6.01	6.01	6.02	5.99
February	..	..	6.04	6.00
March	..	..	6.05	6.02

COTTON.

The issuance of several private estimates on the condition of the cotton crop yesterday served to further prepare the trade for a bearish disclosure by the Government on Tuesday. Rallying power shown by the market was feeble, and the tendency was for offerings to grow heavier on the small upturns, keeping prices at about the low levels of the season. The range of quotations was quite small yesterday, but this was expected in view of the holidays. The bulk of the trading represented evening up commitments by the smaller interests, the larger operators apparently satisfied with their position. Scattered liquidation again occurred when it became evident that the large bear forces did not intend to cover much short cotton at this time.

The replies to The Journal of Commerce indicated a condition of the crop of 75.4. The Giles report was for a condition of 76.8, Norden & Co.'s 76.4, and the average guess of seventy-two members of the local Cotton Exchange for a Government showing of 74.2. The average of seven private reports thus far received is about 75.9. The Government condition last month was 76.5, and last year as of Aug. 25 73.2. It is generally admitted that the probabilities favor a relatively bearish report on Tuesday, but inasmuch as there has been an important decline recently and the technical position of the market is believed to be firm, there is a marked difference of opinion as to the reception which will be accorded a report of about 75.

There was not a great deal of attention paid to the ordinary news factors during the day. Deterioration accounts from Texas were once more at hand, while activity of insects in Mississippi was noted, but the volume of buying inspired by such dispatches was limited. The tendency is for caution to increase, and while sentiment is becoming more mixed it seems as though this is due to the nervousness as to the maturing of the crop, and evidently there would be more bears with the assurance that the frost will be a late one and injury to the plant from this day on only about normal.

The Liverpool market was below a parity yesterday and had influence in the small opening declines in this market. American selling was reported abroad, this undoubtedly based on the bearish private crop condition estimates. The weather map was construed as generally favorable, there being very little precipitation, normal temperatures and no indication of a storm, while there was little disposition to become alarmed over the prediction of light frost in parts of the Far Northwest. Spot markets were quiet and generally a shade easier. Middling uplands in New York were unchanged at 11.25c.

The into-sight for the season is 15,748,000 bales, against 12,121,000 last year. The Census Bureau made the crop, including linters, 16,250,000 bales this season, against 12,006,000 bales last year. The visible supply of American cotton totals 1,342,000 bales, against 840,000 last year, decreasing 34,000 bales for the week, against an increase of 42,000 last year. The spinners' takings were 92,000 bales, against 121,000 the previous week, and 123,000 last year.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
September	10.58	10.45	10.52@10.54	10.54
October	10.84	10.73	10.77@10.78	10.77
November	10.78	10.78	10.82@10.84	10.83
December	10.98	10.86	10.89@10.91	10.90
January	10.82	10.81	10.73@10.74	10.76
February	10.81	10.81	10.80@10.82	10.82
March	10.95	10.85	10.88@10.89	10.89
May	11.03	10.91	10.96@10.98	10.97

COFFEE.

Coffee offerings were readily absorbed, and the close was firm for September and steady for other months at a total advance of 12 to 15 points. Sales, 110,750 bags. Havre closed 1¼f to 1½f up, while Hamburg was ¾ to 1½ pfennigs higher. Cost and freight offers from Brazil were 10 to 20 points higher, and there were several bullish cables regarding crop conditions there. The weather in Brazil was unsettled, with rain and showers throughout, and temperatures ranged from 46 to 73 degrees. Rio was 125 reis lower and Santos was irregular at unchanged to 50 reis advance. Receipts at primary points were fairly liberal, but not equal to either last year or the year before. Spot coffee, 14⅛c for Rio No. 7. Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
August	..	..	..@..	12.85
September	13.00	12.93	13.00@13.01	12.85
October	..	..	13.00@13.01	12.86
November	..	..	13.00@13.01	12.87
December	13.04	12.97	13.00@13.01	12.88
January	..	..	13.03@13.05	12.90
February	..	..	13.03@13.05	12.90
March	13.10	13.02	13.07@13.08	12.92
April	..	..	13.09@13.10	12.94
May	13.15	13.05	13.10@13.11	12.97
June	13.09	13.09	13.08@13.10	12.95
July	13.06	13.02	13.06@13.07	12.94

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, extra, pound, 27¼@27½c; firsts, 26@26½c; seconds, 24½@25½c; thirds, 23@24c; State dairy tubs, finest, 25@26c; good to prime, 23½@24½c; common to fair, 21@23c; process, extras, 24½@25c; firsts, 23½@24c; seconds, 21@22c; factory, June make, firsts, 22½c; firsts, 21½@22c; seconds, 21c; thirds, 19@20c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 20@20½c; No. 3, 18@19c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, colored, special pound, 16¼c; white, 16@16¼c; colored, average fancy, 16c; white, 15¾c; under grades, 14@15½c; Daisies, best, 16¾c; State, skims, specials, 11⅛@13c; choice, 11¼@11¾c; fair, 10@11c; undergrades, 7½@9½c; full skims, 4@6½c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extra, dozen, 25@26c; extra firsts, 23@24c; firsts, 21½@22½c; seconds, 20@21c; thirds and poorer, 19@19½c; dirties, No. 1, 19c; No. 2, 17½@18½c; inferior, 14@17c; checks, good to ref., firsts, season's storage charges paid, 22½@23½c; seconds, 20@21c; thirds, 18@19c; fine, 17c; poor to fair, 13@16c; State, Pennsylvania and near by, hennery whites, fancy, large, new laid, 31@32c; selected whites, good to prime, 28@30c; common to fair, 25@27c; Western, gathered whites, 24@27c; State, Pennsylvania and near by, hennery browns, 26@27c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 22@26c.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

SUGAR.—The refined sugar market will be closed to-day and Monday because of the Labor Day holiday. The market was steady yesterday, with list prices unchanged. Some business was booked, however, on the basis of 5 cents for fine granulated.

The following quotations are net less discount of 2 per cent. for cash: Crystal dominoes, in cases of two-pound cartons, $8.10; in cases of five-pound cartons, $7.60; Eagle tablets, $6.40; cut loaf, $5.90; crushed, $5.80; Mold A, $5.45; cubes, Eagle, five-pound bags, powdered, and Eagle confectioners' granulated, $5.35; XXXX powdered, $5.25; powdered, coarse powdered, and Eagle coarse granulated, $5.20; fruit powdered and Eagle extra fine granulated, $5.10; Eagle, two, three and one-half, and five pound cartons of fine granulated, $5.30; three and one-half pound bags, $5.35; five-pound bags, $5.30; ten-pound bags, $5.25; twenty-five and fifty pound bags and standard granulated, $5.15; fine granulated and Diamond A, $5.10; confectioners' A, $4.95; No. 1, $4.85; Nos. 2 to 12, $4.80@$4.30, in five-cent ranges; Nos. 13, 14, and 15, $4.25.

Sales of raw sugar in this market were 30,000 bags of Cuban centrifugal, 96 test, at a 2⅞-cent basis, cost and freight, equal to $4.23, duty paid. That figure was quoted for the spot price, and the tone was steady. Muscovado, 89 test, was quoted at $3.73, and molasses sugar, 89 test, at $3.48.

The London beet sugar market was dull, and 1½ to 3¾d lower. August was quoted at 11s 5¼d, September at 11s 1½d, and October to December at 9s 9¾d.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS.—Molasses and syrups were generally inactive, with prices more or less nominal.

Quotations: New Orleans, centrifugal, common, 15@16c; fair, 17@20c; good, 21@26c; prime, 28@34c; New Orleans, open kettle, 37@52c; syrups, common, 11@12c; medium, 14@17c; fancy, 25@28c.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The flour market was steady yesterday, under a fairly good demand. Buyers were apparently impressed by recent reports of activity at milling centres.

The following are prices quoted (in wood) on the New York Produce Exchange: Spring patents, $5.25@$5.50; Winter straights, $4.60@$4.70; Winter patents, $4.90@$5.35; Spring clears, $4.60@$4.90; extra No. 1 Winter, $4.20@$4.30; extra No. 2 Winter, $4.10@$4.25; Kansas straights, $4.35@$4.50; fancy Spring patents, $6@$6.35. RYE FLOUR.—Quoted: Fair to good, $3.85@$4; choice to fancy, $4.05@$4.15. CORNMEAL.—Quoted: Kiln dried, $4.25. BAGMEAL.—Quoted: Fine white and yellow, $1.65@$1.75; coarse, $1.60@$1.65. FEED.—Quoted: Western Spring, $23.60; standard middling, $26.85; flour, middling, $31.60; Red Dog, $32.80; city bran, $22.50, bulk; $24, sacks; middling, $27.50@$33; Red Dog, $33.50; hominy, chop, $26@$27, bulk; $27.20@$28.20, sacks; oilmeal, $35@$36.50.

RICE.—The rice market was quiet, but steady and unchanged.

Quotations: Screenings, 4@4¼c; ordinary, 4½@4¾c; fair, 4½@5c; good ordinary, 5@5¼c; prime, 5¼@5½c; choice, 5½@5¾c; head, Japan, 4½@5c; Patna, 6⅜@7c.

OILS.—Prices for American seed linseed oil declined a cent a gallon yesterday, with the market firm at the new figure. Refined petroleum was unchanged.

Quotations: Standard white petroleum, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $8.35; bulk, $4.75; standard white, cases, New York, $10.25; water white, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $9.35; bulk, $5.75; water white, cases, New York and Philadelphia, $11.25. Linseed Oil—American seed, city raw, 67@68c; out-of-town raw, 66@67c; Calcutta raw, 78c.

NAVAL STORES.—Spirits turpentine were a shade higher yesterday, with the market generally firm. Resin and tar were inactive at unchanged prices.

Quotations: Spirits turpentine, machine barrels, 43@43½c. Tar, $5.50. Resin, common to good, strained, $6.80; B, $6.90; D, $6.90; E, $7.05; F, $7.25; G, $7.27½; H, $7.30; I, $7.30; K, $7.55; M, $7.70; N, $7.90; WG, $8.40, and WW, $8.80.

Executor Trustee

Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,

Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue,
New York.

LONDON 15 Cockspur St., S. W.
26 Old Broad Street, E. C.
PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann

Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.

Administrator Guardian

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE 6% NOTES MATURING SEPTEMBER 1, 1912, OF THE

KANSAS CITY RAILWAY AND LIGHT COMPANY.

In view of the maturity on September 1, 1912, of the above-mentioned Notes, the undersigned, holding and representing a large amount of these Notes, and believing it of great importance that the noteholders should be in a position for prompt, concerted action, have consented to act as a Committee for the protection of the interests of the noteholders.

Holders of said Notes are requested to deposit their Notes with September 1, 1912, coupons attached under an agreement of deposit, now on file at the office of the depositary, on or before September 16, 1912, with **The New York Trust Company, 26 Broad Street, New York,** the depositary under said agreement, which will issue its negotiable certificates of deposit therefor. The Committee will collect interest and pay the same when received to the holders of certificates of deposit representing the same.

Deposits may also be made with the **Old Colony Trust Company, 17 Court Street, Boston,** the agent of the depositary. Copies of the agreement of deposit may be obtained upon application to either of the trust companies.

Dated New York, August 18, 1912.

JOHN B. DENNIS,
SAMUEL L. FULLER,
JAMES J. STORROW,
PAUL M. WARBURG,
Committee.

BYRNE & CUTCHEON,
24 BROAD ST., NEW YORK;
ROPES, GRAY & GORHAM,
60 STATE ST., BOSTON,
Counsel.

C. M. TRAVIS, Secretary,
24 Broad St., New York City.

WHEELING RAILWAY COMPANY.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, as Trustee of the First Mortgage of THE WHEELING RAILWAY COMPANY, dated September 3, 1892, hereby gives notice that it has been advised by Wheeling Traction Company, as successor of said Wheeling Railway Company, that said Traction Company has elected to pay and redeem all of the bonds issued and outstanding under the said mortgage, aggregating $500,000 face amount of principal, on September 3, 1912, at the office of the undersigned, No. 54 Wall Street, New York City, by the payment of the principal thereof, together with all interest accrued on the said bonds and unpaid on said 3d day of September, 1912, after which said date interest upon said bonds will cease to accrue, and that upon the deposit with the undersigned of the amount necessary to pay the principal and interest of the same, said bonds will be paid by the undersigned at its said office on and after September 3, 1912, upon the presentation and surrender thereof in negotiable form, with all unmatured coupons thereto attached.

Dated, August 3, 1912.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
By GEORGE W. DAVISON,
Vice President.

NOTICE.

Referring to the above notice of redemption of the Wheeling Railway Company First Mortgage 6% bonds, we hereby offer the holders of said bonds the privilege of subscribing to a limited amount of Wheeling Traction Company First Consolidated Mortgage 5% bonds of 1931 at a special price of 97 and interest, said offer subject to termination at any time without notice.

The Wheeling Traction Company First Consolidated Mortgage 5% bonds of 1931 will be secured by a closed first mortgage of two million five hundred thousand dollars on the entire property of the company, which is earning more than twice the amount of its fixed charges.

We shall be glad to furnish further particulars upon application.

Continental Trust Company,
Washington, D. C.
Redmond & Company,
33 Pine Street, New York, N. Y.

TO THE HOLDERS
OF THE
SECOND MORTGAGE SIX PER CENT. GOLD BONDS
OF
HOUSTON GAS COMPANY

Houston Gas and Fuel Company, having purchased, and succeeded to, all the property and franchises of the Houston Gas Company, and having assumed and agreed to perform all the covenants, stipulations and conditions of a certain Second Mortgage made by said Houston Gas Company to Bankers Trust Company, Trustee, dated March 1, 1905, to secure an issue of One Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars ($150,000) of Second Mortgage Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds, pursuant to the right reserved in said bonds, as successor to said Houston Gas Company, hereby calls said bonds for payment, and hereby gives notice that on the first day of September, 1912, (an interest day,) it will pay and redeem the whole of the outstanding issue of the said bonds at One Hundred and Five Per Centum (105%) of the par value thereof and accrued interest to said first day of September, 1912, upon presentation and surrender of the bonds, together with all unmatured coupons thereto attached, at the office of Bankers Trust Company, Trustee as aforesaid, No. 16 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York. And the holders of said bonds are hereby required to present the same for payment and redemption, as above provided, in the manner and at the place aforesaid on the first day of September, 1912. The said bonds shall cease to draw interest on the said first day of September, 1912.

Dated, July 31, 1912.

HOUSTON GAS AND FUEL COMPANY,
(Successor to Houston Gas Company.)
By S. J. DILL,
Vice-President.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, September 10, 1912, for CONTRACT 109, for the construction of five superstructures for Foundry Brook and Indian Brook siphon chambers and Breakneck gaging chamber of Catskill Aqueduct. Each of the four buildings for the siphon chambers will be granite-faced, brick-lined, approximately 31 feet by 39 feet by 27 feet. The building for the gaging chamber will also be granite-faced, brick-lined, approximately 19 feet by 32 feet by 20 feet. The substructures or foundations of these buildings have been built, and The City will furnish and erect the tile roof for all the buildings. The work is located in the towns of Fishkill, Dutchess County, and Phillipstown, Putnam County, New York.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and contract drawings may be obtained at the above address by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President;
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
JOSEPH P. MORRISSEY, Secretary.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL BREWING CO.
FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY, Trustee under the Mortgage of the Pennsylvania Central Brewing Company, dated October 25, 1897, invites proposals for the sale to the said Trustee of all or any part of Fifty Thousand Dollars ($50,000) of bonds secured by the said mortgage, proposals to be addressed to the said Trustee at its office, Nos. 325-331 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia; to be opened and acted upon on THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1912, at 12 o'clock M.

R. ELLIS, President.

OFFICE PURCHASING COMMISSARY, U. S. Army, 39 Whitehall Street, New York, N. Y., August 20, 1912.—Sealed proposals, in duplicate, for furnishing and delivering subsistence stores in this city, under the provisions of Section 3732, R. S., U. S., will be received at this office until ten o'clock A. M., September 3, 1912. Information furnished on application. Envelopes containing bids should be marked "Proposals for Subsistence Stores Opened September 3, 1912," and addressed to Col. A. L. Smith, A. C. G., U. S. Army.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

THIS IS TO SERVE NOTICE THAT MR. HENRY HERSHKOWITZ has terminated his connections with the firm of FRIED & HERSHKOWITZ on Aug. 12, 1912. He will not be responsible for any liabilities assumed by Messrs. Fried and Newman, successors to the above-named firm.

$835,000.00
CITY OF NORFOLK, VIRGINIA
Thirty-Year Four and One-half Per Cent. (4½%) Bonds of $1,000.00 Each
Dated September 1, 1912.
Interest Payable March 1st and September 1st.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the Office of the City Treasurer of NORFOLK, VIRGINIA, UNTIL 12 O'CLOCK M., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 12TH, 1912, for $835,000.00 Four and One-Half Per Cent. (4½%) Thirty (30) Year Coupon Bonds, issued for the following purposes:

Appropriation Bonds	$345,000.00
Park Place Ward School Bonds	20,000.00
Ninth Ward Improvement Bonds:	
Series A	
Series B	8,000.00
Tenth Ward Improvement Bonds	248,000.00
	214,000.00
Total	$835,000.00

Bids may be for the whole or part of the said Bonds, and must state price and accrued interest.

Bonds issued in denominations of $1,000.00. Bonds and interest payable in Norfolk.

All Bonds to be issued as Coupon Bonds, but purchasers to have privilege of having same registered.

Bids must be marked "Proposals for Bonds."

Bidders to enclose check for one per cent. (1%) of the par value of the amount bid for. Immediately upon notification of allotment a further deposit of four per cent. (4%) of par value of amount allotted shall be made.

Four and one-half per cent. (4½%) interest will be allowed successful bidders on the five per cent. (5%) paid in from time of receipt of the four per cent. (4%) until bonds are ready to be delivered.

It is proposed to deliver the Bonds to purchasers as of the date of sale, but if for any reason any delivery should be delayed beyond that date the purchaser will be required to pay accrued interest to the time of delivery. The remainder of the purchase money to be paid immediately after the purchasers are notified that Bonds are ready for delivery.

The Bonds shall be delivered and paid for in the City of Norfolk.

Checks to be drawn on some State or National Bank, certified and made payable to order of B. Gray Tunstall, City Treasurer of the City of Norfolk, Va.

Circular containing full information will be forwarded upon request to the City Clerk.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids, and also (unless otherwise expressly stated in the bid) to allot any portion of the amount of bonds bid for.

THE FINANCE COMMITTEE,
JNO. N. SEBRELL, Jr., Chairman,
From the Common Council.
THOS. H. WILLCOX, Chairman,
From the Board of Aldermen.
Teste: R. E. STEED, City Clerk.

New York, August 8th, 1912.

New York Produce Exchange Bank.

The following is a true and accurate statement of every account made with this bank, and of each dividend and each item of interest declared upon any of the stock, bonds, or other evidences of indebtedness of this bank, which at this date amounts to Fifty Dollars ($50) or over, and which has remained unclaimed by any persons or persons authorized to receive the same for the last five years, to wit:

DEPOSITS.

1906—J. L. McLean & Co., address unknown	$84.92
1906—Maude S. Pickardt, address unknown	$84.92
1906—Dr. Peter C. Biasi, address unknown	180.00
1905—Gus. Hirsch, address unknown	71.68
1905—Mrs. M. P. Milliken, address unknown	68.79
1907—Katherine M. Roes, address unknown	124.59

State of New York, County of New York, ss.: JOHN R. WOOD, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Vice President and Cashier of the New York Produce Exchange Bank, and that the foregoing statement is true and accurate in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief.

JOHN R. WOOD.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 8th day of August, 1912.

GEO. KIEFER, Notary Public.
Kings County, No. 11.
[Seal of Notary.] N. Y. County, No. 4.
N. Y. County Register's No. 4,049.
Kings County Register's No. 1,110.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE 6% NOTES MATURING SEPTEMBER 1, 1912, OF THE

KANSAS CITY RAILWAY AND LIGHT COMPANY

The Committee representing the holders of the Notes deposited under the Deposit Agreement dated August 15, 1912, announces that it has arranged for the payment by the Kansas City Railway and Light Company at the office of **The New York Trust Company, 26 Broad Street, New York City,** of the interest falling due September 1, 1912.

Dated August 31, 1912.

JOHN B. DENNIS,
SAMUEL L. FULLER,
JAMES J. STORROW,
PAUL M. WARBURG,
Committee.

BYRNE & CUTCHEON,
24 BROAD ST., NEW YORK;
ROPES, GRAY & GORHAM,
60 STATE ST., BOSTON,
Counsel.

C. M. TRAVIS, Secretary,
24 Broad St., New York City.

DIVIDENDS.

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company
16, 18, 20, and 22 William St., New York City.
COUPONS AND DIVIDENDS DUE IN SEPTEMBER ARE PAYABLE AT THIS OFFICE ON AND AFTER SEPTEMBER 1, 1912, AS FOLLOWS:

American Brake Shoe and Foundry Company
Butler Water Company
Fond du Lac Water Company
Granite City, Madison & Venice Water Company
Kingston City Railroad Company
Kingston Cotton Mills
Mount Vernon Water Works Company 5s
Mount Vernon Electric Light & Power Company
Merrill City Water Works Company
Olean, City of
Ohio Connecting Railway Company
Orange County Lighting Company
Southern Power Company
Stroock Felt Mills
Toledo, Walhonding Valley & Ohio Railroad Company
Wichita Water Company
SEPTEMBER 4TH, 1912.
James Everard's Breweries
SEPTEMBER 30TH, 1912.
Thomas McMullan & Company
DIVIDENDS.
SEPTEMBER 3D, 1912.
Fort Wayne & Jackson Railroad Company
Pittsburgh, Youngstown & Ashtabula Ry. Co. on Preferred Stock
Pittsburgh, Youngstown & Ashtabula Ry. Co. on Common Stock
SEPTEMBER 20TH, 1912.
F. W. Woolworth Company, Common

REPUBLIC OF CUBA

Coupons due September 1, 1912, of the above Bonds will be paid on presentation at our office on and after that date.

SPEYER & CO.
24-26 PINE STREET.
New York, Aug. 28, 1912.

UNITED TRACTION AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.

Coupons due September 1st, 1912, from First Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds of this Company, Providence and Pawtucket issue, will be paid on and after September 3, 1912, on presentation at the office of the CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, 54 Wall Street, New York. Checks for interest on registered bonds will be mailed.

C. S. SWEETLAND, Treasurer.

MOBILE TERMINAL & RAILWAY CO.
First Mortgage 6% Bonds.

Coupons due Sept. 1, 1912, from the above-mentioned bonds, will be paid on and after that date at the office of the undersigned.

IRVING NATIONAL BANK.
HARRY E. WARD, Cashier.

AMERICAN HIDE AND LEATHER CO.

Coupon No. 26, due September 1, 1912, from the first mortgage bonds of the American Hide & Leather Company will be paid, on and after September 3d, by The Equitable Trust Company of New York, 35-37 Wall Street.

GEORGE A. HILL, Treasurer.

ADJOURN SURETY CASE.

Argument for Injunction Against Empire Sale to Be Heard Sept. 3.

Justice Aspinall adjourned argument yesterday on the application of the minority stockholders of the Empire State Surety Company for a permanent injunction restraining the company from merging with the National Surety Company. The case came up on a temporary injunction obtained by the Empire State Surety Company on Tuesday last. The case will be heard by Justice Kelby on Sept. 3.

Albert J. Talley, attorney for the State Superintendent of Insurance, opposed the injunction proceedings, saying that the court ought to let the Superintendent of Insurance handle the case, as it would be settled to the satisfaction of every one concerned. He asked that the petitioner, who is Fred G. Lemmermann, a minority stockholder of the Empire Company, be required to file a bond of $200,000. Justice Aspinall said the security already offered was sufficient.

AMERICAN AUTOS SELL WELL.

Value of Exports from Here Last Year $30,000,000—Imports $2,000,000.

American automobiles to the value of $30,000,000 found markets abroad last year, against less than $1,000,000 ten years ago. Figures just completed by the Division of Statistics of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce show that the exports of automobiles to foreign countries in the fiscal year 1912 were valued at $21,500,000, and of parts, including tires, $6,750,000. If to this were added the shipments to Hawaii and Porto Rico, we get for the year's sales of American automobiles, outside of Continental United States, a round $30,000,000, since the value of automobiles and parts sent to Porto Rico was nearly $1,000,000, and to the Hawaiian Islands a little more than $1,000,000. The total number of machines exported to foreign countries was 21,757, valued at $21,550,139, averaging slightly less than $1,000 each; while those to the non-contiguous territory were higher, averaging $1,600 each.

The export price of American automobiles in 1912 averaged less than in any earlier year in the history of the export trade. The average for 1912, dividing the total number of machines exported into stated value, was $990 each, against $1,100 in 1911, $1,380 in 1910, $1,700 in 1909, and $1,880 in 1908.

On the import side, the automobiles imported last year amounted to only about $2,000,000 in value, against more than $4,000,000 in 1907. The average import value of the automobiles brought into this country last year was $2,216 each, against $2,138 in 1911, $1,936 in 1910, $1,788 in 1909, and $2,392 in 1908. Thus the export price of American machines has fallen from $1,880 in 1908 to $990 in 1912, while the import price of foreign automobiles entering the country has only fallen from $2,392 in 1908 to $2,216 in 1912, the reduction in price on the export side being 47 per cent., and on the import side, 8 per cent.

Even the remarkable growth in the exports of American automobiles has not kept pace with the growth in production at home, since the census of 1900 showed the value of automobiles manufactured in the United States in 1899 at $4,748,000, while that of 1910 showed $249,202,000 as the value manufactured in 1909. The wages paid in the automobile industry, as shown by the Census report, aggregated $1,321,000 in 1899, and $48,694,000 in 1909. The capital employed in the industry in 1899 was $5,769,000, and in 1909, $173,837,000. The number of wage earners employed in 1899 was 2,241, and in 1909, 75,721.

English-speaking people are the chief purchasers of American automobiles. Of the 21,757 exported in 1912, 6,288 went to Canada, 5,716 to the United Kingdom, and 3,625 to Australia and New Zealand. The next largest number, 1,611 was credited to South America, while European countries other than the United Kingdom took 2,296.

Of the 963 automobiles imported into the country in the fiscal year 1912, 401 were from France, 188 from the United Kingdom, 131 from Italy, 116 from Germany, and 127 from all other countries.

228 Business Failures This Week.

Bradstreet's reports 228 business failures in the United States during the week, against 264 for the previous week and 164, 179, 166, and 210 for the corresponding weeks of 1911 to 1908. The Middle States had 86, New England 23, Southern 28, Western 42, Northwestern 12, and Far Western 37. Canada had 35, against 20 for the preceding week. About 91 per cent. of the total number of concerns failing had capital of $5,000 or less, and 9 per cent. had from $5,000 to $20,000 capital.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

The Daily Consular and Trade Report notes the following foreign trade opportunities. Further information regarding them may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of the item referred to:

9,449. AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY AND MOTORS.—An agricultural co-operative society in a European country requested an American Consul to place it in direct communication with manufacturers of agricultural machinery in the United States, more particularly mowers, binders, cultivators, spring-tooth harrows, and plows, and thrashing machines adapted for hard grain; also portable engines, gasoline motors, and motors for heavy oil. The society is well rated and furnishes first-class references. Catalogues and prices, cost, insurance, and freight a certain European port, or free on board, New York, are desired. The society, which consists of 5,174 members and owning property aggregating in value $2,675,000, it is stated, practically controls the farming interests of the consular district in which the Consul is stationed.

9,450. REFRIGERATORS.—A report from an American Consul in Asia states that cheap, small refrigerators, with capacity for eight to fifteen pounds of ice, would probably find a profitable market in that country. Ice chests of local make and costing $2 to $3 are generally in use. A list of prospective buyers accompanied the report.

9,451. MACHINERY, ENGINES, &c.—An American Consul in a South American country reports that a firm in his district which is at present engaged in several engineering contracts in a wide territory desires to represent American manufacturers in various classes of machinery. Members of the firm have spent much time in territories rather difficult to reach by representation and advertising, and are therefore in a position to know the needs of those territories. The classes of machinery which the firm is most interested in are boring rigs, steel building material, agricultural machinery, traction engines, wool pressers, portable woodworking outfits, house-heating appliances, wind mills, pumps, tools, &c. Correspondence in English.

9,452. CANNED GOODS AND GRAINS.—A firm in St. Louis transmitted to the Bureau of Manufactures the name of a person in Colombia who desires the addresses of American exporters of canned fish, rice, and other grains, and fruit.

9,453. SHOE MACHINERY.—An American Consul in a South American country forwarded the name of a business man in his district who is interested in shoe machinery. Correspondence in Spanish.

9,454. OLEOMARGARINE MACHINERY.—A report from an American Consul in India contains the name of a business man who wishes to communicate with manufacturers of machinery for the manufacture of oleomargarine from cotton seed. The inquirer is in a position to invest about $20,000 in the business.

9,455. DAIRYING MACHINERY.—A firm in a South American country informed an American Consul that it is interested in dairying machinery and desires catalogues from American manufacturers in this line. Correspondence in Spanish.

9,456. PUBLIC WORKS.—The American Consulate General at Ottawa, Canada, reports that the Department of Public Works has advertised for tenders up to Sept. 11, 1912, for the construction of an extension to the breakwater at Souris, Prince Edward Island. Plans, specifications, and form of contract can be seen and form of tender obtained at the Department of Public Works at Ottawa.

9,457. AUTOMATIC CHECK PUNCHES.—An American Consul in Asia has transmitted the names of firms which are interested in automatic check punches to prevent the raising of checks, &c. Prices should be quoted in English or Indian currency, and the punch should be marked "Rs." instead of the dollar mark.

9,458. COTTONSEED OIL.—An importer in Turkey who has been in business for many years and who has frequent inquiries for this article informs an American Consular officer that he desires to represent an American firm of manufacturers in this line.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

"THE ORIGINAL"
Sight-Seeing Yacht CLIFTON
Around Manhattan Island. Lecturer Aboard.
Daily, Sunday, 10:30 A. M., 2:30 P. M. Start West 42d St. Office Flatiron Bldg. Tel. 5441 Gramercy.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

$1.00 Round Trip to Poughkeepsie
Sunday, Sept. 1,
New Steamer RENSSELAER
Leaves Pier 32, N. R., Ft. Canal St., 8:45 A. M.
West 132d St. Pier, 9:15 A. M.
Excellent cuisine and music.
Number of Passengers Limited.
HUDSON NAVIGATION CO.
Pier 32, N. R. Phone Spring 9400

EXCURSIONS
SUNDAY & LABOR DAY
TO NEW HAVEN $1.00
Steamer RICHARD PECK leaves Pier 28, E. R., 9:30 A. M.; foot East 22d St., 10:00 A. M.; due New Haven 2:30 P. M. Return, due N. Y. 9:00 P. M. Two hours in New Haven. Music. Refreshments.
UP THE HUDSON 50c
Sunday to Poughkeepsie
LABOR DAY TO NEWBURGH
Steamer CITY OF LOWELL leaves Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., 10:00 A. M., for Hudson River trip as far as Poughkeepsie, on Sunday. Labor Day to NEWBURGH ONLY. No landing. Return, due N. Y. 6 P. M. Music. Refreshments.
These excursions under management of
FALL RIVER LINE
Tickets at Piers only on day of excursions.

CENTRAL-HUDSON LINE
UP THE HUDSON RIVER
To FISHKILL and NEWBURGH
SUNDAY, Sept. 1st and LABOR DAY
Str. Benj. B. Odell (New)
leaves Franklin St. 9 A. M., West 129th St. 9:30 A. M. 5 hours at Newburgh. Visit Orange Lake Park, Newburgh. Half-hour trolley ride through the country.
Fare, round trip, $1.00.
Excellent dining room service.
Lunch. Music. No Bar.

MAUCH CHUNK
GLEN ONOKO
SEPT. 1 AND 2 $1.50 ROUND TRIP
BELLEWOOD
SEPT. 2 AND EVERY SUNDAY $1.00 ROUND TRIP
Trains leave Pennsylvania Ferries, Cortlandt and Desbrosses Sts., New York, for Mauch Chunk, 8:30 A. M.; Bellewood, 9:00 A. M. Jersey City 20 Minutes Later. Hudson River Tube Trains Connect at Jersey City Station.
Lehigh Valley Railroad
$10.00 Niagara Falls, August 31st and Sept. 1st, return Sept. 4th. $11.50 Toronto, Sept. 4th, return Sept. 10th; tickets good on all trains except the Black Diamond Express.

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE
Labor Day Outing
On Great, Swift Day Line Steamer
ROBERT FULTON
To KINGSTON POINT and RETURN
(The foot of the Catskills).
200 MILES FOR $2.
Leave Desbrosses St. 9:40 A. M.
Labor Day Afternoon Excursion
To West Point
STEAMER MARY POWELL
Leave Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M.; W. 42d St. 2 P. M.; W. 129th St. 2:20 P. M.
Return to New York by boat or rail, $1.10. Orchestra. See Public Buildings, etc.

CONEY ISLAND AND ROCKAWAY
Steamers ROSEDALE and SYLVESTER
Lv. W. 129th St. 9:30, 1:30.
Lv. W. 23d St. 10:15, 2:00, 3:00, *7:30.
Lv. Battery 10:40, 2:30, 3:30, *8:00.
Lv. Coney Island 1:30, 6:00, 7:00, 9:00.
Lv. Rockaway Beach 12:30, 5:00, 6:00.
*Boat does not go to Rockaway Beach.
Exc'n tickets 129th St. to Coney Isl. & Rockaway, 50c.
To Coney Island from W. 23d St. and Battery, 40c.
SPECIAL—INTERNATIONAL
MOTOR BOAT RACES
HUNTINGTON BAY, LONG ISLAND
TO-DAY (Saturday)
LARGE STR. ROSEDALE, CAPACITY 1,700 will leave Pier Foot West 23d St. 10 A. M. Battery Pier 10:30 A. M. Pier Foot East 24th St. 11 A. M. Arriving in time for all races.
WILL RETURN IMMEDIATELY AFTER RACES. TICKETS, $1,
at Normandie Hotel Ticket Office, Broadway & 38th St. Telephone 4189 Greeley; also at 149 B'way, Room 622. 'Phone 4057 Cortlandt.
MUSIC & REFRESHMENTS—CITY PRICES.

OCEAN BEACHES
Within 45 Minutes of New York City
MANHATTAN BEACH.
Leave N. Y., E. 34th St., Sundays, 9:20, 11:48 A. M., 3:20, 6:40 P. M.
ROCKAWAY BEACH
On Sundays trains will leave N. Y. (Pennsylvania Station via Long Island Railroad) hourly from 8:58 A. M. until 10:58 P. M., inclusive.
On Sundays trains leave Brooklyn (Flatbush Ave. Station), the terminus of the Interborough Subway, at frequent intervals during the entire day.
LONG BEACH
Leave N. Y. (Pennsylvania Station) Sundays, 8:25, 9:02, 9:30, 10:02, 10:43, 11:25 A. M. 12:38, 1:21, 1:41, 2:13, 3:05, 3:30, 4:07, 4:43, 5:33, 6:08, 7:00, 7:41, 8:31, 9:24 P. M.

BLOCK ISLAND, RHODE ISLAND
EVERY SUNDAY $1.50
Special train, with parlor car, leaves foot East 34th St., N. Y., 8:30; B'klyn, Flatbush Av., 8:40; Nostrand Av., 8:44, and East N. Y., 8:48 A. M., for Montauk; thence by STEAMER "SHINNECOCK."
Lve. Block Island, returning, 4 P. M.
Tickets on sale, commencing Friday, at 170 Broadway, 5th Av. Bldg., (5th Av. & 23d St., and Long Island R. R. stations, foot 34th St., E. R., N. Y.; Long Island City and Brooklyn. Sale of tickets limited. The right is reserved to postpone the excursion and redeem tickets. Refreshments on steamer.

UP THE SOUND
Sea Cliff & Glenwood
Str. "Sagamore" leaves Pier 8, E. R., (bet. Hanover Sq. & So. Ferry,) Sats., 1:00; New Pier foot 34th St., E. R. 1:20 P. M. Ret. due N. Y. 9:25 P. M. Sundays leave Pier 8, 9:30; New Pier foot 34th St., 9:50 A. M. Ret. due N. Y. 8:30 P. M. EXCURSION 50c. TICKETS.

Sight-Seeing Yachts
OBSERVATION HALCYON
Around Manhattan Island, Daily. Battery Pier, So. Ferry, 10:30-2:30.
To THE OCEAN, Sandy Hook Lightship & Forts, 1:15, ret. 5. Phone Broad 3872.

STEAMBOATS.

OUTING DAYS ARE DAYS OF CHARM AND VARIETY INDEED
When Passed at Sea and in Sightseeing in Boston or Portland, the "City Beautiful."
All-the-Way-by-Water
METROPOLITAN STEAMSHIP LINE.
Direct Between NEW YORK & BOSTON
Great White Steel Steamships Massachusetts & Bunker Hill.
Fare $4. Rooms with or without bath. Inside two-berth rooms with electric fans, $1; outside, $2. Beautiful Main Deck Dining-room.
Leave New York week days & Sundays, Pier 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., at 5 P. M. Due Boston about 8 A. M. Tickets at Pier, at 290 B'way, also N. Y. Transfer Co. and Tourist Offices.
MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE.
Direct Between NEW YORK & PORTLAND
Steel Steamships North Land & North Star
Leave Pier 15, N. R., foot Vesey St., Tues., Thurs. & Sats. at 5 P. M.; also Mondays 10:30 A. M. A delightful 22-hour trip. Round Trip Fare, $10. Tickets at Pier and 290 Broadway.
EASTERN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION

Searchlight and Moonlight on the picturesque
Hudson River
PEOPLE'S and CITIZENS' LINES to ALBANY and TROY
Speedy Palatial Steamers.
One Way, $2. Round Trip, $3.50.
EVERY EVENING.
Leaving Pier 32, N. R., (foot of Canal St.,) 6 P. M. People's Line calling at West 125th St. at 6:45 P. M.; Citizens' Line calling at Yonkers at 7 P. M., Poughkeepsie at 11 P. M. Steamer C. W. MORSE leaves New York on odd dates, ADIRONDACK on even dates. Sunday Day Boat leaves at 8:45 A. M.; West 132d St. 9:15 A. M. Special excursion to Poughkeepsie and return Sundays, $1.00.
Passage and stateroom tickets delivered by special messenger. 10-Ride Family Books, $15, ($1.50 per trip.)
HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY,
Pier 32, N. R. 'Phone Spring 9400.

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED"
TAKE
COLONIAL LINE
To BOSTON, PROVIDENCE, and New England Summer Resorts.
BOSTON - - - - - $2.65
PROVIDENCE Direct, $1.75
WORCESTER Boat and Rail, $2.65
FALL RIVER " $2.00
First-class service, palatial steamers, excellent cuisine, clean, comfortable staterooms (all outside rooms).
Leave Week Days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M., from Pier 39, N. R., foot West Houston St.
'Phones, Spring 9491 and 9492.
Uptown Office, Broadway and 23d St.

ATLANTIC CITY
OCEAN ROUTE
NEW STEEL PASSENGER STEAMSHIP
"ATLANTIC CITY"
Parlor Staterooms. Meals Table d'Hote.
Sept. 1, 3, 5, 9 P.M.; 7, 6 A.M.; 8, 7 A.M.; 9, 8 A.M.; 10, 9 A.M.; 12, 14, 15, 17, 19, 9 P.M.
Adults, $1.75 Each Way. Children 5 to 12, $1.00
For Tickets, Staterooms, Freight Rates Apply
Atlantic City Transportation Co.,
Pier 8, East River. Tel. 4657 Broad, or 171-173 Fifth Av., (Flatiron Bldg.)
Telephone 6137-6138 Gramercy.

BLOCK ISLAND, ORIENT, GREENPORT SHELTER ISLAND & SAG HARBOR
Str. "Shinnecock" of Montauk Steamboat Co.'s Line leaves N. Y., Pier 8, E. R., Tuesdays and Thursdays 5:30 P. M.; Saturdays, 1:00 P. M. See time table for additional service—Steamer "Montauk."

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

GRAND LABOR DAY OUTING
On the Hudson River
MONDAY, SEPT. 2
Special through Daylight and Searchlight Sail to Albany and return on the magnificent and speedy steamer
RENSSELAER
of the Citizens' Line
Leaving New York, Pier 32, N. R., Foot of Canal St., at 8:45 A. M.; W. 132d St. at 9:15 A. M. (No other stop en route.) Returning, leave Albany the same night, due in New York early Tuesday morning.
ROUND TRIP $3.00
A restful and delightful all day and night sail of 300 miles on this palatial steamer, with music and searchlight entertainment, spacious observation decks and excellent dining service a la carte. Order tickets early. Number of passengers will be limited to ensure comfort of patrons.
HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY
Pier 32 N. R. 'Phone Spring 9400.

EXCURSIONS
LAKE HOPATCONG, $1.00
Labor Day, Sept. 2nd, also Every Sunday
Leave W. 23rd St. 8.50; Liberty St. 9.00 a.m.
MAUCH CHUNK, $1.50
Labor Day, Sept. 2nd
Leave W. 23rd St. 8.20; Liberty St. 8.30 a.m.
Also Tomorrow, Sept. 1st
ATLANTIC CITY, $2.50
Leave W. 23rd St. 7.50; Liberty St. 8.00 a.m.
VIA NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
HARD COAL! NO SMOKE! COMFORT!

BRIDGEPORT
SUNDAYS AND LABOR DAY
Popular Steel STR. "Montauk" Round 75c. Trip
Lv. Pier ft. 131st St., N. R., 9:20 A. M.
Lv. Pier ft. W. 23d St., N. R., 9:45 A. M.
Lv. Pier 8, E. R., (near Hanover Sq.), 10:15 A. M.
Lv. ft. E. 24th St., Recreation Pier, 10:45 A. M.
2 hours at Bridgeport. Due New York 9:30 P. M. Music, Cafe, Dining Service, and Staterooms.

To ALBANY 50¢
THE ECONOMICAL WAY.
STEAMERS FRANK JONES, KAATERSKILL
Leave Pier 46, N. R., foot of W. 10th St., at 5:30 P. M.
W. 129th St. at 6 P. M. daily.
CAPITAL CITY LINE,
Pier 46, N. R. Phone Spring 507.

SUNDAY and LABOR DAY
UP THE HUDSON to WEST POINT
by the twin-screw Steel Str. "NASSAU."
Music and Ref'hments. Two hours at West Point. ROUND TRIP, 75c.
Lv. 24th St., E. R., (Recre'n Pier). 9:15 A. M.
Pier 8, E. R., (near Hanover Sq.). 9:40 A. M.
Pier ft. of West 23d St. ....10:15 A. M.
Pier ft. of West 129th St. ....11:00 A. M.

GLEN ISLAND BOATS
ROUND 50c TRIP
FAMOUS FAMILY RESORT on LONG ISLAND SOUND. Weekdays lve. Battery 10, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 2:30, 4, 6 p. m. Sun. & Labor Day every hour on the hour. Extra Boat Service. E. 24th St. ½ hour later. Boats will run until Sept. 8, inclusive. McAllister Stbt. Co.

SIGHT SEEING YACHT
Leaves West 23d St. 10:30 A. M.; 2:30 P. M. All cars transfer. Lecturer aboard. 2 hours' sail around Man. Isl. Tel. 4189 Greeley.
THE ONLY BOAT AT 50c

STEAMBOATS.

A Day on the Hudson
Stronger men than you have thought they could do without vacations, only to find themselves shelved through ill health.
If you can't be away long spend a day now and then on the Hudson. The trip up the river on one of our splendid big boats is the best one day's outing in the world. The decks are broad and comfortable, there is a fine band and the restaurant is excellent.
ALBANY DAY LINE STEAMERS. Daily, except Sunday, leave Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M., landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany. Also Desbrosses St., 9:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 10 A. M.; W. 129th St., 10:20 A. M., for Yonkers, West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh and Poughkeepsie. Direct rail connections. Music. Restaurant. All through rail tickets between N. Y. and Albany accepted.
Hudson River Day Line
Desbrosses Street Pier, N. Y. 33

Comfortable, Speedy, Elegant Way to
NORTH JERSEY COAST RESORTS
Long Branch, Asbury Park, Sea Girt, etc.,
is via the Twin Screw Flyers of the
SANDY HOOK ROUTE
NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
An ideal way to see New York Harbor
Lv. N. Y., Pier 81, N. R., foot W. 42d St., week days, 8.50, 9.35, 10.30 a.m.; 12.30, 1.30, 3.15, 4.15, *5.25, 7.45 p. m. Sunday 9.00, 10.00 a. m.; 1.00, 3.30, 5.55, 7.45, (10.40 E. Long Branch only) p. m.
Lv. N. Y., Pier 10, N. R., Foot Cedar St., week days, 9.15, 10.00, 11.00 a. m.; 1.00, 2.00, 3.45, 4.45, *5.45, 8.10 p.m. Sunday 9.30, 10.30 a.m.; 1.30, 4.00, 6.15, 8.10, (11.10 E. Long Branch only) p.m. *Except Sept. 2.
First-class Meals at Popular Prices.
Round Trip, New York to Atlantic Highlands, $1.00.
Round trip can be made except on Stmrs. leaving W. 42d St. week days, 5.25, 7.45 p.m.; Sun. 7.45, 10.40 p.m. Cedar St. week days, 5.45, 8.10 p.m.; Sun. 8.10, 11.10 p.m.

FALL RIVER LINE
(Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service)
Fall River Line or Providence Line to Boston and thence by rail—Pleasant routes to pleasant places in New England.
Lve. New York, Pier 19, N. R., ft. of Warren St., 5:30 P. M. Arrive Boston 7 A. M. or 8 A. M.
Fare to Boston, $4
City Ticket Office, 171 B'way. Phone 5121 Cort.

Iron Steamboat Co
CONEY ISLAND
Rockaway Beach
Steamer "GRAND REPUBLIC"
For full schedule see inside of front cover of New York City Telephone Directory.
Rockaway Season Closes Monday, Sept. 2d
Special Notice.
Strs. ROSEDALE and SYLVESTER are NOT operated by this Company. Only tickets purchased at the White Box Office at West 129th St. are Good on Iron Steamboats.

BOSTON $2.40
BAY STATE LINE
VIA BOAT AND TROLLEY $2.25
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Steel Steamships
GEORGIA and TENNESSEE
Daily, Including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, E. R. 'Phone 2700 Beekman
Write for Illustrated Summer Folder.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.
Uptown Ticket Office, B'way and 23d St.

To Albany & Troy
(FROM ALBANY VIA ANNEX BOAT)
$1
HUDSON RIVER BY NIGHT
Commodious Steamers 'Iroquois' & 'Mohawk'
Spacious staterooms, every convenience; electric light; excellent service. Wisteria Dining Room; open till midnight. Music. Through tickets to all points. Baggage checked. Strs. Lv. (West Houston St.) 5:20 P. M., West 129th St. at 6:00 P. M. Daily. Phone Spring 9228.
Manhattan Line

CATSKILL EVENING LINES
For CATSKILL, HUDSON, COXSACKIE, and way landings. Direct connection with Catskill Mountain Railroads for CAIRO, PALENVILLE, OTIS SUMMIT, HAINES FALLS, TANNERSVILLE, and
All Points
In the Catskill Mountains
Magnificent Steel Steamers "Clermont" (new) and "Onteora" leave Pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St., at 6:30 P. M.; Yonkers, 7:30 P. M., daily except Sunday. Saturday Special leaves Pier 43, N. R., 1 P. M.; Yonkers 1:45, for Malden, Catskill, all Catskill Mt. points, Hudson and Athens. Time tables giving full information mailed on request, or can be obtained at all hotels and railway ticket offices. 'Phone 1097 Spring.

HARTFORD LINE
From New Pier 20, East River, foot of Peck Slip, daily except Sunday, at 5 P. M. for Connecticut River landings. Write for illustrated folder.

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.

Italy.
CONTINENTAL HOTEL
Rome

STEAMSHIPS. STEAMSHIPS.

CUNARD
The Fastest Steamers in the World
Mauretania Sept. 11, 1 A. M. Oct. 23
Oct. 2, 1 A. M. Nov. 27
Lusitania Sept. 18, 1 A. M. Nov. 6
Oct. 9, 1 A. M. Dec. 25
CAMPANIA SEPT. 4, 1 A. M. NOV. 20. SEPT. 25, 1 A. M. JAN. 1
CARMANIA SEPT. 7, 10 A. M. OCT. 5, 10 A. M.
CARONIA SEPT. 21, 10 A. M. NOV. 16 OCT. 19, 10 A. M. DEC. 14
LIVERPOOL, LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA
VIA QUEENSTOWN AND FISHGUARD.
Mauretania and Lusitania do not stop at Queenstown eastbound.
New York, Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, Trieste, Fiume.
Write for Itinerary. Sailing hour noon.
CARPATHIA a Sept. 5 a Oct. 24
SAXONIA Sept. 19
PANNONIA a b Sept. 26 a b Nov. 16
IVERNIA Oct. 10
a Omits Madeira. b Omits Genoa. Quotations furnished for any Tours.
Winter Cruises—Riviera, Italy, Egypt
LACONIA NOV. 9 JAN. 4 FRANCONIA NOV. 28 JAN. 18 CARONIA JAN. 30 MAR. 15
Round the World Trips, $513. Special through rates to Egypt, India, China, Japan, Manila, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, South America.
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ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS
The Largest Steamer in the World
New 45,324 Ton OLYMPIC Sails from New York SEPT. 7 2 P. M. SEPT. 28 OCT. 19 NOV. 9 NOV. 30
AMERICAN Pier 62, N. R. 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Philadelphia..Aug. 31 | New York...Sept. 14
St. Louis....Sept. 7 | St. Paul....Sept. 21
ATLANTIC TRANSPORT
New York—London Direct. Pr. 58, N.R.
Min'h'ha..Aug. 31, 10:30 AM | Minn'nka..Sept. 14
Minn'aska..Sept. 7, 1 PM | Min'polis..Sept. 21
RED STAR Pier 61, N. R. 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp.
Kroonland...Aug. 31 | Finland ....Sept. 14
Lapland......Sept. 7 | Vaderland...Sept. 21
WHITE STAR Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
Oceanic.....Aug. 31, noon | Majestic...Sept. 14
Olympic (nw).Sept. 7, 2 PM | Oceanic...Sept. 21
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Cedric...Sept 5, noon | Adriatic.....Sept. 19
Celtic..Sept. 12, noon | Baltic.......Sept. 26
Boston—Azores—Gibraltar—Italy.
Cretic........Sept. 14 | Canopic......Sept. 28
Four Great Cruises
PANAMA CANAL
WEST INDIES SOUTH AMERICA
LAURENTIC Jan. 8 Feb. 8
MEGANTIC Jan. 22 Feb. 22
MEDITERRANEAN CRUISES
RIVIERA —— ITALY —— EGYPT
VIA MADEIRA, GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, MONACO
"ADRIATIC" ☆ "CEDRIC"
THE LARGEST BRITISH MEDITERRANEAN STEAMERS
NOV. 30 JAN. 7 JAN. 21 FEB. 18 MARCH 4
PASSENGER DEPARTMENT, 9 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

A Cool Sea Trip To SAVANNAH
Is as delightful a vacation as you can take, and one of the most beneficial. You'll find refreshing ocean breezes all the way and Savannah to-day a charming place to visit.
ROUND TRIP FARE, $35.00
Including meals and stateroom accommodations on palatial steamships built especially for Southern traffic and with every known device for comfort and safety.
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On finest coastwise steamers in the world, with direct connections to all famous resorts of the Southwest and Pacific Coast.
5 to 21 DAYS
Attractive vacation voyages at $32 to $75, including meals and accommodations on steamers. Don't decide before visiting
CLYDE LINE - MALLORY LINE
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39

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Tours, inc. Hotels, Shore Excursions, Lowest Rates. Twin Screw S. S. "BERMUDIAN," 10,518 tons displacement. Electric fans; orchestra; wireless. Fastest, newest, and only Steamer landing passengers at the dock in Bermuda without transfer. Sailings every five days in connection with R. M. S. P. Co. Tickets interchangeable.
For full information apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York; THOS. COOK & SON, 245 and 2389 Broadway, 264 and 553 5th Ave., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent.

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LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
SHOW PLACE OF SOUTH AMERICA
BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS MONTEVIDEO AND ROSARIO.
By the Large, New and Fast Passenger Steamers of the
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
From New York 5th and 20th of each month.
For rates, etc., apply local ticket Agents, or
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All Expense Tours by S. S. OROTAVA, 10,063 displ't, 5,980 Reg't. From 5 Days $27.50 Up. Sailings every 5 Days in connection with Quebec S. S. Co. Tickets interchangeable.
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SANDERSON & SON, Gen. Agts., 23 State St., or any STEAMSHIP TICKET AGENT.

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE
Paris—London—Rotterdam.
Twin-screw sailings Tues. 10 A. M.
*Noordam.............Sept. 3
*Ryndam..............Sept. 10
†Rotterdam...........Sept. 17
*Potsdam.............Sept. 24
*VIA BOULOGNE s/M.
†PLYMOUTH & BOULOGNE.
Office 39 B'way, N. Y.

OLD DOMINION LINE.
DAILY SERVICE.
For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Piner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, D. C., and the entire South and West.
Freight and Passenger Steamers sail from Pier 25, N. R., foot of North Moore St., every week day at 3 P. M. W. L. WOODROW, Traffic Manager.

ALWAYS SOUTHERN ROUTE
FABRE LINE TO THE RIVIERA
AZORES, LISBON, NAPLES, MARSEILLES, &c.
Weekly sailings (approx.) Write for literature.
1st class rate, $75.00 & up. 2nd class $55.00.
JAS. W. ELWELL & CO., G. A., 17 State St., N. Y.

New Cunarder "Laconia" leaves Feb. 15; 71 days, $400 up, including hotels, guides, drives, shore trips. Stop-overs. Round World and So. America Tours. F. C. Clark, Times Bldg., N. Y.
CLARK'S ORIENT CRUISE

HAMBURG-AMERICAN
Largest S. S. Co. Over 400 SHIPS
in the world 1,210,000 TONS
ATLANTIC SERVICE
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
Cleveland....Sept. 5, 12 noon
Patricia......Sept. 7, 3 P. M.
Kronprinzessin Cecilie..
Sept. 14, 11 A. M.
Pres. Grant..Sept. 18, 11, A. M.
*Hamburg direct, 2d cabin only.
MEDITERRANEAN
Gibraltar, Naples, Genoa
S. S. MOLTKE
October 1, 1 P. M.
S.S. Cleveland, World Cruise Oct. 19, 11 A.M
S. S. Cincinnati..Nov. 2, 11 A.M.
GRAND CRUISE TO THE ORIENT
by the Palatial
S. S. CINCINNATI
(17,000 Tons)
Leaving New York
January 28, 1913,
to MADEIRA, SPAIN, the MEDITERRANEAN & the ORIENT
80 DAYS—$325 AND UP
VACATION CRUISES
SPECIAL SUMMER RATES TO
JAMAICA and the PANAMA CANAL
Cuba, Hayti, Colombia, Costa Rica
WEEKLY SAILINGS
by "PRINZ" and other steamers of our
— ATLAS SERVICE —
11 to 18 Days $75
25-Day Cruises $110 and $115
Santiago, Kingston, round trip $75
Colon and Port Limon, round trip $115
☞ For accommodations in any location excepting suites
—NEXT SAILING—
S. S. PRINZ AUG. WILHELM, SEPTEMBER 7, 2 P. M.
Write for booklet of any cruise
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
41-45 Broadway, N. Y.
Phone 1900 Rector.
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NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
Express Sailings Tuesdays
Fast Mail Sailings Thursdays
FOR
LONDON - PARIS - BREMEN
Sailings on SATURDAYS for
THE MEDITERRANEAN
THREE WINTER CRUISES TO THE
Panama Canal and West Indies
JAN. 16 FEB. 20 MARCH 27
By the S. S. "Grosser Kurfuerst"
OELRICHS & CO., General Agents
5 Broadway, N. Y.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
DIRECT LINE TO HAVRE-PARIS (France).
Sailing Every Thursday at 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot of West 15th St.
*La Lorraine....Sept. 5 | *La Savoie......Sept. 26
‡France (new)...Sept. 12 | ‡France (new)....Oct. 10
*La Provence....Sept. 19 | *La Lorraine.....Oct. 3
*Twin-screw steamer. ‡Quadruple-screw steamer.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILINGS 3 P. M.
One class Cabin (II) and Third-class Passengers Only.
*La Touraine.............................Aug. 31
General Agency, 19 State St., N. Y.

E. H. LOW AGENT ALL LINES REGULAR RATES. 1123 B'WAY, N. Y. TEL. 1308 MAD. SQ.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..5:26 | Sun sets..6:35 | Moon rises..8:17

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	9:29	9:38	3:15	3:37
Governors Island	9:46	9:56	3:47	4:10
Hell Gate	11:36	11:46	5:27	5:50

Arrived—Friday, Aug. 30.

SS Moro Castle, Havana, Aug. 27.
SS Kaiser Franz Josef I., Trieste, Aug. 17.
SS Hesperus, Stettin, Aug. 1.
SS Zulia, Curacao, Aug. 22.
SS Siam, Baltimore, Aug. 27.
SS Jos. di Giorgio, Puerto Cortez, Aug. 23.
SS City of Atlanta, Savannah, Aug. 27.
SS Norheim, Cuba, Aug. 23.
SS Swazi, Boston, Aug. 29.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.		
Comeric	Gibraltar	Aug. 18
Solingen	Marseilles	Aug. 6
Curityba	Nipe	Aug. 23
Fruteria	Porto Barrios	Aug. 23
New York City	Swansea	Aug. 18
Venezia	Naples	Aug. 17
Georgia	Oran	Aug. 18
Cedric	Queenstown	Aug. 23
Campania	Liverpool	Aug. 24
Boliviana	Fowey	Aug. 13
Chicago City	Swansea	Aug. 17
Georgian Prince	Rouen	Aug. 17
DUE TO-MORROW.		
St. Louis	Southampton	Aug. 24
California	Glasgow	Aug. 25
Lorraine	Havre	Aug. 24
George Washington	Cherbourg	Aug. 24
Sirius	St. Marc	Aug. 25
Guantanamo	Progreso	Aug. 26
Siddons	Barbados	Aug. 25
Birma	Libau	Aug. 24
City of Montgomery	Savannah	Aug. 29
DUE MONDAY.		
Lapland	Antwerp	Aug. 24
Minnewaska	London	Aug. 24
Patricia	Hamburg	Aug. 21
Ponce	San Juan	Aug. 28
Allemania	Anagur	Aug. 29
Allemania	Uragua	Aug. 29
Comus	New Orleans	Aug. 28

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Oceanic, Southampton	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Philadelphia, Southampton	6:00 A.M.	9:30 A.M.
Stephano, St. Johns, N.F.	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
San Juan, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Carrillo, Jamaica	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Algonquin, Turks Island	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
P. E. Friedrich, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Parima, St. Thomas	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Antilles, New Orleans	—	12:00 M.
Minnehaha, London	—	10:30 A.M.
El Rio, Galveston	—	12:00 M.
Argentina, Trieste	—	3:00 P.M.
Thames, Kingston	—	1:00 P.M.
Ancona, Naples	—	11:00 A.M.
Huron, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
Bremen, Bremen	—	10:00 A.M.
Bayamon, San Juan	—	12:00 M.
Columbia, Glasgow	—	10:00 A.M.
Kroonland, Antwerp	—	10:00 A.M.
C'y of Atlanta, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.
Pres. Lincoln, Hamburg	—	12:00 M.
Touraine, Havre	—	10:00 A.M.
Virginie, Bordeaux	—	3:00 P.M.
Comal, Tampa	—	1:00 P.M.
Brazos, Galveston	—	1:00 P.M.
SAIL MONDAY.		
Rio Grande, Brunswick		1:00 P.M.
SAIL TUESDAY.		
Kais. Wil. der Grosse, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Nassoria, Rio Janeiro	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Colon, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Noordam, Rotterdam	—	10:00 A.M.
Apache, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., Aug. 30.

SS Cedric, Liverpool to New York, was 800 miles E. at noon; due 31, 9 A. M. White Star.

SS California, Glasgow to New York, was 748 miles E. at 11 A. M.; due Sept. 1, 1 P. M. Anchor Line.

SS Oscar II., Copenhagen to New York, was 1,210 miles E. at 9 A. M.; due Sept. 2, 4 P. M. Scandinavian-American Line.

BROW HEAD.

SS Cincinnati, New York to Hamburg, was 220 miles S. W. at 9:34 A. M.; due Plymouth 31, 5 A. M. Hamburg-American Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Morro Castle, Havana to New York, was 24 miles S. at 8 P. M. Ward Line.

SS Mohawk, Charleston to New York, was 330 miles S. at 7:30 A. M. Clyde Line.

SS San Marcos, Galveston to New York, was 525 miles S. at noon.

SS City of Montgomery, Savannah to New York was 436 miles S. at noon. Savannah Line.

SS Iroquois, Jacksonville to New York, was 767 miles E. at 5:09 P. M. Clyde Line.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Adriatic, at Queenstown, Aug. 30.
SS Clan Macleod, at East London, Aug. 30.
SS Potsdam, at Rotterdam, Aug. 30.
SS Sommelsdyk, at Rotterdam, Aug. 30.
SS United States, at Copenhagen, Aug. 27.
SS Canada, at Naples, Aug. 28.
SS Provincia, at Marseilles, Aug. 29.
SS Madonna, at Angra, Aug. 30.
SS Indralema, at Auckland, Aug. 30.
SS Anglo-Colombian, at Newport, Aug. 29.
SS Christofus, at Manaos, Aug. 29.
SS Gregory, at Para, Aug. 29.
SS Anglo-Californian, at Melbourne, Aug. 30.
SS Pennsylvania, at Hamburg, Aug. 29.
SS Pennoil, at Rotterdam, Aug. 29.
SS Tennyson, at Santos, Aug. 30.
SS American, at Antwerp, Aug. 29.

Sailed.

SS Olympic, from Queenstown, Aug. 30.
SS Madonna, from St. Michaels, Aug. 30.
SS Celtic, from Queenstown, Aug. 30.
SS Theresa, from Barbados, Aug. 27.
SS Dumholme, from Oran, Aug. 29.
SS Farley, from Penarth, Aug. 29.
SS Kabruga, from Calcutta, Aug. 29.

Passed.

SS Martha Washington, New York for Naples, passed Gibraltar.

SS Macedonia, New York for Naples, passed Gibraltar.

SS Bloemfontain, for New York from Calcutta, passed Perim.

SS Indramayo, for New York from Yokohama, passed Perim.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.	
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Nile	Sept. 2	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Sierra	Sept. 5	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Sado Maru	Sept. 5	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Minnesota	Sept. 12	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Guam, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport	Aug. 31	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, New Zealand and Australia, (except west)—(via San Francisco)—Ventura	Sept. 19	6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (specially addressed) (via San Francisco)—Tahiti	Sept. 13	6:30 P.M.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

STEAMSHIPS.

RUSSIAN-AMERICA LINE
REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE
NEW TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER STEAMERS
BIRMA Sept. 7. RUSSIA Sept. 21. KURSK Oct. 5.
9 days to Rotterdam. 11 days to Libau
$65 upw. FIRST CABIN $75 upw.
$48 upw. SECOND CABIN $50 upw.
A. E. Johnson Co., Gen. Pass. Agts., 27 B'way, N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via Moville LONDONDERRY
Columbia..Aug. 31, 10 AM | Cameronia..Sept. 14, 11 AM
California..Sept. 7, 2 PM | Caledonia..Sept. 21, 2 PM
FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $50 and upward.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.
For New Book of Tours and information apply HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

APARTMENT HOUSE OWNERS:
Now is the time to appeal to the people returning from the country and to the many thousands in the city who are looking for apartments.
The New York Times Apartment House Directory every Sunday until September 29th is the most effective medium to reach the most desirable class of tenants.
THE NEW YORK TIMES

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Jacob Ruppert Buys Washington Heights Apartment House—Twelfth Ward Bank Building in East Harlem Sold to Syndicate of Investors—Bronx, Brooklyn, and Suburban Deals.

Uptown property figured prominently in yesterday's realty market, the most important transaction being the sale of the Twelfth Ward Bank building at the northeast corner of 125th Street and Lexington Avenue.

It was purchased by the recently organized investing syndicate, known as the Howard Hudson Company, from the Security Bank, which controls a chain of banks in the city. The building, which is a six-story structure of brick and stone, fronts 60 feet on 125th Street and 100 feet on Lexington Avenue, has been held at about $300,000.

The bank will continue to occupy its present quarters in the building, having arranged a three years' lease with the new owners. The Howard Hudson Company, which has for its officers F. E. Sturgis, W. Dupree, and R. Bennett, is said to be negotiating for several other parcels on the line of the Lexington Avenue Subway.

In West Harlem the six-story elevator apartment known as La Touraine, at the northwest corner of 115th Street and Morningside Avenue, was purchased by the Maxlow Realty Company from Alfred Molineaux for investment. The building occupies a plot 100 by 85, and was acquired in a deal by the seller about a month ago. S. B. Goodale & Perry were the brokers in the transaction.

Church Buys Parsonage.

The Church of Our Lady of Vilna has bought from Mrs. J. W. Morse 32 Dominick Street, the structure, which occupies a lot 20 by 85.5 feet, will be used as a parsonage. A. A. Schopp was the broker.

Jacob Ruppert Buys Heights Corner.

Jacob Ruppert has added to his extensive holdings on Washington Heights by the purchase of the northeast corner of 171st Street and St. Nicholas Avenue from Joseph Brucker.

The property consists of a five-story apartment with stores on a plot 45 by 100. George F. Denhard was the broker in the transaction.

Deal in Greenwich Village.

In the old Greenwich Village section Frederick C. Gilsey, President of the State and City Realty Company, purchased from C. Gaston Barclay, 96 and 98 Bank Street, southeast corner of Greenwich Street, a parcel 32 by 52 by irregular, containing about 2,000 square feet. It is within one block of the proposed new market, and has been held at $25,000.

Buyer for East Side Tenement.

Louis H. Lowenstein has sold for the estate of Max Lowenstein, to an investor, 92 East End Avenue, a five-story double flat with stores, opposite Carl Schurz Park, on a lot 25 by 80.

Bronx Borough.

Kurz & Uren, Inc., have sold in conjunction with Isaac Levy, the five-story tenement, 559 Southern Boulevard, for the Hensol-Powell Realty Company.

The Bronx Embroidery Works has increased its holdings by the purchase of a lot, 25 by 100, on the east side of Arthur Avenue, 100 feet south of 183d Street. William Stonebridge negotiated the sale.

Brooklyn.

Charles Buermann & Co. have sold for the Pulge Estate, 872 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, a three-story frame building, 25 by 100, to M. Brocklehurst. The building will be altered for business purposes.

The Bulkley & Horton Company reports the sale of a three-story single flat, at 304 Pacific Street, between Smith and Hoyt Streets, on a lot 20 by 100, for Walter Dickerson of Manhattan, to a client for investment.

E. T. Newman has sold the three-story and basement brown stone dwelling, 494 Second Street, in the Park Slope section, for E. M. Heard, to a client for occupancy.

Long Island.

George Ainsworth of Manhattan has bought from the Rickert-Finlay Realty Company for a consideration of $7,200, a plot with 160 feet frontage on the north side of Arleigh Road, 520 feet west of Netherwood Road, Kensington, Great Neck. The purchaser will immediately begin the erection of a house for his own occupancy from plans by Aymar Embury, 2d, architect.

The David P. Leahy Realty Company has sold at South Ozone Park, Queens Borough, to William Allum, five lots in the east side of Boss Avenue, 172 feet south of Rockaway Boulevard, and to Thomas Harley, three lots in the west side of Boss Avenue, between Rockaway Boulevard and Helen Avenue.

The Queens Land and Title Company have sold at Massapequa to E. Bennett, a plot 40 by 100 on Connecticut Avenue; C. A. Hellmers, a plot 40 by 100 on Ontario Avenue; J. Douglas, a plot 40 by 100 on Connecticut Avenue; G. Marcucci, a plot 40 by 100 on Connecticut Avenue.

New Jersey.

The Minnesink Realty Company has sold at its development known as the Red Bank Estates, at Red Bank, a plot 150 by 150 to Joseph McIntosh; to O. R. Dunn a plot 50 by 150, to W. A. Dunlap a plot 50 by 150, and half-acre bungalow plots to Alfred Nelson, M. M. Hall, L. A. Barnes, George Marshall, H. B. Sidney, E. D. Updegraff, and W. K. Cappathers.

Meyer & Taendler have sold a seven-and-three-quarter-acre farm at Zion, N. J., for Luther L. Russell of Hillsborough Township, to Gebhardt Dobler of Manhattan.

Electric Service Oct. 22.

The officials of the Long Island Railroad have announced that the electric service on the Whitestone Division will be inaugurated on Oct. 22, when the Winter time table goes into effect. Work of electrifying the Whitestone Division has been going on for three months, and has progressed rapidly. The third rail has been laid for the larger portion of the route, and heavier ties provided to carry it. No change is made in the schedule of the Whitestone Line, according to the new time table.

Edgemere Auction Sale To-day.

The last and largest auction sale of the season of Rockaway coast realty will take place to-day, when Bryan L. Kennelly will sell at auction 290 Edgemere lots, located on both sides of the railroad track and near the Edgemere Club Hotel. The City of New York is now rebuilding the Rockaway Boulevard, which runs through this property, and which is the great automobile highway for the Rockaways, and the Jamaica Bay front is being bulkheaded and improved for the yachting interests.

Real Estate Notes.

The Turner Construction Company has been awarded the general contract for the construction of a new factory building for the American Agricultural Chemical Company, to be erected at its Blissville works, Long Island City. This building will be reinforced concrete throughout, three stories in height, 355 by 60 feet, and work will be undertaken at once.

To-day and on Labor Day the rooms of the Real Estate Board of Brokers will be closed.

Reeves & Co. will hold an auction sale Labor Day of bungalow sites a short distance from Netcong, N. J., on the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad.

A special meeting of the United Real Estate Owners' Associations will be held Sept. 3 at 110 East Fifty-ninth Street.

William Bettmann has removed his offices to 1,122 Madison Avenue.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

114th St, 81 West, n s, 435 ft w of 5th Av, 20x100.11, five-story tenement; A. H. Nohn against Joseph Wolf and others; Edgar Whitlock, attorney; J. F. Joyce, referee; due, $19,295.87; taxes, &c., $800; to the plaintiff for $15,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

No plans for new buildings were filed in Manhattan yesterday. The following were filed in the Bronx:

Pinehurst Av, n e corner of 180th St, for a six-story tenement, 100x88.1; Emmay Realty Co., 802 West 181st St, owner G. F. Pelham, 507 5th Av, architect; cost.........$120,000

Alteration.

Items under $5,000 omitted.)

4th St, 349 East, to a three-story tenement; I. Zipper and Joseph Joachim, 351 East 4th St, owners; N. J. Harrison, 230 Grand St, architect $6,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, AUG. 30.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BRADHURST AV, n e corner of 151st St, 165.7x124.6; Stuyvesant Construction Co. to Alfred Bloch, 276 Bergenline Av, Union Hill, N. J., Aug. 29; attorney, L. B. Brodsky, 302 Broadway $1

BROADWAY, n e corner of 130th St, 149.10x100; Lathan Realty Co. to Wilson C. Reed, 3,920 Broadway, (mtg $80,000,) Aug. 29; attorney, A. L. Phillips, 99 Nassau St......$100

COLUMBIA ST, 115, w s, 25x100; Sarah Weinstein to Benjamin M. Gruenstein, 60 West 95th St, Aug. 26; attorneys, Gruenstein & M., 230 Grand St.....$100

CHERRY ST, 220-222, n s, runs n 163.11 x e 37.9x s 97.5x64.2 to street x w 37.7 to beginning; Scheer-Ginsberg Realty and Construction Co. to Ida Margoles, 38 West 113th St, (mtg $45,000,) Aug. 29; attorneys, A. & H. Bloch, 99 Nassau St.....$100

EAST END AV, w s, 26 ft s of 84th St, 25.4x80; Louis H. Lowenstein to Mary Milleg, 335 East 50th St, (mtg $20,000,) Aug. 29; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway..$100

LENOX AV, e s, 25.2 ft n of 118th St, 75.9x85; E. J. Doernberg to Dudley D. Doernberg, 216 West 100th St, all title, B & S, Aug. 30; attorney, Walter S. Doernberg, 43 Cedar St..$1

MORNINGSIDE AV WEST, n w corner of 115th St, 100.11x85; Albert Mollineaux to Harlan P. Duncan, 1,133 Broadway, and John B. Perry, Rutherford, N. J., (mtg $187,000 and all liens,) July 27; attorneys, Spiro & W., 140 Nassau St $1

MORNINGSIDE AV WEST, n w corner of 115th St, 100.11x85; Harlan P. Duncan and another to Maxlow Realty Co., 549 West 113th St, (mtg $187,000 and all liens,) Aug. 28; attorneys, Spiro & W., 140 Nassau St....$1

PERRY ST, 45, n s, 27.6x110; Melvin Realty Co. to Francis A. Curry, 305 West 55th St, (mtg $25,000,) Aug. 30; attorneys, Amend & A., 119 Nassau St....$1

WADSWORTH AV, n e corner of 177th St, 89.10x100, (foreclosure July 24, 1912;) Edward D. Dowling, referee, to Helen M. O'Brien, 1 West 85th St, (mtg $140,000,) Aug. 29; attorneys, Ferriss & S., 165 Broadway....$25,000

11TH ST, n s, 333 ft w of Avenue C, 25x103.3; Max Wachsman to Bessie Weinstein, 198 Avenue A, (mtg $16,000,) Aug. 29; attorneys, Morrison & S., 320 Broadway.....$100

18TH ST, 323 West, n s, 21.10x92; Margaret T. Collins to Stephen J. Collins, 218 West 141st St, Aug. 28.....$100

21ST ST, 208 East, s s, 30.1x92; Isaac Goldberg to Clara, his wife, 50 East 96th St, all liens, Aug. 29; attorneys, Gallert & H., 31 Liberty St....$1

69TH ST, s s, 233.4 ft w of Avenue A, 41.8x100.5; Ida B. Kelly to Serena Realty Co., 302 Broadway, (mtg $44,950,) Aug. 29; attorney, William W. Ulman, 302 Broadway.....$1

83D ST, n s, 148 ft e of Avenue A, 25x102.2; Frederick Wilhelm to Michl Bach, 1,287 2d Av, ½ part, (mtg 15,000,) Aug. 6; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Charlotte Himmelweit to same, ½ part, (mtg $15,000,) Aug. 29; attorney, same....$100

89TH ST, s s, 207 ft w of Avenue A, 25x100.8; Otto Meisel and others to William J. Delmage, 888 3d Av, (mtg $14,000,) Aug. 29; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway....$100

95TH ST, s s, 530 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 18.3x100.8x20x100.9; Equitable Realty Co. to Marie A. Clark, 359 East 21st St, (mtg $13,550, Aug. 30; attorney, R. J. Donovan, 170 Broadway....$1

104TH ST, 168 East, s s, 25x100.11; Jacob H. Friedman to Eugenia Vanoni, 452 East 139th St, quitclaim, all liens, Aug. 29; attorney, George H. Hyde, 41 Park Row....$100

105TH ST, 212-214 East, s s, 33x100.9; Keats Co. to Kate Blank, 997 Union Av, May 27; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway, $100

SAME PROPERTY; Kate Blank to Keats Co., 135 Broadway, (mtg $24,000,) Aug. 29; attorney, same....$100

113TH ST, 615-617 West, n s, 50x100.11; Huntingfield Construction Co. to Maze Realty Co., 148 East 49th St, quitclaim, Aug. 21; attorneys, A. & H. Bloch, 99 Nassau St....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Maze Realty Co. to Scheer-Ginsberg Realty and Construction Co., 198 Broadway, (mtg $125,000,) Aug. 29; attorney, L. A. Jaffer, 320 Broadway....$100

114TH ST, n s, 435 feet w of 5th Av, 20x100.11, (foreclosed Aug. 30;) John F. Joyce, referee, to Agnes H. Nohn, 144 West 88th St, Aug. 30; attorney, Edgar Whitlock, 2 Rector St. $15,000

117TH ST, n s, 81 ft e of 2d Av, 24x50; Beniamino Pompilio to Robert Cleland, Bronxville, N. Y., B. & S., (mtg $9,200 and all liens.) Aug. 27; attorney, Waldorf Mortgage Co., 61 Park Row....$1

120TH ST, s s, 110.10 feet e of Park Av, 20.10x100.10, (foreclosed Aug. 14;) William T. Keleher, referee, to Malcolm R. Lawrence, 27 Montgomery Place, Brooklyn, Aug. 28; address 60 Broadway....$8,500

120TH ST, 52 East, s s, 19x100.11; Morris L. Weiss to Hyman Kornreich, 1,540 54th St, Brooklyn, (mtg $17,000,) Aug. 29; attorney, B. Alexander, 165 East Broadway....$100

121ST ST, 518 East, s s, 17x80; James E. J. Martin to Phoebe Minzie, 176 West 87th St, (mtg $4,500,) Aug. 29; attorney, L. Minzie, 170 Broadway....$100

125TH ST, n e corner of Lexington Av, 99.11x59.8x irregular; Security Bank of New York to the Howard-Hudson Co., 14 Wall St, Aug. 28; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$100

138TH ST, n s, 37.3 ft e of 12th Av, runs n 99.11x w 145 to e s of Riverside Drive (610-612) x s 100.3 to 138th St x e 132.6 to beginning, (foreclosure Aug. 23;) William C. Arnold, referee, to 610 Riverside Drive, a corporation, 108 Greene St, Aug. 29; attorneys, Eisman, L., C. & L., 135 Broadway..$35,000

213TH ST, n s, 300 feet e of Amsterdam Av, 100x100; John Power to David McClure, 22 William St, (mtg $7,000,) March 25, 1908; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Katharine F. McClure and others, executors David McClure, to Ensign Realty Co., 55 Liberty St, Aug. 27; attorney, same....$100

Bronx.

BRUNER AV, e s, 100 ft n of Jefferson Av, 25x100; William T. Greenhow to Alice A. Shepard, 1,058 Southern Boulevard, Aug. 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

DAVIDSON AV, w s, 383.5 ft s of St. James St, 50x98.8; Henrietta L. Frohne to Helene L. Frohne, 2,463 Davidson Av, mtg $9,000, Aug. 30; attorney, Hymes, W. & S., 55 Liberty St. $100

CRESCENT AV, s s, 69.7 ft e of Hughes Av, 58.11x126.5; Ernesta Fornelli to J. & M. Haffen Brewing Co., 398 East 152d St, Aug. 30. (mtg $7,450;) attorney, Max Bendit, 971 Teller Av....$100

HOE AV, w s, 275 ft s of 172d St, 50x100; Martin Tully to Martin Tully Realty Co, 810 East 173d St, Aug. 30, (mtg $5,500;) attorney, Van Dyck Estate, 331 Madison Av....$100

HOFFMAN ST, w s, 130 ft s of 189th St, 16.8x97.5; Edwin Whitaker to Rosa Sacco, 190 1st Av, Aug. 29, (mtg $3,500;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

JACKSON AV, 600 and 602, s e s, 50x105; Brocaval Realty and Holding Co to Irwin Realty Co, 99 Nassau St, July 25; attorney, J. D. Tobias, 99 Nassau St....$1

LOT 234, map of F. P. & H. A. Forster, at Riverdale; Edward J. Janikula to Benedict F. Buhle, at Yonkers, N. Y., Aug. 29; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Benedict F. Buhle to Helen Hellerson, 406 West 261st St, Aug. 29; attorney, same....$100

LOT 55, map of New York Catholic Protectory; William Buhl to Bernard J. Loonan, 106 East 124th St, Aug. 28, mtg $5,000; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$100

LOTS 31 and 32, map of W. A. & H. C. Mapes; Thomas Gore to Henry Storck, 3,087 Decatur Av, Aug. 29; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

LOTS 40 and 41, Block 31, map of Section 1, Bathgate estate; Fredolin Weber to Charles Muller, 1,813 Victor St, Aug. 15; attorney, F. Weber, 391 East 149th St....$100

MOTT AV, s e corner of 144th St, 100x100; William A. Keating, referee, to John E. Simmons, 1,312 Madison Av, Aug. 29; attorney, Milton Mayer, 52 William St....$3,500

NELSON AV, 1,017, w s, 25x62.9; Michael Dermody to Mary McGann, 1,017 Nelson Av, Aug. 28, (mtg $5,450;) attorney, W. J. Egan, 258 Broadway....$1

PART LOTS 89 and 90, amended map of Bronxwood; Marcel Levy, referee, to Mary A. Handibode, 2,345 Tiebout Av, Aug. 30, (mtg $4,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway......$1,750

WHITE PLAINS ROAD, n w corner of Reiss Place, 100.9x107.1; Emanuel Freund to John Kadel, 1,473 St. Lawrence Av, (mtg $5,200,) Aug. 2; attorney, Arthur Knox, 198 Broadway....$1

5TH AV, w s, 40 ft s of 7th St, 37x105, Wakefield; Andrea Gebbia to Carmela Gebbia, 3,859 Bronxwood Av, Aug. 29, (mtg $24,000;) attorney, Adolph Cianchetti, 192 Broadway...$100

178TH ST, n s, 113.9 ft e of 3d Av, 75x105; Henry Foehrenbach to Mary E. Taylor, 33 West 90th St, mtg $26,500, Aug. 21; attorney, George R. Coughlan, 49 Wall St....$100

23D ST, s s, 50 ft w of Seton Av, 50x100; John Healey to Patrick G. Tighe, Yonkers, N. Y., Aug. 29; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway $100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 2,532, e s, 25.4x100; Henry J. Lange to John A. Lange, 227 Columbus Av, June 29, 2 years; attorneys, Elfers & A., 277 Broadway $10,000

CATHEDRAL PARKWAY, n s, 250 ft e of Lenox Av, 150x100; Scheer-Ginsberg Realty and Construction Co. to estate of Sender Jarmulowsky, 54 Canal St, Aug. 27, prior mtg $71,500, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Morris Clark, 165 Broadway $90,000

LEXINGTON AV, 415, leasehold, chattels, &c.; William D. Kartlang to Antlers Co., 415 Lexington Av, Aug. 23, installments, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Mandelbaum Bros., 90 Wall..$10,000

LEXINGTON AV, n e corner of 125th St, 99.11x—; Howard Hudson Co. to Title Insurance Co. of New York, 135 Broadway, Aug. 28, 3 years $150,000

SHERMAN AV, n w corner of Isham St, 100x100; Dyckman Construction Co. to Stephen W. Collins, Harrison, N. Y., July 2, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, S. W. Collins, 63 Wall St..........$71,500

STATE ST, 9, 11, and 12; Pearl St, 10, 12½ or 14; John V. Dollard and others to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, Aug. 29, due as per bond $30,000

1ST AV, 413-415, w s, two lots, each 27.9x100; two mortgages, each $20,000; Daniel Brubacher to Emma E. Stein, Byrum Shore, Con., Aug. 28, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Deyo & B., 111 Broadway $40,000

37TH ST, 15 West, n s, 25x98.9; Dundonald Estates Co. to City Real Estate Co., 176 Broadway, (prior mtg $62,500,) Aug. 28, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $5,000

55TH ST, n s, 177 ft e of 5th Av, 23x100.5; Arthur J. Albert to Walter G. Buxton, 18 East 34th St, Aug. 29, due Feb. 28, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorney, L. V. Lockwood, 35 Nassau St $10,000

69TH ST, s s, 233.4 ft w of Avenue A, 41.8x100.5; Serena Realty Co. to Ida B. Kelly, 520 West 114th St, Aug. 29, prior mtg $40,950, due as per bond; attorney, William W. Ulman, 302 Broadway $4,000

71ST ST, 243 East, n s, 19x102.2; Andrew Gill to German Savings Bank, 157 4th Av, Aug. 24, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorney Meyer Auerbach, 42 Broadway $10,000

83D ST, 507 East, 25x102.2; Michael Bach to Gustav Gumbrecht, Elmhurst, L. I., Aug. 29, (prior mtg $15,000,) 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, George A. Steinmuller, 1,511 3d Av..........$2,000

105TH ST, 212 and 214 East, 33x100.9; Kate Blank to Ida Sondheim, trustee, Stockton, Cal., Aug. 29, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $24,000

109TH ST, n s, 225 ft e of 2d Av, 25x100.10; Teresa Tuozzo to Samuel A. Burtt, 2,024 Avenue I, Brooklyn, Aug. 28, prior mtg $13,500, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, G. D. Gregory, 68 Broad St..........$2,000

120TH ST, 108 East, 20.10x100.10; Malcolm R. Lawrence to German Savings Bank, 157 4th Av, Aug. 26, 3 years; attorney, Alfred Roelker, Jr., 62 William St..........$6,000

121ST ST, 518 East, 17x80; James E. J. Martin to Lillian Strassman, 449 East 137th St, Aug. 29, due Feb. 1, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorney, L. Minzie, 170 Broadway..........$1,000

131ST ST, 634 West, 25x99.11; Wilhelmina M. Bonhag and another to Commonwealth Savings Bank, 2,007 Amsterdam Av, Aug. 30, 3 years; attorney, George H. Hyde, 41 Park Row..........$10,000

141ST ST, 227 and 229 West, 62.6x99.11; John M. Wellbrook to Estates Mortgage Securities Co, 160 Broadway, Aug. 28, due Feb. 28, 1913, 6 p. c..........$1,500

177TH ST, n s, 100 ft e of St. Nicholas Av, 37.6x94.11; McAfee Building Co. to Mollie S. Laflin, 57 West 58th St, Aug. 30, 5 years; attorneys, Pressinger & N., 60 Wall St..$35,000

213TH ST, n s, 300 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 100x100; Ensign Realty Co. to Arthur J. McClure and another, executors, 22 West 49th St, 3 years, Aug. 28; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway. $10,000

Bronx.

AQUEDUCT AV, e s, 76 ft s of Fordham Place, 25.4x104.9x25x100.6; Mosholu Realty Co. to Mary L. Whiting, 606 West 116th St, prior mtg $1,500, Aug. 28, due Jan. 19, 1914, 6 p. c.; Edward McK. Whiting, 56 Pine St..$500

AVENUE E, s w corner of 12th day, 108x205, Unionport; Julia Callahan to New York and Suburban Co-operative Building and Loan Association, 147 East 125th St, installments, 6 p. c., Aug. 28; attorney, Robert H. Bergman, 3,219 3d Av..........$2,800

GRANT AV, s e corner of 165th St, 80.10x104.7x80.3x103.6; Mitchell-McDermott Construction Co. to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St, Aug. 28, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St..........$68,000

COLUMBIA AV, n s, 75 ft e of Madison Av, 25x100; Alice F. Walsh and others to Manhattan Mortgage Co., 200 Broadway, Aug. 29, due, &c, as per bond..........$3,500

CEDAR St, w s, 100 ft s of Chester Av, 125x100; M. Kempf Realty Co to Bronx Security and Brokerage Co, 258 East 138th St, Aug. 28, due Feb. 28, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorney, Isaac Levison, 258 East 138th St..........$500

FOREST AV, e s, 100 feet s of 166th St, 50x102.7; Amolsky Construction Co. to Philip Lederer, 274 West 127th St, Aug. 30, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. Gross, 220 Broadway.. $5,500

GRAND AV, e s, 200 feet n of 192d St, 50x100; Grace I. Van Demark to Elizabeth Clyde and another, 492 13th St, Brooklyn, Aug. 15, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, R. A. B. Dayton, 15 William St..........$1,000

HOFFMAN ST, 2,459, w s, 16.8x97.5; Rosa Sacco to Edwin Whitaker, 2,459 Hoffman St, Aug. 29, (prior mtg $2,300,) due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$1,200

HOE AV, w s, 275 feet s of 172d St, 50x100; Martin Tully Realty Co. to Van Dyck Estate, 331 Madison Av, Aug. 30, 1 year, 6 p. c.. $38,000

KINGSBRIDGE AV, s s, 50.6 ft e of Boyd Av, 50.5x104.2; Elizabeth Roemer to Lina Butt, 200 West 128th St, Aug. 28, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. Weber, 391 East 149th St..........$500

LOTS 40 and 41, Block 31, map of Section 1, Bathgate estate; Charles Muller to Louise P. Weber, 372 East 155th St, Aug. 15, 3 years; attorney, F. Weber, 391 East 149th St..$1,300

LOT 102, map Van Nest Park; Maria Curti to Giovanni Boffa, 184 Sullivan St, Aug. 29, 1 year; attorney, Louis V. Fugazy, 153 Bleecker St..........$1,200

LIND AV, e s, 385.7 feet n from c s Sedgwick Av, runs e 81.8x n 45.8x w 76.8x s 43.1; William C. Reeber to Empire City Savings Bank, 231 West 125th St, Aug. 22, 3 years; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway..........$3,000

MONTICELLO AV, e s, 100 ft s of Randall Av, 100x100; Robert Keys to Charles J. Bitz, Mount Kisco, N. Y., Aug. 28, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, Jerome Ullman, 290 Broadway..........$1,500

POTTER PLACE, n s, 400 ft w of Cadiz Place, 50x100; Rachel Defina to Manhattan Mortgage Co., 200 Broadway, Aug. 29, due as per bond..........$8,000

UNION AV, e s, 66.2 feet s of Westchester Av, 50x117.2; Benenson Realty Co. to Empire City Savings Bank, 231 West 125th St, Aug. 29, 3 years; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway..........$40,000

UNION AV, e s, 116.2 feet s of Westchester Av, 50x110; Benenson Realty Co. to Empire City Savings Bank, 231 West 125th St, Aug. 23, 3 years; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway..........$40,000

WASHINGTON AV, s w corner of 185th St, 50.2x92; Rosanna Havanagh to Edward Early, Aug. 30, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, William C. Orr, 51 Chambers St..........$2,500

6TH AV, centre line, 293.2 feet n of Fordham Landing Av, 412x132.3; Annie J. Regan to Jeremiah Hodnett, 2 West 121st St, Aug. 28, due as per bond; attorney Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$8,000

240TH ST, s s, 150 feet e of Martha Av, 25x100; Charles Braun to Emil F. Schleyer, 243 East 32d St, Aug. 2, (prior mtg $5,000,) 3 years; attorney, William Wetterer, Columbus Av and 108th St..........$700

261ST ST, n s, 47.1 ft e of Fieldston Road, 45x92.1; Blanche G. Taylor to Frederick P. Forster, 268 West 84th St, March 11, 3 years, 6 p. c..........$2,640

RECORDED LEASES.

CHARLOTTE ST, 1,509 to 1,515, four dwellings; Fleischmann Realty Co. to Jacob Goldstein, 215 Forsyth St, 3 years, from Sept. 1, 1912; attorney, Louis Julien, 150 Nassau St. $9,200

CARROLL ST, s s, Prospect House, City Island, all; William H. Wellbrock, executor, to Ida Ruetz, 210 Carroll St, City Island, 5 years, from May 1, 1913; attorneys, Guggenheimer, W. & M., 37 Wall St..........$600

2D AV, 963, all; Diedrich Buhrfeind to Joseph L. Grasser and another, 963 2d Av, 5 9-12 years, from Dec. 1, 1914; attorneys, Rabe & K., 258 Broadway..........$2,300

8TH AV, 2,829, south store; Ascher Osterman to Benjamin Malone, 2,829 8th Av, 2 years, from June 1, 1912..........$360

MECHANICS' LIENS.

39TH ST, 10 West; Raffelle Miller against Eugene Lucas, owner; Marcus Wiener, contractor..........$151

46TH ST, 227 West; William Reinhart against Cramp & Co. and George H. Howes, owners; West Side Mason Contracting Co., contractor. $212

76TH ST, 324 West; Benjamin Chenkin and Isidor Levitt against Eleanor A. M. Hall, owner, renewal..........$158

177TH ST, s s, 232 ft w of Ludlow Av, 116.9x85.3x100x24.10; George Helfrich against George Costar, owner and contractor; William Van Antwerp, contractor..........$825

AMSTERDAM AV, s w corner of 175th St, 100x150; Charniack & Held against Lentz Realty Co., owner and contractor; Benjamin Nieberg and Frank Miller, contractors..$723

CROTONA AV, 1,879 to 1,883, and 176th St, 957 East; Louis Silverman and others against Nulaw Realty and Construction Co., owner and contractor..........$1,350

ORCHARD ST, 86; William Rosenbaum against William Lustgarten, owner; C. H. Atkinson Co., contractor; Bernard Zucker, sub-contractor..........$305

SUFFOLK ST, 45 to 49; Louis Goldstein against Sale Agid, owner and contractor..$39

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SATISFIED MECHANIC'S LIEN.

100TH ST, 231 East; Frank Straub against Anthony Nacherio and others, June 29, 1912..........$10

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACTS.

CATHEDRAL PARKWAY, n s, 250 ft e of Lenox Av, 100x150; Estate of Sender Jarmulowsky loans Scheer-Ginsberg Realty and Construction Co..........$90,000

DELAVELLE AV, s e corner of Allen Place, 100; William H. Stewart loans Francesco Petraglia..........$1,200

GRANT AV, s e corner of 165th St, 80.10x103.6; City Mortgage Co. loans Mitchell-McDermott Construction Co..........$54,000

HAVEN AV, n e corner of 179th St, 100x147; City Real Estate Co. loans Degenhardt Construction Co..........$165,000

HOLLERS AV, n s, 150 ft e of Rombout Av, 25x100; Jane D. Underhill loans Donato Grieco..........$2,300

HOE AV, w s, 275 ft s of 172d St, 50x100; Van Dyck Estate loans Martin Tully Realty Co..........$38,000

POTTER PLACE, n s, 400 ft w of Cadiz Place, 50x82.6; Manhattan Mortgage Co., loans Rachel Defina..........$8,000

4TH AV, s w corner of 26th St, 98.9x200; Ogden Mills loans Hess Building Co..$770,000

LIS PENDENS.

BATHGATE AV, s e corner of 183d St, 94x55; Ebling Brewing Co. against Alexander Development Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Leventritt, Cook & Nathan.

HUGHES AV, w s, 200 ft w of 183d St, —x100; Theodore Wentz again Tesoro Construction Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Boothby, Baldwin & Hardy.

SCHOFIELD AV, n s, 173 ft e of high water mark west shore of City Island, 50x106.3; Catharine A. Powell against Martin J. Earley et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, L. S. Goebel.

2D AV, s w corner of 2d St, 50x89; parcel of land beginning at a point 91.1 ft s of 2d St, and 91 ft n w of 2d Av, 3.2x20.1x5.9x20.5; Extra Pl, e s, adjoining land of Augustus Weinkdop, 25x43.3xirregular; 1st St, n s, 119.6 ft w of 2d Av, 16.3x75; 1st St, n s, 89 ft e of Extra Pl, 14x60xirregular; 1st St, n s, 70 ft w of 2d Av, 33.3x75; 1st St, n e s, 103.3 ft n w of 2d Av, 16.3x75; Extra Pl, e s, 58.8 ft n of 1st St, 48x25; Extra Pl, 2 and 4; parcel of land beginning at a point 82.9 ft s of 2d St and 131.10 ft w of 2d Av, 12.6x37; 1st St, n s, 135.9 ft w of 2d Av, 16.2x75; 2d St, s s, 110.5 ft w of 2d Av, 20.5x91.4; Louis Loewenthal against George F. Johnson, (action to foreclose mechanics' lien;) attorney, I. Loewenthal.

8TH AV, 143, and 17th St, 305 to 309 West; B. Masor & Co., Inc., against St. Anna Building Co. et al., (action to establish lien;) attorney, M. Monfried.

10TH AV, s w corner of 28th St., 24.8x100; George H. Werfelman against Louis Becker et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, T. Smith.

112TH ST, n s, 120.8 ft n of 7th Av, 20.3x100.11; Thomas C. Stephens against Lezee or Lizzie Etkin et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, F. W. Judge.

122D ST, s s, 105 ft e of 3d Av, 25x100.11; Sigismond Levy against Leopold Goldstein et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. W. Stern.

147TH ST, s s, 165 ft w of Brook Av, 25x100; Jennie Currier et al. against Moritz Weil et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Pressinger & Newcombe.

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MUST sacrifice contract, choice plot. Sage Foundation Homes. J. E. White, 685 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET. | BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET. | BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

"The Tower Behind the Home"

Buy This Charming "Life Insured" Home Before It Is Too Late.

Buy it while you are still insurable and before the Subway opening sends up the price beyond your means.

WE ALLOW 20 YEARS' TIME TO PAY FOR IT

and if the purchaser should die before the end of that time the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. (under whose supervision the house was planned and built) will settle all unpaid mortgages, giving his estate a title absolutely free and clear. THE ONLY PROPOSITION OF ITS KIND IN THE UNITED STATES. The life insurance amounts to $4,750, and the cost of this is included in the price of the "ALCO" home, $5,500.

THIS IS THE SAFEST WAY TO BUY A HOME

because, under the OLD way of buying, the husband's or father's death would throw the burden of unpaid mortgages on the heirs, who, if unable to pay up, would lose the home entirely.

ONLY 29 "ALCO" HOUSES REMAIN UNSOLD

of which 5 will be ready for occupancy about September 5th.

Have YOU Seen the "Alco" Home?

Costing only $5,500, it is in every respect the superior of any $8,000 house ever built in this country. Fancy hydraulic-pressed brick and stone construction—built to last a lifetime!

THE 350 OTHER BRICK HOUSES ADVERTISED LAST WEEK

are selling fast. Twenty-two sold since our first announcement. These are in very many respects the equal of the above dwellings, and obtainable for as little as $100 cash, the balance in small monthly installments like rent. Secured by us from a builder who failed in his financing and the houses are now being completed by us. We guarantee the construction and include life insurance for the amount of second mortgage. The circumstances enable us to sell these at a saving to you of $800 to $1,400 apiece.

100 OF THE ABOVE 350 HOUSES WERE OFFERED FOR RENT

and of these only about 45 are still to let. We are desirous of acquainting you with the delightful home advantages of this section, and if you are not quite ready to buy a house we will rent at the extraordinarily low terms of $30 monthly one of these 350 houses. Only 45 are for rent, so quick action is necessary. These houses equal Manhattan apartments renting at from $60 to $70.

ALL OF THESE HOUSES ARE NOW AWAITING YOUR INSPECTION

Take a Sea Beach Line Elevated Train at the Park Row end of the Brooklyn Bridge, or at Atlantic Avenue in Brooklyn, and in from 22 to 30 minutes you alight at Twenty-second Avenue (which will soon be a Subway express station). Apply at office on premises, opposite station. Office always open, including Sundays and holidays.

Illustrated Booklet No. 12, explaining 20-year payments and Life Insurance Plan, sent Free upon request.

Alco Building Co. Associated With Realty Trust
(Capitalization $600,000—All Paid In.)
2174 66th St., Brooklyn or 60 Liberty St., N. Y.
Telephone Bath Beach 1118-119. Telephone Cort. 7440.

$1,000 In Your Pocket

$1,000 cold cash sliced off builder's price on 42 splendid one-family Easy Housekeeping Homes, right in the heart of aristocratic Flatbush. No such opportunity anywhere else in Brooklyn.

BUILDER'S PRICE....$7,750
OUR PRICE.......... 6,750
YOU SAVE..........$1,000

Sold on easy terms; call TO-DAY at property—East 25th Street, between Clarendon Road and Avenue D, or 'phone us for particulars.

REALTY ASSOCIATES,
162 Remsen St., Brooklyn, N. Y.
'Phone 6480 Main.

A Fine House at Moderate Price

New and very conveniently arranged 2-story stone, bay window front house in Prospect Park East, one of the famous EASY HOUSEKEEPING HOMES in the most select neighborhood in Brooklyn; 9 rooms and bath; honor-built throughout; hardwood trim, parquet floors; open hearth in foyer hall, electric light, hot water heat; will decorate to suit; near Prospect Park station, Brighton Beach L; only $1,000 cash required, balance easy terms; title guaranteed free; open Wednesday and Sunday evenings. Jones, 101 Fenimore St., near Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

TAKEN IN FORECLOSURE

Will sacrifice 7 2-family houses, in one of the finest sections of Bay Ridge; greatest opportunity ever offered to the homeseeker; houses contain 11 rooms, 2 baths, 2 furnaces, hardwood trim throughout; cost $6,500 to build and will sell to quick buyer for $5,700 on easy terms.

$500 CASH

balance to suit; open for inspection daily and Sunday on premises.

6th Ave., Bet. 73d and 74th Sts., B'klyn.

Can You Pay $35 a Month and Own a Beautiful Home?

KONKLE'S ONE-FAMILY HOUSES.

Detached stucco and frame, 7 rooms, foyer hall, and bath; hardwood trim; hot-water heat; houses 22x30, plot 30x100. Prise $5,100. Take Sea Beach L to 18th Ave. Station; houses on 63d St., half block from station; 30 minutes to Park Row.

KONKLE, Owner and Builder, on premises.

GILBERT ELLIOTT Bargains

598-1,146 Eastern Parkway.
2-family, 14 rooms.
1735 President St. 1-family semi-detached, $6,500.
306 Grant Av. 2-fam. detached, $4,100.
297 Montauk Av. 1-family frame. Lot 25x100, driveway, $3,500.
201 Berriman St. 1-fam. frame, $3,000.
Can be seen any time. Your own terms.
44 Court St. Telephone 7457 Main.

HIGH-GRADE TWO-FAMILY HOUSES,
59TH ST., BET. 6TH AND 7TH AVS.
Streets Asphalted; Assessments Paid.
Easy terms. CHAS. H. LUCKE, Builder.
Residence 649 59th St. Tel. Sunset 1621.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE.

Westchester Avenue; entire block. Eight lots between Doris and Grace Avenues. Will divide. Low price. R. H. SCOBIE, No. 391 East 149th St., Bronx.

For Sale.—A plot of 2½ acres in the Westchester Country Club's grounds, Eastern Boulevard, near Pelham Bay Park and proposed Subway Terminal. Address X 167 Times.

For Builders, Wakefield.—Plot 75x100; also 2 corners; high ground; east of White Plains Av. Graf, 1,972 Unionport Road.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished.

CLARK ESTATES

Private Houses To Let

on West 73rd, 74th and 85th Streets, convenient to Elevated and Subway stations. Rents ranging from $1,700 to $6,000 per annum.

APPLY 25th FLOOR
Singer Building
149 Broadway
Telephone, 7430—Cortlandt.
Janitor at 67 West 73d St.

QUEEN ANNE DWELLING,

Henderson Place, 86th St., near East End Av. 9 rooms and bath, $45 per month.

J. EDGAR LEAYCRAFT & CO., 17 W. 42d St.

71st St., near Broadway.

Choice block, (B'way and West End Av.) A three-story dwelling, high stoop, $1,800.

J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co., 17 W. 42d St.

A.—20-foot three-story and basement Dwelling to let, on 63d St., near Lexington Av.; 12 rooms and bath; rent, $1,308; possession October 1, 1912. CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

MY HOME, 60 acres, village farm, $1,500; $900 cash, balance on mortgage; good buildings; on State road; ponds, lake; good fishing; wood for home use; 3 miles to railroad; $1 to New York by boat. Owner, Whittaker, Griswold, Conn.

REAL ESTATE.

FACTORIES EVERYWHERE. 9 CLINTON ST. ROBERT B. [illegible]RGH. Newark. N. J.

DUMBWAITERS.

Dumbwaiters, elevators installed and repaired. Frank Reilly, 533 Lexington Av. Phone Murray Hill 3051.

BIG PROFIT

Flats near coming Subway express station. Profit in two years. Part exchange taken. Brokers, note. Gilbert Elliott, 44 Court St. Telephone 7456 Main.

RICHMOND BOROUGH—SALE OR LET

$1,000
for an
Acre in New York City
Impossible—No! No!!
Just say, "Send me one of your circulars."
WOOD, HARMON & CO.,
261 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

LABOR DAY RUN OUT TO

BEAUTIFUL Larchmont on the Sound; it is only 18 miles from New York. For a home location or investment buy a lot at Chatsworth Heights; 1,000 feet from station; all city improvements; and title policy free at from $300 to $500; they are worth more. Forget that you have it for a year. At the way values are increasing you are sure to make a splendid profit then. Lots way back of White Plains are selling for more than three figures and have no city improvements. Lesson:—Your money is safe and is growing when invested in Chatsworth Heights. Several new artistic houses for sale; prices low; easy terms. Ask for Mr. J. K. DAVIS, Larchmont, N. Y.

MAMARONECK

On Long Island Sound, 41 minutes from Grand Central. Closing out choice holdings of property consisting of 4 modern up-to-date houses and 6 beautiful building plots. Near station and water.

FREDERICK P. BOEHM,
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Country Homes; Acreage; Appraisals.
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331 Madison Av. Murray Hill 4430—'Phones—413 White Plains. Depot Square.

Mount Vernon.

A change for health and contentment!
AT MOUNT VERNON, N. Y.

Pretty, modern, stained shingle and clapboarded home, 9 rooms, 2 baths, electricity, gas, steam heat, oak trim, back stairs, interior tastefully decorated, colonnades, etc.; delightful location, southern exposure.

Price only $12,000; mtge. $6,500; terms.

Labor Day, Sept. 2d, we expect to entertain you in showing our extensive lists of attractive houses for sale and for rent.

COOLEY REALTY CO. 39 Prospect Ave., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y.
Desirable Houses for Sale or Rent.
ANDERSON REALTY CO.

New Rochelle.

New Colonial Bungalow

9 rooms, 3 baths, on the water front, with bathing and boating privileges.

FOR SALE AT COST.
Other properties for sale or rent.
C. B. ALLEN, 232 Huguenot St., New Rochelle, N. Y.

Unusual Opportunity.—PREMIUM POINT PARK, New Rochelle, N. Y. Water-front plots at 60% of value. All city improvements. C. J. Van Slyke, 331 Madison Av., N.Y.

Scarsdale.

LABOR DAY
AT
SCARSDALE ESTATES

Our representatives will be at the Greenacres Tea House at the Hartsdale Station all day to receive visitors and show them over the property. Several houses ready for immediate occupancy, and several more under construction will be ready on December 1st.

Send for our illustrated literature

SCARSDALE ESTATES
ROBERT E. FARLEY, President.
White Plains, N.Y. 527 Fifth Av., New York

White Plains.

ON THE PINNACLE OF BATTLE HILL,
WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.
View for miles in all directions.
NEW, DELIGHTFUL HOME.

8 rooms, bath, all modern appointments; electricity, gas, sewer, water, etc.; asbestos slate roof; 50x100 plot. $8,000; very easy terms.

Inquire of J. T. GRANT, 14 S. 5th Av., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

Modern 5-story and basement, reinforced concrete building, 27x38, adjoining Brooklyn Bridge, near Fulton ferry, Brooklyn. Inquire A. Zerega's Sons, 55 Front St., Brooklyn.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR LET.

$4000.00 $4500.00 $5500.00

New bungalows and cottages with every modern convenience, near station, school and churches, on large plots in Roselle. 35 minutes from N. Y. C., 100 trains daily. Commutation $6.25. Small cash payment, balance as rent. Photos and particulars from WARMAN-BOARDMAN, Roselle, N. J.

A Nutley Home.

New white stucco house with red tile roof; a captivating home, eight rooms, with hall in centre; large living room, 14x28; private living and sleeping porches, parquet floors, two bathrooms, vacuum cleaning system; large plot; commanding views; station near by; choice residential section; rent $85 monthly. Owner, Room 1,009, 93 Nassau St., N. Y.

AMONG THE HILLS
AT BALDWIN PARK,
South Orange, N. J.
40 Minutes from Broadway, N. Y.
Bungalows and artistic homes.
Little cash required. Write or 'phone.
C. A. BALDWIN, 156 Broadway.

SOUTH ORANGE, N.J.

EIGHT-room house; all improvements; large living room, beamed ceiling, open fireplace; 2 baths; steam heat; very cozy and attractive; owner must sell; little cash. BALDWIN, 156 Broadway, Room 55.

We can sell you a large plot, 50x175, in either Westfield or Fanwood, N. J., for $450. Fine location, near railroad and trolleys; both a paying investment and fine home site; $5 per month buys one. Let us send you free tickets to visit these properties. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

FREE PLANS of our semi-bungalows now building at Fanwood, N. J., will be mailed you upon application. Country homes worth having at a moderate price in New York's prettiest suburb. H. C. Lockwood Co., 141 Broadway.

Gentlemen's country residence or boarding house, 16 rooms; barn, grounds; high location; Wood Ridge; $8,000; $25 monthly, $100 down. Ackerman, 187 Greenwich.

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"WAMPAGE SHORES,"
Without a Drawback.

A carefully restricted Water front Park of the highest type, with every improvement ready; nothing left to promise.

One mile of perfectly clean, gently sloping private beach.

Trees, shrubbery, hedges, and lawn on every plot extending to the beach.

"WAMPAGE SHORES,"

at Sands Point R. R. Sta. Port Washington, L. I., represents the highest type of residential water front near New York. Particulars from

S. OSGOOD PELL & CO.,
Bryant—5610. 542 5th Av.

Bungalows and English Cottages

Overlooking the Ocean at Neponsit, L.I. New York's most exclusive residential section. Tennis, Boating, Surf Bathing, and Fishing. New $30,000 Clubhouse. Only 40 minutes from N. Y. 100 trains a day. Write to-day, and our beautiful, new illustrated booklet of views will reach you by return mail.

NEPONSIT REALTY CO., 1 W. 34th St., N. Y.

FIN TOWN OF FREEPORT.

Several all-year homes on large plots, $4,250 upwards. Easy terms. Onslow-Moore Company, Freeport, or 44 Court St., Brooklyn.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Wanted—Pleasant country estate; stable for four horses; high and dry; preferably Ardsley, Tarrytown, Dobbs Ferry; will rent unfurnished for one or two years; $2,500 yearly; send photos and description. Miss Lewis, 500 5th Av.

Agency wanted of elevator apartment house by experienced, conscientious, responsible agent; if essential will live on premises. W. B., 1,122 Madison Av.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

CORNER LOFTS.

Third Ave., southwest corner of One Hundred and Sixth Street. Light lofts at elevated station. New electric elevator. Suitable for manufacturing or offices. Attractive rates will be quoted to responsible tenants.

LEON S. ALTMAYER,
62 East 86th St. Tel. 638 Lenox.

SMALL STORE in the BEST SECTION of the BRONX, SUITABLE FOR DELICATESSEN, FAMILY LIQUORS, FLORIST, SHOES, BAKERY, GENTS' FURNISHINGS, MILLINERY, HAIR GOODS, AND MANICURE PARLOR; rent very reasonable. A. ARENT CO., East 163d and Simpson Sts. Take Bronx Subway to Simpson St.

Studio Next Door

to Sherry, to sublease for one year, from Oct. 1. Apply to Manager of The Mansfield, 12 West 44th.

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Tremont or 177th St., Belmont to Crotona Av., choice location for dry goods, confectionery, shoe, 5 and 10 cents, or house furnishing stores. R. H. Scobie, 391 East 149th St., cor. 3d Av., N. Y.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Store and Lofts
READY JANUARY 1st
FIREPROOF BUILDING
50 x 100
121-123 East 24th St.
The highest type of modern mercantile construction. Sprinkler System. Fire Tower. 3 Electric Elevators.
APPLY TO
MULLIKEN & MOELLER
103 Park Avenue
A. L. MORDECAI & SON
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OR YOUR OWN BROKER

To lease with possession
38-44 W. 21st ST.
Store & Basement 67x92.
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Steam Heat and Elevator Service on Sundays.
121-125 W. 17th ST.
Store & Basement 75x92 each.
28-30-32 W. 22nd ST.
Store, base., 1st and 4th lofts 33x100.
Also lofts 25x100, 50x100.
Office and salesrooms with skylight.
NO MANUFACTURING IN THE LAST-NAMED BUILDINGS. WILL MAKE CONCESSION TO GOOD TENANTS.
L. SACHS, 28 W. 22d St.
Full commission to brokers.

LOFTS, 50x100; 50 West 21st St.; light four sides; special inducements. DUROSS COMPANY, 155 West 14th St.

Two lofts, 60x80, with power; location for shipping elegant; 661 Morgan Av., Greenpoint. Information from J. C. Miller, on premises.

34th St., 144 East.—4 stories, basement; fine business location. Ford, 171 3d Av.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Desk room with use of telephone and stenographer; reference for reference. A 19 Times.

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THE
CORNWALL
Northwest Corner
Broadway & 90th St.,
New 12-story fireproof building with every modern convenience.
9 & 10 Rooms
2 & 3 Baths
Rents $2200 to $2400
PER ANNUM.
Renting Agent on Premises, or
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162 WEST 72D STREET.
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APARTMENT BUILDINGS
7th Av., 58th & 59th Sts.
(Navarro Apartments).
One Large Corner Apartment with 5 Bathrooms. Smaller Ones with 2 and 3 Baths.
Most Centrally Located.
APPLY AT OFFICE,
175 WEST 58TH ST.

Central Park West
N. W. Cor. 86th St.
LIVINGSTON
A fireproof building of the finest type.
All the CONVENIENCES and luxuries of a first-class MODERN house.
Electric light included in rent.
Corner Apartments have southern and eastern exposure.
Convenient to all surface transportation, new "L" station at Columbus Av. corner. 9 large, light rooms and 2 and 3 baths, $2,250 to $2,500.
Apply to Owner on premises.

F. R. WOOD
W. H. DOLSON CO.,
BROADWAY, COR. 80th ST.
THE BARNARD,
NO. 106 CENTRAL PARK WEST, CORNER 71ST ST.
Very Choice Apartments, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 rooms and 2 baths.
RENTS $1,300 TO $2,500, including refrigeration.
THE STERLING AND CARLYLE,
76 WEST 86TH ST.,
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Subway and Elevated Stations at 86th St. All west side trolleys convenient. Each Apartment has telephone connection.
Apartments 6, 7, 8 and 10 rooms.
RENTS $1,000 TO $2,200.

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
THE EVELYN,
101 WEST 78th STREET,
Opposite Museum of Natural History.
Non-Housekeeping Apartments. All Improvements, Elevator, Hall and Maid Service, Extension Telephone. Restaurant in Building.
ELECTRIC LIGHT FREE.
Physicians' Office. Two Rooms and Bath. $540 per annum.
Two Rooms and Bath, $540-$720.
Three Rooms and Bath, $600-$780.
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SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.
Telephone Schuyler 7048.

140 West 71st Street
New Fireproof Apartments
10 Rooms Duplex, or
8 Rooms Simplex
and 3 Baths.
ALSO
Doctors' Offices and Doctors' Suites
APPLY ON PREMISES, OR
Allendale Building Co.
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S. E. cor. 80th St., Park Av.
In exclusive neighborhood, high-class modern equipped Apartments of seven and nine extra large rooms; two baths; abundance of large closets; rents $1,200 to $1,900. Superintendent.

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63 West 106th St.
Modern elevator house. Every improvement. Extra large apartments. Six and seven rooms, $45-$70.

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106th 65 West, (Central Park.)—6-7 large, light rooms, tiled baths, steam, hot water, private halls; modern, convenient to L & Sub. **$34up**

102 WEST 89TH ST.
Seven rooms and bath, $35. All improvements.

80 WEST 92D ST.
Nine rooms and bath, all improvements, $45.

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Seven rooms and bath, corner apartment, $50.

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Low Rents
"The Beauclere"
N. W. Cor. Broadway & 109th St.
7 large airy rooms with bath; every apartment has outside exposure; modern elevator; every convenience; $1,200.
"St. Francis Court"
N. E. Cor. 135th St. & Riverside Drive.
Beautiful and convenient location; elevator apartment house; 5 to 8 rooms; $45 to $100.
J. Romaine Brown Co.
105 West 40th St. Tel. 876 Bryant.

The Chautauqua
88th ST.
and West End Av.
NOW READY FOR OCCUPANCY
New 12 Story Building
EXQUISITE APARTMENTS,
5, 6, 7 & 8 Extra Large Outside Rooms
& Foyers, 2 & 3 Baths; Rents $1500 to $2600
Physicians' Desirable Ground Floor Apartments of 3, 4 & 6 Rooms, with Foyer
Owner or agent on premises.

THE
PRASADA
50 Central Park West
Corner 65th Street.
12-Story Fireproof Building.
Suites of 8-9-10 Rooms, 2 and 3 Baths.
Rentals from $2,500 to $3,800
including Refrigeration.
Manager on Premises.

Strictly MILANO Fireproof.
127 West 58th St.—8 rooms and bath; special maid's bathroom; service elevator; convenient to 6th Av. "L" terminal station and to Central Park; outside rooms; all improvements; phone; $2,000.
REVERE HALL,
622 W. 114th, Near Riverside Drive.—6 and 7 rooms and bath; maid's toilet; light, sunny rooms, elevator, all improvements; 'phone; $660 to $1,000.
IRVINGTON,
407 C. P. West, (100th St.)—8 large rooms and bath, 7th floor, overlooking Park; large, light rooms; all improvements; $1,140.
CARROLLTON,
601 W. 168th, (Opposite Subway Station.)—5-6-7 rooms, bath; light rooms, large closets, elevator; all improvements; Resident Agent; $690 to $1,000.
COURTWOOD,
600 W. 169th, Cor. B'way.—Elevator house, all improvements; 5-6-7 rooms, bath; 'phone; 24-hour service; $510 to $1,020.
Broadway REMCO 98th Street.
'Phone 1300 River.

SLAWSON & HOBBS
162 West 72d St., near Broadway.
Renting Dept. Tel. 7240 Col.
La Rochelle,
57 West 75th St., N. E. Corner Columbus Av.
Imposing modern fireproof building; extra large rooms; convenient to 72d St. "L" station and 72d St. Subway station.
7 rooms and bath.
$1,000 to $2,000.
The Antlers,
603 West 111th St.,
Between Broadway and Riverside Drive.
Two apartments on each floor; large, light rooms; convenient to 110th St. Subway station; fireproof.
7 rooms, 2 baths.
$1,400 to $1,500.

The Barrington
(New)
BROADWAY AND 81ST ST.
Modern Fire and Sound Proof Apartment. 3, 4, 5, 6 Rooms. 1 and 2 Baths. Large Foyer. Occupancy Sept. 10. Only one block from elevated and two blocks from subway. Agents on premises.

West End Ave., 738, cor. 96th St.
5, 6 & 7 Room Suite for bachelors or small families, $55-$65
All modern improvements; exceptionally attractive and homelike.
SUBWAY EXPRESS STATION ONE BLOCK.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES, OR
S. ALVIN PIZA A-Re-Co. Bldg., 149 St. & 3 Av. Telephone 254 Melrose.

56th St. & Broadway
Southeast Corner
8 rooms and bath, large and well arranged; especially convenient location. Rents $1,000 and $1,100. One corner apartment $1,700. See Superintendent, or
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THE MILLARD
14 to 20 West 107th St. High class elevator apartments, 4-5-6-7 and 8 Rooms. Rents, $36 to $75. Best in New York at price.

Life Building Apartments
19-21 WEST 31ST ST.;
two to six rooms to lease from October 1; high ceilings and open fireplaces; meals served in apartments. WILLIAM HARVEY.

A.—THE ADRIAN—A.
58 WEST 72D ST., CORNER.
Eight large, light rooms, bath; butler's pantry; parquet floors; night and day elevator service; rent $1,200-$1,300; convenient to all transportation lines. Inquire Superintendent, on premises.

The Ackerly, 241 West 101st St.
Eight extra large rooms and two baths; modern in every respect; rents, $1,400 to $1,600.
G. SCHWEGLER, 3,507 BROADWAY.

HUDSONIA,
79TH ST. AND RIVERSIDE DRIVE,
315-321 West.
6 and 7 rooms. Rents $900 to $1,200.

TO SUBLET.—158 WEST 58TH ST.
Seven rooms and two baths; unfurnished; rent $3,000. See Supt. on premises.

THE COLLINSON,
N. W. Cor. 70th St. and West End Av.
6 rooms, elevator apt.; $780 per annum, from Oct. 1.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

WE offer you Modern Elevator Housekeeping Apartments with *Extra* Large, Light Rooms and Wide Private Halls. Open Courts facing the most picturesque Park in Manhattan. 3 minutes to 116th St. Exp. Sta. 6th & 9th Av. L. Central to all points. Restaurant in Building. Service optional. Rents $40 to $90. Folder showing plan mailed on request. H. C. Coleman. Tel. Morningside 3447.
MORNINGSIDE PARK
—
APARTMENTS
4, 5, 6, 7 Rooms
Morningside Park East
118th to 119th Sts. West

THE
ROXBURY
Southeast Corner
BROADWAY & 122D ST.
Fireproof Apartments.
5 & 6 Rooms & Bath.
$540 to $900 per annum.
Agent, on premises, or
WM. P. SHERIDAN,
Riverside Drive and 127th St.

REED HOUSE
BROADWAY AND 121ST ST.
6 ROOMS......$720 to $840
7 ROOMS...... 840 TO 1,200
This property is held and managed by a private individual as a permanent investment.

ELSINORE
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS,
6 AND 7 ROOM SUITES;
RENTS $37.50 to $55
Unusually large, light, attractive.
ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES.
Electric light, parquet flooring, all night service; telephone in every apartment.
502-504 W. 151st St. Near B'way.
ONE DOCTOR'S SUITE, 7 ROOMS.
Superintendent on premises.

The HAMPTONS
201-203 WEST 117TH ST.,
occupying Junction 117th St., Seventh and St. Nicholas Avs.
Completely Remodelled and Renovated
Superior Service
7 and 8 Rooms and Bath
All Large and Light.
Rent from $900 to $1,100
Renting agent on premises.

5-6 ROOMS—All Night Elevators.
EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT.
HAMPTON COURT,
131-141 WEST 140TH ST.
EDINBORO COURT,
108 WEST 141ST ST.
EARL'S COURT,
108 WEST 141ST ST.
RENTS $30.00 TO $47.50
SUPT. ON PREMISES ALL TIMES.

BEST VALUE IN CITY
All improvements; all-night elevator service; convenient to all car lines and Subway.
6 rooms and bath....................$52.50
7 rooms and bath....................$57.50
THE ROSEMONT.
Superintendent, premises, 126a West 127th St.

FOR RENT
CHOICE ELEVATOR APTS.
3-4-5-6-7 Rooms.
Rents $25 to $75.
THE NEHRING CO.,
1,278 St. Nicholas Ave., cor. 174th St.
90-92 Morningside Drive, cor. 121st St.

THE STERLING,
203-5 West 113th st., near 7th av.
Six and seven room Apartments; elevator, electric light; every modern improvement. LEON S. ALTMAYER, 62 East 86th. Telephone, 638—Lenox.

LAUREATE HALL
Amsterdam Av., N. W. Cor. 119th St.
2-3-4 ROOMS.
Kitchenettes and bath, $32.50 to $75.00.
Apply 420 W. 119th St., opp. Laureate Hall.

Michigan, Illinois, Louisiana.
507-517 WEST 113TH ST.
Absolutely Fireproof High-Class Building.
4-5-6 Rooms, $600 to $900.

124TH ST., 527-529 WEST, Near Broadway, Columbia College and Horace Mann School.—Exceptionally fine apartments, 4 and 5 rooms; well-kept house; bath, steam, elevator, telephone; $32 upward month.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

"Grinnell"
Riverside Drive and 157th St.
Subway station within 200 feet of building
This DISTINCTIVE, fireproof building has been filled since the day it was opened.
We have a few suites of 5, 6, 7 and 8 Rooms to lease from Oct. 1st.
ALL ROOMS OUTSIDE.
RENTALS 30%
less than Middle West Side

BUCKINGHAM PALACE,
547-553 West 147th St., near Broadway. 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 rooms, 1 and 2 baths. High-class elevator apartments; moderate rentals; all modern improvements. Renting Representative on premises.

NON-HOUSEKEEPING, 2 ROOMS AND BATH
$30 and $32.50.
No. 481 Manhattan Av., corner 120th St. Very attractive; immediate possession.
J. EDGAR LEAYCRAFT & CO., 17 W. 42d St.

AT THE URANIA
238 West 129th.—Select house, elevator, all improvements, all light rooms; reasonable rent. Janitor, or H. Nelson Flanagan, 53 Bond St.

Attention, Elevator Apartments, $32-$45
The Manitou, 221 West 141st, (7th Av.) 4-6 large, modern rooms, tiled bath, continuous service; concessions, desirable tenants.

510 MANHATTAN AVE.,
corner 121st St. 7 large, light, airy rooms. Private hall. Every modern improvement. $37.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

Payson McL. Merrill
481 Fifth Av. Tel. 7417 Bryant.
Offers for Rent the Following Apartments:

925 Park Ave	4 Rooms, $1,000. 11 Rooms, $4,500.
823 Park Ave	Twelve Rooms, $3,800 to $5,000.
636 5th Ave	Twelve Rooms, Rent, $9,500.
257 W. 86th St	3 Rooms, $1,000. 8 Rooms, $2,600.
130 E. 67th St	4 Rooms, $900. 11 Rooms, $4,000.
140 W. 57th St	3 Rooms, $1,000. 10 Rooms, $4,000.
80 W. 40th St	2 to 8 Rooms, $2,200 to $4,500.
36 E. 40th St	2 Rooms, $1,000. 3 Rooms, $1,400.
112 W. 47th St	2 Rooms, $720. 2 Rooms, $900.
18 E. 57th St	Four Rooms, Rent, $1,000.
21-3 W. 30th St	2 Rooms, $380. 4 Rooms, $720.
62-3 Washn Sq	Five Rooms, Rent, $1,000.

5TH AV. AND 58TH ST.
100 feet east of 5th Ave.
THE MASON,
6-12 East 58th St.
Attractive Apartments of 8, 9, and 10 rooms and bath; open plumbing; all modern improvements; elevator service for maids.
HOUSES BEING RENOVATED.
VERY LOW RENTS
FOR CHOICE LOCATION.
$1,600 to $1,750.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY,
141 BROADWAY, OR SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

GRAMERCY PARK CLUB
36 Gramercy Park, East
APARTMENT FOR RENT.
9 OR 10 ROOMS, WITH 3 AND 4 BATHS
FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED
$2,500 to $3,500
LIGHT—SPACIOUS—OVERLOOKING AND PRIVILEGES OF PARK.
CO-OPERATIVE OWNERSHIP APARTMENTS FOR SALE.
$8,700 TO $12,000.
S. de Walltearss & Hull, Agents,
18 WEST 34TH STREET.

Manhanset
61-65 East 59th St.,
NEAR MADISON AVE.
The Most Accessible Location in New York City.
High Class Modern Apartments, 3 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished. Chambermaid service
RENTALS, $45, $55, and $65.
See Superintendent on Premises.

Strictly NEW ENGLAND Fireproof.
43 to 51 E. 58th St., 54 E. 59th St., 480 Park Av.
7 rooms and 2 baths............$1,100 to $1,500
2 and 3 rooms and bath............$420 to $600
8 rooms, 3 baths, physician's Apartment..$1,800
All-night elevator, standard service.
PROSPECT HILL
1,270 Madison Av., Cor. 91st. 7 large rooms, bath, elevator; second floor, $800-$840.
Broadway REMCO 98th Street.

ARTHUR HALL,
N. E. CORNER 96TH ST. AND MADISON AV.
Modern high class elevator apartment house; large, light rooms, competent service.
Two 8 Room and Two 9 Room Apartments.
Immediate possession. Leases from October 1.
$1,300 to $1,700.
Superintendent on premises.

We have for rent many high-class apartments, elevator and non-elevator
"ALL OVER TOWN."
Call, write or 'phone us for full particulars.
BERLIN RENTING AGENCY
141 East 17th St.
'Phone Stuyvesant—3982.
Broadway, Cor. 162d St.
'Phone Audubon—7478.

THE CLARK,
1,211 Madison av., N. E. cor. 87th st.
Corner Apartments; 9 rooms, 2 bathrooms; all light; parquet floors; electric light; modern in every respect. LEON S. ALTMAYER, 62 East 86th. Telephone 638—Lenox.

995 Madison Av., N. E. Cor. 77th St.
HIGH-CLASS FIREPROOF BUILDING, eight rooms and three baths; all sunny and very quiet sleeping rooms; every modern improvement. Superintendent on premises or your own broker.

THE WALPOLE APARTMENTS,
45 East 25th St.
Two rooms and bath and three rooms and two baths, with kitchenette; first-class service included in rent; leases from Oct. 1, 1912, possession at once; rent $800 to $1,000. Apply on premises or to F. & G. Pflomm, 9 W. 29th St.

728 THIRD AVE.
SECOND FLAT TO LET.
Seven extra large, light rooms and bath; rent only $34 per month.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

Ritz Carlton Hotel,
47th St. and Madison Ave. Magnificent apartment, $3,500; 3 rooms and bath. D. L. Elliman & Co., 421 Madison Avenue.

THE CLEVELAND
126-130 East 24th St.
Apartments of 9 rooms, ample closets, etc.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—East Side.

Murray Hill Apartments
122-128 East 34th St.
Rents $1,200-$1,600.
All night service.
ALSO
LARGE DOCTOR'S APARTMENT.
624 Fifth Ave.,
S. W. Corner 50th St.
Large non-housekeeping apartment
6 rooms and 3 baths.
ALSO
Small Apartment,
2 rooms with bath.
The Berwyck
Bachelor Apartments
65-69 West 54th St.
Two rooms and bath.
Rent $60-$70.
WITH SERVICE.
Apply on premises or to
Herman L. R. Edgar
Tel. Cort. 4641. 81 Nassau Street.

39-43 EAST 27TH ST.
Six unusually large, light rooms; bath; every modern convenience for home comfort. $1,400-$1,500.
Kitchenettes, 2-3 rooms, bath; from $750 up.
MAID SERVICE. NO EXTRA CHARGES.

BROOKLYN.

"THE GRANLEDEN,"
1155 Dean Street,
Between Bedford and Nostrand Avenues.
Fine residential section. Only 3 minutes to Nostrand Avenue Station, L. I. R. R., (direct connections to Subway,) or Dean St. Station, Brighton Beach Line. Apartments of 5 all-light rooms and tiled bath; steam heat, hot-water supply, electric light; private branch exchange telephone; handsome furnished reception hall, with uniformed attendants; resident janitor. First-class in all respects. Rents $480 to $540. Only two apartments from Oct. 1. Apply in hall on premises.

ST. JAMES PLACE, Near FULTON
Delightful 6 and 7 room apartments, $42 to $48; steam heat, hot water; every modern convenience. Apply branch office on premises. Send for booklet. GOLDEN REALTY CO., 13 Willoughby St., Brooklyn.

BRONX.

Special Inducements
5-6 elegantly finished rooms, large dining room and wardrobe. All modern improvements; residential section of the Bronx, near public and Morris High Schools. Small select families desired.
948-50-52 TRINITY Ave., Near 163d St.
RENT $22 UP.
Apply on premises.

GWENDOLYN APARTMENTS
ELEVATOR TELEPHONE SERVICE
CORNER AQUEDUCT AV., Fordham Road.
5 & 6 ROOM Apartments, moderate rents. Superintendent on premises.
Convenient 207th Subway, Putnam Division and L.
TROLLEYS AT DOOR.
Parks and many other places of interest nearby.

THE EDINBOROUGH,
829 BECK STREET.
4-5 rooms and bath. Apply
WM. OPPENHEIM,
773 WESTCHESTER AV.

Church Services To-morrow.

Baptist.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, 92d St. and Amsterdam Av., Dr. Goodchild, Pastor.—Curtis Lee Laws, D. D., of Brooklyn, will preach to-morrow, morning and evening.

COLLEGIATE BAPTIST CHURCH OF THE COVENANT, West 23d St., between 8th and 9th Avs., Dr. OSCAR HAYWOOD, Pastor.—Services 10:45 A. M., 7:45 P. M.

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
MADISON AV., COR. 31ST ST.
C. A. EATON, D. D., PASTOR.
Rev. FREDERICK HAGAR,
the Assistant Pastor, will preach.
11 A. M.—"A Communion Meditation."
8 P. M.—"The Gospel Message."

TENT EVANGEL CLOSING RALLIES, Sunday, Sept. 1st, at 11, 4, and 8. West 124th St., near Morningside. Rev. CHAS. H. MEAD, Noted Preacher and Reformer. Illustrated service, Sat. night, Aug. 31, Covering 33 years of Tent Evangel in New York. Seventy-five views of Great Britain's and America's most noted preachers, who preached in Tent Evangel; also pictures of tents and open-air services and noted New York laymen.

Congregational.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
Broadway and 56th St.
Rev. CHARLES E. JEFFERSON, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. WM. A. KIRKWOOD, Assist. Pastor, preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Wednesday, 8 P. M., Prayer Meeting.

Disciples of Christ, (Christian.)

CENTRAL CHURCH, 142 West 81st St.
Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Rev. JAMES M. PHILPUTT, D. D.
Welcome to oldest church Disciples of Christ.

Services are held in the following CHRISTIAN SCIENCE CHURCHES, SUNDAYS, 11 A. M. AND 8 P. M., WEDNESDAYS, 8 P. M.
First Church, Central Park West and 96th St.
Second Church, Central Park West and 68th St.
Third Church, 125th St. and Madison Av.
Fourth Church, 600 West 181st St.
Fifth Church, Madison Av. and 38th St.
Sixth Church, Park Av. and 61st St.

Lutheran.

CHURCH OF THE ADVENT
Broadway and 93d St.
Wm. M. Horn, Pastor.
Services 11 A. M.

Methodist Episcopal.

MADISON AVE. M. E. CHURCH,
CORNER 60TH STREET.
Rev. WALLACE MACMULLEN, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Preaching by Dr. MacMullen.
8 P. M.—Short sermon by Dr. MacMullen.
Wed. Ev., Prayer Meeting led by Dr. MacMullen.

7th Av. METROPOLITAN TEMPLE, 14th St.
SANFORD CULVER HEARN, Minister.
EDWARD KINNEY, Organist. Quartet.
11 A. M.—WHAT EVERY ONE WANTS.
8 P. M.—BREAKING JAIL.

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH,
West End Avenue and 86th St.
Rev. F. ERNEST JOHNSON,
Minister in charge.
11.—Sermon, "The Gospel of Labor."

New Thought.

MARY E. T. CHAPIN
will resume speaking in Berkeley Theatre
SUNDAY, SEPT. 8.

NEW THOUGHT LECTURES, 5 West 58th St.
SUNDAY, 11 A. M.; Thursday, 8 P. M.
Speaker, W. ELLIS WILLIAMS. Public invited

Presbyterian.

BROADWAY PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
(Formerly the Fourth Avenue.)
EARL HALL, COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY,
(entrance 117th St. and Broadway.)
Rev. WALTER D. BUCHANAN, D. D.,
Minister, preaches at 11 A. M.

THE BRICK CHURCH,
Fifth Av. and 37th St.
Ministers { WILLIAM PIERSON MERRILL, FRANK LATIMER JANEWAY.
Dr. F. W. Gunsaulus of Chicago will preach at 11 o'clock.

FIFTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
5th Av. and 55th St.
Services at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.
Rev. J. H. JOWETT, M. A., D. D., Pastor.
Rev. D. L. RITCHIE
of Nottingham will preach at both services.
Strangers are cordially invited.

NORTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
155th St., bet. Broadway and Amsterdam Av.
Rev. JOHN R. MACKAY, D. D., Minister.
11 A. M.—Rev. Fred. W. Hinitt, Pres. Central University, Danville, Ky., will officiate.

OLD FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
5th Av., 11th to 12th St.,
Rev. Dr. HOWARD DUFFIELD, Pastor.
Mr. Egbert M. Hayes in charge.
11 A. M.—"Jesus and Temptation," Mr. Hayes. 7:45 P. M.—Outdoor Service.

UNIVERSITY PLACE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Cor. 10th St, (one block west from Broadway.)
GEORGE ALEXANDER, D. D., Pastor.
Services to-morrow at 11 A. M. Rev. O. Clyde Welst will preach. No evening service.
Wednesday evening service at 8 o'clock.

WEST END CHURCH,
Amsterdam Av., Cor. 105th St.
Rev. A. EDWIN KEIGWIN, D. D., Pastor.
Services 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Rev. Chas. Stelzle, Secretary Dept. Church and Labor of the Presbyterian Church. Labor Sunday.
7 P. M., Outdoor Meeting at Chapel Entrance.

Presbyterian.

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Northeast corner of 73d St.
Rev. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN, D.D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Rev. W. H. WRAY BOYLE, D. D.
8 P. M.—Rev. PHILIP S. BIRD.

Protestant Episcopal.

CATHEDRAL OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE,
Amsterdam Av. and 111th St.
Sunday, Sept. 1st.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Social Service Commission in relation to Labor Day. Addresses by Canon Douglas and Rev. Charles K. Gilbert.
4 P. M.—Evensong.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN,
139 West 46th St. Low Masses, 7:30, 9.
High Mass and Sermon, 10:45. Evensong 4.

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY,
334 West 57th St.
Rev. HENRY LUBECK, D. C. L., Rector.
Holy Communion.............................8 A. M.
Holy Communion, Morning Prayer and Sermon. Preacher, Rev. J. H. R. RAY. 11 A. M.
CHURCH OPEN ALL SUMMER.

GRACE CHURCH, Broadway and 10th St.
Dr. CHARLES LEWIS SLATTERY, Rector.
8; 11 (Dr. Tayler); 8 (Dr. Tayler).

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH,
Madison Av., corner 44th St.
SPECIAL SUMMER SERVICES, 11 A. M.
Full Choir Present. Seats Free.
Preacher, Sept. 1st,
Rev. FRANK HEARTFIELD.

ST. THOMAS'S CHURCH,
5th Av. and 53d St.
Rev. ERNEST M. STIRES, D. D., Rector.
8 A. M.—Holy Communion. 11 A. M.—Service and Sermon, (The Rev. Wilbur L. Caswell.)

Reformed.

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
2d Ave. and 7th St.
Rev. JOHN G. FAGG, D. D., Minister.
Rev. A. J. VAN HOUTEN
will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
5th Ave. and 29th St.
Rev. DAVID JAS. BURRELL, D. D., Minister.
Rev. ALFRED E. MYERS
will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Morning: "The Greatest of All Christian Graces"
Evening: "Materialistic Civilization a Failure."

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS,
5th Ave. and 48th St.
Rev. MALCOLM JAMES MAC LEOD, Minister.
Service in the Chapel at 11 A. M.
Rev. EDWARD S. RALSTON will preach.

THE WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
West End Ave. and 77th St.
Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D.D., Minister
Church Closed. Will reopen Sept. 8th.

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Meetings for worship, 11 A. M., at 221 East 15th St., Manhattan, and 110 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS, (ORTHODOX,) 144 East 20th St., New York.—Meeting for Worship, 11.

Other Services.

CONVERTS' RALLY,
EVANGELISTIC COMMITTEE OF NEW YORK CITY.
CARNEGIE HALL.
Monday, Sept. 16th, 7:45 P. M.
STEPHEN BAKER, Esq., will preside.
Address by Rev. Dr. C. L. GOODELL.
Testimony by Converts.
Experiences by Workers.
Singing of Campaign Hymns.
Led by Chorus of 500 Voices.
Admission by ticket only, from pastors or at 541 Lexington Av. 'Phone 492 Plaza.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH, 44th St. and 8th Av. Rev. A. B. Simpson, Pastor. Sunday, Sept. 1, Rev. W. T. MacArthur, 10:30 A. M. and 8 P. M.

MEMORIAL TO GENERAL BOOTH.
United Memorial Service in honor of General William Booth at the large Auditorium,
SALVATION ARMY HEADQUARTERS,
120 West 14th St.,
3 P. M., SUNDAY, SEPT. 1ST.
Prominent Speakers. Colonel Peart will conduct. Music by the National Staff Band.
THE PUBLIC IS CORDIALLY INVITED.

WHY DID GOD PERMIT EVIL?
Good Tidings from the Scriptures.
D. J. COHEN, Lecturer.
Tuxedo Hall, Madison Av. and 59th St.
Sunday, Sept. 1, 3 P. M.
Seats Free. No Collection.

SPANISH EVANGELICAL CHURCH.
24th St. and Madison Av. 24th St. entrance.
Rev. Samuel F. Gordiano, M. A., Pastor.
Sundays, 3; Thursdays, 8 P. M. Spanish students welcome.

UNITY BROTHERHOOD CENTRE.—Sunday, 3 P. M., "Methods of Mastery," W. Frederic Keeler and Floyd B. Wilson, LL. D. Daily classes. Baldwin, L. I., Penn. R. R. trains met free, or trolley through Jamaica, 20 cents. Dinner, 60 cents.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—The weather continues abnormally warm over the middle Mississippi Valley and the South, while over the Middle Atlantic States and New England, the Rocky Mountain and plateau region, and along the northern border temperatures remain below the seasonal average.

Frost occurred Friday morning in Eastern Oregon, Idaho, Western Montana, and Northwestern Wyoming.

Precipitation during the last twenty-four hours was light and local and confined to the upper lake region, the upper Mississippi Valley, the Rocky Mountain region, and the North Pacific States.

Indications are that the weather will be unsettled, with local rains along the northern border from Michigan eastward, and in the Northwest and the Rocky Mountain region. In all other parts of the country the weather will remain fair Saturday and Sunday.

Temperatures will rise Saturday and Sunday in the Middle Atlantic States and New England, the upper Ohio Valley, and lower lake region, and will not change decidedly elsewhere during the next twenty-four hours.

Winds along the New England, Middle, and South Atlantic Coasts will be light variable.

Steamships departing Saturday for European ports will have moderate variable winds and generally fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair south, probably showers north, portion Saturday; rising temperature. Sunday fair south, unsettled north, portion; warmer; light, variable winds.

Southern New England—Fair and somewhat warmer Saturday. Sunday unsettled; light, variable winds.

New Jersey—Generally fair Saturday and Sunday; rising temperature; light, variable winds.

Western New York—Showers and warmer Saturday. Sunday probably fair; light to moderate south winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair south, unsettled north, portion Saturday; warmer. Sunday fair, warmer; light, variable winds.

Northern New England—Unsettled and somewhat warmer Saturday. Sunday probably showers; light, variable winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1911.	1912.		1911.	1912.
3 A. M.	60	56	4 P. M.	63	69
6 A. M.	56	55	6 P. M.	62	66
9 A. M.	59	57	9 P. M.	57	61
12 M.	60	65	12 P. M.	58	60

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 62; for the corresponding date last year it was 58; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 70.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 54; at 8 P. M. it was 62. Maximum temperature 69 degrees at 4 P. M.; minimum 54 degrees at 8 A. M. Humidity 70 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 50 per cent. at 8 P. M.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
BRONX.

Elevator Apartment Houses
THE HUNTS POINT
3 4 5 6 7 8
$35 $40 $50 $57 $65 $75
THE LOREM
4 5 6 7
$32 $40 $47 $53
WE ALSO CAN furnish you with other apartments at lower rents.
A. ARENT COMPANY,
East 163d and Simpson Streets.
Take Bronx Subway to Simpson Street.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

GRAMERCY PARK CLUB
36 Gramercy Park, East
FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
9 OR 10 ROOMS WITH 3 AND 4 BATHS.
OVERLOOKING AND PRIVILEGES OF GRAMERCY PARK.
S. de Walltearss & Hull, Agents,
18 WEST 34TH STREET.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.	Loss.
1:45—322 Clinton St.; S. Leskowitz	Trifling
7:50—796 Westchester Av.; J. Noll	Trifling
9:35—748 7th Av.; not given	None
10:30—705 9th Av.; S. Kapzen	$20
11:35—1 Broome St.; Nathan Bros	Trifling
11:45—29 Orchard St.; Mary Lerich	$5
P. M.	
12.15—209 W. 96th St.; A. H. Woods and other	Slight
12:35—19 W. 120th St.; Z. Leonard	Trifling
2:10—2,224 1st Av.; J. Murphy	$10
5:00—987 Union Av.; W. Singer	Trifling
5:55—247 Stanton St.; H. Rice	$500
6:10—16 Goerck St.; T. Wallews	Trifling
6:15—137-139 W. 25th St.; B. F. Kaufman	Not given
6:30—142 W. Houston St.; R. Russo	Trifling
6:40—208 E. 106th St.; J. Meyer	Trifling
7:15—66 Grand St.; M. Guttman & Son	Not given
7:30—74 Eldridge St.; Rachel Ludlow	Trifling
7:50—262 Rivington St.; M. Scherr	Trifling
9:20—322 E. 122d St.; — Christian	Trifling
10:35—1,035 St. Nicholas Av.; H. Werthheimer	Trifling
10:50—88 E. 10th St.; Max Sandak	Trifling

EDUCATION NOTES.

Dr. Edward W. Stitt announces the continuation of the social centre at Public School 63 four nights a week.

While the question of all-year schools is not under official consideration at present, it is thought by some people interested in educational matters that the Board of Education will take up the matter at no distant date. It is pointed out that the large attendance at vacation schools, continuation classes, and the two high schools this Summer indicate the need of an all-year session. Special attention is directed to the attendance at the two Summer high schools. More than 800 pupils attended the De Witt Clinton High School, and 1,000 pursued their studies at the Brooklyn Commercial High School.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

Deputy State Controller Wallace S. Fraser transmitted the following appraisals under the inheritance tax law yesterday to William H. Loughlan, Chief Clerk of the Transfer Tax Office of the Surrogates' Court:

ASHLEY, MARY ELIZA, (died Oct. 17, 1909;) net personalty, $8,419.50.

BECK, ALEXANDER W., (died Oct. 14, 1908;) net personalty, $824.26.

BERNSTEIN, BERTHA, (died Sept. 18, 1911;) net personalty, $6,555.06.

BOGGS, MARIA L., (died Nov. 14, 1911;) net personalty, $5,303.05.

CAMBLOS, HENRY S., (died July 8, 1911;) net personalty, $52,301.28.

COHN, ELIAS A., (died Feb. 26, 1912;) net personalty, $10,990.57.

DREYER, JOHN P., (died April 12, 1911;) net personalty, $3,009.87.

FARRENHOPF, JULIA, (died Sept. 30, 1910;) realty, 1,093 Union Avenue, equity, $3,500; 65 Stuyvesant Avenue, equity, $4,000; net realty and personalty, $13,260.

FITZPATRICK, ELLEN, (died March 8, 1909;) realty, 145 East Forty-ninth Street, $6,166.66; 149 East Forty-ninth Street, $18,000; 223 Broome Street, $30,000; net realty and personalty, $45,475.68.

FREYBERG, OTTO, (died Oct. 17, 1911;) net personalty, $8,266.17.

GEISMAR, SOLOMON, (died May 20, 1910;) net personalty, $88,239.

HARRIS, GEORGE, (died July 29, 1910;) net personalty, $2,214.38.

KAFKA, EMANUEL, (died Oct. 8, 1910;) net personalty, $2,298.72.

KAMHOLZ, JACOB, (died Dec. 8, 1906;) assets, $25,552.26; liabilities, $31,382.92.

KELLY, JANE E., (died Dec. 15, 1911;) realty, 441-449 East 180th Street, $16,500; 4,386 Park Avenue, $4,500; net realty and personalty, $20,216.25.

KING, HENRIETTA H. D., (died June 24, 1910;) net personalty, $8,784.69.

MARTIN, ANNIE M., (died Jan. 27, 1911;) net personalty, $845.68.

MENUT, LAURENCE, (died Feb. 18, 1911;) realty, property at Keene Valley, $2,500; net realty and personalty, $7,491.60.

McGOVERN, ANNA, (died Nov. 5, 1911;) realty, 235 East Nineteenth Street, $17,000; 153 East Forty-ninth Street, $19,000; 155 East Forty-ninth Street, $19,000; 157 East Forty-ninth Street, $19,000; 2,082 Fifth Avenue, $11,928.75; net realty and personalty, $103,330.95.

SCHUR, KATHARINE, (died May 23, 1903;) net personalty, $308.36.

SMITH, MARY, (died June 6, 1910;) net personalty, $828.80.

THATCHER, GEORGE L., (died June 29, 1911;) net personalty, $8,451.85.

UHL, SELMA, (died Jan. 7, 1911;) net personalty, $6,799.69.

WRIGHT, JOSEPHINE, (died Dec. 27, 1910;) net personalty, $2,015.77.

WOLFF, LEOPOLD, (died July 26, 1911;) net personalty, $4,116.35, including three shares New York Produce Exchange, $510.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Special Orders 203.

Transfers, (to take effect 12:20 P. M., Aug. 30.)—Lieutenant—Bernard McConville, Detective Bureau, to 174th Precinct, to take effect 8 A. M., Aug. 30. Patrolmen—T. W. Hayden, 26th, and T. H. Falls, 160th to Boiler Squad.

Assignments, (temporary.)—Surgeon—Samuel M. Johnson, Fifth Surgical District, to charge of the First, in addition fourteen days, from 12 noon, Sept. 8, absence of surgeon. Captain—Joseph A. Faurot, Detective Bureau, as Acting Inspector in charge of Detective Bureau, from 12:20 P. M., Aug. 30, during absence of Inspector Hughes on sick leave. Sergeant—Ludolph Bose, Sixth Precinct, to C. O. Squad, and Chief Clerk's office, fifteen days, from 8 A. M., Sept. 3. Patrolmen—G. Downey, 65th to C. O. Squad, five days, from 8 A. M. Aug. 30; J. F. Grady, 146th, to C. O. Squad, and Chief Inspector's office, 10 days, from 8 A. M., Sept. 1.

Leaves of absence, (with full pay.)—Surgeon—Frederick J. Schoenenberger, First Surgical District, fourteen days, from 12 noon, Sept. 8, to be deducted from vacation. Captains—James H. Gillen, 29th, two days, from 8 A. M., Sept. 3, to be deducted from vacation. John Dulfer, 283d, five days, from 8 A. M., Sept. 11, to be deducted from vacation. Thomas T. Ryan, C. O. Squad, eighteen days, from 8 A. M., Sept. 3, balance of vacation. (Without pay.)—Patrolmen—P. P. Corcoran, 10th, one day, from 8 A. M., Sept. 1; J. Sullivan, 15th, three days, from 12 P. M., Aug. 31; C. F. R. Barroes, 18th, three days, from 8 A. M., Sept. 2; O. C. Thiel, 37th, one day, from 10 P. M., Aug. 30.

Advancements to grade, (to $900 grade, Aug. 23,)—F. F. Lorg, 1; W. G. Gleason, 7; W. J. Manning, 15; J. W. McDonough, 17; P. Fee, 21; F. H. Gieselman, 5; G. T. Daggett, 14; A. Mealli, 16; H. S. Greene, 21; A. Kollmer, 25; I. E. Reeder, 26; W. S. Whipple, 28; C. F. Scheid, 31; T. Jeffrey, 31; E. L. Smith, 32; H. H. Schwarz, 32; D. H. Eberle, 35; J. Renz, 35; J. Doran, 39; C. Innes, 42; J. Byrnes, 146; J. O'Rourke, 26; H. G. Ford, 28; T. Barry, 31; W. Sinnott, 31; E. F. Whelan, 32; L. Rickes, 35; J. J. Connors, 35; T. A. Malley, 26; T. J. Shea, 39; F. C. Marron, 146; W. J. Kenny, D. B. To $900 grade—A. Johnson, 1, Aug. 24.

Amendments.—So much of paragraph 3, S. O. 191, c. s., as relates to G. Kehoe, is amended to read: George Kehoe, 172d Precinct, July 28, absent from post, reprimanded.

So much of paragraph 2, S. O. 201, s. s., as grants Capt. Frank A. Tierney three days' leave of absence, is amended to read: From 8 A. M., Sept. 1.

Fire Department.

Special Orders 146.

Suspension from duty, to take effect at 8 A. M., Aug. 30, Fireman (first grade) Thomas E. Fritzsche, Engine 56.

Details established, to take effect Sept. 3, 1912, at 9 A. M.:

The Inspection Squad is established, to inspect local apparatus and circuits in all boroughs.

Chief Inspector Andrew P. Martin is placed in charge of the Inspection Squad, and will report for duty at the headquarters of the Bureau of Fire Alarm Telegraph at 9 A. M., Sept. 3.

Inspector C. B Starbird is detailed on the Inspection Squad, and will report to Chief Inspector Martin at 9 A. M., Sept. 3, for assignment.

Cable Tester W. H. Grey is detailed on the Inspection Squad, and will report to Chief Inspector Martin at 9 A. M., Sept. 3, for assignment.

Assistant Electrical Engineer Valentine Fendrich is detailed to take charge of the Fire Alarm Telegraph Service of Brooklyn and Queens, at 9 A. M., Sept. 3, with an office at Brooklyn Headquarters.

Inspector M. L. Blair, Jr., is detailed to Brooklyn and Queens, and will report to Assistant Electrical Engineer Fendrich at 9 A. M., Sept. 3.

Cable Splicer John J. O'Loughlin is detailed to Brooklyn and Queens as Acting Inspector, and will report to Assistant Electrical Engineer Fendrich at 9 A. M., Sept. 3.

Lineman Harry P. Lee is transferred from Brooklyn to Queens, and will report to Assistant Electrical Engineer Fendrich at 9 A. M., Sept. 3, for assignment.

Foreman John J. O'Connell, No. 1, Engine 29, is designated as Acting Chief of Battalion, to take effect at 8 A. M., Aug. 31.

Special leaves of absence, without pay—Fireman (first grade) J. Schultz, Engine 13, 12 hours, from 8 A. M., Sept. 2; Assistant Foreman A. Degnan H. and L. 3, 12 hours, from 8 A. M., Sept. 2; Engineer of Steamer J. B. Fish, Engine 25, 12 hours, from 8 A. M., Sept. 4; Fireman (second grade) H. N. Smith, H. and L. 3, 10 days, from 8 A. M., Sept. 3; Engineer of Steamer F. Sherman, Engine 31, 48 hours, from 8 A. M., Aug. 31.

General Orders 47.

General Orders No. 6, Paragraphs I. and III., dated Feb. 3, 1910, is hereby corrected as to assignments for stations 3-497, 3-520, 15-931, 15-932, 15-934, 15-941, 15-943, 15-945, 15-953, 15-960, 15-986, 15-987, and 15-989. New cards for these stations have been issued; on receipt, commanding officers will substitute them for the old cards, which will be returned with the number of the division, battalion, or company marked on the face of the cards returned. (Old cards will be marked in pencil and promptly returned in the same envelope in which the new cards are delivered.)

Above assignments to take effect at 8 A. M., Aug. 31, 1912.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

PIERSONS, ANNIE JUDSON, (died May 12;) left realty of unestimated value and more than $500 personalty; legacies of unestimated value to Anna F. Piersons, adopted daughter, and Henry F. Piersons, adopted son.

SICHER, HENRY, (died Aug. 20;) left $3,000 personalty; legacies of unestimated value to Mauriel Peyser, daughter, and Isaac Sicher, son; Thelma Peyser and Ruth and Gladys Sicher, granddaughters, $166.66 each; to Caroline Meyer, $25.

TURLEY, ROBERT J., (died Aug. 8;) left more than $10,000 realty and $1,200 personalty; to Mary Turley, wife, income of half the residue; Mary Anne Jaffrey, daughter, same; the Rev. Father William Livingston, $1,000.

VON SOOSTEN, PAULINE HENRIETTE, (died Aug. 24;) left $75,000 personalty to Margaret Von Soosten of 676 Riverside Drive, daughter.

WIDFERT, HEINRICH, (died April 19;) left $2,000 personalty; Julius Widfert, son, $150; Harry Widfert, son, $100; Betty and Augusta Widfert, daughters, $875 each.

WINTHROP, MARY E., (died Aug. 14;) left more than $5,000 personalty; to Julia Prall, picture, value $15; Alice Pettit, $150; Benjamin Latz, friend, $1,000; George Perrett, nephew, $10,000; Susan L. Clark and Helen S. Fletcher, nieces, residue, equally divided.

CHANGE OF NAME.

JOHN GEORGE BAUER of 111 Amsterdam Avenue to JOHN GEORGE MERTENS; is generally known by his mother's former name, Bauer, and wishes to be known as Mertens, his father's name. Supreme Court, Justice Amend.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has approved the following:

Certification of ten names from which to appoint three stenographers and typewriters, female, in the office of the Fire Commissioner, at $900 a year.

Letter from the Deputy Commissioner of Water, Gas and Electricity, saying that the department had taken over the Forest Park and Sixth Street Pumping Stations, and requesting that the temporary appointment of the persons mentioned therein be approved.

Request of the Commissioner of Parks, Manhattan and Richmond, that Thomas Driscoll receive a non-competitive examination for provisional employment as gardener.

Report of Mr. Ireland to the effect that the increase in salary given John J. Hanlon, clerk in the Bureau of Sewers, from $1,050 to $1,500 seems to be within the rules.

Report of Mr. Ireland to the effect that as Rollin C. Bastress stands No. 2 on the promotion list for Assistant Engineer, Grade E, his promotion to $2,400 a year in the Bureau of Buildings, Manhattan, may be approved.

Report of Mr. Fuld, Examiner, of his investigation of the statements made on their experience papers by the ten candidates whose names stand at the head of the list of architectural designer. He recommends that the Certification Clerk be instructed to notify him when the sixth name is certified for appointment. The list was promulgated, prior to investigation, by order of the President of the commission.

Request of James F. Ryan, appointed a first grade clerk in the Board of Water Supply, for permission to amend the statements relative to date of birth where same appeared incorrectly in his papers. Eligibility not affected.

Declination of appointment of Edward F. Janssen as attendant on account of illness.

Letter from Albert A. Lang declining appointment from the list of Inspector of iron and steel construction, and requesting that the certification of his name be withheld until Nov. 15.

Request of Harry C. Kates that his name be removed from the list of automobile engineman.

Request of the Fire Commissioner that the employment of the following-named persons be approved: George T. Lattimer, Benjamin Finkelstein, and William H. Grey, cable testers; Chester B. Starbird, Inspector, Bureau of Fire Alarm Telegraph.

Emergency appointment of John P. O'Kane as engineer in the Department of Public Charities.

Request of the Assistant Secretary of the Board of Estimate for authority to continue the services of Marie Eberhard as examiner in connection with the Courtois tests by the Committee on School Inquiry, for a further period of five days at $3 per day.

The commission has ordered the promulgation of the following list of eligibles for Assistant Dump Inspector: John Connolly, 88; John Boyle, 87; Oliver Love, 86.50; Edward E. Campbell, 86.25; Nicholas Gartland, 86; James A. O'Brien, 85.77; Robert C. Bagley, 85.27; Michael S. Nicholson, 85.07; Thomas L. Burns, 84.07; Richard E. J. Williams, 83.80; Richard F. Colleton, 83.80; George Bacon, 83.50; Philip L. McAndrews, 83.50; Joseph F. Sample, 83.47; Louis Mauro, 83.35; Charles Segen, 83.22, and Patrick J. O'Leary, 83.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—The promotion of Major W. L. Sampson, Fifteenth Infantry, to grade of Lieutenant Colonel is announced.

Capt. G. H. Shelton, infantry, assistant to Chief of Bureau of Insular Affairs, is attached to Twenty-ninth Infantry, with station at Fort Jay, New York.

Orders July 29, detailing Capt. A. T. Smith, Twelfth Infantry, for service in the Quartermaster's Department, Aug. 31, and assigning Capt. H. L. Kinnison, infantry, to Twelfth Infantry, revoked.

The following-named officers will proceed to Fort Riley, Kansas, to take field officers' course at mounted service school, to begin Oct. 10:

Majors E. S. Wright, First Cavalry; J. S. Winn, Second Cavalry; S. Rice, Third Cavalry; G. H. Preston, Fourth Cavalry; W. T. Littebrant, Ninth Cavalry; G. O. Cress, Tenth Cavalry; R. D. Walsh, Eleventh Cavalry; E. Anderson, Twelfth Cavalry; P. D. Lochride, Thirteenth Cavalry; R. A. Brown, Fourteenth Cavalry; Lieut. Col. S. D. Sturgis, Third Field Artillery.

Lieut. Col. W. H. Allaire, infantry, now attached to Fourth Infantry, is assigned to Twenty-eighth Infantry, and will join that regiment upon expiration of present leave of absence.

Col. W. L. Finley, Cavalry, now attached to the First Cavalry, is assigned to that regiment.

First Lieut. J. L. Siner, Medical Corps, relieved duty as member Board of Medical Officers to meet at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont, to conduct preliminary examination of applicants for appointment in the Medical Corps.

First Lieut. R. Sterrett, cavalry, recruiting officer, to Walter Reed General Hospital, District of Columbia, for observation and treatment.

The name of Capt. C. C. Farmer, Jr., Fourth Cavalry, placed on list of detached officers, and the name of Capt. C. Young, cavalry, removed therefrom.

Orders Aug. 2, directing Capt. C. Cordier, Twenty-sixth Infantry, to join proper station, amended to direct him to join proper station not later than Oct. 15.

Major G. D. Moore, Eighteenth Infantry, to Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, for duty army service schools.

The promotion of Lieut. Col. W. Walke, Coast Artillery Corps, to grade of Colonel, is announced. He will remain at present station.

Capt. F. S. Leisenring, Twentieth Infantry, relieved from assignment to that regiment Sept. 1, and attached to Fourth Infantry.

Capt. J. L. Dewitt, Quartermaster Corps, assigned to Twentieth Infantry, Sept. 1, and upon expiration of leave join that regiment.

Leaves—Col. H. P. McCain, Adjutant General, leave extended twenty days; Brig. Gen. E. J. McClernand, U. S. A., fifteen days; Capt. C. H. Patterson, Coast Artillery Corps, one month.

The Navy.

Commissioned—Assistant Paymasters: H. T. Sandlin, S. M. Mathes, J. G. Venter, E. H. Barber, W. E. Moorman, A. H. Eddins, O. W. Leidel, and D. P. Heath.

Lieut. G. F. Neal detached the North Carolina; home and wait orders.

Ensign R. G. Payne, resignation accepted.

Passed Assistant Surgeon F. E. Porter, orders Aug. 22 revoked; detached Naval Hospital, Portsmouth, N. H., to treatment Naval Hospital, Boston.

Ensign R. S. Robertson, detached the Cincinnati; to Mohican.

Ensign R. H. Morrison, detached the Rainbow; to the Mohican.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Massachusetts, Barney and Biddle at Annapolis; Rocket at Norfolk; Sterling at Newport News; Jouett at Newport; Vicksburg at Guaymas, Mexico; California at Delaware City; Maryland at Honolulu; Jenkins at Boston.

Sailed—Nero from St. Paul's, Pribilof Islands, for Unalga, Alaska; Bagley from Norfolk for Annapolis; Jenkins from Newport for Boston; California from Corinto to Panama; Worden from Navy Yard, New York, to sea for certain tests; Mayrant from Newport for Navy Yard, New York; Saratoga from Chefoo for Chingwantao.

The flag of the Commander in Chief, Pacific Fleet, has been temporarily transferred from the California to the Annapolis.

COURT CALENDARS.

STATE.

New York County.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division.—Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Amend, J.—Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fowler, S.—No day calendar.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Donnelly, J.—Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Delany, J.—Geissenhaimer v. Montgomery—J. M. Shellabargen. Draper v. Rosenberg—Charles Donohue.

SUPREME COURT—Amend, J.—New York Trust Co. v. Klein—John H. Rogan. Livermore v. Turner—Paul C. Wolff.

CITY COURT—McAvoy, J.—Kane v. Williamson—George W. Simpson.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Delany, J.—Osiah Ingber v. Reuben Tarnofsky—Reuben Tarnofsky.

SUPREME COURT—Amend, J.—George Radley v. Frederick R. Hasselman—John F. O'Reilly. Sigismond Levy v. Leopold Goldstein—Charles J. Briody. Joseph H. Schwartz v. Eva Feifer—Carl L. Lewenstein. Ebling Brew. Co. v. Alexander Dev. Co.—Walter Whewell. Charles A. Benkiser v. Charles W. Hillman—Harry H. Holbert.

Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Aspinall, J. Motions. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Aspinall, J. Ex parte business.

SURROGATE'S COURT—Ketcham, S. No day calendar.

"Three Times—in The Times"

SATURDAY is a day when the housewife and the business man review the week, measure up the efficiency of their employes, say good-bye to the helpers who are leaving, and look over THE TIMES for suggestions from the seeker after employment.

SUNDAY is the day without pressure, when employers from the home and the office have time and inclination to look over the Want columns carefully, and the suggestions created by your advertisement of Saturday become a fixed impression on Sunday.

MONDAY is the day of reminders. Repeat your advertisement for the benefit of the busy employer who needs the necessary help.

"Three Times—in The Times"

Call 1000 Bryant

The type used for "Wants" is called **agate**. By counting seven words to the line in small type, or four words if set in capitals, you may readily estimate what your advertisement will cost you by consulting the following table of

Advertising Rates.

CLASSIFICATION.	Per Agate Line.
Agents Wanted	$0.20
Boarders & Board Wanted	.20
Business Notices	.30
Business Opportunities	.30
Country Board	.25
Dogs, Birds, Poultry	.25
Employment Bureaus	.25
For Sale	.30
Help Wanted	.15
Horses and Carriages	.25
Lost, Found, Rewards	.30
Pianos and Organs	.30
Purchase and Exchange	.30
Rooms To Let or Wanted	.20
Situations Wanted	.15
Yachts, Vessels	.25

Lost

LOST—Between 21st St. and 5th Av. and 60th St., between 5th and Madison Avs., or 6th Av. elevated, a gold open-faced Patiske Phillipe watch with monogram M. C. S.; liberal reward. Vari Lace Mfg. Co., 149 5th Av., New York.

LOST—Between Ritz-Carlton Hotel and St. Patrick's Cathedral, pearl and diamond circular brooch; reward and no questions asked if returned to Room 38, 68 Broad St.

LOST—Gentleman's diamond ring, on Broadway-10th Av. car, between 99th and 72d Sts., at about 7:15 P. M. Aug. 28; generous reward. C. Mayo, 149 Broadway, New York.

LOST.—Broadway or Amsterdam Av. car, 42d St. to 156th St., Masonic charm. Return 570 West 156th St., Apartment 26. Reward.

LOST—Set of mink furs on Broadway car, between 27th and Bond Sts.; reward. Kopple & Frankfurt, 725 Broadway.

LOST.—Black bill fold purse, $7, papers; kindly return; reward; no questions. Selmore, 428 Broadway.

LOST—On 6th Av. car or 6th Av., near 51st St., scarfpin. Bernard Manger, 209 West 38th St.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

LOST—From 70 West 52d, brindle bulldog, without collar; answers to name of Mike; reward.

Found

FOUND, Aug. 30.—POLICE DEPARTMENT. Apply 240 Centre St., Manhattan: One leather purse containing thimbles, picture on button, papers, and a small amount of money; one pair of eyeglasses, one string of beads, three keys, one card case and quantity of pawn tickets.

FOUND, Aug. 29.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply Lost Property Bureau, 9 Morris St.: 2D AVENUE ELEVATED—Umbrella, ring, book, overalls, hat, coat, lunchbox, cigarettes. 3D AVENUE ELEVATED—Four umbrellas, candy, eyeglasses, watch, purse, drawings, envelope, gloves, cases, handkerchiefs, hat, shawl, shirt, tablecloth, beans, ash receiver. 6TH AVENUE ELEVATED—Fifteen umbrellas, eyeglasses, cigars, purse, book, folder, mail, sweater, lithographs, flannel, veil, wire, marble. 9TH AVENUE ELEVATED—Umbrella, case, book, papers, shopping. SUBWAY—Handbag, purse, patches, eyeglasses, cigars, blueprint, music, book, hats, gloves, shoes, keys, apron, clock, pipe, lace.

FOUND, Aug. 29.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO. Hudson Tubes. Apply Concourse, 30 Church St.: Parasol, cane, cigarettes, hot-water bag, package, three umbrellas.

FOUND, Aug. 29.—NEW YORK CENTRAL and N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Five umbrellas, two packages, parasol, lady's coat, raincoat, box.

FOUND, Aug. 29.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Long Island City: Two coats, one package.

FOUND, Aug. 29.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Sweater, three packages, six umbrellas.

FOUND, Aug. 29.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City: Two packages.

FOUND, Aug. 29.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City: Four umbrellas, raincoat, rubbers, book, keys, eyeglasses, satchel, package, two umbrellas, book, hat.

FOUND, Aug. 29.—NEW PENNSYLVANIA DEPOT. Apply Parcel Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.: Umbrella, hatpin, tobacco, correspondence, pajamas.

Business Opportunities

Wanted, $5,000 or more additional capital, machine business; with or without services; annual business $84,000; we are in infancy; a safe investment and legitimate business; bank and other references; investigation invited. X 266 Times Downtown.

A successful manufacturing mail order firm will give a third interest to active man with $10,000 capital; salesmanship or correspondence; ability essential. R 66 Times.

Elegant opportunity; dry goods and general furnishing business; nineteen-year established trade; owner retiring. T. Gross, 802 Neptune Av., Coney Island.

Person with small amount to invest can obtain interest in good proposition. State whether services can be given. X 169 Times.

Country Board

Long Island.

Few boarders for September; nice country; good table; $6. Box 35, East Williston, L. I.

New York State.

ELLISWOOD, Highland.—Board, fruit farm. Arrange White, 309 West 46th, New York. Telephone 34 Bryant.

New Jersey.

MURRAY HILL, NEW JERSEY, adjoining Summit, Murray Hill Park Club; private offers accommodations to limited number refined people; attractive rooms, large or small; private bath; wholesome food; 550 feet above sea level; clear tonic air; 45 minutes from city; 10 minutes' walk to D., L. & W. station; automobile service to station free; telephone; electric lights; pure water. W. Howard Mears, Murray Hill, New Jersey.

Daytona.—Board in refined Christian family; good table; special Sept. terms. 406 3d Av., Asbury Park, N. J.

New England.

Boxwood Manor, Lynn, Conn.—Beautiful old Colonial mansion; wide verandas; large rooms; modern improvements; extensive grounds; fresh vegetables, milk, and eggs; reduced rates. Booklet.

Boarders Wanted

East Side.

11TH ST., 29 EAST.—Desirable rooms; running water; excellent table; references; telephone.

15TH ST., 210 EAST (Stuyvesant Park.)—Single, double rooms; home cooking; table guests; telephone; references.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, Gramercy Park.—Rooms, large, small, suite, private baths; excellent table; reference.

54TH ST., 13-15 EAST.—Boarding for fastidious people; unexcelled residentially; centrally located; Summer rates; cuisine, service the best; references. 7257 Plaza.

63D ST., 23 EAST, (corner Madison Av.)—Second-floor suite, other rooms; fine table.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Fine suites or separate rooms; elevator; excellent table; prices reasonable.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Rooms with private bath; small rooms with board. Tel. 1978 Gramercy.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,343, (89th.)—Desirable room; one, two; refined, homelike surroundings; substantial table; references.

LEXINGTON AV., 827.—Large, attractive room; every convenience; superior table; practically private family; references.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Well-furnished front parlor; other rooms; table first-class; refined surroundings.

13TH ST., 133 WEST.—Elegant large front parlor, suitable two; permanent hot water supply; radiator; superior board; phone; reasonable; references; refined surroundings.

16TH ST., 20, 22, AND 33 WEST.—Large and small rooms; well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

39TH, 49 WEST.—Heart retail shopping district; walking distance theatres; high-class home cooking; Summer rates; Southerners catered to; table board.

44TH ST., 260 WEST.—Alliance House, "Quiet Place for Quiet People"; single rooms, including board, $10 per week; use of bath; suites, consisting of parlor, sleeping apartments, private bathroom, $30 up per week, including board for two; other double rooms; steam heat throughout; elevator service. 'Phone 793 Bryant.

46TH, 309 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with good board, in quiet house; reasonable.

48TH, 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms, private baths. House, table strictly first class, references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Large and small rooms; first-class; references.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; superior table board; transients; references required.

57TH, 351 WEST.—Newly furnished large, small rooms; private bath; good board; Subway; telephone.

64TH ST., 132 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private bath; table board; telephone; centrally located.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, suitable for one or two; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 67 WEST.—Nicely furnished large and small rooms, near elevated, Subway; table boarders.

69TH, 103 WEST.—Large and small comfortable, airy rooms; private bath; board optional.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Parlor room; private bath; third floor; bath adjoining; room telephone; references.

70TH ST., 132 WEST.—Large room with bath; also single room; private family; references.

269 WEST 70TH ST.
Attractive rooms; 'phone; Subway; board optional.

130 WEST 71ST ST.
DESIRABLE ROOMS; EXCELLENT TABLE.

73D ST., 142 WEST.—ATTRACTIVE HOME; HANDSOME SUITE; OTHER LARGE ROOMS; BOARD OPTIONAL.

73D ST., 171 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large, single rooms; excellent French cuisine; table board.

73D, 102 WEST, The Spratley.—Newly decorated large and small rooms; fine meals; table guests.

175 WEST 73D ST.
Pleasnt rooms; telephone; Subway, "L"; excellent board.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Aattractive rooms; excellent table; Summer rates; table guests; telephone 1366—Columbus.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—17th year; Summer rates; rooms, baths; table; references.

76TH ST., 129 WEST.—Desirable rooms; southern exposure; parlor dining; superior cooking; table guests; reasonable.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Large, well-furnished front room; smaller room; excellent table; table guests.

76TH, 105 WEST.—Large rooms, singly and en suite; parlor dining; table guests; home cooking a specialty.

76TH ST., 248 WEST.—Finest table; every room with bath; exclusive house for particular people.

76TH ST., 238 WEST.—Desirable single rooms; good table; steam heat; unlimited hot water; references.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Large and small rooms, single or en suite references.

77TH ST., 104 WEST.—Large room; private bath; southern exposure; also medium rooms; telephone; references.

79TH ST., 162 WEST.—Attractive rooms; business people; convenient Subway, "L"; southern cooking; references; telephone.

79TH, 121 WEST.—Rooms with board; high grade.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Exceptionally fine rooms; electricity, telephone; home environment; generous table; references.

80TH ST., 140 WEST.—Private residence; suite 3 rooms; single rooms; conveniences; cuisine excellent; references.

82D ST., 54 WEST.—Newly decorated rooms; private baths; excellent board; reference. Telephone 9279 Schuyler.

82D, 117 WEST.—Large, sunny front rooms; moderate terms; southern exposure; table guests; telephone.

50-52 WEST 82D.
BEAUTIFUL HOUSES. SCHUYLER 8397.

83D ST., 11 WEST.—Cool large, small rooms overlooking Park; Summer rates. Telephone 5326 Schuyler.

84TH ST., 18 WEST.—Large, small rooms; excellent table; table boarders accommodated. Telephone 5499 Schuyler.

84TH ST., 53 WEST.—High-class Jewish home; private baths; excellent table; reference exchanged.

85TH, 122 WEST.—Elegant room, private bath; also medium rooms; homelike; German cooking; gentlemen preferred.

86TH ST., 137 WEST.—Can accommodate one or two gentlemen in exclusive, refined Jewish home; easy access Subway, elevated, surface lines; reference.

89TH ST., 276 WEST.—Light rooms; electricity; steam heat; table guests; Southern cooking; near Drive.

90TH ST., 13 WEST.—Refined Jewish home; large, small rooms; excellent table; references. Riverside 3569.

91ST, 48 WEST.—Elegant large, small rooms; private baths; parlor dining; refined home; moderate.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant room, handsomely furnished; every convenience; southern exposure; telephone; superior board.

93D, 117 WEST.—Large, medium, small, desirable rooms; southern exposure; telephone; excellent table; reference.

93D ST., 132 WEST.—Desirable rooms; private bath; excellent cusine; table guests; all conveniences; reference.

93D ST., 21 WEST. — Handsomely furnished rooms, near Park, elevated; table board; French cuisine.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable large room; conveniences; also single room; good board; references.

93D ST., 21 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms near Park, "L"; French cuisine, table board.

94TH ST., 36 WEST.—Desirable rooms for adults appreciating home comforts; excellent board; Jewish family.

94TH ST., 14 WEST.—Double rooms, all conveniences; parlor dining; references. Telephone 3371 Riverside.

94TH ST., 16 WEST.—Large and small rooms. Telephone 7442 Riverside; reference.

96TH ST., 64 WEST.—Handsome floor, bath; table boarders; near Central Park, Subway, elevated; references.

96TH ST., 54 WEST, near Central Park.—Airy, large and small rooms; superior cooking; reasonable.

96TH ST., 61 WEST.—Rooms with board; reasonable rates.

102D ST., 243 WEST, Near Riverside.—Elegant, large rooms; baths; liberal table; parlor dining room; Subway 103d; reasonable; refined parties; telephone; references.

102D ST., 243 WEST, (Broadway and Riverside.)—Large, medium rooms, with, without private bath; liberal table, parlor dining; Subway 103d; telephone; references.

103D, 252 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms; couple, gentlemen; select house, neighborhood; excellent table; Subway.

103D, 879 WEST END AV, (near Subway.)—Attractive corner room; lavatory; excellent cuisine; gentlemen.

104TH, 61 WEST.—Established 17 years; private-bath suites; others; superior table; transients; references.

105TH ST., 309 WEST.—Beautifully equipped new private dwelling, overlooking Hudson; absolutely perfect for comfort and convenience; good home table; moderate.

112TH ST., 315 WEST.—Private house; large airy rooms; bath; excellent table; refined surroundings; gentlemen or married couples; Jewish family; references exchanged.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

625 WEST 113TH ST.
Adjoining Riverside Drive; large, front rooms; southern exposure; lavatory; unusual table. Telephone Morningside 8136.

118TH ST., 400 WEST.—Sunny corner rooms, single, double, Morningside Heights, overlooking city; glorious view; every convenience; celebrated restaurant; moderate; references.

121ST ST., 509 WEST, Bancroft Apartments, Opposite Columbia University.—Light, airy, newly furnished rooms; shower baths adjoining; with choice board in beautiful restaurant; elegant, modern, fireproof building; elevators, reception room, roof garden. See Mr. Yetman.

122D ST., 156 WEST.—Newly decorated, well-furnished rooms; excellent table; reference; table guests; telephone.

123D ST., 519 WEST, Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside.—Single rooms; suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

130TH ST., 250 WEST.—Large parlor, medium-sized room, also hall room, with board; references.

137TH ST., 243-245 WEST.—Newly, elegantly furnished rooms; modern; excellent board. Call at 243.

140TH ST., 455 WEST.—Delightful Summer location; roof garden; large rooms; electricity; homelike; table guests.

145TH, 613 WEST.—Large, airy room, overlooking Hudson; running water; good board; reference; telephone.

149TH ST., 540 TO 548 WEST, near B'way and beautiful Riverside. The Audubon. Only few more vacancies left.
Large, bright, pleasant rooms. Private 'phone, electricity. Bath adjoining. $10 up for one. $15 up for two, which includes first-class board. Every comfort; a place like home.
Tel. 2757 Audubon. Vondrann, Proprietor.

A.—A.— THE EVELYN LODGE.
Ocean traffic passing windows; exclusive residence; charming rooms; every luxurious convenience; superb dining room; excellent chef and service; 20 minutes Broadway or seashore; near ferry; rates moderate. 71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I. 'Phone 379 Tompkins.

A.—A.—WHEELOCH MANSION;
158th St. and Hudson River; Subway two blocks; very large room, four windows; hot, cold water, showers; smaller room; vegetables, hennery; seven acres shady grounds. Telephone 943 Audubon.

MANHATTAN AV., 131, (105th.)—Excellent home board; well-kept private house; large, small rooms. Telephone.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 855, Woodbury.—Overlooking Hudson; shady grounds; two blocks north 157th Subway. 4412 Audubon.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549.—Superior accommodations; room, with exceptional board, $12. Payne. Telephone 4960 Morningside.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 103.—Elegantly furnished room, private bath; with meals, $16 per week.

WEST END AV., 524.—Convenient 86th St. Subway; beautiful floors of three rooms, with private bath; parlor floor, with board; references.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5, (Heights.)—River view; Subway; five minutes Wall St., fifteen Herald Square; corner trolley Broadway; high-class board; apartments, furnished, unfurnished; upper rooms; moderate. 905 Main.

PIERREPONT ST., 76.—Large rooms; private bath; excellent table. Phone 1159W Main.

Board Wanted

GENTLEMAN DESIRES ROOM AND BOARD WITH CULTURED FRENCH FAMILY. ADDRESS X 254 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Furnished Rooms

East Side.

17TH, 323 EAST, (opposite Stuyvesant Park.)—Newly furnished and decorated, handsome rooms; quiet neighborhood.

17TH ST., 130 EAST.—Pleasant, well-furnished rooms, large and small; quiet house; reasonable.

21ST, 139 EAST, Gramercy Park.—Furnished rooms without board; all conveniences; privilege of park.

27TH ST., 122 EAST.—Large room; adjoining smaller; parlor floor; suitable dentist, doctor; other rooms.

29TH ST., 40 EAST, (Between Madison and 4th Avs.)—Large and small rooms; Summer prices.

29TH ST., 147 EAST.—Several bright, newly furnished rooms with private family.

34TH ST., 56 EAST.—Large and small comfortably furnished, clean rooms; bath; reasonable; also studio.

44TH ST., 136 EAST.—Large, attractive room; all conveniences; private house.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Handsome suite, square room, bath adjoining; single room; breakfast optional; references.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Attractive rooms, double, single; baths, running water; gentlemen; references.

58TH ST., 58 EAST.—Room, connecting bath; in private house; for gentlemen; references.

59TH ST., 129 EAST.—Fine square room; second floor; all new; respectable; gentlemen exclusively. Stevens.

60TH ST., 143 EAST.—Furnished or unfurnished large room, with closet and running water, in well kept private house; reference.

76TH ST., 37 EAST.—Attractive, furnished room; large, airy; every convenience; private house; references.

76TH ST., 32 EAST.—Attractive rooms, separately or en suite; ideal location; board optional.

126TH ST., 36 EAST.—Large light room with running water; all conveniences; private house.

LEXINGTON AV., 586, (52d.)—Homelike rooms; also back parlor, bath; breakfast; telephone; references; select.

MADISON AV., 87, (29th.)—Very desirable parlor floor; bachelor, doctor; all conveniences; reasonable; other rooms.

MADISON AV., 249.—Attractive rooms; single, double; breakfast optional.

West Side.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; charming suite and single for bachelors; electricity; telephone; references.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Very large, beautifully furnished rooms; private baths; telephone; smaller rooms.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.
Large, well-furnished rooms for refined persons.

12TH ST., 61 WEST.—Large elegantly furnished rooms; single, en suite; private baths; smaller rooms.

16TH ST., 18 WEST.—Large, comfortable rooms; private baths; also smaller rooms; moderate terms.

20TH ST., 428 WEST.—Comfortably furnished rooms; steam heat, hot water; telephone; opposite seminary campus.

21ST ST., 354 WEST.—Exclusive quiet house; furnished rooms for gentlemen.

22D ST., 426 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room and dressing room; running water; telephone; private; reasonable.

31ST ST., 336 WEST.—Newly furnished connecting, airy rooms, bath; running water; $4.50. Pennsylvania Terminal.

38TH ST., 51 WEST.—Double and medium; $4 up; kitchenette; continous hot water; piano; telephone.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—New management; rooms, large, single, suites; private baths; references. Bryant 4589.

47TH ST., 41 WEST.—Elegant rooms, large and small; breakfast if desired. Telephone 3558 Bryant.

48TH ST., 107 WEST.—Large room, running water; gentleman, married couple; strictly first-class house.

49TH ST., 235 WEST.—Rooms, with private bath; single room; running water; all conveniences; telephone.

50TH, 70 WEST.—Two rooms, private bath, $8; telephone.

52D ST., 234 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; all conveniences; also basement business purposes. Phone Col. 6504.

52D, 200 WEST.—Well furnished front room; running water, hot, cold; references; $5. Hoyt.

55TH ST., 364 WEST.—Private house, central location; desirable rooms, $2.50, $4.50; telephone; inspection invited.

56TH, 242 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private bath; telephone; board optional; home cooking.

58TH, 346 WEST.—Furnished large, small rooms; plenty hot water; clean house; Subway, elevated.

66TH ST., 126 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, single, double, $4 upward; gentlemen; private family; conveniences; running water, bath. Telephone 2689 Columbus.

68TH ST., 33 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

69TH ST., 145, near Broadway.—Attractive rooms in first class apartment. Tel. 6314 Col. Manning.

69TH, 129 WEST.—Modern house; parlor floor, suitable doctor; other rooms; phone; references.

70TH, 103 WEST.—Light, handsomely furnished rooms; private bath; running water; reasonable; board optional.

70TH ST., 307 WEST.—Attractive light rooms; private house; near Subway; running water; phone; references.

70TH ST., 130 WEST.—Dentist's or doctor's office; parlor floor; sunny; electricity installed; board optional.

70TH, 128 WEST.—Two desirable rooms; hot and cold water; adjoining bath; references exchanged.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive room, private bath, steam heat; private house; gentleman only.

70TH ST., 267 WEST.—Desirable attractive rooms; absolutely clean; running water; electricity; telephone; board optional.

71ST, 351 WEST.—Homelike bachelor apartments; private bath, shower; single rooms, $5 up; telephone.

120 WEST 71ST ST.
Two rooms, parlor floor; doctor or gentlemen.

73D ST., 142 WEST.—ATTRACTIVE HOME; HANDSOME SUITE, AND OTHER LARGE ROOMS; BOARD OPTIONAL.

73D ST., 177 WEST.—Two desirable front rooms; all conveniences; private family; breakfast; references; telephone.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Attractive double, single rooms; private bath; breakfast; telephone; moderate; references.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms in refined neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 119 WEST.—Handsome rooms for gentlemen, en suite or single; also back parlor.

76TH ST., 148 WEST.—Large, desirable, well-furnished rooms, near bath; electric light; telephone.

78TH ST., 142 WEST.—Physician's office; back parlor, use front parlor reception room; references.

76TH ST., 57 WEST.—Large, desirable room; all modern conveniences. Phone 8124 Schuyler.

77TH ST., 301 WEST, (corner West End Av.)—Large and small rooms can be had by those desiring refined home surroundings; modern house, electric lights, bath, and telephone; preferably gentlemen; references.

77TH, 109 WEST.—Elegant room and bath; two gentlemen or couple; also smaller room; first-class private house; accessible; telephone; moderate.

77TH ST., 64 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; single, connecting; modern every respect; telephone Dutton.

77TH, 160 WEST.—Handsomely furnished front room; twin beds; suitable two gentlemen; single rooms.

78TH ST., 142 WEST.—Exceptionally large second floor room front, attractively furnished; dressing room attached; references.

78TH ST., 132 WEST.—Handsomely furnished second floor; single, en suite; private bath; twin beds.

78TH, 114 WEST.—Very attractive, newly decorated, southern exposed rooms; gentlemen preferred; reasonable; references.

78TH ST., 136 WEST.—Nice, newly furnished rooms, large, small; rates moderate; convenient all cars.

79TH ST., 169 WEST.—Large, airy room, adjoining bath; private house; references.

80TH, 122 WEST.—Bachelors' choice rooms; select private house; quiet surroundings; modern conveniences; references.

80TH ST., 110 WEST.—Large and small rooms, adjoining bath; private house; moderate rates; telephone.

80TH, 136 WEST.—Parlor floor, suitable for doctor's office; private residence; convenience; "L," Subway.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive newly furnished rooms; hot and cold running water; private residence.

81ST ST., 135 WEST.—Large room, southern exposure, adjoining bath; private house; convenience; "L," Subway.

81ST ST., 133 WEST.—Floor through, adjoining bath; suite or singly; gentlemen; phone; references.

82D ST., 114 WEST.—Doctor's office; large, nicely furnished; use of reception room; private house; very select; modern conveniences; good service; references.

115 WEST 82D ST.
PARLOR FLOOR; DOCTOR, DENTIST.
Other rooms, newly furnished and decorated; telephone

82D ST., 8 WEST.—Select bachelor apartment, single or ensuite; exquisitely kept; private home; table optional; near Central Park.

82D, 110 WEST.—Beautiful parlor floor; also large and small rooms; private bath; select; good service; telephone; meals optional.

82D ST., 43 WEST.—Rooms, connecting baths, for permanent guests seeking homelike surroundings; references; 'phone.

82D, 146 WEST.—Large single, clean, desirable room; running water; private family; Schuyler 8706. Haskins.

82D ST., 56 WEST.—Large and small well-furnished rooms; electric light; all conveniences.

82D, 130 WEST.—Desirable, large, medium rooms, dressing room, for one or two; references.

82D, 111 WEST.—Attractive parlor and dressing room; also small room; one flight. Clarke.

82D, 128 WEST.—Airy room, bath; steam heat, parquet floors, electric light, hot water.

83D ST., 71 WEST.—Large, airy rooms; home atmosphere; 'phone; board optional. Apt. 2.

84TH ST., 111 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive front room, single room; running water, bath; moderate. Anderson.

84TH ST., 29 WEST.—Two bright, attractive rooms; refined private family; telephone. Apartment 4.

85TH ST., 140 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large and small rooms; private bath; southern exposure; "L," Subway; private house.

85TH ST., 112 WEST.—Couple occupying handsome residence will rent one large room; bath; gentlemen.

86TH ST., (537 West End Av.)—Newly appointed; private bath; single or en suite.

87TH, 319 WEST.—Handsome large and a small room, newly furnished; private family; references.

92D ST., 77 WEST.—Front room with alcove suitable for two gentlemen, also single bedroom; piano, telephone; breakfast optional; all conveninces. Lorenz.

93D ST., 137 WEST.—Family offers large front room, running water, adjoining bath, also medium-sized room; "L," Subway; telephone; private house; references.

93D ST., 309 WEST, (Apartment 12.)—Cozy inside room; telephone; elevator; electricity; homelike; references.

93D, 27 WEST.—Attractively furnished, large light room; running water; closet; telephone; convenient L.

93D ST., 69 WEST.—Handsome parlor suite, suitable doctor, two gentlemen; separate entrance. Gluven.

93D ST., 46 WEST.—Attractive parlor suite; bath; all conveniences; telephone; "L." Sutton.

93D ST., 45 WEST.—Clean, cozy, small and medium rooms; running water; $3, $4; "L."

93D, 10 WEST.—Ideal rooms, newly decorated; single or en suite; near L. Brien.

94TH ST., 76 WEST.—Comfortable outside rooms; homelike; wardrobes, tiled bath; modern apartment; suitable one, two; convenient "L," Subway. 1239 Riverside. Harris.

97TH, 145 WEST.—Private family; large, handsomely furnished front room, bath; convenient Subway express.

97TH, 256 WEST.—Private Jewish family; room suitable two; elevator apartment. Grossman

97TH, 256 WEST.—Private Jewish family; room suitable two; elevator apartment. Grossman.

97TH ST., 143 WEST.
Cool, comfortable rooms; reasonable.

143 WEST 97TH ST.
Good rooms; all comforts of home; golf.

98TH ST., 243 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room; running water; exceptionally fine bed; plenty closets. Apartment 3B.

101ST ST., 16 WEST.—Comfortable room; modern conveniences; near elevated; private family; $4; references. Sanders.

102D, 303 WEST, (West End Av.)—Large, comfortable rooms; gentlemen or married couples; references.

103D, 122 WEST.—Very choice room, with bath, $3.50; one larger, $4. Apartment 1.

104TH, 247 WEST.—Room, running water; block Subway; two doors west Broadway; references. Walker.

104TH ST., 247 WEST.—Unusually large living room; southern exposure; 2, 4 sleeping rooms. Marter.

105TH ST., 80 WEST.—Large front rooms; running water; telephone; private house; "L," Subway.

107TH ST., 266 WEST.—Beautiful, large rooms; running water, bath, phone; near Subway, elevated; private house; first-class table board if desired.

107TH ST., 230 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms in high-class elevator apartment; gentlemen. Gurnee

112TH ST., 505 WEST.—Parlor suite; desirable location; private entrance; bath, telephone; very reasonable. Wilford.

113TH ST., 523 WEST.—Exceptionally nice furnished rooms, large, small; private house; baths, electricity; reasonable.

113TH ST., 266 WEST.—Large, light room, dressing room; every convenience; telephone, electricity; private family.

113TH ST., 541 W., (Apartment 2.)—Attractive rooms, private family; private entrance; gentlemen; sunny.

113TH ST., 502 WEST.—Clean outside room, elevator; private family; references; $4.00. Apartment 63.

114TH ST., 606 WEST, (near Riverside.)—Large room, suitable for two, modern conveniences, near Subway.

118TH ST., 421 WEST, (Apartment 41.)—Private family; two light single rooms; $4-$3.50; gentlemen.

430 WEST 118TH ST.
Large, small rooms; elevator; mail chute. Robinson.

419 WEST 118TH ST.
ATTRACTIVE ROOMS. APARTMENT 52.

418 WEST 118TH ST.
Nice front rooms; elevator; moderate. Apt. 64.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

119TH ST., 420 WEST.—Desirable sunny kitchenette room, bath, first-class elevator apartment; Subway. Apply 1-3, 8-9 P. M., Apartment 39.

519 WEST 121ST. QUINN.
Opposite Columbia; large, small rooms; telephone, elevator.

122D ST., 540 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive, cool rooms; elevator; home atmosphere; kitchen; corner apartment, (21.)

122D, 511 WEST.—Modern front rooms; steam, electricity, telephone, elevator; reasonable; board optional. Miller.

122D ST., 416 WEST.—Elegant room overlooking Park; reasonable; private family. Apartment 31.

123D ST., (3,100 Broadway.)—Charming suite of front rooms; elevator; board if desired. Apartment 11.

123D ST., 547 WEST, (Broadway.)—Double, single rooms; $3 up; dining room; elevator. Rose.

510 WEST 124TH—POWELL.
DESIRABLE ROOMS; ELEVATOR; REFERENCES.

139TH, 601 WEST.—Near station; front rooms; southern exposure; electricity; elevator; reasonable. Apartment 31.

145TH ST., 518 WEST.—Connecting outside rooms; lavatory; private family; half block Broadway Subway. Wade.

146TH ST., 600 WEST.—Large, comfortable room; running water; Hudson view; Subway. Apartment 62.

AMSTERDAM AV., 706 (near 96th Subway.)—Bright parlor and bedroom; use kitchen; suitable two or three business women or couple. Janitor.

BEAUTIFUL SOUTHERN OUTLOOK.
An exceptionally desirable and scrupulously clean room for a discriminating gentleman. Garnan, 2,643 Broadway.

BROADWAY, 2,708 (103d.)—Two outside southerly rooms, together or separate; 'phone 4011J Riverside. Cleaver.

BROADWAY, 2,465.—91st St. Subway; three large outside rooms, bath; electricity; suitable two; reasonable. Hunt.

CARLTON AV., 251.—Private, select home; some furnished rooms; conveniences; 10 minutes Subway; references.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 426, (near 103d St.)—Nicely furnished parlor or bedroom; all conveniences; reasonable; lady or married couple. 'Phone 3794 Riverside.

CONVENT AV., 425, (148th.) Washington Heights.—Large, small room, private residence; gentlemen; owner.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 736, (151st St.)—Beautiful large front room, exquisitely kept, elegantly furnished; strictly private family; telephone, steam, electricity. Apartment A1.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 600, (corner 137th.)—Ideal accommodations; overlooking Hudson; two-room suite; private bath; single rooms; running water; hotel service. Pierson.

THREE rooms, singly or en suite; furnished, unfurnished; all modern conveniences. Telephone Columbus 5012.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 103.—Elegantly furnished room, with bath; $9 per week.

543 WEST END AVENUE.
86th St. Subway; single or double rooms; private bath; gentlemen; references.

Furnished Rooms
Wanted

PRIVATE FAMILY, by couple, outside room, two windows; kitchenette; fuurnished or unfurnished; reasonable; west side Morningside preferred. Box A, 2,957 Broadway.

A REFINED gentleman (single) wants an elegantly furnished outside room with private bath; centrally located; elevator apartment preferred; $30 monthly. R 79 Times.

Unfurnished Rooms

72D, 253 WEST.—Exceptionally large, light rooms, with private bath; excellent board near by.

Help Wanted, Female

BIG OPPORTUNITIES FOR THE RIGHT WOMEN.—Wanted women with good complexion and ability for selling goods; high salary; permanent position. Call, between 10-12, Aubry Sisters, 200 West 23d St.

GIRL, neat and intelligent, for doctor's office. Apply before 11 A. M., 62 West 96th St.

LADIES who can sew to do light home work; good pay. Call Martine, 249 West 36th.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter, experienced; must be able to transcribe correctly, neatly, and quickly; opportunity for advancement; salary to begin, $8 per week. Call Saturday after 2 o'clock. Munter Co., 507 5th Av.

SYDENHAM HOSPITAL SCHOOL FOR Nurses, 343 East 116th St., New York City.—General course of training for young women of education in the maternity, surgical, medical, and dispensary departments of the hospital; age limit, 20 to 35 years. Apply by letter or in person, Superintendent of Nurses.

WANTED—Several salesladies with some experience for a temporary position with an importing firm. Maginnis & Thomas, 16 West 32d St.

WANTED—Girl, general housework, minister's family, (3.) Apply 2,626 Broadway.

Help Wanted, Male

A THOROUGHLY equipped man wanted for the advertising field; one who can conduct correspondence, write good letters and advertisements and has had experience on newspaper or magazine; man with executive capacity and college education desired; must be under 35 years of age. Box R 64 Times.

BOY.—Bright, neat, school graduate, for office; age 16. Call Metropolitan Service Agency, 154 Nassau St.

BUILDING SUPERINTENDENT wanted; must be thoroughly experienced. Apply R 78 Times.

PROMINENT UMBRELLA HOUSE wishes salesman for New York City and vicinity; only experienced salesman with established trade need apply. Y 1 Times.

SALESMEN over 25, interview business men; earn large commission, advertise corporation; personal instructions given; references required. Call W. Fricke, 277 Broadway.

SALESMAN for South to take good line of kimonas as side line on commission; must give guarantee. Manhattan Garment Co., 85 Washington St., city.

SALESMAN.—Experienced Southern salesman wanted for dress line; high references requested. R 90 Times.

SALESMEN for all territories on popular line of serge dresses. Apply Empire Mfg. Co., 94 Greene St.

TWO first-class automobile salesmen with good prospects; we have positions open, but must have men who have experience in New York and exceptional ability; don't reply unless you have had productive record in New York City; good salary (no drawing account) and commission. R 32 Times.

WANTED—A teacher of French in high school classes of institutional school at Pleasantville, N. Y.; single man; bring references. Apply in person to Annex of Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society, 507 West 155th St., Sunday morning, between 10 and 12 o'clock.

WANTED—By a large manufacturing house, clerk in order and sales department, not under 25 years of age; accuracy essential; good pay to right man; state previous experience. Write Stone, 200 East 23d St.

WANTED—Pastor's secretary; expert stenographer, man or woman, educationally qualified. Apply mornings or address 131 West 104th St.

YOUNG MAN wanted not less than 20 years of age; must be a rapid and good writer; salary, $30 per month. Address H. K., P. O. Box 1,548, New York City.

Agents Wanted

SALESMEN WANTED—Must be live wires, with initiative to handle the best selling Brooklyn one-family house proposition on the market, including life insurance; we make the terms to suit the purchaser; straight commission only; no drawing account; small daily expenses allowed; leads furnished; live wires only need apply. Special Manager, Room 67, 60 Liberty St., New York.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished

162d St., 550 West.—Three-story dwelling; 10 rooms and 2 baths. W. D. Morgan, 3,575 Broadway, (147th St.)

Brooklyn.

For rent, lower part two-family house, 798 Elmore Place, Flatbush, Brooklyn; owner lives in upper part. Rev. L. A. Harvey. 'Phone 2661J Flatbush.

Country Houses to Let, Furnished

Furnished country house, Bronxville, 23 minutes Grand Central Station; 16 rooms, 3 baths, billiard room; garage or stable; hot-water heat and all modern conveniences; one acre of ground; for rent for one to three years; $2,000. Phone Mrs. Palmer, 1600—Audubon.

Pianos and Organs

A magnificent mahogany upright Schumann piano, almost new; great sacrifice. Owner, 133 East 93d St.

Player piano; standard make; 88 note; music; bench; sell as sacrifice. 318 West 42d St.

Purchase and Exchange

I pay the highest cash prices for Furniture, Bric-a-Brac, Paintings, Rugs, Pianos. Myers, 115 University Place. 2298 Stuyvesant.

Situations Wanted
Female

COMPETENT DRESSMAKER.—Makes ladies', children's dresses reasonable. Mme. Juliet, 126 East 12th St. 408 Stuyvesant.

FASHIONABLE DRESSMAKER wants engagements; recently with Stern; $2.50 by day. Mme. Bertho, 37 West 61st.

HOUSEKEEPER wishes position in boys' school, fraternity house, or gentleman's home; has practical knowledge of all departments. Address X 168 Times.

MAID.—Woman as maid in ladies' parlor in theatre; references. K. Plebany, 468 3d Av.

REFINED young lady wishes position part each day as companion or reader to elderly person or invalid or companion to young girl. Address R. S., 541 West 113th St.

SECRETARY, stenographer; High School graduate; experienced manuscript typist, (can punctuate perfectly;) efficient and refined; would make home with employer's family, if possible; moderate salary. Miss W., Box A 17 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Refined, capable; small salary. 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone 660 East New York.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER.—Widow, with child, as working housekeeper or caretaker; best of references. Call 124 East 44th. Care of Flynn.

Situations Wanted
Male

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up, kept part time; reasonable. Rappaport, Flat Iron Building. Telephone 5534 Gramercy.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed; balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited, systematized, $5 monthly up; trial balances, financial statements. Friedlander, 878 Broadway. 'Phone 4376 Gramercy.

ACCOUNTANT.—Public; books opened, closed, adjusted. Benno Phillipson, 21 White St. Tel. 3178 Franklin.

ACCOUNTANT.—Long, varied experience all lines, desires additional work. P. O. Box 225 Madison Square.

AUTO SPECIALTY SALESMAN, 12 years' experience, will take charge of wholesale and retail store in the city. R 48 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, with little knowledge stenography and typewriting; salary moderate; references. Bookkeeper, 89 Delancey St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert; long experience; temporary engagements; day or night; moderate charge. X 243 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, 18; capable, energetic, conscientious; small salary. M., 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

BUTLER or useful man would like a position in private family; thoroughly understands his work; 7 years' personal reference. Advertiser, care Mrs. Delmore, 556 3d Av.

CAPABLE MAN, with executive ability and several years' experience in financial lines, desires position with bond or banking house. Y 2 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Mechanic wishes position; best references; moderate salary. Telephone 1740J Harlem.

COMPANION.—Young man, educated and refined, desires position as gentleman's companion and secretary. P. L. D., 67 North Bridge St., Somerville, N. J.

EXPERIENCED restaurant and hotel man would like position as manager of restaurant or club; can furnish best of reference. R 70 Times.

OFFICE EMPLOYMENT wanted by experienced bookkeeper; competent; past middle age. X 267 Times Downtown.

POSITION by gentleman (Irish) assets, nationality, brains, energy, university education, experience, personality, youth. R 87 Times.

QUIET, well-bred man wants employment evenings; reading aloud; attending invalid; writing or figuring. X 269 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Young man, 35; native of Tennessee, married, residing in Brooklyn, with road experience from Atlantic to Pacific; good personality; temperate habits; highest credentials; desires position at home. Address P. O. Box 46, Station L, Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, experienced in small newspaper and printing business, excellent record, capable, highest recommendations, seeks opening in publishing house, any department. Opportunity first, salary secondary. D. F., 24 Times.

Employment Bureaus.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS. High-Grade Office Helpers.
BOOKKEEPERS. Office Service Co., (Agency,)
STENOGRAPHERS. 149 B'way. Tel. 3499 Cort.

Domestic.

AT MISS CURRY'S AGENCY, 25 West 42d, are registered excellent servants for private families.

COMPETENT COLORED HELP of all trades supplied. Riverside Employment Agency, 12 West 99th St. Riverside 1538.

COOKS, laundresses, houseworkers, chambermaids, porters, elevator runners. Porter's Agency, 142 West 133d. Phone 94 Morningside.

COUPLES, COOKS, GENERAL WORKERS, city, country; colored. Instant Relief Agency. 'Phone 7288 Morningside.

HOUSEWORKERS, colored.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786 Columbus. Established 1899.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied, day, week, month; male, female. 107 West 133d St. 6916 Morningside.

Apartments to Let
Unfurnished

West Side.

The Earl's Court and The Norfolk, 306-308 West 94th St., near Riverside and Subway Express Station.—Six and eight extra sized, light rooms, 2 baths, and 2 toilets; modern elevator apartments; day and night hall service; every modern comfort; elegant location; moderate rates.

AN OPPORTUNITY.
9 rooms, 3 baths; $2,300.
THE CORONET,
57 West 58th St. Apply on premises, or
Harris & Vaughan, Agents,
569 5th Av. Telephone 31 Bryant.

Claremont Av., 192.—Five-room apartments; steam heat, hot water, electric light, telephone, hall boy; high-class neighborhood; convenient; $36 up.

92d St, 77-79 West.—7-8 rooms, all improvements; newly decorated; close to "L" station. One corner apartment $37-$53.

253 West 72d.—Second floor; large, light rooms; spacious closets; rent $1,200 per year.

98d, 46 West.—Seven very light, large rooms and bath; $50.

East Side.

Elevator Apartments to Lease.—17 and 19 East 95th St., between Madison and 5th Avs.; eight rooms, with all improvements, night and day service. Inquire Supt., on premises.

MADISON AV., 507, Corner 53d St.—Non-housekeeping, 1, 2, 3 and 4 rooms and bath; meal service special feature; filtered water; vacuum cleaner; day and night elevator service, $600 to $1,320.

The Blythebourne, No. 1,431 Madison Av.—Corner apartment, 7 rooms and bath; all outside rooms; elevator; telephone service day and night; $60.

Bronx.

CLINTON MODEL APARTMENTS.
2,149 Clinton Av., (181st St.)—Latest scientific improvements; children's playground; hot water; steam; gas; electricity; 4 rooms; $19 to $21.

Fox St., 760 to 768, Between East 156th St. and Longwood Av.—4, 5 light rooms, bath; steam, hot water; all improvements; rent, $18 to $24. Inquire Janitors.

Apartments to Let
Furnished

Furnished, six months' lease, possession Sept. 1; high-class house, adjoining Broadway; furnishings, few, elegant and complete; 5 rooms with bath, $40 monthly; references absolutely necessary. Wilbur, 576 West 161st St. Jac-A-Wah Court.

Furnished four-room apartment to sublet, also furnished rooms. Mrs. Durkhardt, 611 West 137th St. Apartment 53.

123d St. 547 West, (Broadway.)—Furnished; elevator; front; southern exposure; five rooms, bath; $65. Rose.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 131.—Attractive elegantly furnished six rooms, two baths, $1,800 Apt. D4. Supt.

Nicely furnished four or five rooms; elevator; all modern conveniences; hallboy. 538 West 136th St.

Elegantly kept, single, double; private baths; $25-$60 monthly; meals; Subway. 22 W. 60th.

For Sale

Slightly used office furniture, safes, typewriters, adding machines, cash registers, Multigraphs, filing cabinets, Neostyles, Addressograph, Wardrobes. Nathan's, 102 Worth, near Broadway.

For Sale—Remington No. 6, $15; Underwood No. 4, $35; rotary mimeograph cheap, satisfying judgment. Greenspun, World Building.

Furniture of four-room flat, including McPhail baby grand piano; $600; owner going abroad. X 272 Times Downtown.

MILK COMMITTEE TILTS AT BENSEL

He Is Either Utterly Indifferent or Unpardonably Negligent, Says Dr. Wile.

MILK EVILS NEED PUBLICITY

Calling Report Unfair Is an Attempt to Discredit the Committee, Its Secretary Declares.

That the Board of Aldermen, if it would, could discover the real reason why the New York Milk Committee must drive the Department of Health to protect the public from impure milk, was one of the many comments made yesterday by Paul E. Taylor, in reply to Dr. Walter Bensel, Sanitary Superintendent and acting head of the Health Department, who refuses to take seriously the report of the Milk Committee, of which Mr. Taylor is Secretary, showing that milk below standard requirements is sold at the restaurants, lunchrooms, hotels, and soda fountains in this city.

Mr. Taylor also charged that Dr. Bensel in branding the committee's report as unfair and of the alarmist order was furthering an attempt of the Health Department to discredit the work of the New York Milk Committee. There has long been friction between the Health Department and the Milk Committee, and Dr. Bensel's refusing to take the report seriously has widened the breach.

Mr. Taylor said that the committee recognized that the department could not immediately change the character of the supply of milk served to the patrons of our restaurants and lunchrooms, but that it believed a beginning might be made by making known to the patrons the kind of milk served at these places, thus enabling the patrons to make their own selection and protect their health.

Dr. North Assails Bensel.

Dr. Charles E. North, the bacteriologist and a member of the Milk Committee, said that Dr. Bensel's reply to the report was evidently intended to mislead the public. The committee, he declared, in planning this investigation did so with the full knowledge of the proper technique in taking samples of milk. The samples were taken from the glasses and bottles in which they were served to customers because the committee wished to ascertain the number of bacteria the patrons of these restaurants and hotels were obliged to take when ordering milk.

"It has long been my opinion," said Dr. North, "that the washing of glasses at soda water fountains and the washing of glasses and dishes in public drinking and eating places should be made a matter of direct supervision by the Department of Health."

Dr. Ira S. Wile, editor of The Medical Review of Reviews, and also a member of the committee, said the attitude of Dr. Bensel seemed to be one of utter indifference or unpardonable negligence.

"The motives of the New York Milk Committee," he declared, "in giving the public the results of its investigation of the milk supply is merely to serve the public and to co-operate with the Health Department in bringing to light those evils of the milk supply which the Health Department apparently has been unable to find for itself.

"The necessity of publicity regarding the state of the milk supply has apparently been lost sight of by the Health Department, which seems to regard the education of the public regarding the milk which it consumes as of minor importance. The committee feels that the public is entitled to all possible information regarding the food of which it partakes, and inasmuch as the Health Department seems unable or unwilling to perform its full duties to the public the New York Milk Committee has given its expression and the results of its investigation made in the interests of the citizens of this city.

"Dr. Bensel apparently does not realize the necessity of being aroused from his lethargic state in the interests of the city. He questions the technique employed by the New York Milk Committee, whose experts, as far as the public is concerned, have done more real milk investigation than has been made manifest by the Health Department. Dr. Bensel suggests that the bacteria in the samples examined came from the glasses into which the milk was poured. In the first place, the samples were taken (after the technique recognized as proper) from the glass immediately upon its being served to the consumer, wherefore bacteria as found did not have an opportunity to propagate to the extent of raising the bacteria count appreciably. In the second place, if the glasses were so dirty that they contaminated the milk by momentary contact with it, we regret to call the attention of the Sanitary Superintendent of this city to his utter neglect of such unsanitary conditions.

Milk as Typhoid Distributor.

"We have asked Dr. Bensel if he has not yet learned that typhoid is distributed through milk supply. Dr. Bensel states that this milk with all its bacteria is harmless for adults. We call his attention again to the epidemic of diphtheria, scarlet fever, and streptococcic sore throat, which has had such a serious result in Boston, Baltimore, and Chicago, and ask him, as Sanitary Superintendent, whether the adult population is not entitled to be protected through the safeguarding of its milk from such infections. Furthermore, Dr. Hess has found tuberculin in 17 per cent. of the specimens of the milk examined by him, and, while adults are not susceptible probably to this form of infection from the milk, there are countless children who are susceptible who are drinking the same milk at restaurants, soda fountains, and hotels, and yet the Sanitary Superintendent can see no reason for taking notice of the unclean condition of the milk as shown in the report of the New York Milk Committee."

Dr. Bensel, when interviewed, was rather inclined to be amused at the utterances of the committee.

"The Health Department has been protecting the health of the city and guarding its milk supply much longer than has the New York Milk Committee," he said. "I, under the Health Department, am as interested in conditions as is the committee or any other body of citizens. Perhaps more so, for I have been in the business twenty years, and in that time we have seen a betterment of the milk conditions. The charge by the committee that we are sitting down is both small and ridiculous. Every means that the city can command is being utilized, as can be seen by the report of proceedings in the Court of Special Sessions, to purify the milk supply and see that the law is being obeyed.

"As a matter of fact, the report of the Milk Committee showed a very fair condition. When the new grading was established it did not prohibit any one from drinking Grade C milk. It will take time to bring Grade C milk up in standard for drinking purposes. When a man goes into a place and buys a cheap milk—say, 3 cents a glass—he gets exactly what he pays for. What we want to do is to inform persons just what grade of milk they are getting."

Thomas P. Hughes Left a Wife.

It was said by mistake in the notice published in THE TIMES yesterday of the death of Thomas P. Hughes, formerly manager of the uptown office of Harriman & Co., that Mr. Hughes was unmarried. He leaves a wife and two children, living in this city at 607 West 139th Street. Mr. Hughes died Wednesday night at the Rush Hospital in Philadelphia.

Left $10,000 to Blind Nephew.

The will of Mrs. Mary E. Winthrop, of 153 West Forty-fourth Street, who died Aug. 14, was filed in the Surrogates' Court yesterday for probate. It gives her blind nephew, George Perret, $10,000 "to do with as he wishes." The residue of the estate is divided equally between Sarah L. Clark and Helen S. Fletcher, nieces. Mrs. Winthrop was the wife of the late Dr. Walton Winthrop.

WIFE DESERTERS MUST PAY

Even When Forsaking Wives in Another Country, Court Holds.

Charity society workers are rejoicing over a final settlement by the Appellate Division of the vexed question as to whether or not a man who deserts his wife in another country or another State can be held accountable here in New York. Magistrate Harris said that he could. Judge Rosalsky agreed with him and so did the Appellate Division.

The decision was reached in the case of Benjamin Wexler, who left his wife, Deborah, four weeks after their marriage in Russia and forgot all about her when he became a prosperous furrier in this city. She journeyed across the Atlantic, but he refused to have anything to do with her, or contribute to her support. Then the National Desertion Bureau stood behind her, and finding that moral suasion failed, had Wexler arrested. He pointed out that the desertion occurred in Russia, but the old plea did not serve and now Wexler has filed a bond to secure the alimony order.

Charity workers believe that this decision will prevent many deserted families from becoming charges on public and semi-public organizations.

BRIDGE LINE READY MONDAY.

Three-Cent Fare Company Rushing Work to Avoid Injunction.

When an extra force of men were put to work yesterday, wiring and making the cable connections of the Manhattan Bridge Three-Cent Fare Line, the officials of the company announced that the first car would be operated across the bridge probably to-day.

The company is rushing the work, following the decision of Justice Delany not to hear argument on the order, issued in the injunction suit brought against the Three-Cent Line Company by the Brooklyn and North River Railroad. With their line once in operation the officials believe the Supreme Court will not issue a restraining order.

"Our line will positively be in operation on Labor Day," said Almet Reed Latson, yesterday. "We are exerting ourselves to begin operation to-morrow. Whether we shall succeed or not is a question. There is some work that must be completed, including the wiring and connection with the feeder cables. But you can positively announce that the traveling public will be furnished their first transit facilities over the bridge on Monday."

BOOTH MASS MEETINGS HERE

Salvation Army Plans Parade and Services at Memorial Hall.

A united mass meeting to honor the memory of Gen. William Booth will be conducted at Memorial Hall, 120 West Fourteenth Street, at 3 o'clock, on Sunday afternoon. This will be preceded by a street parade with draped colors.

In addition to Col. William Peart, the chief secretary of the Salvation Army, who will conduct the service, New York City will be represented by several prominent speakers, who are well known in civic life. Music will be supplied by the National Staff Band of the Salvation Army. The public is cordially invited. This service will be typical of those held all over the country, from Maine to California, in every city and town in which the army flag flies.

LEFT ANIMALS TO STARVE.

Jersey Authorities Looking for a Man Under Charges of Great Cruelty.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Aug. 30.—The county authorities and agents of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals are looking for Albert Pierson of Jamesburg, who is charged with acts of cruelty to animals that are believed to be without a parallel in the history of this State. Pierson is also charged by James R. Wilson, Superintendent of the Jamesburg Ice Company, with failure to pay for a team of horses which figures in the cruelty charges.

Pierson has been missing from the farm near Gravel Hill where he had worked for several days. An investigation was made to-day, and in the barn was found the carcass of one of the horses. The horse had been dead a week, and near the carcass, without food or drink, were three pigs, which had been locked in the barn with the dead horse. In a barren field, tied to a stump, was found a cow and her small calf. The cow was barely alive and the calf was in just as pitiful a condition.

The body of the second horse was found in a thicket, where the animal had been tied and where it had died of starvation and thirst. The deserted animal had eaten all the bark off the trunk of the tree to which it had been tied.

So far the authorities have been unable to find a trace of Pierson.

WIFE NAMES MRS. SPANGLER.

Mrs. Walmsley Seeks $5,000 Damages in Alienation Suit.

VINELAND, N. J., Aug. 30.—When Mrs. Walmsley had her husband arrested in Wildwood ten days ago on a charge of deserting her and their four children she told the Justice her husband had confessed to loving "that woman" better than herself. To-day, in a $5,000 alienation suit filed in the Circuit Court, she names "that woman" as Mrs. Dora B. Spangler. This is the latest step in a case that has stirred Vineland so deeply that some citizens have hinted at tar and feathers.

Walmsley was locked up when he failed to find a bondsman to back his agreement to pay his wife $7 a week, and while he was in jail here Mrs. Spangler visited him nightly and talked to him through the barred windows from the street, whereupon Vineland rose in its wrath and he was removed to the county jail. Mrs. Spangler lives with her husband and children on the Malaga Road.

POSTMASTER IN HIS CELLAR.

Wildwood Man Hunting Burglar Finds Official—Has Him Arrested.

Special to The New York Times.

WILDWOOD, N. J., Aug. 30.—When H. H. Otten descended to his cellar last night to investigate a noise which he suspected was made by a burglar he was amazed to find himself confronting Horace F. Leidig, Postmaster at Ottens, on whose bond he had been a signer when he was first appointed.

Otten called a special officer who had been stationed at the house because an attempt was made to enter it the night before, and the Postmaster was arrested. Leidig refused to make any statement as to his reason for being in the cellar. Under advice of his counsel he waived examination to-day, and bail for his appearance on the charge of breaking and entering was fixed at $200.

Army Corporal a Suicide in Texas.

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, Texas, Aug. 30.—Norman Oles, Corporal of the Twenty-second Infantry, in charge of the provost guard which has been maintained in the city since the troops have been assembled at Fort Bliss, shot and killed himself Thursday night after he had been relieved from guard duty. He wrote a long letter to his wife, whose address is Governors Island, N. Y., inclosing a draft for $10 which he had saved out of his last pay check.

CITY FERRY LOSS NOW $6,625,000

This Much Has Been Sunk in Municipal Ownership of Staten Island and 39th St. Divisions.

MONEY WASTE IN TERMINALS

When Subway Tunnel Comes Immense Buildings Will Be Useless Except for Teams.

According to Commissioner of Accounts Raymond B. Fosdick, who turned in a report yesterday to Mayor Gaynor, municipal ownership of ferries in this city is a failure. The report deals with the city's operation of the Staten Island Ferry since Oct. 25, 1905, when the city took it over. The net loss to the city for operating the ferry for seven years, or until Dec. 31, 1911, was $4,450,699, or nearly 58 per cent. of the entire tax levy of the Borough of Richmond for the same period. The city's loss an the Staten Island Ferry proper, coupled with the loss on what is known as the Thirty-ninth Street division, a Brooklyn ferry, has been $6,625,000, or an average of $2,934 a day.

The city's handling of the Staten Island Ferry, Commissioner Fosdick points out, was its first comprehensive experiment in municipal ownership. It took over the ferry from the Staten Island Rapid Transit Company, which could not make it pay, the city assuming the obligation to provide transportation facilities to Staten Island. On May 27, 1909, the ferry was extended by opening a terminal at Stapleton, S. I. On Nov. 1, 1906, having bought the ferry operated by a private corporation between Thirty-ninth Street, Brooklyn, and Manhattan, the city began to operate it as a municipal ferry under what has since been known as the Thirty-ninth Street division. The report says:

"At the close of 1911 there was $10,739,267 invested in the ferry plant, more than seven-tenths of which represents the cost of ferry terminals. The interest on such an investment is in itself an item of about $430,000 per year. The construction of the terminal at Thirty-ninth Street, Brooklyn, has only begun, so that the cost of terminals alone for the two divisions will probably be increased to considerably more than $8,000,000 before the work already under way is completed.

"We have, of course, included the item of interest on the capital invested. This interest is calculated upon the rate at which dock bonds were sold during the years that the expenditures were made. Eliminating the item of interest on invested capital, the net loss from operation alone during the period under consideration was $3,849,335, of which $2,552,188 was on the Staten Island division and $1,297,146 on the Thirty-ninth Street division. The total loss for the year 1911 on the two divisions amounted to $582,509, $389,362 of which was on the Staten Island division and $193,147 on the Thirty-ninth Street division.

"Without considering the item of interest, the deficit from operating the Staten Island division, which is maintained primarily for the benefit of the Borough of Richmond, cost the City of New York during the year 1911 a little more than 26 per cent. of the entire tax levy for that borough. If the interest upon the capital invested is taken into account, more than one-half the total tax levy for the Borough of Richmond for the year 1911 was used in making good the losses sustained in providing the residents of that borough with a ferry service to Manhattan.

"The amount of tax levied on real and personal property in the Borough of Richmond for the seven years ended Dec. 31, 1911, was $7,680,578. The net loss from operating the Staten Island Ferry for the same period was $4,450,699, or nearly 58 per cent. of the entire tax levy."

Commissioner Fosdick reached the conclusion that ferry transportation for passengers is becoming obsolete, owing to the subways. "When the proposed subway to Staten Island is completed," he says, "the immense terminal buildings will be practically useless except for teams."

DISCOVERS GASOLINE FRAUD.

New Jersey Inspector to See That Full-Measure Cans Are Used.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 30.—William L. Waldron, State Superintendent of Weights and Measures, has confiscated two five-gallon gasoline cans which were seized in Bayonne and Jersey City for being short two gallons each.

Each was found to have another can built inside, but the work was so cleverly done that the exterior had to be cut before the trick could be solved. The department will now investigate all garages, the Superintendent believing that many dealers are using similar cans, and also gasoline pumps so arranged as to give short measure.

Newsdealers Call a Special Meeting.

The Newsdealers Association will hold a special meeting at the Lenox Casino, 116th Street and Lenox Avenue, to-morrow evening at 7 o'clock, to take action on the resolution that has been passed by the Board of Estimate, which prevents newsdealers from having newsstands within 100 feet of subway, elevated and ferry entrances. Commissioner of Education Barondess will address the meeting.

Funeral of "Wireless" Wilson.

TERRELL, Tex., Aug. 30.—The funeral of C. C. Wilson, the wireless promoter, who died this week in the Federal Penitentiary at Atlanta, was held here to-day. Wilson resided here for many years before going East.

TRADE E&W MARK
means well-made, whether it's shirts or collars. Ask your Haberdasher.
EARL & WILSON.
Try a Baywood collar.

GUARDIAN FOR ASTOR BABY.

E. L. Winthrop, Jr., Appointed—Papers Served on the Infant Heir.

Egerton L. Winthrop, Jr., President of the Board of Education and member of the law firm of Winthrop & Stimson, was appointed special guardian of John Jacob Astor, 6th, yesterday, by Surrogate Fowler. It will be Mr. Winthrop's duty to represent the new Astor heir in all legal matters until the time of his majority. His first actual work as guardian will be on Sept. 3, when the will of John Jacob Astor will be presented for re-probate before the Surrogate. Mr. Winthrop will appear on that occasion and state that his ward will not contest the will of his father nor prevent its admission.

Dr. Edward B. Cragin, Mrs. Astor's physician, submitted an affidavit yesterday in the Surrogates' Court testifying that he had served the extra citation of the coming probate of the Astor will upon the baby on Aug. 26 and had at the same time served a copy of the papers upon Mrs. Madeleine Force Astor. The extra citation, which was physically served upon the infant, in accordance with the law, consisted of a formal notice to appear in court before Surrogate Fowler on Sept. 3 and show cause why the will of John Jacob Astor, deceased, should not be admitted.

DOG JUMPS THREE STORIES.

Overjoyed at Sound of His Master's Whistle He Goes Out of a Window.

Max Brandwein, having fiddled long at a banquet, put his violin in its box and made his way home in the early hours of yesterday morning. Beneath the windows of the building at 317 East Third Street he gazed up to the fourth story and whistled for his wife, Sophie, to throw down the key, and knew that at the sound of his whistle his little dog, Foxie, would push a cold nose over the window sill and bark a welcome home.

But yesterday morning Foxie was so cordial and so eager that in jumping to the sill he jumped too far, and, hurtling down through the air, struck Max's shoulder and then tumbled to the sidewalk, where he lay limp. Max thought the little dog was dead, and he filled the neighborhood with lamentations. In a few moments Mrs. Brandwein was beside him, adding her cries to his. And then all Third Street came out to see and advise.

A man who brought a seltzer bottle from a near-by drug store played a reviving stream on Foxie and the dog's ear began to flicker. A few moments more and he was tearing around in circles all right again.

SERVICES FOR I. W. CHILDS.

Left a Big Fortune, He's Dead at 26, After a Gay Life.

The funeral services of Irving W. Childs, who died in the Neurological Hospital on Wednesday of pneumonia, were held in the Collegiate Church of St. Nicholas last evening. Childs was only 26 years old. He was the son of the late William H. H. Childs, who made a large fortune out of a patented metal roofing. Childs was only 11 years old when his father died, leaving an estate of $2,000,000. The estate was placed in the care of Eversley Childs, an elder brother, who allowed Irving plenty of spending money.

When the school days of Irving were over he traveled around the world, and came back to this city to settle permanently and enjoy the best the city could give for money. In March, 1907, he married Miss Gertrude Westfall. They separated, were reconciled, and were again separated. Mrs. Childs obtained a decree of separation, with an allowance of $700 a month for herself and her little daughter, Marjorie.

Irving brought an action against his brother in 1907 for his share of the estate and got about $500,000. When he reached his twenty-fifth birthday he got $700,000 more. The courts compelled him to deposit $200,000 as a guarantee that the $700 a month would be paid to his wife. Childs lived a gay life, and his health suffered. It was in an effort to regain his health that he journeyed to the Thousand Islands, where he contracted the attack of pneumonia that killed him.

KEEP MRS. SYPHER IN JAIL.

Mother Who Caused Death of Three Children Begs to Go to Funeral.

Charged with homicide for causing the death of her three children by turning on the gas while they were asleep, Mrs. Sarah Sypher of 1,313 Halsey Street, Brooklyn, when arraigned before Magistrate McGuire in the Gates Avenue Court yesterday, begged to be admitted to bail so that she could attend their funeral. Her request was denied, and she was held without bail and sent to jail.

Alfred J. Patterson, her attorney, hurried to the Supreme Court where he sued out a writ of habeas corpus for the woman. The funeral of her children was to take place at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Mrs. Sypher was taken from jail before Justice Aspinall, and her lawyer pleaded for her release. Justice Aspinall intimated that he would like to give the woman the opportunity to go to the funeral, but he decided to dismiss the writ. She was taken back to jail.

HIPPODROME
6th Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1. Ev. 8.
WILL OPEN TO-NIGHT AT 8
UNDER MANY FLAGS
Series of Complete New Spectacles.

Winter Garden
Mat. To-day 50c, 75c. & BEST SEATS $1.00. Spec. Mat. Labor Day.
Phone 9260 Col's. Evs. 8.
THE PASSING SHOW OF 1912

48TH ST. THEATRE
Just E. of B'way. Phone 178 Bryant. Evs. 8:15.
Philip Bartholomae's Comedy of Youth.
Little Miss Brown
Brings Joy to Town
In the Evening Sun
ACTON DAVIES Says:

"If as clever and fresh and as original a farce as this had been written in Paris for six months before the American public had a chance of seeing it the marvels of it would have been banged into the public ears, big advance royalties would have been paid, and finally when it reached here it would have been fairly badly acted, but the public would have been expected to swallow it whole, simply because it came from Paris.

"As a matter of cold fact, there isn't as really good a farce as this one is imported from Paris once in five years. It won its way last night strictly upon its originality and upon its merits.

"When compared with all the recent efforts in farce, of either home or foreign manufacture, it can stand up and look its public squarely in its eye. It is funny, which, after all is said and done with regard to a farce, is a whole lot, and for good measure it has a heroine who goes through a series of compromising situations and comes out like the famous baking powder—absolutely pure. This may sound frightfully detrimental to the average lover of farce—and in saying it we wouldn't put a stone in "Little Miss Brown's" pathway for the world. Therefore, we want to put these facts in at first hand.

"'Little Miss Brown' is genuinely funny, and it is also exceedingly well acted. * * *

"'Little Miss Brown,' no matter what else she may or may not be, is fresh and original and worth at least a dozen French farces rolled into one, for the very good reason that she is entirely different. And, after all, when one comes to theatrical wares that little word 'different' does mean such a whole lot."

MATINEE TO-DAY AND LABOR DAY
39TH ST. Thea., 39th, n'r B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day, Labor Day & Wed.
THE MASTER OF THE HOUSE
CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:10. Mats. To-day, Labor Day & Wed.
THE MERRY COUNTESS
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea., 39th bet. B'way & 6th Av. Ev. 8:30 Mats. To-day, Labor Day & Wed.
Made the audience laugh incessantly.—Sun.
READY MONEY
PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day, Labor Day & Wed.
BOUGHT AND PAID FOR
Broadway Thea., B'way & 41st. Evs. 8:20. To-day & Wed. Mats. 500 Orch. Seats $1
LEW FIELDS Presents HANKY PANKY Extra Mat. Labor Day
William Collier's COMEDY 41 St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15.
Spec. Mat. Labor Day. Bunty Pulls the Strings
LYRIC, 42d, W. of B'way. NEXT MON. EVE.
THE NE'ER DO WELL Seats Now on Sale.
Owing to Extreme Length of Play, Curtain Will Rise at 8 o'Clock Sharp.
MANHATTAN O. H., 34th & 8th Av. STOCK CO.
Matinee To-day 10, 20, 30c.
MRS. WIGGS OF THE CABBAGE PATCH.
Next Week—THE EASIEST WAY.

AVIATION MEET
SATURDAY, AUGUST 31ST, LABOR DAY, SEPTEMBER 2D, 2 P. M.,
HEMPSTEAD PLAINS AVIATION FIELD,
Largest Aerodrome in the World,
GARDEN CITY, LONG ISLAND, N. Y.
TEN AVIATORS WILL FLY.
Admission 50 Cents, including seats.
Box Seats 75 Cents Each.
Sunday, Sept. 1st, "Hangar Day."
Admission 25 Cents, including seats.
Conducted by the Scott Aviation Exhibition Co.

MINER'S 8TH AVE. MATINEE EVERY DAY
STARS OF STAGELAND
AMATEURS FRIDAY NIGHT
MINER'S BOWERY MATINEE EVERY DAY
HIGH LIFE IN BURLESQUE
WREST. THURS. AMAT. FRI.
MINER'S BRONX MATINEE EVERY DAY
MISS NEW YORK, JR.
AMAT. THURS. WREST. FRI.

GRAND Opera House. OPENS TO-NIGHT 8:15
Continues till Sat., Sept. 7.
Mats. Mon. (LABOR DAY), Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
WILLIAM FARNUM
in Edward Peple's Dramatic Masterpiece,
"THE LITTLEST REBEL"

ACADEMY OF MUSIC TONIGHT at 8:15.
THE NEW MUSICAL COMEDY.
THE GIRL FROM BRIGHTON
with Great Cast and Chorus of 100.
PRICES: Mats., 25 and 50c. Nights, 25, 35, 50 and 75c.
SMOKING PERMITTED

MOTOR RACES STADIUM MOTORDROME,
BRIGHTON BEACH PARK
Tues., Thurs., Sat. and Sun. Nights at 8:30.
Admission, 25c.; Grand Stand, 50c.
Special express train service on B. R. T. from Motordrome to Park Row after each performance.

NEW BRIGHTON Brighton Beach
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CRITERION B'way at 44 St. Eve. at 8:15. Matinee To-day at 2:15.
Richard Carle—Hattie Williams
In the Rollicking Musical Farce
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HARRIS THEATRE. West 42d St. Matinees Thurs. & Sat. 2:15
TO-NIGHT AT 8:15 (FIRST TIME.)
THE MODEL AUGUSTUS THOMAS' New Comedy.
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6 NIGHTS & 2 MATINEES ONLY.
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JUST A LITTLE HOME-COMING ENGAGEMENT LIMITED TO 3 WEEKS.
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Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:10.
Robin Hood
Bessie Abott, Florence Wickham, Pauline Hall, Walter Hyde, Carl Gantvoort, Edwin Stevens, Herbert Waterous, Geo. Frothingham.
GAIETY B'way and 46th. Evs. 8:30. Mats. TO-DAY, Labor Day & Wed. 2:30.
Another Cohan & Harris Success.
You'll laugh and go again.
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With George Nash and Douglas Fairbanks.
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75—WONDERFUL CHORUS—75
EXTRA MATINEE MONDAY, (LABOR DAY.)
GLOBE B'WAY & 46 St. Ev. 8:15. Mat. To-day, Labor Day & Wed. 2:15.
THE ROSE MAID Smashing Two Season Operatic Hit on Broadway.
Joe Weber's B'way & 29th St. Eve. 8:30. Matinee Every Day at 2:30.
PAUL J. RAINEY'S AFRICAN HUNT

ASTOR B'way & 45th St. Evenings at 8:15. Last Matinee To-day at 2:15.
LAST 2 TIMES THE GREYHOUND
WALLACK'S B'way & 30th. Beginning To-Night at 8:30.
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SPECIAL MATINEE LABOR DAY.

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Boats leave Battery and East 24th St.
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WILL CLOSE AFTER SEPT. 8TH.

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4th Month of Success
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All Seats 50c.

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To-morrow's Sunday Times

Punishment to Fit the Criminal, Not the Crime
Striking experiment in penology being made in this State that may revolutionize the imprisonment system.
IN TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES

Keir Hardie on Growth of Socialism in England
Labor leader in Parliament says Great Britain has outstripped Germany in Socialism in the last ten years. United States most backward in growth. An interview
IN TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES

"Lawlessness of Women the Peril of the Age"
So says Mrs. D. T. S. Denison, Honorary President of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, in a remarkable interview
IN TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES

Trail of Graft Can Always Be Traced
Assistant Attorney General Marion Erwin says if the methods followed in the Greene-Gaynor-Carter case were employed in every search for funds they would be successful.
IN TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES

China's Present Trend Is Pro-American
Antagonistic feeling of a few years ago has yielded to intense admiration of American ideas. Its effect as seen already,
IN TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES

English Writer Assails the Monroe Doctrine Myth
Percy F. Martin uses the recent canal legislation as an illustration of his contention that the Doctrine is an international law failure, and always will be. His views
IN TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES

No More Slaughtering of Seals for Five Years
After twenty-five years of effort Henry W. Elliott sees his long fight to prevent extermination a success. The details
IN TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES

New Light Threatens Disaster to Power Companies
Great invention which may cause a revolution in furnishing electricity to homes. Power men studying deeply on a great financial problem. Read of it
IN TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES

Women's Aid in the Presidential Fight
For the first time all the leading parties are seeking their help to win votes in every State of the Union. What they are doing is told
IN TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES

Healers Who Use Religion to Evade the Law
Difficulties in prosecuting quacks. Bearing of the recent Christian Science conviction on certain cases.
IN TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES

The Last Days of Tolstoy
Interesting sidelights on the great thinker told by his secretary. Read it
IN TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES

Book Plates Add to the Shakespeare-Bacon Controversy
Sir Edwin Durning-Lawrence reopens the old discussion with a theory based on disclosures, under close examination, of two famous title pages. His opinions
IN TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES

Tearing Broadway to Pieces to Make More Sidewalk Room
Strip eight miles long and ten feet wide, worth millions, restored to pedestrians. Extent of the work revealed
IN TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES

City's First Continuation High Schools a Success
Remarkable results from the new system of using these expensive educational plants for Summer sessions.
IN TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES

Sensations in the New Paris Gowns
Anne Rittenhouse, now in Paris, learns what the great creators of fashions have designed for the Fall season. She tells some startling things
IN TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES

The Spanish Type of Novel and the Art of Lionel Johnson
are two highly interesting articles in the Review of Books
IN TO-MORROW'S SUNDAY TIMES

The Pictorial Section
will contain many unusual and interesting reproductions of photographs, including
The Return of the Olympic Heroes and the Baby Show at Asbury Park

To-morrow's Sunday Times

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